"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Fair, colder to-day; increasing cloudiness to-morrow; northwest winds diminishing.

☞For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,466. • • • NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

HUERTA INVITES WAR REPORTERS

Wants the Truth Known About His Northern Campaign Now Opening.

OFFERS TO PAY EXPENSES

Will Feed the Correspondents and Furnish a Guard to Protect Them.

HAS 189,000 MEN IN ARMY

And Will Add 50,000 To-day to Bring Peace the More Quickly—Won't Comment on Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 4.—President Huerta sent to-day to newspapers in Europe, South America and the United States messages declining to comment on the lifting of the embargo on arms by President Wilson, and inviting the newspapers to send representatives to Mexico to investigate conditions. The message follows:

"City of Mexico, Feb. 4.

"As to what the Government of this Republic now in my charge thinks relative to the last ultimatum of His Excellency the President of the United States, I beg to state that in regard to the ultimatum I have not any comment at all to make now.

"I announce that the Government has at the present time 150,000 men in the Federal army, and 39,000 volunteer troops, making a total of 189,000 men, with which armed contingent I have begun to open the campaign in the north.

"In order that the results of the military operations may be known, I wish the correspondents from the newspapers to come to this country to see for themselves; and for this purpose the Government in my charge puts at the disposition of ten reporters of the principal newspapers of your great republic ten first-class transportations, and upon their arrival in the national territory, this Government will provided them with all necessary funds for their expenses and an armed force so that with due safety they may travel about and be in the principal fields of operation and report as eye-witnesses the true facts.

"To-morrow, the 5th day of February, on account of public needs, and with the idea simply of pacification, the Government will issue a proclamation increasing by 50,000 men the armed force of the republic. This procedure on the part of the Government has no other object than that of increasing its military force to bring about in the least possible time the re-establishment of peace.

"V. HUERTA."

CURB ON ANTI-AMERICANS.

Huerta Forbids a Proposed Demonstration by Students.

Dispatch to The Associated Press.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 4.—Students in the capital to-day made plans to hold a public demonstration to-morrow against the American Government, but the Governor of the Federal District, acting under instructions from President Huerta, announced to-night that no anti-foreign demonstration would be permitted.

The students purposed to take advantage of the fact that to-morrow is a national holiday—the anniversary of the promulgation of the Constitution—and that a demonstration on such an occasion would draw thousands of idle men. The celebration of the day officially will consist of a series of calls by officials and civic ceremonies. It has never been customary to celebrate the anniversary with a military display.

Satisfaction was expressed at the American Embassy to-night over the prompt manner in which the authorities had denied the students permission to hold a meeting.

Although the newspapers continue to print bitter articles dealing with the lifting of the embargo on arms by President Wilson, the public generally has as yet displayed no active interest in the subject. Nothing has yet developed to indicate that President Huerta intends to hand Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé d'Affaires, his passports.

The management of the National Railways to-day notified shippers that the company would accept for transportation only perishable goods, such as were necessary for the maintenance of the public. This action was taken because of the scarcity of fuel oil and coal. The railway line from San Luis Potosi to Tampico, over which most of the oil is shipped, is in control of the rebels.

An unconfirmed report was in circulation here to-day to the effect that the Federal outposts of Tampico had been attacked by rebels at Altamira.

Mexican Press Assails Wilson.

"President Wilson has dropped the false mask of the Puritan and declared himself the friend and protector of the rebels" is the seven-column headline placed by El Pais over its account of President Wilson's action in raising the embargo on the exportation from the United States to Mexico of arms and munitions of war.

The newspaper declares that President Wilson's motive, while alleged to be based upon a desire to preserve neutrality, is in reality commercial. It continues:

"It was known that European and Japanese factories were turning out war materials for the Mexican Government. Similar establishments in the United

Continued on Page 2.

LIPS MADE FROM HIS ARM.

Patient Now to Have New Nose Fashioned from Rib Cartilage.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 4.—With a part of his forearm substituted for new lips, Ross Allen, a young Canadian, at a hospital here, seems to be in a favorable way to have a large section of his face newly shaped.

Allen entered the hospital about two months ago with his face disfigured from an accident in a sawmill five years previously. His nose and lips were missing. A section of flesh shaped to the form of his lower lip was cut on his forearm in December and a grafting juncture made with the lip base. The arm was bound about the head until the grafting was complete. This consumed about two weeks, when, sufficient adherence having taken place, the lip section was severed from the arm and the lip shaped.

The same procedure was followed in the upper lip treatment, a section of the arm flesh being grafted across the upper gum and the arm strapped to Allen's head and shoulders until this section, too, had taken hold.

When Allen accumulates sufficient strength for another operation, the surgeons will try to build a new nose for him. It is planned to cut a piece of healthy cartilage from one of the ribs at the junction with the breast bone, shape it to the form of a nose with the nostril openings, and insert it in place of the missing organ. The skin, which will have been previously slit for the insertion of the substitute bone, is then to be drawn over the bone and healing awaited.

It is expected that the cartilage will adhere to the facial bones and in time become an integral part of the skull structure. Several months will be needed for the complete operation.

BREMNER RALLIES AGAIN.

Patient Shows Remarkable Vitality—His Bill Delayed in House.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 4. — Congressman Bremner of New Jersey, who had been at the point of death for several days at a sanitarium here, where he received radium treatment for cancer, displayed remarkable vitality to-day.

After rallying from a sinking spell at midnight last night he was much weaker to-day. Later in the afternoon he experienced another sinking spell, but again rallied, and to-night was still hovering between life and death.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Representative Bremner's friends in the House failed to-day in an effort to pass a measure which the dying man fathered, creating a bureau of labor safety in the Department of Labor. Representative Walsh of New Jersey endeavored to call up the bill by unanimous consent.

"Representative Bremner was intensely interested in this bill," said Representative Walsh; "he spent the greater part of his life working on this problem."

Speaker Clark said that he violated a fixed custom of the House in recognizing the request, but that he believed the occasion warranted it. Representative Sisson of Mississippi, however, objected, and the bill went back on the calendar.

TRAIN KILLS F. V. MILLARD.

Ex-Surrogate of Westchester Is Hit by Express When He Crawls Under Gate

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, Feb. 4.—Frank Vincent Millard, for six years Surrogate of Westchester County, was struck and killed by the Wolverine Express northbound at 5:40 o'clock this afternoon. Millard had stopped near the station to talk with a friend when he saw a southbound train, which he desired to take, round the curve.

The gates had been lowered, but Millard crawled under them. He was so intent on watching the south-bound train that he did not notice the Wolverine, one of the fast expresses of the New York Central Railroad. The huge electric locomotive struck him, and the train ran over him.

Millard was the son of James S. Millard, and was born in Tarrytown 45 years ago. He graduated from Yale in the class of 1888. On his father's death he assumed his practice. As Surrogate he never had a decision reversed by a higher court. He retired from the bench a year ago, and resumed his private practice. Mrs. Millard and three daughters survive him.

MANY TAKE TOBACCO CURE.

But Parents Drag Youths to Clinic in Jersey Court.

When Recorder John J. McGovern of Hoboken opened his clinic for cigarette smokers in his office in the City Hall there yesterday evening, 163 young men and boys were waiting to take the anti-smoking treatment. A nitrate of silver solution, applied to the tongue and palate, so that the taste of tobacco becomes obnoxious, was administered by Drs. Londrigan and Granelli. The tobacco habit cure of Recorder McGovern attracted mothers with their small sons from as far as Brooklyn and Manhattan. The younger patients were forced to take the treatment apparently, because in most cases they were taken to the Recorder's clinic by either their fathers or mothers. Only the veteran smokers seemed to be seeking the cure of their own volition.

COX IN ROCKEFELLER HUNT.

Promises to Aid Cleveland Authorities in Search for Taxable Property.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 4.—Seeking to tax John D. Rockefeller's hidden wealth, John D. Fackler, a member of the Cuyahoga County Board of Assessors, to-night obtained the assurance of Gov. Cox, Attorney General Hogan, and members of the State Tax Commission that they would back him in the fight to place the oil magnate's personal property on the tax duplicate.

As the result of his round of conferences with the State authorities, Fackler and his colleague, William Agnew, may try to force Mr. Rockefeller to tell in court the amount of his riches and return for taxation all securities, bonds, notes, mortgages, bank deposits, and other forms of intangible property. The commission promised to write Fackler to-morrow, telling him what course to pursue.

Mardi Gras—New Orleans, La.
$37.75 Round Trip
From New York via SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Tickets on sale Feb. 16 to 22. Three daily through trains each direction. Pullman sleeping cars. Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Ave., cor. 29th St.—Adv.

GERMANY UNEASY CONCERNING JAPAN

Is Watching Closely the Military and Naval Plans of the Mikado's Government.

INTERESTS AKIN TO OURS

Federal Officials in Washington Impressed by Warning Against Adopting an Ostrich-Like Policy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—However innocuous President Wilson and Secretary Bryan may consider the foreign policy and military and naval plans of Japan, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is enabled to state on high authority that there is no disposition in Berlin to minimize the necessity of keeping vigilant watch on the ambitions and manoeuvres of the Mikado's Government.

Germany is paying the closest possible attention to them. Nothing now in sight is responsible for the measures taken by the Kaiser's Government, which is taking a far-sighted view and contemplates contingencies of the distant rather than the immediate future.

It is felt here, however, that European and American statesmen would be indulging in the most fatal sort of ostrich policy if they failed to keep closely in touch with developments in Japan and to make their own plans accordingly. Germany has territorial interests in the Far East akin to those of the United States, though less extensive, and the opinion prevails in Berlin that the owners of Kiao-Chao, Samoa, and the Philippines may have mutual interests of far greater magnitude than superficial observers realize.

Japan has just ordered fifty German aeroplanes, to be delivered in the Summer of 1914.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Although the present attitude of the Washington Government is to make no comment on Japanese-American relations that might give rise to further irritation in Japan against this country, it is not going too far to say that the analogy between German and American interests in the Far East and Samoa pointed out to the Berlin correspondent of THE TIMES finds ready acceptance among Government officials here.

Germany has given many proofs for several years past of the friendliest feeling toward the United States and the evident effort to convey through THE TIMES'S correspondent at the German capital an expression of a desire for still closer relations is not displeasing to Washington at this time when the United States finds itself in a position of peculiar international isolation.

The expressions of the high German authority whose views have been cabled to THE TIMES, cannot be acknowledged here by any person in a position to speak for the Government on account of the embargo on official comment that concerns Japanese political affairs. What was said is regarded in Washington, however, as in the nature of a "feeler" designed to develop American official and popular sentiment particularly with reference to the statement that both European and American statesmen would be indulging in a fatal ostrich policy if they failed to keep sharply abreast of the trend of affairs in Japan and make their plans accordingly.

Only the future will determine whether the Government at Washington will take full advantage of this hint but it is a matter of common knowledge here that officials have not been unmindful of the possible effect of the pinpricks that have tended to disturb the relations between Japan and this country.

It is nevertheless true that an uneasy feeling prevails in certain quarters here that in its recent earnest efforts to prevent any incident from arising that will give additional cause for offense to Japan, the higher officers of the Administration may not have paid as much attention as heretofore to the trend of Japanese policy, particularly that phase of it which concerns possible territorial expansion.

The German cautionary feeler may serve to bring about a change that will dissipate this uneasiness and perhaps tend to develop discussion to demonstrate the truth of the German contention that there is a strong community of interests between Germany and the United States through their possession of the Kiao Chao Peninsula and the Philippines, respectively, and their division of ownership in the Samoan Islands.

BILL FOR AN UPLIFT BOARD.

Assemblyman Thorn Would Make Village Life More Attractive.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—A State Commission on the Distribution of Population is provided for in a bill which will be introduced to-morrow by Assemblyman Thorn of Erie. The commission would be composed of sixteen members.

The bill, it was said, was prompted by the great number of unemployed crowded into New York City this Winter. General uplift, the betterment of country life, and housing conditions in small towns and villages are to be the principal objects of the proposed commission, the members of which are to serve without compensation.

Assemblymen Schaap of New York to-day introduced a bill aimed at ticket speculation. It amends the penal law, and requires that all tickets to places of amusement shall be stamped with their price.

Senator Duhamel of Brooklyn to-day introduced a proposed constitutional amendment providing for the recall of elected public officers. Recall petitions must be signed by 25 per cent. of tht total vote cast in the preceding Gubernatorial election.

Senator Duhamel also introduced a bill providing for the use of the rifle range at Creedmoor, L. I., as a site for an aviation park.

Senator Malone of Buffalo to-day introduced a two-platoon bill for Fire Departments in cities of the first class.

Assemblyman Adler of Monroe introduced a constitutional amendment providing that in a civil case tried by a jury the concurrence of three-fourths of the jury shall be sufficient to render a verdict.

Keynote of City Government, Efficiency

Chamberlain Bruere says it isn't enough to be honest; officials must give the worth of the money that they spend for the city.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

STRATHCONA ESTATE ABOVE $30,000,000

Bequest to Yale in Recognition of Benefits Gained by Investments in United States.

With the publication of the text of the will of Donald Alexander, Lord Strathcona, yesterday it was learned through a close personal friend of Lord Strathcona that his estate would exceed $30,000,000. The holdings of railroad securities were especially heavy. Lord Strathcona gave away millions of dollars to institutions and private beneficiaries.

James H. Smith of Brookline, Mass., a son of Lady Strathcona by a former marriage, who announced several days ago that he would claim a part of the estate of his stepfather, was one of the beneficiaries of Lord Strathcona's will. The income of $125,000 is placed in trust for him, and he receives besides as an outright bequest real estate in Pictou, Nova Scotia.

In the text of the will, as drawn by John W. Sterling of 55 Wall Street, for thirty-five years counsellor to Lord Strathcona, the reasons for Lord Strathcona's bequest of $500,000 to Yale University and the provisions governing the bequest are set forth. Lord Strathcona explained that the bequest was made in recognition of benefits received by him through investments in the United States, particularly from the St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Manitoba and Great Northern Railways. In this connection Lord Strathcona in his will said:

> Whereas I have greatly prospered in and by reason of investments made by me within the United States of America and, especially by reason of my connection with the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company and the Great Northern Railway Company Corporations, organized under the laws of the late territory and present State of Minnesota, and it is my desire to signify in some proper way my appreciation of the benefits which I have gained from such investments and my connection with the said companies. Therefore, I leave and bequeath and direct my Trustees to pay to the President and Fellows of Yale University in New Haven, Connecticut, United States of America, the sum of £100,000 for the promotion of the modern sciences, and for instruction in the practical questions arising from the application of scientific knowledge to the industrial, social, and economical problems of the times, it being my special desire to have the said sum expended so far as in the opinion of my Trustees may be deemed advisable for instruction in civil and mechanical engineering, with special reference to the construction, equipment, and operation of transportation of passengers and freight, whether by land or by water, and the financial and legislative questions involved.
>
> I hereby empower the said university to expend the whole or any part of the said sum, after consulting and with the consent of my Trustees, in the erection and equipment of one or more buildings or the endowment of one or more chairs for the promotion of these ends. I express the wish that out of this said sum one or more scholarships shall be founded, the income of each of which shall be sufficient to enable the recipient of it to pursue a course of instruction in the scientific or graduate departments of the said university in the said subjects or some part of them, and that in awarding such scholarships or in remitting in whole or in part the fees of tuition or other expenses connected with the prosecution of studies in the said subjects or any of them preference should be shown to such persons or to the sons of such persons as shall have been for at least two years creditably connected in some manner to either of said railway companies or its successors, whether as officials or employes, without regard to grade, regard being had in each case solely to the merits and necessities of the applicant.
>
> The names of any buildings or chairs established or scholarships founded for the purposes suggested in this article I should be glad to have identified in some manner with the purposes in view. I specially request and direct the officers of the said university in carrying out my contentions expressed in this article to take the advice and follow the recommendations of my Trustees in giving practical effect to this legacy, and my Trustees shall be entitled to settle all details with that in view. I provide that any payment or contribution which may hereafter be made by me to the said university shall be considered as a payment in satisfaction pro tanto of the said legacy of £100,000.

In his will, under date of Jan. 17, 1914, Lord Strathcona bequeathed £5,000 "to the Right Hon. John Burns for the purpose of a home and maintenance for a number of some fifty lepers in the United Kingdom."

None of this money, however, was to be expended for other lepers who might come to the United Kingdom. On the same date he bequeathed £10,000 to the Maintenance Fund of the Leanchoil Cottage Hospital, Forres, as from his wife.

NO DODGING, SAYS GLYNN.

Telephone Audit Need Not Await Appointments, He Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Gov. Glynn was annoyed to-day by a report that Chairman Decker of the up-State Public Service Commission had informed officials of the New York Telephone Company that the proposed physical valuation of its assets and the audit of its books would be postponed until after the Governor had filled three vacancies on the board.

"I understood that this matter had been settled right here in this room several days ago," said Gov. Glynn, standing by his desk in the Executive Chamber. "The telephone company put up securities in the amount of $150,000 to defray the cost of the appraisal. It was agreed that the valuation should proceed under the auspices of the commission and the legislative committee appointed to investigate the rates of the company, and that the necessary expenditures were to be paid by the company on their joint audit."

The Governor added that the Public Service Commissioners were State officials who had taken an oath, and had no right to dodge duties and responsibilities under any pretext whatever, but must go ahead with the appraisal.

"If they are waiting for the appointment of new Commissioners, they won't have to wait many days longer," said the Governor, with a show of feeling. "I could fill a hundred vacancies right this minute if I were not determined to appoint the best men available. I am not going to be hurried into making these appointments until I have the proper men."

WILSON PITS PALMER AGAINST PENROSE

White House Slate for State Election in Pennsylvania Made Up in Conferences.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—At the urgent request of President Wilson, Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania announced to-night that he would be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator to succeed Senator Boies Penrose, who is seeking to be renominated by the Republican Party. It also was announced that Vance McCormick, ex-Mayor of Harrisburg, grandson of Simon Cameron, would be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania. Gifford Pinchot is seeking the Progressive nomination for Senator. The primaries will be held on May 19.

The announcement made by Mr. Palmer and Mr. McCormick followed a series of conferences here to-day in two of which President Wilson participated. The others in the conferences were Mr. Palmer, Mr. McCormick, William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor; Roland Morris, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Democratic State Committee, and J. I. Blackslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, who probably will be a candidate to succeed Mr. Palmer in the House of Representatives.

At the first conference Mr. Palmer was urged by the President to become a candidate for the Senatorial nomination. Mr. Palmer, however, insisted that he preferred to be a candidate for Governor and he suggested that Secretary Wilson should enter the fight for the Senatorship. To this Secretary Wilson demurred, saying he preferred to remain in the Cabinet and in this he was supported by the President, who said he did not care to have Secretary Wilson resign the Labor portfolio.

Other conferences between the Pennsylvanians resulted in Mr. Palmer's consenting to be a candidate for the Senatorial nomination and the decision to put Mr. McCormick forward as a candidate for the Governorship. After this arrangement was made the Pennsylvanians went back to the White House this evening and informed President Wilson, who expressed his gratification.

Mr. Palmer's announcement follows:

> "I had been expected to be a candidate for Governor, and so announced to many of my friends. We had hoped that Secretary Wilson would be a candidate for Senator but, having sought the President's counsel, we find that he is averse to Mr. Wilson's leaving the Cabinet. It is the President's judgment that I should make the race for Senator, and I have decided to do so.
>
> "In the Gubernatorial contest the line will be drawn just as effectively as if I were a candidate, for I understand that Vance C. McCormick of Harrisburg, who from the beginning has been a leader in our movement in Pennsylvania, will be a candidate for Governor."

Those who arranged the Pennsylvania slate were members of the reform wing of the party which deposed James M. Guffey from the leadership.

President Wilson to-day telegraphed to Henry Volmer of Davenport, Iowa, candidate in the Second District to succeed the late Representative Pepper, that he hoped the Administration would be sustained in the elections. "I sincerely hope the people of your district will show their confidence in you and in the Administration by electing you," was the President's telegram.

THIEF TAKES A "MADONNA."

Cuts a Supposed Raphael from Frame in Morristown House.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 4.—A picture of the Madonna which, it is said, is atributed to Raphael, valued at thousands of dollars, was stolen either last night or early this morning from the home of the Misses Margaret M. and Susan M. Hawes of 287 South Street. The Hawes sisters are enthusiasts in matters of art. At present they are visiting picture galleries in Italy. They are not expected home until the middle of the month.

The theft of the picture was discovered this morning by Miss Lent, the housekeeper. The painting had been cut from its frame. The thief gained an entrance to the house through a window on the west side. Miss Lent found the window open.

According to the night watchman, John Fearing, who guards three other houses in the same neighborhood, the window was not open when he went home at 5 o'clock this morning, and this leads the police to believe that the theft was committed after that hour. Miss Lent at once notified Chief of Police Holloway. The case also has been turned over to a private detective agency.

The stolen painting was the most valuable one in the Hawes collection.

COWPER MADONNA HERE.

Raphael Purchased by the Duveens Is Now in Their Art Gallery.

Before the White Star Liner Olympic sailed yesterday for Southampton, it became known that on her arrival a week ago she brought to this country the famous Panshanger "Madonna and Child," by Raphael, recently purchased by Duveen Brothers for more than $500,000. The painting had been passed through the Customs duty free, and is now at Messrs. Duveen's art gallery, 720 Fifth Avenue.

The picture has not yet been sold. The title, "Panshanger Madonna," is derived from Panshanger in Hertfordshire, the English home of the Cowpers, in whose possession it has been since 1780, but the picture is also known as the "Small Cowper Madonna," a larger Madonna by Raphael, dated three years later, belonging also to the Cowper family.

The smaller panel, now in this country, measures only 23 by 17 inches. The picture was reproduced in last Sunday's TIMES.

Dewey's Pure Grape Juice
Purifies the blood. A delicious beverage. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.—Adv.

BANKS ANGRY WITH EXAMINER STAREK

Defied by One President and Sued by Another for Taking Away Its Papers.

TREASURY SUSTAINED FIRST

Now Merchants' National Goes to Court to Compel Return of Documents Taken from Its Vaults.

Charles B. Starek, the National Bank Examiner in charge in this city, who is slated, according to persistent reports, for the New York member of the Federal Reserve Board, has been having a rather turbulent time with some of the banks since he succeeded Edwin F. Rorebeck, now Vice President of the Metropolitan Trust Company, about a year ago.

Matters have gone so far that the Merchants' National Bank has filed suit in the State Supreme Court to compel him to return papers removed from its vaults when he made an examination of the institution early in January.

Mr. Starek also had a very lively set-to with the President of another large bank, it was learned yesterday, because he was preparing to carry off a list of its principal depositors, with their average balances, which had been made by one of his men. This happened several weeks ago, but had been kept quiet until yesterday, as the matter had been dropped after an appeal had been made to Acting Controller of the Currency Kane, who sustained the bank.

While this bank was under examination one of the bookkeepers reported to its President that an examiner working under Mr. Starek's direction had drawn off a list of practically all the depositors, apparently intending to take it out of the bank. The story told in the financial district yesterday as to what happened afterward was as follows:

President Defied Him.

The President of the bank demanded that the list of depositors be brought to his desk, and telephoned to Mr. Starek, who was not in the bank at the time, that he wanted to see him. When Mr. Starek arrived he was told that he would not be permitted to take the list of depositors. He insisted that he would take it, and the two had an argument, though without losing their tempers.

The upshot was that the bank President stuck to it that he would not let the list go out unless directed to do so by the board of the bank. He called a meeting the next day and the Directors told him to stick to his colors. Meantime he had written to Acting Controller Kane, stating that while the Examiner was welcome to the fullest information concerning the affairs of the bank, it could not permit records concerning the private affairs of its depositors to go out. A bank, it was argued, held the same relation toward its depositors as a priest toward his parishioners, a doctor toward his patients, or a lawyer toward his clients. It acted as a Trustee, it was contended, for the transactions, as well as the property, of its customers.

The next day the bank President was advised by Acting Controller Kane that it need not permit Mr. Starek to take away a copy of the list, and it was not done.

In other banks, however, Mr. Starek did take lists of the depositors, in most cases without objection from them.

"We might as well let the Examiners take the list openly," said one bank official yesterday, "because if we didn't they could do so surreptitiously. Of course, there is a possibility that such a list may fall into the hands of some unscrupulous person who would sell it to a competitor, if any competitor so dishonorable as to purchase it could be found, but we would rather take that chance than contest the matter."

His Practice in Other Places.

Mr. Starek, it is said, had made it his practice to take such lists in the other places where he was an Examiner before being promoted to New York, whereas it had not been the practice here under Mr. Rorebeck or his predecessor, Charles A. Hanna.

Two former National Bank Examiners now engaged in other business in this city said yesterday that while an Examiner had a legal right to consult the entire list of depositors, in practice he usually did so only in checking back loans when the purpose was to ascertain the balances carried by individuals who had borrowed heavily from the bank. The understanding, they said, had always been that they should not compile a complete list of depositors as there was no occasion for doing so.

As to the removal of papers from banks under examination, this has been done quite generally under Mr. Starek's administration, the papers being returned after he has completed his report on the inspection. Mr. Starek's friends concede that he has introduced some innovations here, but say that he will continue to work along lines that he had pursued elsewhere unless his superiors or the courts intervene. If an Examiner had no right to remove papers for his further examination, one of these said yesterday, that fact might as well be established in the suit of the Merchants' National Bank and a decision to that effect would be followed promptly by legislation giving that power to him.

Neither George Zabriskie, counsel for the Merchants' National Bank; Joseph Byrne, its cashier and Vice President, nor Mr. Starek would give any details regarding the suit for the return of the papers yesterday, and it could not be learned what the papers were, although it is understood that they are few in number and that Mr. Starek has not yet closed his report on the bank's condition.

Investigated Bond Sales.

Mr. Starek, during his brief term of office, has also figured in much of the discussion of an alleged antipathy between the National City and other banks and John Skelton Williams, who has just become Controller of the Currency, and who, as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, exercised direct control of that department.

The story of Mr. Williams's loss of control of the Seaboard Air Line, which he organized, is well known, and it has been represented that he entertained bitter feelings against Thomas F. Ryan, who got it away from him, and the "Money Trust" banks.

Last Summer, when the 2 per cent. Government bonds went several points below par in the market because of uncertainty as to their fate under the Owen-Glass bill, then pending, and Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo made a statement intimating that the banks that were opposed to the bill had entered into a conspiracy to depress the price of the bonds in which the banks of the country had some $700,000,000 invested, Mr. Starek made special visits to the leading banks and overhauled their letter files, with a view to finding some basis for such a theory.

He also asked for lists of the sales and purchases of Government bonds by

Continued on Page 3.

AMERICAN GIRL'S SUICIDE.

Miss Ludwig Dead at Nice After Swallowing Corrosive Sublimate.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—Miss Elsa Ludwig, a young American, died at a hospital in Nice to-day after taking corrosive sublimate.

The motive for her action is unknown.

DEAD AIRMAN'S ROMANCE.

Lieut. Arthur Leaves His Fortune to Girl of Fourteen.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—A romantic attachment to a girl of fourteen is disclosed by the will of the late Lieut. Arthur, an army airman aged 29, who was killed at Montrose last May.

The will, which was proved in the Dublin courts to-day, leaves the whole of his fortune, £12,500, to Winsonne Constance Ropner, daughter of a West Hartlepool shipbuilder and granddaughter of Sir Robert Ropner.

On the dead body of the airman was found a miniature portrait of the girl, which he was in the habit of wearing on his breast.

LET THE UNFIT DIE?

Sir William Ramsay Thinks That Class Is Coddled Too Much.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—At the annual dinner of the Institute of Sanitary Engineers to-night Sir William Ramsay raised the question of whether the unfit should be left to die. Sir William surprised the audience by asking whether it was right that people should be so coddled as they were.

Where they were doing something to prolong the lives of the unfit, would it not be better to let some of them die out, he asked. They insisted on children getting an education, he said, and they came to school starved. Then they had to give them breakfast and they had to find boots for them. Ultimately, he said, they would have to take over the children entirely. He added that he wondered where that sort of thing was going to end.

QUOTE BRYAN ON EGGS.

Why California Poultry Men Want Chinese Product Dumped Into Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—Alleging eggs imported from China to be unhealthful, the Sonoma County Poultry Producers' Association requested the San Francisco Board of Supervisors to-day to dump the Oriental product into the bay.

The communication quoted William Jennings Bryan as saying at Santa Rosa, Cal.: "There was one country in the world where I did not eat eggs and that was China." It concludes: "If the Chinese egg was not good enough for the Secretary of State it surely is not good enough for the American people."

WOMAN SWIMS TO SAVE BOY

Plunges Into Lake in Harrison and Saves a Drowning Youngster.

Mrs. John Breitenbutcher, the young wife of a merchant of Harrison, N. J., plunged into a lake in West Hudson Park yesterday afternoon and rescued a 4-year-old boy who had fallen into the water. The cries of the child, who was William Lahey, the son of the Park Superintendent, John Lahey, were heard by Mrs. Breitenbutcher, who was sitting on a bench with her own little boy and a maid.

Mrs. Breitenbutcher ran to the edge of the lake, and, plunging in, swam to the drowning boy. Park attendants helped both to the shore. The boy, unconscious, was taken to his home.

FIRE SCARE IN THEATRE.

Piece of Paper Ablaze Sends Balcony Spectators to Exits.

While a motion picture was being shown at the New York Theatre, Broadway and Forty-fourth Street, last night about 10:30 o'clock, a man who was smoking in the balcony near the stereopticon threw a lighted match on the floor, igniting a piece of paper. The paper quickly flared up, and a woman jumped from her seat, shouting "Fire!" There was a scramble in the balcony for the exits, but the fire was extinguished, and the spectators returned to their seats to see the rest of the performance.

It was learned from J. R. Cowan, of the management of the theatre, that the fire was stamped out by one of the spectators before the theatre attendants had time to reach for the fire extinguishers on the wall. Persons who occupied seats in the orchestra were aware of a disturbance in the balcony, but those who were questioned about it did not know the cause of it. Mr. Cowan said that the floor of the theatre, though carpeted, was fireproof, the carpet being saturated with a fireproof solution in compliance with the regulations of the Fire Department.

DIPHTHERIA ON WARSHIPS.

Officers and Crews of Arkansas and North Dakota Are Quarantined.

Two thousand men, comprising officers and crews of the battleships Arkansas and North Dakota, at the New York Navy Yard, in Brooklyn, have been quarantined because of an outbreak of diphtheria on both vessels. This is the second time within a week that the disease has been discovered on the Arkansas. One case developed on the North Dakota on Tuesday.

Three cases were discovered on the Arkansas on Monday, and the men affected were at once removed to the Naval Hospital. The one case on the North Dakota also received prompt attention. The men on both vessels are kept under close scrutiny by the surgeons of the ships and every precaution has been taken by the naval authorities at the yard against a spread of the disease. Communication with the quarantined vessels is had by telephone only.

All of the cases so far discovered by the naval physicians are reported as mild.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Stores.—Adv.

ONE-DAY FLIGHT ACROSS ATLANTIC

Rodman Wanamaker Building a Large Aeroboat and Will Finance the Attempt.

NEWFOUNDLAND TO IRELAND

Two Naval Aviators to Drive 200 Horse Power Engine at 10,000 Feet Elevation.

WIRELESS TO POINT WAY

Communication with Ships Depended on to Give Positions—Boat Designed for Sea Dangers.

Plans for flying across the Atlantic Ocean in an aeroplane have been brought to a definite purpose, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Aero Club of America. An aeroboat, in which the trial is to be made, was begun six months ago at Hammondsport, N. Y., and is now nearing completion. It is planned to make the flight in the early Summer, probably in June.

Rodman Wanamaker of Philadelphia is the backer of the transatlantic expedition, and the aeroboat in which it is to be attempted has been designed under his supervision by Glenn H. Curtiss. It carries a wing spread of eighty feet, whereas the largest aeroplane now in general use carry a wind spread of hardly half that distance. Its engine, instead of being of the 100 horse power type in common use in the most powerful aeroplanes, will have 200 horse power and will be capable of driving at sixty-five miles an hour an aeroboat large enough to carry two pilots and fuel and provisions enough to make the dash to Europe a matter of a single flight.

The route is from St. John's, Newfoundland, to the Irish coast, and has already been mapped out by Rodman Wanamaker, who made a trip to Europe especially for that purpose. It calls for 1,600 miles of continuous flying, to be done, if possible, between dawn and nightfall of a single day.

Want U. S. Navy Fliers.

It is the intention of Rodman Wanamaker to have the giant flying boat driven to Europe by two aviators especially selected by the Secretary of the Navy from the navy's aeronautic corps. The speed of 65 miles which it is hoped to maintain is given as the most conservative speed that is to be expected. It is hoped to attain a speed of 100 miles an hour and to add to this whatever velocity the winds blowing toward the Irish coasts from Newfoundland may have. In making the announcement that the flight will surely be undertaken this Summer, the Aero Club, on behalf of Mr. Wanamaker, has asked for the co-operation of all persons interested in seeing America the first nation to conquer the air routes between the United States and Europe, and also the co-operation of the United States Weather Bureau, the navy, and all owners of pleasure yachts and merchant vessels.

The proposal as to steamship companies is that they have their vessels plying between European ports and New York keep careful data as to the prevailing winds and turn this data over to the committee of the Aero Club which will have charge of the arrangements for the expedition.

Owners of private yachts planning Summer cruises, it was suggested, could perform patriotic service by making their plans this year for a cruise in the North Atlantic. It is the hope of President Alan R. Hawley of the Aero Club that the route above which the flying boat will cruise will be dotted by American and British pleasure yachts, and that these boats will be especially numerous near the proposed starting and finishing points.

Ships Must Point the Way.

While the boats will, of course, be counted on to give aid in case of any trouble, it is not for that purpose that it is hoped to have as many as possible along the cruising route. The main purpose will be to notify the airmen by wireless of their exact position in the air.

President Hawley said that outside of the problem of having fuel enough to last for the whole trip, in case of head winds, the only sizable peril lay in the possibility that side winds would shift the flying boat far out of its course. He said that expert navigators of the United States Navy's Aviation Corps had admitted to him the futility of any plan so far devised to catch the latitude and longitude of an aeroplane while speeding above water at the rate of 100 miles an hour. He said that the chief dependence of the aviators, as to keeping on their course, would have to be upon wireless conversations with ships near enough to communicate their positions.

The flying boat will carry a wireless equipment by which the navigating officer can send messages for a distance of fifty miles, and receive messages from any distance the wireless of sending ships may carry.

There will be instruments for determining the speed of the wind and its direction, and complete charts and a compass to enable the aviators to make their way in the hull of the flying boat if they should meet with an accident, and be forced to descend upon the ocean. In that event they can quickly cut away the wings, and there will then remain a non-sinkable boat as safe as any small boat could be in the ocean. The boat has been designed especially for rough water, and emergencies such as might be met upon the high seas.

The money returns from the proposed flight, if it should be the first actual crossing the Atlantic, would be large, as Lord Northcliffe announced a prize of $50,000 some time ago for the first transatlantic flight, and since that time several other prizes have been offered. But it is not the prize money that is sought for, according to President Hawley, so much as a chance to prove that the science of aviation need not halt at the ocean shores, and that the United States is ready to do pioneer work in the field of transatlantic flying as it was in the problem of making the first flight possible.

Wanamaker to Finance the Flight.

Rodman Wanamaker has signified, according to President Hawley, that he is perfectly willing to bear the financial burden of the proposed expedition, no matter how great the burden may become in the task of providing safeguards to assure success.

The plans now made public have been known in the Aero Club six months, but they were withheld until every detail of the flying-boat's design could be decided upon, a route picked out, and enough preliminary work done to convince leading airmen that such an expedition would be practicable.

It was said at the Aero Club that in naval circles, where the fact that the giant flying boat was being built became known some months ago, there has been stirred up a remarkably heavy demand for places upon the crew. More than twenty members of the navy's aviation corps, it was said, had sought an opportunity to discover an air route between the old and new worlds.

Rodman Wanamaker became interested in the matter of a transatlantic flight through hearing airmen discuss it as an academic problem more than two years ago. As a member of the Board of Governors of the Aero Club he was often present when discussions came up in the Aero Club as to whether such a flight would ever be made.

At first he concluded it would not, but recently he came in contact with a new and sudden improvement in aeroplaning due to the development of the flying boat and the increase in engine efficiency.

He asked Glenn H. Curtiss eight months ago whether in his opinion a transatlantic flight would ever be made. Mr. Curtiss replied that it was only a question of money and mathematics and the building of a stronger motor than any motor now on the market.

Two months after this conversation Mr. Curtiss was at work on designs which Mr. Wanamaker had sketched out in the rough, in consultation with the best experts in the Aero Club and in the naval Aeronautic Corps. As Mr. Curtiss had received orders to build flying boats for the Russian and Italian Governments, he experimented in the designing of these boats, with hulls to stand rough water and apparatus to tell all that is possible to an aviator out of sight of land.

An exact duplicate of the cabined hull it is proposed to use in the transatlantic flight was constructed and tested two weeks ago, according to information at the Aero Club, and was afterward shipped to Italy for use in the aviation corps of the Italian Navy.

Plan of the Aeroboat.

There will be twelve feet of clearance way between the motor and the cabin, and in this space the crew can work to make any engine repairs that may become necessary en route.

Permanent gasoline casks have been constructed in the hull, so that if the airmen should have to alight because of exhaustion of fuel they can take on a new supply from some passing steamship and then proceed again through the air.

Nearly every airman in New York gathered at the Aero Club last night to talk about the proposed expedition and the chances that it will succeed. They agreed that, of the two men in charge, the one assigned to work as navigator probably would have the harder task, as the steering gear of an aeroplane, once it is started in the proper direction, hardly has to be touched for hours at a time. It would be harder to drive an automobile a hundred miles, the aviators agreed, than to drive an aeroplane a thousand miles.

The letter in which Mr. Wanamaker made his proposal to the Aero Club to equip a transatlantic expedition is as follows:

> New York, Feb. 4, 1914.
>
> Mr. Alan R. Hawley, President Areo Club of America, 297 Madison Avenue, New York City.
>
> My Dear Mr. Hawley: In the cause of science and in the interest of world peace, I have the honor to announce first of all to the Aero Club of America my intention to make a purely scientific test of aeronautic power by crossing the Atlantic Ocean by one flight, if possible.
>
> In this serious undertaking, which is the supreme test of aviation, and which, if successful, will have most influential consequences, I ask the co-operation of the Aero Club of America, and through them the co-operation of the Governments of the United States and of Great Britain, and of the Royal Aero Club of England.
>
> The transatlantic flier to be used in the journey is now being constructed by Mr. Glenn H. Curtiss, from plans that we have been studying for a long time.
>
> I sincerely hope that the operators and navigators may be from the navy of the United States and of Great Britain, because naval aeronauts have the qualifications necessary to navigate this uncharted journey in the air.
>
> I have said this undertaking is in the interest of world peace. Let me explain what I mean. Once across the ocean in one flight of an air craft and the world will awaken to the realization of the tremendous importance aeronautics may prove to be to every nation.
>
> This year we are celebrating a hundred years' peace between Great Britain and the United States, and it would be a fitting climax to this celebration if these two countries could link themselves more closely together by this international flight across the ocean, demonstrating to the world that the time for the disarmament of nations is at hand, if for no other reason than because aeronautics have reached the stage where even the greatest dreadnought battleships may become futile in their power.
>
> I have said also the undertaking is in the cause of science.
>
> The science of aviation has made great strides within only a few years. It has conquered many of nature's obstacles. It has crossed the English Channel, so late as 1909, when accomplishment seemed utterly impossible. It has conquered the Alps. Yet it halts at the great ocean, and until one of our great oceans is crossed in a single flight, aviation will not have met the supreme test.
>
> The crossing of the Atlantic Ocean in one flight of an air craft is, to my mind, as important to aerial navigation as was the voyage of Columbus to transportation by water. It will be of far more practical importance than was the successful expedition to the north pole.
>
> What man has done once he can do any number of times. Once the Atlantic is crossed in a single flight of an airship, there will soon follow regular transatlantic trips, and a fixed, safe transatlantic passenger air line. It is not a dream that within a few years we shall be able to enter an air craft in New York on Friday afternoon, be in London on Saturday, spend the week-end there, and return to New York in time for business on Monday.
>
> The crossing of the Atlantic by air is not a matter merely of initiative, nor of daring, nor even of skill; it is a problem of science.
>
> As a scientific and humanitarian undertaking, I venture to ask your co-operation and the co-operation of the Governments of the United States and Great Britain. Their help will be most valuable in the meteorological and hydrostatic advice which they can give on the question of wind and weather, in the assistance of the navies in permitting naval officers to operate their air craft, and in the placing of naval vessels along the route of the proposed flight to insure safety in case of a possible accident.
>
> As a member of the Aero Club of America, I sincerely hope that we shall have the honor of being the first to succeed in this supreme test of the air and to make undying history for our country in the cause of science and for the uplift of the whole world. I have the honor to remain, respectfully, RODMAN WANAMAKER.

At the offices of the Curtiss Aeroplane Company at 30 East Forty-second Street it was said that Mr. Curtiss was expected back from Europe in a few weeks to take charge of the work of finishing up the transatlantic flier.

The plans for the craft, which were on exhibition, indicate that a "tractor screw" will be used in front of the boat instead of the usual propeller and that all controls will be in duplicate in order to let either of the two men composing the crew take charge. The 200 horse power motor is to be located in the bow of a hull of the torpedo type.

The wings, with their spread of 80 feet, will have a lifting force of 1,200 square feet. They will be swept back at an angle of six degrees and will be "ridged" in the centre to increase their stability. The present plan is to make the flight at a height of 10,000 feet, as the experience of aviators has been that winds are much stronger at that height than near to the surface. The direct line over which the course has been mapped is 1,600 miles long, and to cover this distance in a single trial calls for a flight 260 miles longer than the present world's record of 1,340 miles held by Victor Stoeffler, a German flier. As Stoeffler's record was made in 1912, and many motor improvements have been made since that time, it is not considered impossible to pass his record.

ARMY AND NAVY INTERESTED.

But Officials Think They Cannot Share in the Flight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.— Secretary Daniels said to-night that the flight proposed by Rodman Wanamaker across the Atlantic had not come to his attention, but it was certainly a matter of great interest whether it would prove of material value in military aviation or not.

"I do not see how we could spare any of our navy aviators," said Mr. Daniels. "They are all busy in the school at Pensacola, where we are training a number of officers new to the work. The matter is highly interesting, and no doubt will have its value to aviators generally.

"Our work is, I think, more technical and directed closely to sea scouting. Long flights are not so much aimed at as high ones to escape observation and at the same time gain information. One of our young men not long ago flew out fifteen miles to sea, found a mine planted under water, and came back and reported it, so that it was easily found when a boat was sent out to the spot. That is the sort of work we want done. The flight across the Atlantic is good, but it is not in our line. I hope Mr. Wanamaker will succeed."

Officers in charge of aviation in the army and navy manifested great interest in the enterprise. The attitude of the Government toward such experiment work in aviation, however, is necessarily restricted to observation rather than assistance, they said.

"Mr. Wanamaker's undertaking is interesting," said Capt. Washington I. Chambers, who is in charge of aviation in the United States Navy, "but I cannot imagine the Secretary of the Navy permitting a naval officer to make such a flight. There are too many problems involved in new large aeroplanes to be used in such a long flight."

"All that Mr. Wanamaker proposes," said Lieut. Col. Samuel Reber, Chief of the Army Aviation Service, "is certainly interesting, and we had not before had any knowledge of it. The army aviators surely could not make the flight across the Atlantic unless they were to volunteer. They could not be ordered to do it, and I don't think the War Department could assist in the matter at all, so far as making the flight is concerned. Of course, we would like to avail ourselves of the opportunity to learn what we could from the flight that is proposed, although I do not know just what military value it would have.

"Flight over mountains where air currents are troublesome would be worth while for army aviators, but not so much over the sea. We will watch Mr. Wanamaker's project and possibly we shall be permitted to send a competent officer experienced in aviation to observe his aeroplane and its operation, and the flight over the Atlantic as well."

SAY ENGINE IS TOO SMALL.

Niles and Moisant Do Not Expect the Flight to Succeed.

Charles F. Niles, the young aviator who gained sudden fame last Monday by a sensational upside-down flight and an attempt to loop-the-loop at Garden City, said last night that he thought the Wanamaker transatlantic flight would not be a success.

"We're going to cross the ocean," he said, "but not with a 200 horse power motor. I would give more to be in such a flight than for anything else on earth. I'm going to work to that end and Mr. Moisant who built the aeroplane in which I flew upside-down, is going to build a machine to cross the ocean. But it won't be done this year, and when it is done the motor will be a 500 horse power affair."

Alfred J. Moisant said he had spent most of his time for the last year working on the problem of a possible transatlantic flight, and that he was convinced a 200-horse power motor would not prove sufficient. He said he would keep right on with his plans on the supposition that the transatlantic trip would not be made this season.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Feb. 4.—Orville Wright positively refuses to discuss the proposed ocean flight at present.

WOMEN'S PRIZE FOR FLIGHT.

Aerial League Offers $5,000 to Aviator Crossing the Atlantic.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb 4.—In connection with the forthcoming Anglo-American exhibition in London, a prize of $5,000, together with a trophy, is offered by Mrs. Woodhull Martin, on behalf of the Women's Aerial League, to the first aviator flying across the Atlantic either to any point of the American Continent or of the British Isles.

The competition is open to aviators of all nations. There are no restrictions regarding the type of machine.

GLIDES IN AIR FOR 20 MILES.

Raynham Starts at Height of 15,000 Feet and Finishes at 5,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Airman Raynham accomplished a remarkable feat to-day.

He ascended at Brooklands in a biplane to a height of 15,000 feet, which is the British record, then stopped his engine and glided with a strong following wind a distance of twenty miles to Hendon, where he arrived at a height of 5,000 feet.

SIX FLY UP 7,382 FEET.

Altitude Record with Five Passengers Made by French Airman.

CHARTRES, Feb. 4.—The French aviator Garaix to-day established new altitude record with five passengers, ascending to a height of 7,382 feet. He made the flight in the new biplane built by Paul Schmitt, an engineer, which yesterday reached a height of 5,000 feet with seven passengers.

The previous record for altitude with five passengers was made by the Austrian aviator Sablatnik last October at Johannisthal. He reached an altitude of 3,281 feet.

AN AEROBUS WITH A BRAKE.

Speed Reduced from 71 to 24 Miles an Hour in 1,000 Yards.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—A really efficient type of "aerobus" is said to have been discovered by Paul Schmitt, a hitherto unknown inventor, who for the last four years has been experimenting with his invention in a corner of the Chartres aerodrome.

Both the upper and lower planes of his aeroplane can be inclined as much as twelve degrees out of the horizontal, thus acting as a brake in flight. Last Saturday Schmitt's pilot, M. Garaix, is said to have reduced speed in 1,000 yards from seventy-one miles an hour to twenty-four.

Over a distance of 1,000 yards recently he is reported to have carried three passengers at four miles an hour and four passengers at three miles an hour.

SUES SINGER FOR $50,000.

Jeanne Maubourg of the Opera Is Accused of Alienation of Affections.

Suit for $50,000 damages for the alienation of her husband's affections was begun in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Emelie M. Op de Beeck, against Jeanne Maubourg, the contralto of the Metropolitan Opera House. Mrs. Op de Beeck alleges in her complaint that the singer sought to persuade her husband, Ferdinand Op de Beeck, to leave his home.

Jeanne Maubourg, who is known in private life as Mrs. Jeanne Elizabeth Bede, began a suit on Jan. 20 in the Supreme Court for a separation from her husband, Claude Bede of the Opéra Comique, in Paris. She asserted that her husband hated Americans and that he treated her cruelly on account of her love for them.

Cafe Dance for Charity.

A café dance and vaudeville are to be held on the afternoon and evening of Saturday, Feb. 21, in the Gotham ballroom for the benefit of the New York Home for Convalescents. The patronesses are Mrs. Russell Wellman Moore, Mrs. James E. Pope, Mrs. G. Wilson Smith, Mrs. Charles E. Orvis and Miss Mary Van Buren Vanderpoel. Tickets may be had from Miss Vanderpoel at 30 East Fifty-third Street.

Only One "BROMO QUININE." To get the genuine, call for full name, "LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.—Adv.

FINDS RADIUM KILLS THE CELLS OF CANCER

Head of Pittsburgh Free Clinic Tells Results of Treatments for Three Years.

CASES SEEMINGLY CURED

Though Physician Points to the Danger of Arousing False Hopes Among Sufferers.

Dr. William H. Cameron, Director of the Free Radium Clinic at Pittsburgh, described the results obtained by the use of radium as a remedy in an address delivered last night to physicians and research men from New York medical institutions at a meeting held in the General Assembly Hall at the Waldorf-Astoria. Dr. Cameron was introduced by Dr. C. Everett Field of Richmond Hill, L. I. Dr. Charles H. Viol, phycicist of the Radium Research Laboratory at Pitsburgh, described the nature of radium and gave a demonstration of some of its properties with tubes containing a total of 270 milligrams of the element.

Dr. Cameron made what he called a preliminary report on the use of radium. Though he spoke guardedly and talked at length of the terrific mental suffering caused by creating false hopes in persons hopelessly afflicted, he told of cases of cancer to all appearances completely cured by the use of radium. He said that he had seen patients, after treatment for arthritis by radium emanation, use joints which had not moved for three or four years.

"One case treated,' he said, "was a patient afflicted with cancer of the tonsils, which had spread to a great part of the neck. It was a case where no one would give the patient more than a few days to live. The patient was scarcely able to swallow at all, and it was impossible, because of the narrow opening in which to place the radium, to use the usual screening of lead. I warned the patient on this account that in order to treat her it might be necessary to burn her severely by the use of the unscreened radium tube. By the way, I might remark here that radium burns are not like X-ray burns. The radium burns heal very rapidly.

"Two hundred milligrams were used in treating this patient. She continued to improve until after the eighth application of the radium tube had taken place. At this time a terrific reaction set in. I had been called away, and her physician telephoned to me. I could not come then, and I had to advise him by telephone what I thought best to do. It was two weeks before I could return. At that time I found that all the swelling had left except a spot near the ear, which I had missed. In the previous treatments special operations had been performed in order to make it possible to ray the glands of the neck, and the swelling there had disappeared. The patient is still much better. Before long the swelling near the ear will be rayed. While this patient is much improved, I do not expect her to live. In such a cancer there must be some parts which the rays cannot penetrate.

"Obserbations weer made of the structure of the cancer cells at various stages in the treatment of this case. The change in the cells was considerable. The rays do destroy the cancer cells.

Dr. Cameron told of a case of cancer of the oesophagus, in which specimens were cut from the cancer after each treatment by the radium. When the radium had evidently done its work, and treatment was left off for a month, it was found that the cancer was growing again. It has been established, he said, that the use of the knife for the purpose of taking a small specimen resulted in the sifting of the cancerous tissue through the blood and the rapid growth of the cancer. On this account, he said, efforts to study the exact character of the cell changes under the radium treatment had been abandoned.

Dr. Cameron told of the use of radium solutions in intravenous injections. At first experiments were made on animals. It was discovered that practically all of the radium injected into the body had found its way to the marrow of the bones.

The cost of a milligram of radium is $120, and such a dose was consequently expensive. Later experiments made it possible to get the same effects from a small amount of radium.

At the Pittsburgh Free Clinic there is an emanatorium in which the patients breathe air filled with radium emanation passed through water. Another method is that of bathing in water heavily charged with radium emanation. Dr. Cameron said, however, that he did not believe that the radium emanation ever penetrated the skin, and he said that, in his opinion, the benefit of bathing in the charged water was due to the patient's breathing the emanation that arose from the water.

The radium emanation is an entirely different thing from the rays with which cancer is treated. The rays which penetrate the skin are the Gamma rays. The lead screen about the radium imprisons the radium emanation, the milder Alpha rays, and most of the Beta rays, but the Gamma rays in nearly their full strength pass through the lead protection.

"I am sorry to say," said Dr. Cameron, "that I cannot report the good results in the treatment of Bright's disease that we have heard from abroad. Some cases have apparently progressed well, but the good done by the radium treatment has not been lasting. One case was that of a young man 25 years old, who had been on a careful diet for several years and whose life had been already wonderfully prolonged. The radium treatment in the beginning cut down the sugar to a very low percentage. The patient seemed to be greatly improved and shortly after the treatment began was playing golf. But before long the percentage of sugar began to rise again."

Some one asked Dr. Cameron if he had found the radium treatment efficacious in attacking uric acid in the blood.

"I have not any great faith in the belief that uric acid in the blood causes the diseases attributed to it," he replied. 'If you mean gout, I will say that our treatment of it has not been successful. Our results do not entitle us to speak of the radium treatment as a remedy for gout, although we have heard that it has been successfully treated this way in Europe."

One of the effects of the intravenous solution, Dr. Cameron said, was to make patients sleep comfortably. One of the physicians in the audience asked him if radium might prove to be a cure for insomnia. Dr. Cameron was not prepared to answer this, but intimated that experiments were being made in the use of radium to cure insomnia.

In his treatment of cases of arthritis, or joint cases, Dr. Cameron said that the patient, by inhaling, bathing in and drinking charged water, was kept saturated for months with the radium emanations.

"I don't know how it fixes up the joints," he said. "I may not be believed when I tell you this, but I have seen it effective time and time again in restoring the use of joints which have not been moved for three or four years. I have treated cases of arthritis resulting from tonsillitis and the patient, after being cured of arthritis, has had tonsillitis again three or four times without a return of arthritis.

Dr. Cameron said that radium was better and cheaper than X-rays. After a tube of radium had been purchased for $2,000 or $3,000, he said, all expense was at an end, as there was no cost of upkeep. Such a tube, he said, was sufficient for the treatment of any superficial lesion. The other advantage of radium was that there was virtually no trouble with it from burns. At the end of his lecture, when physicians were putting questions to Dr. Cameron, he said:

"If I had a cancer anywhere on the surface of the body I would have a surgeon make an incision in it for the insertion of radium tubes. After that I would have the mass of the cancer removed by surgery, in order to prevent the absorption of the cancerous tissue by the system if it is absorption that causes the reaction after radium treatment. Then I would use the radium tube again on the spot where the cancer was, to destroy any cells that might have escaped the first treatment. Of course, there are internal cancers to which the radium rays cannot penetrate and which it is impossible to treat by such a method."

PRINTERS' UNIONS BEFORE GRAND JURY

Wilson Said to Have Ordered Inquiry Into Council's War on Doubleday Page.

CRITICISED AMBASSADOR

But Page, It Is Asserted, Had No Hand in Procuring Investigation Started Here.

The investigation by the Federal Grand Jury of the Allied Printing Trades Council, it was learned yesterday, dealt especially with the labor troubles of Doubleday, Page & Co., of which Walter H. Page, Ambassador to England, is a member. Although it was denied that the Ambassador had any knowledge of the investigation, it was said that the inquiry had been begun by the order of President Wilson.

F. W. Doubleday, President, and S. A. Everett, Treasurer of Doubleday, Page & Co., and George M. Gill of the Gill Engraving Company of 140 Fifth Avenue, appeared yesterday before the Federal Grand Jury, as well as George Stein, Acting Secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York; David Walsh, Secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council of the State; Christopher Rongston, Secretary of Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 1, and Carles W. Roberts, Secretary of Electrotypers' Union, No. 1.

All the books of the unions are now in the possession of the Grand Jury, and it is expected that by Saturday sufficient evidence will have been gathered to warrant the filing of a civil suit under the Sherman law, directed at the practices of the Printing Trades Council, and especially against the use of the "union label." This, it will be contended, in spite of the fact that it has been so far recognized by the Government as to appear on all Government publications, has much the same effect as the "black list," which has figured in so many other trade union cases. Its absence from a printed document is as great a warning to union men of the standing of a firm in trade union eyes as though the name of the firm had been included on a black list.

Ambassador Walter H. Page is a member of the firm of Doubleday, Page & Co., and as the firm has always stood for the open shop his appointment as Ambassador to England met with strong opposition from the Allied Printing Trades Council. It sent a letter to associate societies in England, acquainting them with the labor controversies which had been the lot of the publishing house, and when the Ambassador arrived at Queenstown, he met the news that the London Trades Council, representing 50,000 metropolitan trades unionists, had adopted a resolution protesting against the acceptance of his credentials.

Mr. Doubleday denied yesterday that Ambassador Page had anything to do with the present action of the Federal authorities.

"This action," he said, "was begun by the Federal Government of its own initiative, and as the result of an investigation which has been going on secretly for more than six months. Mr. Page knew absolutely nothing about it, and, in fact, was never fully cognizant of the conditions existing among the unions, because he did not have supervision in any way over the mechanical branch of our business. His entire attention was given to other and entirely different matters."

It was said, nevertheless, by those who follow closely labor affairs that even if Ambassador Page had nothing to do with this investigation it was instigated directly by President Woodrow Wilson himself. His attention had been called to the situation in the printing trade by the Page incident, it was said, and he had instructed the Department of Justice to take the matter up.

It was pointed out yesterday by Walter Gordon Merritt, counsel for the American Anti-Boycott Association, that in leaving the investigation in the hands of the local United States Attorney. President Wilson was followiing the policy which he had suggested when he signed the Appropriation bill, which contained a proviso that none of the money therein voted should be applied to labor prosecutions. The President filed a memorandum at the time, in which he said that the rider was of little importance, as it applied only to a fund of about $300,000, and there were plenty of other directions from which the Government could get the money necessary for such work. By using the District Attorney's office in this investigation, the cost of it is charged to the ordinary funds of the Department of Justice.

"In fact," said Mr. Merritt, "President Wilson has reached the parting of the ways. He must either accept the domination of labor or must face the open opposition of the American Federation of Labor. In attacking the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York, he is attacking every form of union labor in the country, except the railroad men, and Samuel Gompers is not the man to submit to any kind of a compromise."

Although Mr. Doubleday declined to say anything which could possibly be construed as revealing his testimony before the Federal Grand Jury, a well-known publisher furnished these facts, which he said were beneath the suit against the unions.

"The Allied Printing Trades Council," he said, "clearly constitutes a combination in restraint of trade, although at the time of the passage of the law and when the recent amendment to the Sherman act was adopted it was generally believed that labor or trades unions did not come within its scope. That is why this proceeding is of the very greatest importance, both to the workers and to the employers.

"The conditions which have confronted Doubleday, Page & Company have been known to the trade for years. That firm is simply one of many, which has come under the displeasure of the unions. Let me show you exactly how things have been worked out by these federated unions and the manner in which they have attempted to dictate to the trade. Union binders, for example, have refused to bind books printed in open shops; union printers will not handle plates engraved by non-union engravers. When work for an open shop has been given to an engraving company employing union workmen, the engravers have refused to fulfill the contract—and so it goes.

"Doubleday, Page & Co. is a good example of the way in which publishing houses have been harassed by the unions. This firm does not publish school books itself, but it does much work for publishers in that line of business at its big plant in Garden City. The unions have approached the customers of this firm throughout the country and have threatened that unless they took their work elsewhere the unions would use their political influence to prevent the adoption of the text books for use in public schools by boards of education in various cities. Circulars urging the boycott of publications printed in open shops or bound in non-union binderies have been sent broadcast.

"Letters threatening reprisal on the part of the unions against the customers and patrons of non-union publishing houses, binderies, engraving plants, and printing shops have done much to destroy private enterprises and to divert business from these firms, who maintain the open-shop policy. For years the employers have been sitting back in helpless indignation. We have always thought that the unions could not be reached. I believe that the first thing which attracted the attention of the Administration to the utter audacity of the allied printing unions was when one of these unions sent a letter to its affiliated branch in England denouncing Ambassador Page as an enemy of labor. Whatever the reason, the Department of Justice evidently has concluded that things have gone far enough, and that the officers of these unions are subject to criminal prosecution. I sincerely trust that this action against the unions will result in clearly defining and restricting their powers and rights."

HUERTA INVITES WAR REPORTERS

Continued from Page [illegible]

States were dissatisfied and brought pressure to bear upon the Government at Washington to put an end to the embargo and not block their business.

"The humanitarianism of President Wilson has been put aside to make way for mercantilism. The worthy Yankee believes that everything in life should be reduced to dollars and cents. He could not bear to see pass without profiting such a propitious opportunity to give us what he surely believes to be a decisive blow. To accumulate in our territory the elements of destruction is a labor which will soon facilitate American meddling with our affairs.

"It is the first step of the Yankees toward our frontier. Afterward will come intervention. The phantom grows more distinct beyond the Rio Grande."

El Pais then calls upon the Mexican people to have faith in the good Mexicans and in the Government of President Huerta, saying:

"The triumph which will crown his efforts will be not only a triumph over the revolution, but another and more important one, because America as far south as Tierra del Fuego will ring with the hymn of victory and right over Yankee rapacity. The only thing that President Wilson will accomplish will be to place in bold relief the figure of Victoriano Huerta, who, because of intrigues, symbolizes to-day on this continent the soul of the Latin race."

Called "Accomplice of Bandits."

El Imparcial, under the headline "President Wilson Declares Himself Barefacedly and Opprobriously the Accomplice of Bandits," says it can hardly credit the news that the Yankee Government permits the passage of arms to the villains of Villa, who rob, burn, and assassinate, or that the directing régime of a cultured people, under the influence of a headstrong functionary, should become the accomplices of such a horde of outlaws. It continues:

"It appears impossible that President Wilson can be a man devoid of conscience or shame. If the American people approve the astounding measure of the White House, it will deserve the execration of all honorable nations."

MAY REDUCE BORDER FORCE.

War Department Considers Recalling Some Regiments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4. — The next step in the President's policy with regard to Mexico is expected to take the form of a withdrawal of some of the regular troops along the Mexican border. With the necessity removed for a close patrol of the border through the lifting of the embargo on the exportation of arms and ammunition from the United States into Mexico, such a large body of troops as is now engaged in patrol duty will not be required. So much was admitted at the War Department to-day in response to inquiries.

How soon the withdrawal will be made is problematical. War Department officials said that it might be several months before it would be deemed wise to send some of the regiments on patrol duty back to their home stations. The hard work of patrol duty and the separation of organizations into small detachments with the isolated life of picket stations had made the men restless for a change, and this, it is said, may hasten their removal.

The regiments that have been in the Second Division at Galveston and Texas City are especially anxious to be brought back. Many of the enlisted men in the past year have refused to re-enlist in their old organizations because of the disagreeable character of the work in the mobilized camps.

Secretary Garrison said to-day that, while he had not sent any instructions to Gen. Bliss, commanding the division, he had asked the views of that officer in regard to the necessities along the boundary. The text of the President's order was telegraphed to Gen. Bliss, and he was instructed to act accordingly. It is expected that Gen. Bliss will recommend the removal of a part of the troops along the border to their former stations.

Charles S. Hamlin, Acting Secretary of the Treasury, sent instructions to Collectors of Customs to-day to be governed by the President's proclamation of yesterday lifting the embargo on shipments of munitions of war to Mexican ports. These instructions were telegraphed to the Customs Collectors at New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Galveston, San Francisco, Laredo, Eagle Pass, El Paso, Nogales, and Los Angeles. The identical telegram sent by Mr. Hamlin read:

"The President has revoked the proclamation of March 14, 1912, prohibiting exportation to Mexico of arms and munitions of war. Be governed accordingly."

According to a report circulated in Mexican circles here to-day Gen. Felix Diaz is organizing a movement to put him at the head of affairs in Mexico. It was said that a futile attempt had been made to get Gen. Villa to join this movement. Villa is credited with having told agents of Diaz that he intended to remain true to Gen. Carranza, the recognized leader of the Constitutionalist forces.

Gen. Juan N. Medina, who was chief of staff of Gen. Villa's northern division which captured Juarez, is in Washington. He said to-day that the lifting of the embargo on the shipment of arms, in addition to helping the revolutionists materially, would serve to reduce the number of executions of Federal prisoners, as it would make the Constitutionalists realize their responsibilities to a fuller degree.

ARMS FLOW TO THE BORDER.

New Orleans Shippers Busy—Juarez Gets First Installment.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 4.—An express wagon trundled across the international bridge from El Paso to Juarez to-day with the first load of munitions of war permitted to cross to the rebels under President Wilson's proclamation lifting the embargo. The wagon contained only 87,000 rounds of ammunition and seventy rifles, representing the entire stock of a local dealer, but large quantities of weapons have been ordered by rebel agents, and soon are to be shipped south for the rebel attack on Torreon.

Orders to permit the passage of arms to the Mexican belligerents were received by both the United States Army and customs officials. The order came so unexpectedly that the rebel leaders at Juarez were unprepared for it. If they had been prepared, they said, large supplies would have been held in readiness on the American side. The next few weeks will probably witness shipments to Juarez as rapidly as carloads can be brought to El Paso.

The 500,000 rounds of ammunition and numerous rifles and machine guns which were seized by the United States troops from the Federals when the latter crossed from Ojinaga will not be affected by the lifting of the embargo, but will be held at Fort Bliss.

BROWNSVILLE, Txas, Feb. 4.—Ammunition now here or expected soon for export to Constitutionalists at Matamoras amounts to 2,000,000 rounds. The movement of this equipment into Mexico awaits on orders from local military authorities permitting the exportation of arms. It is said that the Brownsville supply will be sufficient for revolutionists of all Northeast Mexico.

LAREDO, Texas, Feb. 4.—There were no indications here to-day that representatives of either Mexican Federals or rebels were preparing to export arms from the United States as the result of the lifting of the embargo.

Federals control Nuevo Laredo, just across the border. Rebels could import arms by taking them to San Ygnacio, Texas, twenty-five miles south of here, which is a port of entry and opposite which is a Mexican custom house.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Feb. 4.—As a result of President Wilson's proclamation, headquarters officers of the Ninth Cavalry to-day withdrew their men from the border patrol along the international boundary.

The various patrols struck their camps along the border and assembled at a general camp one mile outside of Douglas, where it is said they will remain for the present.

FIRST FIGHT NEAR TORREON.

Rebels Lose Command of a Pass—Peons Ride in Chihuahua Automobiles

CHIHUAHUA, Feb. 4.—The first skirmish between the Federal troops protecting Torreon and the rebel army advancing on that city resulted in a withdrawal of the rebel forces. The skirmish, details of which reached here today, occurred in the mountain pass of Puerta de Lacadena, about thirty miles from Mapimi and northwest of Torreon.

Rebel troops under Gen. Urbina were guarding the pass, when they were attacked by a Federal force which advanced from Mapimi. A brief fight resulted in the abandonment of the pass by the rebels and their retirement to the main rebel advance guard north of Mapimi. Gen. Urbina was attempting to hold the pass as an approach for rebels from the west. The rebels now believe they will have to fight for Mapimi before they march on Torreon.

With the arrival of Gen. Francisco Villa from Juarez to-day, rebel leaders look forward to the Torreon campaign, although trainloads of ammunition and rations for men and horses have to be shipped forward for a week or ten days before anything like a general engagement takes place. Meanwhile the rebels are enjoying the fruits of recent victories and are enforcing what is referred to by so-called Huerta sympathizers as a reign of terror.

NO ORDERS FOR ARMS HERE.

But Dealers Expect Them Soon—Small Stock in the Country.

Although it is expected that President Wilson's proclamation lifting the embargo on arms will result in large orders of guns and ammunition, no such orders were received yesterday by gun firms in this city, so far as could be learned. At the offices of the Union Metallic Cartridge Company, 299 Broadway, it was said that about a dozen telegrams had been sent to various points south of the Texas border stating that the firm was prepared to make immediate shipment of ammunition upon telegraphic orders.

At the offices of the Remington Arms Company, also at 299 Broadway, it was said that it was too early to expect an immediate increase of business from Mexican orders, but that such a result was expected within a short time.

No orders were received yesterday by the Remington Arms Company or the Union Metallic Cartridge Company.

Four days before President Wilson revoked the proclamation prohibiting the export of arms and munitions of war into Mexico, Francis Bannerman, a local dealer in war materials, wrote to the President, suggesting that raising of the embargo on arms would have little practical effect on the result of the fighting there. Mr. Bannerman wrote in part:

"The only good that would come from allowing the Mexican rebels to freely import arms and ammunition would be the removal of the bonus now paid by the rebels to smugglers who have been supplying them with ammunition."

He added that there was only a small stock of arms in the country.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 4.—An official of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company said to-night that several telegrams had been received to-day from traders along the Mexican border asking whether the company could quickly supply arms and ammunition. It is known here that the border traders have been storing large quantities of arms and ammunition because of their inability to ship them into Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 4.—"We are only the manufacturing end of the Remington Union Metallic Cartridge Company," said the resident manager of the Union Metallic Cartridge Company, Mr. Hoagland, in answer to an inquiry whether the lifting of the embargo would mean a large sale of ammunition to the Constitutionalists. "All that we do in this city is to fill orders from the New York office. We do not know who our customers are; in fact, under our system we cannot know."

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 4.—Makers of arms and other munitions in Springfield and the vicinity said they had received no orders of any nature as a result of President Wilson's action in raising the Mexican embargo. The opinion was expressed that the immediate effect of the order would be to facilitate the movement of arms and supplies already purchased, which are known to have been in safe keeping not far from the Mexican border.

None of the manufacturers expected to benefit materially from the sales of arms to Mexican combatants. Most of the supplies, they said, would, as in the past, be purchased through firms which made a specialty of equipping revolutionists for desultory warfare, and were willing to assume a gambler's risk in the matter of payment.

RUSIHNG AID TO TAMPICO.

Federal Gunboat Zaragoza Sails from Vera Cruz To-day.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 4.—No further advices have been received relative to the fighting at Tampico, but it is believed that the Federals are making a strong effort to hold the positions north of the city pending the arrival of reinforcements.

The Mexican gunboat Zaragoza is loading a great quantity of ammunition and is also taking aboard a battalion of troops to assist in the defense of Tampico, to which port she will probably proceed to-morrow.

The German cruiser Dresden left this afternoon for Tampico.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Feb. 4.—Rebels to-day took the town of Altamira, twelve miles north of Tampico, without a battle, according to advices received at Constitutionalist headquarters at Matamoras to-night. It was said the small Federal garrison at Altamira retreated to Tampico, when outposts reported the approach of the rebels.

Announcement was also made at Matamoras that reconstruction of the Mexican National Railway from Tampico to Victoria and Monterey had already been begun, and that arrangements were being made to operate trains regularly between Altamira and Linares, in the State of Nuevo Leon.

UPHOLD PRESIDENT—TAFT.

Won't Criticise His Lifting of Arms Embargo—Situation Has Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 4.—Ex-President Taft is keenly interested in the developments in the Mexican situation and in President Wilson's treatment of the problem. When asked by a NEW YORK TIMES reporter for his views he said:

"It is the duty of all good citizens to uphold President Wilson in the very difficult situation that confronts him and to refrain from embarrassing him by criticism. In dealing with foreign affairs every President is entitled to support from his fellow-Americans. It is their patriotic duty.

"This particular question is very delicate, and the President needs the hearty support and good will of all. Any criticism, however well meant, only adds to the difficulty of finding a sathisfactory solution."

The ex-President was reminded that President Wilson, in apparently reversing Mr. Taft's own order forbidding the shipment of arms to the insurgents, had explained that the situation now was the direct opposite of what it was when that order was issued.

"I think that is true," said Mr. Taft.

Azcona Visits Paris for Rebels.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—Juan Sanchez Azcona, one of Gen. Carranza's chief lieutenants, has arrived from New York, charged with a diplomatic mission in Europe.

CZAR DIDN'T WANT TO ACCEPT PINDELL

Washington Hears a New Reason for the Resignation of the Peoria Man.

MESSAGE TAKEN TO BRYAN

Story of Temporary Ambassadorship Said to Have Influenced the Emperor Unfavorably.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—According to information obtained from sources close to the Administration the resignation of Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, Ill., from the post of Ambassador to Russia was due to a direct intimation from the Russian Government that he would not be acceptable to the Czar. Mr. Pindell's letter of resignation was dated Jan. 28, the day after his long-pending nomination had been confirmed by the Senate. The resignation was accepted by President Wilson on Feb. 2 in a note containing expressions of regret and complimentary references to Mr. Pindell.

In his letter Mr. Pindell referred to alleged misrepresentations of the manner in which his appointment had been obtained and said that while these had been cleared away he felt that it would be more delicate for him to resign.

There was nothing in the letter to indicate that the Russian Government had expressed its sentiments on the subject of Mr. Pindell's fitness or to confirm reports that in resigning Mr. Pindell had been influenced, in part at least, by information that it would cost $100,000 a year to maintain an ambassadorial establishment in St. Petersburg.

The information that came to the surface to-day was that about five weeks ago the Czar personally took an interest in the Pindell case and in consequence of this his Ambassador here, George Bakhmeteff, was directed to advise the United States Government that Mr. Pindell would not be acceptable in St. Petersburg. This communication is said to having greatly embarrassed the Russian envoy, or at least that his manner denoted embarrassment when he appeared at the State Department to carry out his instructions with reference to Mr. Pindell.

The Russian Government's action, it was said to-day, had been due to an unfavorable impression created by accounts that had reached St. Petersburg that Mr. Pindell had been a party to an arrangement under which he would accept the Ambassadorship in the understanding that he soon would retire. Ambassador Bakhmeteff is credited with having urged on Mr. Bryan the unwisdom of sending to Russia an Ambassador whose appointment was surrounded by such reports and that his appointment would tend to add to the strained relations between the two Governments. Mr. Bryan was appealed to, it was said, to select as Ambassador a man in whom the Russian Government would have the highest confidence in the period when the two Governments were endeavoring to adjust a most difficult problem.

There was no course left but to accept the Russian Ambassador's representations and obey the wish of his sovereign, and Mr. Bryan, according to the story told to-day, went about the task without hesitation. Mr. Pindell, it was said, was apprised of the nature of Mr. Bakhmeteff's errand to the State Department and told that to go to St. Petersburg would only expose him to rebuff. Such a prospect, considering all that life in St. Petersburg promised to cost, was naturally not inviting to Mr. Pindell, but before declining the appointment he waited until his nomination had been confirmed by the Senate.

Chiriqui Railway Contract Signed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Feb. 4.—President Porras to-day awarded to R. W. Hebard & Co. of New York the contract for construction of the railway in Chiriqui Province. The work will cost $1,500,000. It is to be completed by May 1, 1916.

BLASTS SUFFRAGE HOPES.

Underwood Voices Democratic Party's View That It Is a State Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Democratic leaders in the House of Representatives again made it plain to-day that advocates of the cause of woman suffrage need expect no favors from the party in power in the present Congress. Replying to a direct question put to him in debate to-day, Representative Oscar W. Underwood, leader of the Democratic Party in the House, emphatically said he would not use his influence for a favorable report to the creation of a special committee on woman suffrage. Mr. Underwood added that he would not do this because he did not favor the proposal.

Mr. Underwood's expression sounded the death knell of any hopes the suffragists might have had for favorable consideration of their cause by the Democrats during this Congress. It was in harmony with the action taken last night by the House Democrats in their caucus when they asserted that granting the right of franchise to women should be governed by the States and not by the National Government.

Mr. Underwood's statement was specific and final. It was made in connection with the consideration of an amendment to the Burnett Immigration bill aimed at militant suffragists.

During the discussion Representative Lenroot, a Republican of Wisconsin, alluded to the action of the Democratic caucus last night, and said that action would deprive the woman suffrage leaders of a chance to be heard on their plea for a constitutional amendment on woman's suffrage.

"Will the gentleman, as leader of the majority," asked Mr. Lenroot, "use his influence in the House for a report of that resolution so that we may have an opportunity here to vote on it?"

"I would not do so, because I am not in favor of it," answered Mr. Underwood. "If there is one fundamental principle that my party stands for it is local self-government. If the Democratic Party stands for one thing above all others, it is that the right of franchise should be governed by the States of the Union and not by the National Government."

BURN TWO SCOTCH HOUSES.

Militants Also Badly Damage Valuable Contents of a Third.

GLASGOW, Feb. 4.—Very destructive fires, the work of "arson squads" of militant suffragettes, caused considerable damage to-day in the neighborhood of the Perthshire village of Comrie, famous for its Druidical and Roman ruins.

The first outbreak was discovered in a drawing room of Aberuchill Castle. The domestics were awakened by the thick smoke and hot flames and rapidly extinguished the fire, but not before a number of valuable pictures and some ancient furniture had been damaged beyond repair.

Shortly afterward another mansion, named the "House of Ross," which was temporarily unoccupied, was found to be on fire. The flames had secured a strong hold before they were discovered and the house, which was erected a few years ago, was consumed with all its contents.

Traces found in the vicinity of Aberuchill Castle indicated that the fires were set by suffragettes.

A third case of arson occurred in Perthshire later in the day, when "St. Fillan's," a fine mansion, was gutted. It was the property of Stirling Boyd, whose wife was formerly President and is now Vice President of the Anti-Suffrage League of Edinburgh.

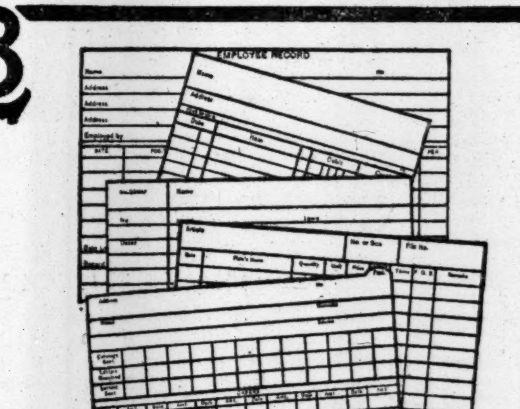
A sheet of paper was found in the grounds, inscribed "A Warm Welcome to Lloyd George," the reference being to the Chancellor's arrival in Scotland to make a speech here.

CARUSO FALLS ON STAGE.

Tenor's Spurs Catch in Mme. Destinn's Shawl.

Caruso introduced into the second act of "The Girl of the Golden West" at the Metropolitan Opera House last night a piece of stage business which neither he nor the stage director will see repeated in subsequent performances if they can help it. It was when he, as Johnson, and Emmy Destinn, as Minnie, ran together to the cabin door at the first alarm from the outside that indicated the pursuing posse was catching up with Johnson.

As they came together at the door Caruso's spurs caught in the blanket Mme. Destinn was wearing. The tenor fell to the floor with his feet tangled up, helpless for a moment. Mme. Destinn, absorbed in her part, did not at first notice what was wrong with her colleague. Then she reached down and helped untangle his spurs from her apparel, after which the tenor arose and made the hasty retreat to his hiding place that had been delayed by the accident. It was a hard fall, but Caruso suffered no ill effects from it.



This List Looks "Catalog-ish"

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SENTENCES CASSIDY TO A YEAR IN PRISON

Willett, Who Bought Bench Nomination from Ex-Boss, Gets the Same Penalty.

BOTH MUST PAY FINES ALSO

Cassidy Defends His Career as Boss in Address to Court—Lighter Sentence for Go-Between.

Joseph Cassidy, the ex-Democratic leader of Queens County, who was convicted of having sold a Supreme Court nomination, was sentenced yesterday to serve not more than a year and a half nor less than a year in Sing Sing Prison, and to pay a fine of $1,000. William Willett, an ex-Congressman, and a candidate for Supreme Court Justice in 1911, convicted of having bought the nomination, received the same sentence. Louis T. Walter, Jr., political lieutenant of Cassidy, convicted of having been the intermediary between Cassidy and Willett, was sentenced to serve three months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $1,000.

All three sentences were imposed by Justice Walter H. Jaycox, who precided at the trials of the three men in Part V. of the Supreme Court in the County Court House in Brooklyn. Cassidy, erect and cool, delivered an address to the court that his admirers said would stamp him forever as a man of ability and courage.

Long before the hour set for the opening of the Court House, a crowd gathered outside it. In the throng were many of the friends of the convicted men who journeyed from distant parts of Queens County to give a final word of cheer to their dethroned leader and his two companions. Among those present were Mrs. William Willett and her daughter and Mrs. Louis T. Walter, Jr., and some women friends. With Mrs. Walter was A. T. Walter, a brother of Louis T. Walter, Jr., and Walter's brother-in-law, the Rev. Henry Mesier of Kingston, N. Y. Marinus Willett, a brother of William Willett, and John Cassidy, a brother of Joseph Cassidy, were in the room also.

Defendants Pass Sleepless Night.

The prisoners awoke early in the Raymond Street jail, where it was said that they passed a sleepless night. At 7:30 o'clock in the morning they had breakfast of bread, coffee, and a small bit of meat, the same fare that is given to other prisoners. Soon after breakfast they were put in the "Black Maria" with a dozen other offenders and driven half a mile through the streets of Brooklyn to the Court House. Under the guidance of Deputy Sheriffs they walked through the yard to the court "pen." The defendants moved rapidly with eyes cast on the ground. The defendants were then taken from the "pen" to the court room, where they awaited the arrival of Justice Jaycox. Willett greeted his wife and daughter with a smile, and Walter talked with his wife and relatives. Cassidy and his brother sat apart from the others and said little.

Justice Jaycox arrived in court at 10:33 o'clock. He directed Clerk Doubleday to call Willett to the bar. In obedience to the summons the ex-candidate for the Supreme Court stepped to the front. Willett was asked if he cared to make any statement, and he replied that he did not. Lawyer Gilbert D. Lamb pleaded for the utmost consideration for his client, and said that the letters which the Justice had received contained all that he could say. Justice Jaycox, addressing Willett, said then:

"I wish to state that the public has the right to know what reasons impel the Court to impose a sentence of this kind, and I want to say that the poor miscreant who comes before this Court has the same consideration as the man of wealth and power.

"If you had been asked before the jury had returned its verdict, and before the Court made its charge, what you thought would be adequate punishment for the offense for which you were then accused and later convicted, I am confident that you would have said yourself that only a term in State's prison would be proper.

"No other punishment would be adequate. There must be some decent and logical relation between the crime and the sentence, and I, therefore, impose the following sentence: That you be confined in State's prison at Sing Sing for an indeterminate period of from one year to one year and six months, and that in addition you pay a fine of $1,000 or remain in prison for one day for each dollar."

Willett's face paled slightly and his hands, which had been clasped behind his back, relaxed. There was intense silence in the court room broken only by a long-drawn sigh from the group of women in the rear. Willett stepped firmly back to his chair and sat down.

"Joseph Cassidy," called the court clerk, and the ex-boss strode forward. He was dressed carefully in a cutaway coat. Lawyer Elder made the usual formal motions to set the verdict aside and then asked that his client should have an opportunity to speak. In a voice that at first wavered slightly, but which soon rang out firm and clean-cut, Cassidy, addressing the Court, said:

"I stand here without fear. I am not guilty. I have done no wrong. My long career as a political leader—or 'Boss' as you may call it, had but one result. Any man that I have supported for office, or any man that I have supported for election has filled that office with credit to himself and benefit to the public. I am not ashamed of one of them.

"In my lifelong career in politics I have supported Republican Judges for re-election because I thought they were able men and should be retained. My delegates and myself fought hard in the convention of 1910 for the re-nomination of Justice Garretson, a Republican, on the Democratic ticket. I supported Your Honor when you ran for your present office. I know that this case was full of circumstances that looked bad to men on the outside; men who have no knowledge of what goes on in politics. The jury that convicted me was made up of such men and I feel that I was condemned, not on the evidence, but on the words of the District Attorney in his address to the jury.

Never Sold a Nomination.

"I have no fear, because I never sold any nomination in all my life for money. Any one that knows me will know that I never took any money for nominations. I tried to select and get elected good men, who would serve the public well. You hear much said about charitable institutions. Let me tell you that the political organizations are the greatest charitable institutions that we have. They help more men in trouble, get them jobs and temporary aid than any other organization in the world.

"The common impression about political bosses and political organizations is wrong. Bown are compelled as a matter of self-preservation to pick the best men that they can as candidates for public office. They must do that to retain public confidence. I was much shocked last evening in reading an article in an afternoon paper which went so far as to threaten the Judges of this court. I want to say that I think that is going too far, and that some halt should be called when newspaper editors dare to go so far as to attempt to intimidate and coerce the Judges of this court. I have spoken thus because I thought I ought to do it in justice to myself and my friends, and I hope that it has not done me any harm."

Robert H. Elder, counsel for Cassidy, then criticised the article which Cassidy had referred to, saying it violated ethics and good taste.

Justice Jaycox replied that he had not seen the newspaper article referred to and he added that the state of the public mind had no bearing on the case whatever. He then turned to Cassidy.

"One fact is very much to your credit," said Justice Jaycox. "You always had the courage of your convictions. You never hid behind any one else. You always had the daring to go before the people as a candidate yourself. We hear it often said that other political leaders are not so courageous, and that if they dared to run for office themselves the voters would surely defeat them.

"But as I said before, the punishment of any crime must have some relation to that crime, and the public has a right to know the seriousness of your offense. You must have realized that your crime in selling this nomination to the highest judicial office in the State was much more serious than the selling of a nomination for Alderman, for instance. This office of Justice of the Supreme Court that you attempted to barter away is the most sacred of any in the public gift, and I say that, not because I happen to occupy that office myself but because we all must lean, at one time or another, on the integrity of the courts.

"You knew the seriousness of what you were doing. You are a man of great mental ability, of a logical, clear mind. Your address to the court here showed that. You knew that it was improper for you to make this sale and your crime as a seller made you equally guilty with the man who was the buyer. I therefore give you the same sentence."

Walter was the third and the last of the three men to be sentenced. He said nothing for himself, but his attorney, Robert M. Moore, made the usual motions. These being denied, he made a plea for mercy.

In sentencing Walter, Justice Jaycox said: "I cannot believe that you were tempted to violate the law by wholly improper motives. You had one friend who had the Supreme Court nomination to dispose of, and you had another who wanted it, so it was not wholly unnatural that you should have been selected as the intermediary. I don't think that you profited much by this transaction, though I think you got a small sum out of it. I think you wanted to help a friend most of all. My sentence on you, therefore, will be lighter than on the others, and I direct that you spend three months in the penitentiary, and, in addition, pay a fine of $1,000."

Walter told the Justice that he would have to borrow the money to pay his fine from his friends. Justice Jaycox told him to serve his sentence, and at its expiration he might make an application for a reduction of the fine or its total removal. After Walter was sentenced an application for a stay of execution of sentence was made to the Justice in order to give the prisoners a chance to straighten out their affairs. The Justice granted all three permission to stay in Raymond Street Jail until Monday, and gave them permission to stay in the courtroom until 1 o'clock for a conference with their families.

When this brief respite was over the prisoners were taken in the custody of Deputy Sheriffs from the Court House to Police Headquarters in Poplar Street, where they were taken to the Bertillon room. Here they were photographed and measured and their finger prints were taken. They stood in line with ten or twelve other prisoners while this was being done.

Lawyers and Judge Make Peace.

When the courtroom was cleared there was a long conference between the lawyers and the Justice over the remark made by Lawyer Moore on Monday and which Justice Jaycox told him at that time he would consider at the proper time. Mr. Moore apologized, and said the remark was not meant to convey disrespect to the court. Justice Jaycox accepted the explanation of Mr. Moore. Justice Jaycox then told Mr. Elder that he read in a newspaper that Mr. Elder said it was but another evidence of animus on his part that he ordered Cassidy and Walter put in jail for their trial. Mr. Elder denied that he made any such statement, and the court accepted his explanation. Mr. Elder then called to the attention of the court the stories printed in some papers to the effect that there had been an attempt to tamper with the jury, and asked the court to take notice of these stories.

"I will appoint you and Mr. Moore and Mr. Cropsey a committee to look over the newspapers you refer to and to report to the court any improprieties that you may find," said Justice Jaycox, "and I will then issue citations to the editors of those papers and make them appear before me."

Justice Jaycox said that the reason he ordered the prisoners in custody was to guard against illness and a possible mistrial.

It is expected that an application for an order to show cause why a certificate of reasonable doubt should not be issued will be made in the case of Cassidy and Willett. Argument on this order will be held probably either on Friday or Monday. If a certificate of reasonable doubt is issued it will act as a stay of execution pending the action of the Appellate Division on an appeal that will be made.

ROBBED. BOUND, GAGGED.

Mrs. Mary Perry, Victim of Thugs Who Came from the Roof.

Mrs. Mary Perry, a widow in her fifty-first year, who lives alone in an apartment on the top floor of the house at 512 West 136th Street, was dozing in her bedroom at 6:30 o'clock last evening when she was roused by the noise of breaking glass. By the time she was fully awake and realized that some one was breaking into her apartment through the kitchen window two roughly dressed young Italians appeared at the door. They turned their flashlights on her and one of them said:

"We know you are a widow and live here alone. It won't do you any good to scream. Tell us where your money is."

Mrs. Perry did not scream. She just looked at the men and told them again and again that she had no money. At that, one drew from his pocket a length of clothes line, and very systematically the two men tied her up, roping her neck and her bound wrists to the head of the bed, binding her ankles, and gagging her with a wet towel fetched from the kitchen. They took her wedding ring from her and ripped off half her clothes searching for hidden money.

Then, taking an hour to a leisurely search of the room, they went through her every possession, finally collecting some $240 in rings and pins and $30 in money. Then they took themselves off the way they had come—by the fire escape to the roof.

After wriggling and wrenching for half an hour, Mrs. Perry freed herself, called in a neighbor and telephoned to her son, Charles B. Perry. The son took his mother to their family physician and joined with the detectives in their work on the case.

When Mr. Perry returned late last evening to his own apartment at 624 West 139th Street, he found the house in an uproar from the discovery just made by Mrs. Marjorie Chamberlain that her apartment on the fourth floor had been ransacked by burglars. Her apartment is two floors below the one occupied by Mr. Perry and his sister, Mrs. Mary Smallwood.

Mr. Perry immediately suspected that the same burglars, knowing that he would be summoned to his mother's side, and believing that his apartments would therefore be left unguarded, had decided to enter it for what plunder they could find. Finding the Chamberlain apartment dark and thinking, perhaps, that this was Mr. Perry's, they had broken in there. What confirmed his suspicion was the fact that entrance had been effected in precisely the same manner that the burglars had entered his mother's apartment. The thieves had come by way of the fire escape and had got at the lock of the window by cutting the glass with a diamond.

WOMAN HE SAVED WAS DEAD

Fireman White's Clothes Were Burned Off While Getting Her Out.

In a fire which started from an overturned lamp Mrs. Elizabeth Nolan, housekeeper for Mrs. Lena Lewis and her seventeen-year-old daughter in the upper part of a two-family house at 1,228 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, was suffocated last night. William White of 8,306 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, a fireman, who carried her body from the building, was taken to the Norwegian Hospital seriously burned about his face and hands. The fire was extinguished with little damage.

Mrs. Lewis and her daughter had gone to a moving picture theatre in the neighborhood, leaving Mrs. Nolan on a couch in the dining room, near a door leading into the kitchen. Apparently Mrs. Nolan fell asleep and accidently kicked the door, swinging it shut and knocking a lamp hanging in the doorway to the floor. Soon the entire apartment was in flames.

Benjamin Rosenthal, a piano teacher, telephoned to the Fire Department from his apartment on the first floor. White, arriving with Engine Company 247, when he heard that a woman was in the burning room, rushed up stairs and found Mrs. Nolan still lying on the couch. He carried her to the street, where Dr. Garban, who came in an ambulance from the Norwegian Hospital, worked over her with a pulmotor for two hours to no avail. In his trip into the burning building White had most of his clothing and hair burned off.

LITTAUERS PAY FINE, BUT ESCAPE PRISON

Judge Thomas Sets Penalty at $1,000 Each and Six Months in Jail, Suspending Sentence.

"SAD SPECTACLE," HE SAYS

Scores the Brothers for Smuggling Diamond Tiara, but Considers Mitigating Evidence.

Ex-Congressman Lucius N. Littauer and his brother, William Littauer, who had each pleaded guilty on Tuesday to two indictments for smuggling into this country a diamond and pearl tiara, which was intended as a wedding anniversary present for Mrs. William Littauer, were sentenced yesterday in the Federal District Court by Judge Thomas to imprisonment for three months, and a fine of $500 on each count, a six months' imprisonment and $1,000 fine for each man. However, the execution of the sentence of imprisonment was suspended by the immediate paroling of the defendants in the custody of their counsel, ex-Chief Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and Lewis L. Delafield. The term of the court was extended for five years in this case, so that at any time within that period the sentence could be enforced.

Collector Dudley Field Malone, ex-Assistant United States District Attorney Carl W. Whitney, and a number of well-known lawyers and officials were in court to see the disposition of the indictments against the glove manufacturer and his brother. District Attorney Marshall was, however, represented by his assistant Frank E. Carstarphan, his part in the trial having been played when he had protested on Tuesday against the "love taps" which the courts of this district have got in the habit of administering to wealthy smugglers.

So important was the case, Judge Thomas said, that he had felt it advisable to prepare a memorandum of his judgment. After explaining the indictment and giving an account of the standing and careers of the defendants, Judge Thomas said:

"It is indeed a sad spectacle that men who have held such high places among men should so fall from grace and thus cheat, defraud, and deceive their own Government for the sake of saving unto themselves what to them is a small sum of money—and this fall from grace is urged, as it is always urged in similar cases, as punishment sufficient. Perhaps it is for the individual accused. The humiliation, no doubt, is intense, yet this is a chance which both accused took with full knowledge, and not in ignorance, and they have lost.

"But the administration of the criminal law would not serve its full purpose if this alone was considered. It is fundamental if the punishment of those thus accused is not only for the purpose of meting out punishment to, and correcting the ways of, the accused, but to serve as a substantial lesson to and to have a salutary effect upon any one else similarly inclined. As long as money penalties are inflicted in this class of cases against those so well and so easily able to pay, without something more substantial, as an object lesson to others, intent, possibly, upon the same idea, the violation of these statutes will continue.

"The class of persons thus engaged in cheating and defrauding the Government are not necessarily criminals, and the offense does not involve moral turpitude, but it is, in my opinion, the worst kind of fraud. From a reading of the statutes, it is evident that Congress had little respect for such underhand business.

"These successful evasions of the statute encourage the violation of it and induce others at least to attempt it when the risk of getting caught involves only a comparatively small money penalty, which is, in effect, no punishment at all, and a travesty upon justice.

"The oath of every citizen requires that he support and defend the Constitution and the laws of the United States. If comparison may be drawn as to whether an ignorant or uneducated person may be more or less guilty of a violation of the statute, or any penal statute, in fact, than a college graduate (necessarily a man of superior intellect) it appears to me that the distinction is in favor of the uneducated person. It may be said of him that he didn't know any better. This cannot be said of the accused.

"For an ex-Congressman to so far forget his oath as such, which he has taken upon five different occasions to support and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States, having been engaged in the very making of laws which he knows must be upheld by the courts, and which carry severe penalties in the event of their violation, which very laws were upon the statute books while he was sitting as a member of Congress, and knowing so well, as he must have known, from his personal knowledge and his personal experience all about the tariff, duties, and declarations provided by law in such a case, to do all this, I say, seems incomprehensible as well as reprehensible. And to my mind all this aggravates the situation rather than soothes it. It puts a premium upon dishonesty. It induces the belief, on the part of a great number of people, that money can accomplish all things, right or wrong, even the violation of penal statutes with impunity and thus make of the administration of justice a mockery.

"On the other hand, there are some features which have been presented by counsel which have weight and must be considered.

"First—The plea of guilty, thus saving to the Government the expense of trial.

"Second—The fact that no resistance was offered or impediment placed in the way of the Government after detection.

Third—Full restitution of the civil liability to the Government by the payment of $14,400—$9,000 being the reappraisal value and $5,400 duty thereon.

Fourth—Precedents established in this court in failing to inflict imprisonment.

Fifth—The statement of a reputable physician, under oath, as to the health of one of the accused.

"I am informed that in this jurisdiction it has not been customary to inflict a jail penalty. It is not for me to say whether this is a wise policy or not, but I am necessarily bound to take it into consideration, and it is on account of this policy that I dispose of this feature of the case as I do, that it may serve notice to the public that if this practice continues there will be no opportunity for further asking the courts not to inflict a jail penalty on account of the wealth, social prominence and high standing of those hereafter presented for similar violations.

"A money penalty alone does not, in my opinion, meet the exigencies of these cases, even in view of all that has been so ably urged in extenuation."

Judge Thomas then pronounced sentence. The fines were at once paid and the Littauer brothers hurried from the Federal Building.

Some curiosity was shown yesterday as to the reward which the woman servant of the Littauers, who had given information as to the so-called "Empress Josephine tiara" in order to get even for what she considered wrongful dismissal. It was said at the District Attorney's office yesterday that it was not supposed that she had any desire to make money by giving the information, but that according to the law she cvould receive whatever reward seemed to the Secretary of the Treasury adequate up to one-half the amount that the Government recovered in the case. This would entitle her to any sum up to $8,200, the half of the two $1,000 fines and the $14,400 paid in settlement of the civil suit.

Dangerous Ice Reported.

The captain of the Russian-American steamship Czar, which arrived yesterday from Libau, reported that on Jan. 30, in latitude 48.12 and longitude 48.40, he encountered dangerous field ice. The Czar was obliged to steer thirty miles to the southeast of her course to find clear water, the Captain said.

THE SUN COMPLAINS OF A 'NEWS TRUST'

Asks the Attorney General to Prosecute The Associated Press as Such.

BUT PRAISES ITS SERVICE

Newspaper's Contention Is Based on the Plea That It Cannot Get the Agency's News.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Sun Printing and Publishing Association of New York to-day filed with the Attorney General an elaborate complaint, alleging that The Associated Press was an illegal combination in restraint of the trade of gathering and disseminating news. The complaint is signed by W. C. Reick, President of the Sun Association, and James M. Beck and Clarence J. Shearn, counsel.

The complaint stresses particularly alleged refusal of The Associated Press to sell its news service to The Sun, and charges that no member of the association is permitted to purchase news of The Sun on the ground that The Sun service is "antagonistic" to the service of The Associated Press.

The complaint appends as an exhibit correspondence between Mr. Reick and Frank B. Noyes, President of The Associated Press, in the Spring of 1913, in which Mr. Reick's offer to purchase news was refused on the ground that The Associated Press was a co-operative organization, and could collect news only for its members.

Mr. Reick was told he might apply for membership in the association. This he refused to do on the ground that he knew his application would be futile, and that he was advised by counsel that The Associated Press was an illegal combination attempting to monopolize the news field. Mr. Noyes denied the allegation of monopoly.

The complaint does not attempt to criticise the quality of the service of The Associated Press. Regarding the alleged purpose of The Associated Press to monopolize the news service of the entire country, the scope of The Associated Press is emphasized, the enormous cost to which it is put in collecting and distributing news and its enterprise in chartering ships and fitting out expeditions for the proper reporting of the Spanish war and other great events.

In the year 1899, says the complaint, The Associated Press spent $1,750,000 in gathering and transmitting news, while the single item of obtaining its foreign news was more than $288,000. Reporting the Spanish war cost The Associated Press over $300,000, cable tolls on the naval battle of Santiago alone amounting to $8,000. The complaint alleges that The Associated Press leases 35,000 miles of telegraph wire and spends more than $7,000 a day.

According to the complaint, the news-gathering of the world has been parcelled out among four great news agencies. The Reuter News Agency is said to control the field in Great Britain and her colonies, China, Japan, and Egypt; the Wolff Agency in Teutonic, Slavic, and Scandinavian countries; the Agence Havas in the Latin countries, and The Associated Press in the United States, the Caribbean Sea, Philippines, and Central America.

These four great agencies, says the complaint, are fed by local agencies in different countries, like the official Stefani Agency in Italy. While they are mutually helpful, each having representatives in the offices of the others.

The Sun describes itself as the only serious competitor of The Associated Press in the United States. But its service, according to the complaint, is made "intolerably" expensive by the exclusive methods of The Associated Press. Only by selling its news to other newspapers can it pay the enormous cost of collecting the news, it contends, and the alleged boycott of The Assocated Press makes this resale unnecessarily difficult.

PLAN NEW TRIUMVIRATE.

Murphy's Friends Will Advise Him to Drop Leadership Temporarily.

Although Charles F. Murphy showed no change of attitude yesterday regarding his intention to remain as leader of Tammany Hall, it was said that a movement had been started by a number of the influential members of the organization to have him drop out quietly and to appoint a committee to handle the affairs of the organization. Despite Murphy's seeming disregard of the action of the National Democratic Club in asking him to retire, the Tammany Chief, it is known, is very much disturbed.

Murphy's inclination is to retain the leadership as long as he is under fire, but his close advisers are wondering if it wouldn't be good politics for him to drop out for a year or two. If he leaves the firing line, they say, the attacks of his opponents will be directed away from the Tammany organization, and after the primaries and the election this Fall he could resume his active leadership whether the organization is defeated or not.

With this plan in view several Tammany leaders will suggest to the "Boss" in the next few days that he appoint a committee made up of Thomas F. Smith, Secretary of Tammany Hall; Thomas F. McAvoy, and Thomas F. Foley, to conduct the affairs of the organization in the coming campaign.

A similar plan was adopted several years ago when a triumvirate was established to control the organization's affairs upon the abdication of "Boss" Croker. Murphy's advisers realize that almost all the opposition to Tammany Hall at present is directed against Murphy's leadership.

There is no disposition among Murphy's friends to depose him altogether, but the plan is to keep him in the background for a time. The only obstacle to the programme is Murphy. He refuses to quit under fire. It is said that if his enemies will let up for a time he will be willing to let others assume the conduct of the organization.

Bert Hanson, head of the committee of 250 independent Democrats, said yesterday that he had called a meeting for to-day at the Reform Club, 9 William Street. The committee will discuss ways and means to defeat Murphy at the primaries next Fall.

STIMSON PRAISES WHITMAN.

Republicans Must Aid Graft Investigation, He Says.

At a meeting of the Manhattan Republican Club of the Thirty-first Assembly District, at 139th Street and Seventh Avenue, last night Henry L. Stimson talked about the work that is being done on the State highways and the barge canal, and said it was up to the Republican Party to do everything in its power to help along the graft investigations proposed by the Assembly. District Attorney Whitman, he said, had already made great headway in this direction and the Republicans should help along his work.

"In a matter of this sort there can be no divided empire," said Mr. Stimson. "The work of investigation and prosecution must be conducted with the single purpose of attaining more thorough and far-reaching results. If Mr. Whitman himself cannot act as counsel of this committee, a man should be chosen who we can be sure will work hand in hand with him and with the fullest and most harmonious co-operation."

The club adopted resolutions supporting the action of Assemblyman Dean Nelson, who offered a resolution in the Assembly calling for a full investigation of graft in the highway and barge canal work.

MACK AS 'BAGMAN' TO CONTRACTORS

Law, a Republican, Testifies Fowler Told Him to Hand Gift to Buffalonian.

ALSO NAMED BY CONSALUS

Albany Politician Says He Collected from Contractors After Consulting Mack and Others.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—The story of a $300 contribution to the Democratic State campaign fund in October, 1911, in which the name of Norman E. Mack of Buffalo and Everett P. Fowler of Kingston figured, featured the Osborne graft inquiry to-day.

The contribution was made by William J. Law, a Republican contractor of Herkimer. Prior to 1911 he never had any large State contracts, but that year he suddenly came into $178,000 worth. Mr. Law had some difficulty in explaining just why he gave the money to the Democrats, inasmuch as he was a Republican. Prompted by Mr. Osborne, he said he thought perhaps 'patriotism" led him to contribute, and then laughed loudly. After a moment of contemplation, however, he recalled that Mr. Fowler had called upon the telephone and suggested that a contribution be given to Mr. Mack. The money was handed over accordingly, said Mr. Law. Explaining his local contributions, Mr. Law said that he always contributed to the party in power.

Mr. Mack's name also was mentioned by John E. Consalus, an Albany contractor and political lieutenant of J. J. Murphy of Troy, in connection with campaign contributions. Mr. Consalus admitted collecting from three vicinity highway contractors, after discussing the matter with Mr. Mack, Mr. Fowler, and Arthur A. McLean, ex-Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee. Mr. Consalus said he had contributed $2,500 to the Democratic State Committee in 1912, and that he had been awarded contracts aggregating $78,000 that same year. He signed a waiver of immunity before testifying.

The witness could not remember how much he had collected, and the only contractors he could recall from whom he had collected were John Flynn of Waterford, Richard Hopkins of Troy, and William J. Cowhig of Albany.

Referred To Grand Jury.

In addition to conducting a contracting business of his own, Consalus said he was Treasurer of the J. J. Herlihy Construction Company of Glens Falls. Resurfacing work on the Glens Falls-Bolton Landing Road performed by this company and the Flood & Van Wirt Contracting Company of Hudson Falls had resulted in a loss to the State of more than $100,000, witnesses testified yesterday.

To-day the estimated loss was increased to $121,000 by highway investigators formerly associated with John A. Hennessy. On their recommendation Mr. Osborne to-day referred the matter of the resurfacing to the District Attorney of Warren County with a request for Grand Jury action.

In inquiring about the "rapid disintegration" of the road near Bolton Landing Mr. Osborne learned from James Maranville, a liveryman of that village, that three barrels of asphalt oil, furnished by the State, had been "buried and later dug up and carted away."

"Rumor about our town has it," said the witness, "that other asphalt was concealed in a near-by wood."

It was a standing joke around Glens Falls that the State had Joseph O'Connor, a bartender, for an Inspector of a portion of the road, according to the testimony of Ernest Miller, a Glens Falls business man. Smith Philley, another Glens Falls resident, had been a bootblack and a chef in a restaurant before becoming a highway Inspector.

Joseph Curran, one of Hennessy's investigators, testified that he had examined work on 16 of the 318 contracts awarded by Deputy Foley without public bidding and approved by the Bensel-Peck-Reel highway commission.

"On all I examined," he said, "I found that the contractors did not live up to specifications."

"Bagmen" Back in 1889.

Mr. Osborne called Noble E. Whitford, an employe of the State Highway Department.

"In 1889, when I entered the State Engineer's department," Mr. Whitford said, "it was the custom for the men in the department to contribute to the political campaigns. This custom continued until the close of Engineer Bond's term in 1904. The custom was to contribute to the party in power without regard to the politics of the contributor. It was 2 or 3 per cent. of the salary. In Mr. Skene's administration an outside man went among the officers of the department and made a collection."

Mr. Whitford said that in 1907 he made his last contribution.

Mr. Rutherford, another employe of the Highway Department, gave similar testimony. He has been in the department twenty years. He said he had not contributed in the last few years.

Mr. Osborne plans to begin to-morrow an inquiry into roads investigated by Mr. Hennessy which have not already been referred to Grand Juries. These roads are located in Ulster, Greene, Erie, and Monroe Counties.

WITNESS SIGNS NO WAIVER.

Contractor Kerbaugh Is the First to be Excused in the Graft Inquiry.

H. S. Kerbaugh of Philadelphia, who is interested in companies which have contracts for nearly $15,000,000 for work for the State and city on the barge canal and Catskill Aqueduct, testified yesterday before the Supreme Court Grand Jury which is investigating graft. He did not sign a waiver of immunity. He is the first witness who has not signed a waiver. W. T. Jerome, his attorney, insisted that he would not have his client "insulted." There was no necessity for an innocent man to sign a waiver, he insisted.

Kerbaugh, on the advice of his attorney, after he was dismissed by the Grand Jury, refused to talk about his testimony. It is understood that the examination was limited and had to do mainly with campaign contributions.

District Attorney Whitman wanted to ascertain how much Kerbaugh had given in campaign contributions since the barge canal and Catskill aqueduct work began. He also wanted to know who collected the money. Whitman hoped to show that the same collectors levied on Kerbaugh and James C. Stewart, with whom Kerbaugh had close business relations.

It has been reported that Kerbaugh not only contributed to the State campaigns of the Democratic machine, but also aided John Purrcy Mitchel in the recent Mayoralty campaign, and that his contribution was not recorded. Whitman, it is understood, wants to learn why a Philadelphia man should take such interest in the election of State and city tickets in New York.

Attorney General Carmody was another witness before the Grand Jury. Apparently he signed his waiver willingly. The Attorney General was questioned about Contracts 71A and 72A for Barge Canal work. Carmody, as a member of the Canal Board, advised the board that James C. Stewart's joint bid for these two contracts was regular. Carmody told the Grand Jury yesterday, it is understood, that he had not changed his mind about the Stewart bid. He refused to talk for publication.

William A. Larney, ex-Secretary of the Fire Department, as a witness before the Grand Jury yesterday, it is understood, protested against the action in the case of his friend Samuel K. Kellock, a former business associate of Charles H. Hyde, who on Tuesday was indicted for grand larceny on the complaint of William Henderson, a building contractor of this city.

Henderson charged that Kellock was the go-between in a transaction whereby he (Henderson) lost nearly $2,300, due from the State. Larney, it is understood, produced evidence to show that Henderson was much indebted to him. Larney told the Grand Jurors, it is understood, that he used his "influence" to get Henderson $500,000 worth of contracting business. If any money was misappropriated, he said, it was not done by Kellock.

Kellock could not be found by the court officers, who had a bench warrant, but Kellock's attorney, Martin W. Littleton, conferred with District Attorney Whitman yesterday and assured the District Attorney that Kellock would be surrendered to-day. Through Kellock the District Attorney hopes to reach a man "higher up" upon whom suspicion has rested for some time.

The Grand Jury will resume the graft investigation to-day. The regular "John Doe" inquiry will be resumed to-morrow.

HASSETT RAISES LAW POINTS.

Assails Whitman's Methods in Demurrer to His Indictment.

The validity of District Attorney Whitman's graft investigation by a special Supreme Court Grand Jury and his practice in presenting evidence to that Grand Jury have been assailed by Nicoll, Anable, Lindsay & Fuller, attorneys for Thomas Hassett, one of the men indicted in the graft hunt.

Hassett, a former Secretary of the Board of Water Supply, was indicted on Dec. 30 for the attempted grand larceny of $50,000 from Anthony C. Douglass, the lowest bidder for the contract for the Hudson River siphon. Douglass did not pay the $50,000 and did not get the contract. It was in a demurrer to this indictment, filed with Mr. Whitman yesterday, that the points were raised.

The attorneys asked for the dismissal of the indictment, first, on the ground that there were four regular Grand Juries in session when the Hassett matter came up and that an additional Grand Jury investigation was not in order; and, secondly, on the ground that Assistant District Attorney Clark was in the Grand Jury room when the evidence against Hassett was presented.

The second point raises a novel question. It has been the practice of all District Attorneys in New York County to present cases to Grand Juries in person. Argument on the demurrer will be heard by Justice Davis in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

If the demurrer is not sustained Hassett must enter a plea to the indictment. If Hassett's attorneys are not sustained they cannot take the questions to the Appellate Division until after Hassett's trial.

MAY BLOCK POWER DEAL.

State Efficiency Official Objects to Transfer of Canadian Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Gov. Glynn and the up-State Public Service Commission received a protest to-day against granting the application of the Canadian-American Power Corporation for permission to issue $2,999,500 par value of its common stock to acquire from the Baltimore Utilities Company a contract for the annual purchase of 54,000 horse power of electric energy from the two power companies in the Province of Ontario, Canada, at $12.50 per horse power. The contract runs for thirty years.

The protest was filed by Charles H. Jackson, Chief Examiner of the Department of Efficiency and Economy, who points out that the Ontario power companies sell their power for $9 a horse power in Canada. The deal is said to contemplated selling the current to Buffalo despite the fact that current can be developed on the American side at Niagara Falls for $5 a horse power, which, Mr. Jackson says, should insure its distribution in Buffalo at $7.50.

Subway Telephone Bill Reported.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Senator Torborg's bill providing for the placing of telephone booths in the Subways in New York, was reported to-day by the Senate Cities Committee. Senator Torborg asked that the bill be advanced to the order of final passage. Senator Murtaugh, majority leader, objected, and Senator Cullen, who said that as Chairman of the Cities Committee he had made it a rule not to recommend the advancement of a bill out of its order, read a letter from Chairman McCall of the Public Service Commission, who said the immediate passage of the bill was necessary because it was desired to make arrangements for telephone booths in the new Subway stations, and that contracts were being made for the construction of these. The bill was placed on the general order calendar.

CATCH GUNMEN IN NEWARK.

Men Wanted for Killing Court Clerk Found in Jersey Town.

Newark detectives arrested last night Salvatore Abbene of 315 High Street, that city, and David Goldfarb of the same address on suspicion that they were gunmen wanted in this city in connection with the murder of Frederick Strauss, the Court Clerk, who was shot and killed in the course of a gang fight in front of Arlington Hall last month.

Abbene was married at the House of Prayer in Newark two weeks ago to Frances Rebhue of Brooklyn, who was in the High Street house when the arrests were made yesterday.

BANKS ANGRY WITH EXAMINER STAREK

Continued from Page 1.

the banks, and in many cases found that their purchases exceeded their sales, while the bonds offered on the market were chiefly those held by country banks which had become nervous. Some of the banks regarded these activities as outside the function of a national bank examiner, whose business it is to see that the banks are solvent. Mr. Starek also checked up the records of the Stock Exchange at this time with reference to buyers and sellers of Government bonds.

More recently Mr. Starek figured in the fight over the confirmation of John Skelton Williams as Controller and a member of the Federal Reserve Board. At a hearing before the Senate committee Milton E. Ailes, Vice President of the Riggs National Bank of Washington, which is closely affiliated with the National City Bank, asserted that Mr. Starek had ordered out of the banks securities of the Seaboard Air Line held as collateral for loans, and that Edwin F. Rorebeck had said that he lost his place as National Bank Examiner here, which is worth $30,000 a year, because he had refused to give similar orders at the instance of Mr. Williams.

Mr. Starek, in reply, stated that the fact was that he had found in one bank certificates of an unincorporated Massachusetts company which certificates showed that they represented stock of the Seaboard Air Line owned by the company. National banks are not permitted to own stock, and he held that the ownership of these certificates amounted to the same thing. It would have been the same, he said, if the stock concerned had been that of any corporation other than the Seaboard Air Line, as the objection was not to the stock but to the bank's ownership. This occurred, he said, before Mr. Williams took office, before he had ever met Mr. Williams and before he knew Mr. Williams had ever had anything to do with the Seaboard Air Line.

Mr. Rorebeck, in an open letter, also denied that he had ever been asked by Mr. Williams or anybody else to order Seaboard stock thrown out as collateral.

Mr. Starek's methods have been characterized by some bankers as those of a detective, and the fact has been cited that for several years he was frequently assigned by the Treasury Department to the preparation for trial of cases involving criminal charges. Among the cases he worked up were those of Cassie Chadwick, Charles W. Morse, and the Heinzes.

GLYNN TWICE SIGNED COMPENSATION BILL

Did It to Make Sure of Its Constitutionality, He Says—Republicans Call It 'Subterfuge.'

SNARL OVER DEATH DAMAGES

Governor Insists Law Is Not Void, Even if Legislature Hasn't Specific Right to Fix Them.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Gov. Glynn made it known to-night that he had affixed his signature twice in approval of the Workmen's Compensation act passed in December. The first time was on Dec. 16, shortly after the Legislature had adjourned sine die. The second was on Jan. 8.

The Governor made this confession early this evening to newspaper correspondents when the introduction of the bill for re-enactment came up for discussion. The constitutional amendment authorizing such legislation did not become effective until Jan. 1.

"I think that act will stand," said the Governor. "When I affixed my signature the second time I had reason to apprehend precisely the attack that is now being made on the compensation act, and I made up my mind that I would rather be safe than sorry. Eminent counsel told me I could sign the bill as many times as I thought necessary, so long as I acted within the thirty-day period after the adjournment of the Legislature."

The official printed copies of the law bear this notation: "Became a law Dec. 16, 1913, with the approval of the Governor."

Assemblyman John L. Sullivan of Chautauqua, a member of the committee appointed at the Republican conference yesterday to frame a line of action in the Assembly with reference to the bill, said:

"Gov. Glynn cannot hide behind such a subterfuge as that. The bill became law when he affixed his signature on Dec. 16, and must stand or fall by what the courts rule as to that. The signing a second time was an act of supererogation."

Harold J. Hinman, majority leader of the Assembly, and Cyrus W. Phillips, Chairman of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, both concurred in what Mr. Sullivan said. All three are lawyers.

Limitation of Death Damages.

Gov. Glynn and Acting Lieutenant Governor Wagner both declare that the contention raised that, even if the Compensation bill should be re-enacted, it would be void, because the Constitution does not authorize the Legislature to fix death damages.

"If this right is not implied in the constitutional amendment under which the Legislature passed the bill, that amendment is not worth the paper on which it was written," said Gov. Glynn. "That was the very purpose for which the amendment was framed. If death damages cannot be fixed the whole theory on which the compensation act was based is worthless."

Prior to the late Constitutional Convention there was a statutory provision limiting the amount that could be recovered in cases of death where damages were due to $5,000. The Constitutional Convention decreed that this was vicious, and incorporated a provision to nullify the statutory limitaion—Article 1, Section 18, as follows:

> The right of action now existing to recover damages for injuries resulting in death shall never be abrogated, and the amount recoverable shall not be subject to any statutory limitation.

The constitutional amendment ratified last Fall added to Article I. a new section, as follows:

> 19. Nothing contained in this Constitution shall be construed to limit the power of the Legislature to enact laws for the protection of the lives, health, or safety of employes, or for the payment, either by employers or by employers and employes or otherwise, either directly or through a State or other system of insurance or otherwise, of compensation for injuries to employes or for death of employes resulting from such injuries, without regard to fault as a cause thereof, except where the injury is occasioned by the willful intention of the injured employe to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another, or where the injury results solely from the intoxication of the injured employe while on duty, or for the adjustment, determination, and settlement, with or without trial by jury, of issues which may arise under such legislation, or to provide that the right of such compensation and the remedy therefor shall be exclusive of all other rights and remedies for injuries to employes or for death resulting from such injuries; or to provide that the amount of such compensation for death shall not exceed a fixed or determinable sum; provided that all moneys paid by an employer to his employes or their legal representatives, by reason of the enactment of any of the laws herein authorized, shall be held to be a proper charge on the cost of operating the business of the employer.

Republicans May Balk.

Influential members of the Republican majority in the Assembly showed no inclination to-day to re-enact the compensation law. From the leaders came strong intimations that the bill should be defeated or radically changed. In some quarters the opposition among Republicans who voted for the Compensation bill without dissent at the extraordinary session is connected with the five-minute visit which the Republican State Chairman, William Barnes, Jr., paid to Mr. Hinman at the Capitol yesterday.

The rumor that the bill was doomed to defeat or modification reached Gov. Glynn to-day. The Governor sent for Speaker Sweet and Mr. Hinman and demanded an explanation.

"If the bill was good enough for you to vote for in December, why is it not good enough for you in February?" the Governor asked Mr. Hinman. "I do not want to interfere with the legislative department of the Government, but I would like to have you understand that, if any attempt is made to emasculate the Workmen's Compensation act, I will take the matter to the people, as Gov. Hughes did when differences arose between him as the co-ordinate branch of the Government."

The Governor said he understood there was a solemn compact between the leaders of the two parties that the Compensation act should be passed again without amendment, and declared that now the Republicans apparently were preparing to go back on their pledges. That the Republicans in their present attitude are not lacking "moral" support, though not outspoken, from the Tammany element in the Assembly has reached the Governor in the way of plausible rumor.

"If the bill should be mutilated while going through the Assembly mill, I will veto it," said Gov. Glynn. "In the meantime I am acting on the safe presumption that the action of the Legislature in passing the bill last December was constitutional and shall go ahead and appoint the Compensation Commission and start the compensation machinery moving. My object in trying to impress upon legislators the advisability of acting in good faith in this matter now is merely with a view of not providing any opening for selfish interests opposed to any form of workmen's compensation to attack the measure in the courts and thus place obstacles in the way of the immdiate successful working of the compensation plan."

Mrs. Clark Kills Herself.

Mrs. Elizabeth Clark, 50 years old, committed suicide by shooting herself in the heart yesterday at her home, 564 Second Street, Brooklyn. She fired two shots. The first one missed its mark, but the second took effect, killing her instantly. Mrs. Clark had been a widow ten years. She lived with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac W. Pickford, who are 85 and 78 years old, respectively.

ANTI-BICHLORIDE FIGHT ON.

How Poison Is Mistaken for Headache Tablets Shown to Legislators.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—The large number of deaths from bichloride of mercury, or corrosive sublimate, was responsible for the introduction of a bill by Senator Blauvelt restricting the sale of the drug to those holding physicians' prescriptions. A hearing on the bill was held to-day before the Senate Codes Committee. Dr. Sarnoff, who attended Mrs. Levy of Bath Beach, who died ten days after taking bichloride of mercury by mistake from headache tablets, said that death and many others would have been prevented if a physician's prescription had been necessary to obtain the poison.

The bichloride of mercury tablets as sold at present was exhibited to the committee. Dr. Gallant of New York showed similar tablets which could not be distinguished from the mercury tablets, except by the container. Dr. Charles F. Pabst, who had been a Coroner's physician several years, said that bichloride of mercury was not generally used now as an antiseptic. He supported the bill.

Charles Gibson of Albany, for the National Wholesale Druggists' Association; J. H. Rehfuss, President of the Pharmaceutical Asociation, and Frank Black, representing the Board of Trade of New York opposed the bill.

MacDonald Dewitt of New York, speaking for the bill, said there were seventy-eight cases of death from bichloride of mercury in New York within eight months. Of these cases he said only thirty-five were suicidal. In twenty-two cases, Mr. Dewitt declared, the poison was taken by mistake for headache medicine.

Senator Blauvelt said he would amend the bill so that it would apply only to the retail trade, and so as to prevent the poison from being given away by physicians except in distinctive bottles and in cubes of distinctive shape and color.

PRISONER DIED OF NEGLECT.

Death Certificate Shows He Waited Ten Days for Treatment.

Dr. James W. Byrne, for six months the physician at the infirmary of the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary, was called as a witness yesterday by the May Grand Jury, which is investigating charges of cruelty and mismanagement at several city institutions. He consented to waive immunity before he was allowed to testify.

Dr. Byrne is no longer connected with the penitentiary infirmary, but he was there at the time Frank Willis, a negro, died in the infirmary from endocarditis. Willis is alleged to have complained of illness for nearly two weeks before he was removed from his cell to the infirmary, and it is charged his death was due to neglect.

The former infirmary physician told the Grand Jury of the treatment Willis received, and identified his death certificate, which showed that from the time he was first examined he exhibited symptoms of endocarditis, although he was not taken to the infirmary until ten days afterward.

Dr. Henry Forest testified as an expert for Assistant District Attorney Du Vivier, who is in charge of the investigation. He asserted that from the death certificate and the other evidence submitted it was apparent that Willis should have had constant medical attention. A former inmate of the penitentiary testified to having often heard Willis cry for help.

The Grand Jury will continue its investigation of the Willis case to-day.

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BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

ARCHDUKE'S CHILD KEPT IN POVERTY

Clotilde, Daughter of the Late Archduke Ernst, Tries to Get Part of His Fortune.

MARRIAGE WAS LEGITIMATE

But the Emperor's Consent Was Not Asked, So the Austrian Court Regards It as Invalid.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—Clotilde de Simics, daughter of the late Archduke Ernst, is living in poverty. For years she has endeavored to be recognized as the Archduke's legitimate daughter by the Vienna courts and to receive at least part of the property left by her father.

The marriage registers, as well as autograph letters of the Archduke Ernst, prove beyond doubt that he contracted a secret marriage with the Baroness Walburg, who subsequently gave birth to Clotilde.

The latter claims $150,000 as her portion of the inheritance, but as the court has declared that no property worth mentioning was left by the Archduke, the latter's intimate friend, Count Strachwitz, has now been forced to state on oath what he knows of the Archduke's marriage and property.

Count Strachwitz declared yesterday in a Vienna law court that Clotilde was the legitimate daughter of the Archduke, who left a fortune of many million kronen. This statement shows that the declaration of the Court Marshal's office that the Archduke died practically penniless was absolutely incorrect.

Nevertheless, it is uncertain whether Clotilde will ever see a cent of her father's property, as the Imperial Court adopts the view that the marriage of the Archduke was contracted without the Emperor's consent and therefore was invalid according to the laws of the Imperial House.

DIVORCES NEW YORKER.

Mrs. Alfred J. Channon Obtains a Decree Nisi in London.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Anne Charlotte Channon obtained in the Divorce Court to-day a decree nisi against her husband, Alfred John Channon, of 27 William Street, New York, on the grounds of desertion and misconduct.

After their marriage in London in 1901, the couple returned to New York, where, Mrs. Channon says, she discovered her husband keeping an additional establishment with a Mrs. Davis. Mrs. Channon thereupon came to England, where she received affectionate letters from her husband, who, however, wrote later that he couldn't get rid of Mrs. Davis.

Former New York Oculist Sentenced

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Prof. Schirmer, formerly an oculist in New York, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment at Strassburg to-day for assaulting a woman patient who had been drugged. Schirmer was once a member of the faculty of Strassburg University.

No Attack on King Alfonso.

MADRID, Feb. 4.—Rumors circulated abroad that an attempt was made today on the life of King Alfonso are untrue. The King has recently been staying at Seville. The Premier, Eduardo Dato, late to-night declared that the rumors of an attempt to kill the King were absolutely without foundation. He had just received a message from the King assuring him that his Majesty was in the best of health and had had a pleasant day's hunting.

She
Didn't Know
She was
Married

and when she found out—well, the story is told in Zane Grey's new novel, "The Light of Western Stars," just published. She was a New York girl and things happen from the minute she gets off the train in the little cattle town just this side the turbulent Mexican border. "The Light of Western Stars" is not rip-snorting border fiction by any means, but a man's size novel—a swinging tale of reality—every incident natural, and for that reason all the more exciting. It reveals a life you would like to live yourself. It all happens to-day—and this is the best day to get this new novel.

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PLEA FOR MRS. DRUMMOND.

Sir Robert Finlay Presents Argument Against Tax Decision.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The hearing of the appeal of Mrs. Maldwin Drummond, formerly Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., against Mr. Justice Horridge's judgment, given last July, ordering her to pay $50,000 income tax on the money she received from America for the maintenance and education of her three children, was begun in the Appeal Court to-day. Sir Robert Finlay's argument on Mrs. Drummond's behalf occupied the whole afternoon. Contending that she, as a guardian, was not liable to pay income tax, Sir Robert argued that remittances liable to taxation must be sent to the children, to do what they liked with. In the present case it was the mere application of money for the benefit of children. If the trustees had applied the money to pay schoolmasters, tradesmen, &c., direct, it could not then be said that the remittances came under the act. Mrs. Drummond, as guardian, was bound to apply the money to the benefit of the infants. She was merely the machinery for approaching the children. They had not "foreign possessions." Maintenance and allowance expended by a guardian from trustees could in no sense be income.

The Attorney General, Sir John Simon, will address the court to-morrow, arguing for the Revenue Commissioners' right to charge income tax.

Mrs. Drummond was present in court to-day.

MANNIKIN NOW A COUNTESS.

Acquitted of a Charge of Robbing Her Former Employer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—At different times a mannikin, a domestic servant, and a barefoot dancer, the Marquise de Villevert was acquitted to-day of a charge of stealing from a tailor who employed her in her days of poverty as a mannikin.

After a life full of adventures she appeared on Paris and London variety stages as a barefoot dancer, finally winning the heart of the Marquis de Villevert, who married her in London. On his death he left her and her two children handsomely provided for.

The Marquise was arrested while visiting her mother at Zerbst.

26 ESCAPE AS SHIP SINKS.

Union Liner Vadso in Snowstorm Hits a Rock in Portland Canal.

PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., Feb. 4.—The steamship Vadso of the Union Line, Capt. Richardson, was lost in Nasoga Gulf, Portland Canal, early yesterday. The boat, in a heavy snow storm, hit a rock, sinking in half an hour in 170 fathoms. Twenty-six persons on board were all saved, reaching here to-day by the steamship Venture.

Capt. Richardson says that when the Vadso struck she began to fill immediately. Many of the crew were in their bunks and barely had time to get a few personal effects and lower away the boats. The entire company reached Arandale Cannery, where they were picked up by the Venture.

PERU'S PRESIDENT SEIZED AND EXILED

Premier and 25 Soldiers Slain in Sudden Rising Under Col. Benavides.

DR. DURAND NOW IN CONTROL

United States May Waive Question of Status of Billinghurst's Successor—No Warship Near.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIMA, Feb. 4.—Col. Benavides, at the head of 1,000 men, started a successful revolution early this morning by seizing the Presidential Palace, taking President Billinghurst prisoner, and compelling him to resign.

Gen. Enrique Varela, Premier and Minister of War and Marine, and twenty-five soldiers were killed while attempting to defend the Santa Catalina barracks.

The fighting was all over in an hour and troops are guarding all strategical points in the city, which now is quiet.

By the Associated Press.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 4.—The President of the Republic of Peru, Guillermo Billinghurst, was taken prisoner to-day by military revolutionists, who at 4:30 in the morning attacked the Presidential palace under the leadership of Col. Benavides. In the sharp fight which ensued Gen. Enrique Varela, Premier and Minister of War and Marine, was killed.

Thousands of the inhabitants of Lima dashed into the streets, alarmed by the firing. The soldiers were ordered to fire volleys into the air in order to prevent the formation of crowds in the streets, and this order kept the people moving from place to place.

In the vicinity of San Pedro Church a civilian was killed by a bullet.

Dr. Augusto Durand, a former revolutionary leader, whose arrest was sought by the police yesterday, took possession of the police, and it is generally believed that he will form a new government.

Later President Billinghurst was taken as a prisoner to Callao, from which port he will be sent into exile in a foreign country.

Great alarm prevailed throughout the city and banks and stores were closed and private houses barricaded. The street cars, however, began running again before noon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—To-day's spectacular and successful revolution in Peru found the United States Navy without a single warship south of the Equator. The work of the revolutionists was so complete, however, that there is no need of haste in dispatching a vessel to the scene.

Later it may become necessary for the United States to have at hand means of supporting any representations that the State Department may decide to make regarding the new Government to rise on the ruins of the Billinghurst administration. That some embarrassment may be experienced in adjusting the pronounced views of the Administration regarding revolution-made Governments to the present state of affairs in Peru was admitted in some quarters. But it was pointed out that owing to the peculiar conditions under which President Billinghurst came into office a year ago with a cloud on his own title, it may not now be necessary to raise the question as to the status of his successor.

Some officials are inclined to believe that ex-President Leguia, who was forced to flee from Peru by Billinghurst some time ago, was behind today's uprising. Leguia was in Washington a few weeks ago, but at last reports had gone to London to obtain financial backing for an attempt to overturn the Billinghurst Government.

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Tailormade Suits, of the newest fabrics, from $69.50 upwards

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Of special interest, in this connection, is the showing in the Silk Departments, on the Second Floor, of
Spring Importations of
Exclusive Novelty Silks
including Crepe Imprime, Crepe Faconne; Taffetas in Broche, Plaid, Roman Stripes and Printed Warps, Printed Fleur de Soie, Foulard and Shantungs in Oriental designs.

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MEMORIALS TO CAPT. SCOTT

Tablet in St. Paul's and an Outdoor Group of Statuary Decided Upon.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—To a subcommittee consisting of the Hon. Harry Lawson, Sir Edward Speyer, Sir Thomas Brock, R. A., and Lionel Earle, Secretary to the Office of Works, has been delegated the duty of erecting memorials in London to Capt. Scott and his companions who perished in the Antarctic.

The Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's Cathedral have assigned space in the cathedral for a bronze tablet or bas-relief, and the subcommittee has entrusted the design to S. Nicholson.

A site for an outdoor memorial has still to be selected, but one may be found either in one of the London County Council's parks or in the grounds of Greenwich Hospital. The committee is inviting six well-known sculptors to submit designs for a suitable statuary group, for which £7,500 is being set apart from the fund.

HAITIAN CONGRESS CALLED.

But Victorious Zamors Are Not Likely to Respect Its Acts.

PORT AU PRINCE, Feb. 4.—The permanent committee of the Senate, upon which, according to the Constitution, devolves the executive power in the absence of the Chief of State, has convoked Congress for the election of a President. It is considered doubtful, however, whether the revolutionary forces will be willing to accept a President elected under the present conditions.

CAPE HAITIEN, Feb. 4.—Senator Davilmar Théodore, who was signally defeated at Gonaives on Monday by Gen. Orestes Zamor, returned to Cape Haitien to-day. He immediately published a manifesto stating that he would retain the title of commander in chief of the revolutionary forces and would reorganize his followers and march on Port au Prince.

Guarantees for the security of foreigners were given to-day by Senator Théodore to the commander of the United States survey ship Eagle and to the members of the consular corps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—State Department advices to-day are to the effect that the Zamor brothers are apparently in complete control of the revolutionary situation in Haiti. A committee of eight has been dispatched to Port au Prince by Gen. Oreste Zamor asking permission from the local authorities to enter the city. Should the reply be favorable, it is thought that Zamor will be in the capital by Friday or Saturday.

The purpose of Zamor is said to be to establish a provisional Government and await the action of the National Assembly.

GEN. SMUTS ALLEGES A 'DIABOLICAL' PLOT

Declares the South African Strike Was Really a Conspiracy of the Worst Type.

MEN'S LEADER DENOUNCED

Secretary Bain of Trades Federation Described as 'Desperate Character'—Assembly Cheers Smuts.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 4.—Gen. Jan Christian Smuts, the Minister of Defense, was cheered by all sections except the Laborites when he rose in the Assembly to-day to move the second reading of the bill to indemnify the Government for its acts under martial law.

After the Minister had spoken for nearly four hours in justification of the Government's action in declaring martial law and deporting the strike leaders, the House adjourned. Gen. Smuts will resume his speech to-morrow.

The Minister of Defense argued that the Government had to deal with no ordinary strike, but with a syndicalist conspiracy of the worst type. The Trades Federation, he said, had attempted to paralyze trade and transportation and terrorize and starve the community in order to compel surrender to its demands. To defeat this conspiracy and prevent the country from succumbing to anarchy it became necessary to mobilize a larger military force than was employed in the Boer republics at the outbreak of the war.

Gen. Smuts declared that Secretary Bain of the Trades Federation, one of the men deported, was the most prominent in inciting violence. He had known Bain when he (Gen. Smuts) was employed in the secret service of the Boer Government, and declared him to be one of the most desperate characters he had ever encountered.

Nothing more diabolical, asserted Gen. Smuts, could have been committed by an invading force than what the deported leader had attempted.

Gen. Smuts quoted from the speeches of the deported strike leaders and laid great stress on the gravity of the native question. He declared that while the Government was considering the list of grievances presented by the trades Federation after the July riots, Waterson, one of the deported leaders, made a statement to the effect that the federation was forming a provisional government, and that it "intended to oust the present incompetent Government."

ANGLO-GERMAN ACCORD.

Relations Now "Very Good," Says Foreign Secretary in Reichstag.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Anglo-German relations are "very good," declared the German Foreign Minister, Gottlieb von Jagow, in a speech before the Ways and Means Committee of the Imperial Parliament to-day. This utterance is the strongest official characterization of the relations between the two countries that has been expressed in years.

The Foreign Minister declared that the one-time tension was steadily decreasing, and that the relations of the two Governments were now marked throughout by mutual trust.

Admiral von Tirpitz, the Minister of Marine, declared he had nothing to add to his statement of last year that England's proposed fleet ratio of 16 to 10 as compared to that of Germany was acceptable to the German Empire.

Both Herr von Jagow and Admiral von Tirpitz expressed the opinion that the unofficial suggestion of a year's "naval shipbuilding holiday," made by Mr. Churchill, First Lord of the British Admiralty, was impracticable.

This view was shared by the representatives of all the parties with the exception of the Socialists.

Admiral von Tirpitz refuted the argument that Germany was setting the pace in naval armaments, and showed by statistics that Germany had increased her naval expenditures during the last five years by $13,750,000, as compared with an increase of $54,000,000 by Great Britain.

AMERICANS WIN CONTRACT.

Philadelphia Firm Gets Order for Pipe for Italian Aqueduct.

GENOA, Feb. 4.—A contract, which may develop into the most important undertaking ever carried out in Italy by an American concern, was closed to-day with a Philadelphia firm, which received the order to furnish 45,000 tons of pipe for the aqueduct under construction in the Apulian district. The contract was obtained in the face of Italian, French, German, and English competition.

The entire enterprise is a colossal work to cost over $30,000,000.

Americans at Berlin Court Ball.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—A number of Americans were present at the Court ball given to-night by the Emperor and Empress. They included the American Ambassador and Mrs. James W. Gerard, the members of the staff of the embassy and their wives, Prof. Archibald Cary Coolidge, Harvard Exchange Professor at the University of Berlin; Prof. Paul Shorey of Chicago, Roosevelt Professor at the University of Berlin, and Mrs. Shorey; the Countess Sigray, sister-in-law of the United States Ambassador; Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt of Philadelphia, Miss Margaret Luce of New York, Mrs. Norman Whitehouse of New York, and Mrs. Ernest Wiltsee of New York.

JUDGMENT

No man's judgment is infallible, but as a general proposition, a man cannot go far wrong if he consults and considers the facts.

The facts before an Owner in search of a contractor are, that in the face of tremendous competition, and with no influence but its own abilities, the Thompson-Starrett Company has been selected to build the biggest structures of the age.

And the Owner who gives these facts the consideration they deserve will not err in his judgment.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

CAPT. INCH HONORED.

Freedom of London and Gifts for the Volturno's Commander.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Capt. Francis Inch, commander of the steamship Volturno, which was burned in mid-Atlantic last Oct. 11, with a loss of 135 lives, received the freedom of the City of London in a silver casket to-day, and also a gold medal, a gold watch and chain, a purse of gold, and Lloyd's silver medal.

The proclamation was made by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House. He told Capt. Inch that the tokens were in recognition of his "heroism and stanch allegiance to duty."

At the same time a diamond and sapphire pendant and a silver tea service were presented to Mrs. Inch.

The Lord Mayor and William Marconi delivered eulogistic speeches, in reply to which Capt. Inch modestly disclaimed having done anything but his duty.

MAN WHO SLEW 15 INSANE.

Trial of German Who Killed His Family and Ten Others Ends.

HEILBRONN, Feb. 4.—A sentence of confinement for life in an asylum for the criminal insane was pronounced by the Assize Court here to-day on a school teacher named Wagner, who last Sept. 5, after setting fire to the village of Mühlhausen, Württemberg, murdered his wife and four children, and afterward shot dead ten villagers, dangerously wounded nine, and slightly wounded seven others.

The court found that Wagner was irresponsible when he committed the crimes, as he was suffering from the mania of persecution.

J.B. GREENHUT. PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

"The Big Store" Has Built Its Reputation
Upon ECONOMY, Square Dealing, Good Merchandise & Good Service

These are the four corner-stones that have established GREENHUT'S in the good-will and daily life of scores of thousands of nice people who are not extravagant, and who know and appreciate the sound and sensible methods upon which this store is conducted and which contribute so largely to making it possible, here in "Economy Centre," to supply good and carefully selected merchandise at lower prices than are possible in stores less economically conducted. The offerings announced below are possible only because of "The Big Store's" efficient methods:

—MAIN BUILDING—

The "Season's Supply" Sale of
Men's and Women's Gloves

Yes, that is exactly what clever men and women do, when there is a sale like this at "The Big Store"—they BUY A WHOLE SEASON'S SUPPLY—and always have fine, clean Gloves that have COST ONLY ABOUT ½ THE USUAL PRICES.

This has been a season when manufacturers had to face certain losses. "The Big Store's" representative was ready to distribute the biggest quantities that offered, IF THE PRICES WERE SMALL ENOUGH. That's the only explanation we can make of SUCH A BIG PRICE CUT as we announce for today. All fashionable styles are included, in full ranges of sizes, for men and women. Plenty of the much-wanted blacks and whites, as well as stylish colors. Many men and women will buy the kinds they want by the DOZENS. Come EARLY for the best pick.

Women's $1.50 and $2 (2- and 3-Clasp) French Kid Gloves—the genuine article from France; made of real kid; Paris-point-embroidered; over-seam-sewn; fine light skins; perfect in every way; guaranteed to fit and wear; black, tan, brown, gray, white and mode; today, a pair................. 78c

Men's Gloves—kid, cape, Mocha, chamois and suede; best English make (we agreed not to print the name of the maker, a name famous all over the world as representing the best gloves on earth). However, the name is on each pair of the gloves.
Men's $1.50, $1.75 and $2 Gloves—tans, grays, natural chamois and white chamois (washable); all perfect and in all sizes; today, a pair........... 78c

In Addition to the Above We Offer These Lines:

1,500 Pairs of Men's and Women's $1 to $2 Cape and Suede Gloves—factory "seconds," but in absolutely good condition; ready for wear; guaranteed for all practical purposes; all leathers; black, white, and colors; today, a pair................ 59c

Women's 16-Button-Length Glace Gloves—$2 quality; fine, soft, delicate skin; perfect goods; white only; today, a pair.. $1.48

—MAIN BUILDING—

We've Bought the Surplus Stock of Thomas Landau, Brother & Co., of 831 Broadway, Comprising
Men's and Youths' Winter Overcoats & Suits

Values $12 to $20—More than 20 Styles of Overcoats—On Sale, Today, at.............................. $10

There are belted-back styles, shawl collar overcoats, double-breasted overcoats, fancy-back overcoats; grays, browns and tans; all regular sizes.

And 241 Handsome "Landau" Suits—values $12, $15 and $18. All sizes; at.. $10

Odd Suits for Young Men and Youths—black and white mixtures; brown, tan and gray cheviots, stripes, pin checks; broken patterns; new cut sack styles; sizes 32 to 38; $10 and $12 values, today, at.......................... $6.95

Annual Sale of Trousers $2
Giving $3, $4 and $5 Values for..........
Striped worsteds, cassimeres, fancy cheviots and blue and black cheviots; sizes 29 to 56.

If You Are Not Already a Charge Customer of The Big Store
we will make it easy for you to become one. Consult our Department of Accounts, Balcony, Main Building.

—GREENHUT BUILDING—
$80 Ten-Piece Dining Room Suites, Today, at.......... $65
This item typifies the character of the wonderful values to be found at every turn in our Great February Furniture Sale

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"
Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

HALF YEARLY SALE
STOCKINGS & SOCKS
Silk, Lisle, Cotton, Wool,
Plain, Clocked, Fancy.
20% Discount
Deducted from sales slip of every purchase,
with special odd lots at
Even Greater Reductions.
39c. Lisle 79c. Silk or Lisle $1.35 Silk
All scarfs now 85c. were $1.50
Hand knit and Spitalfields silk scarfs $1.50, were $2.50 & $3.
PECK & PECK
588 Fifth Ave., at 48th St.
481 Fifth Ave., at 41st St.
448 Fifth Ave., at 39th St.
230 Fifth Ave., at 27th St.

Santa Fe
All the way
Outing joys at the Grand Canyon of Arizona
hit the trail
coach along the rim
and camp out

The Grand Canyon is a mile deep, miles wide and painted in sunset hues.
A short and inexpensive side trip from main California line of the Santa Fe. In a Pullman all the way.
El Tovar Hotel, management Fred Harvey, provides high-class accommodations.
All you would like to know about the Canyon is told in our booklet, "Titan of Chasms." Ask for it
Geo. C. Dillard, G. E. P. A.,
377 and 1232 Broadway.
New York City.
(9)

BROWN'S Bronchial TROCHES
Relieve Sore Throat
reduce inflammation—relieve irritation—stop coughs and hoarseness.
25c, 50c and $1.00. Sample Free.
John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

THE NEW YORK TIMES Spring Fashion Number, March 15. Latest Paris wear for women by the greatest dress designers in the world. Exclusively in THE TIMES. Order well in advance.—Adv.

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

ASQUITH LAUDS PEACE CENTENARY

Says Celebration Must Be Spontaneous Act of British and American Peoples.

APPEAL MADE FOR FUNDS

Suggestions That Part of Money Be Spent Modifying School Histories of Both Countries.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 5.—Premier Asquith's speech at the Peace Centenary meeting at the Mansion House yesterday had been looked forward to eagerly by the many interests favorable to British official participation in the Panama-Pacific Exposition, as it was expected that he would regard the occasion an auspicious one for the announcement of a modificatian of the Government's attitude toward the question of official representation. His failure to make any such announcement caused keen disappointment.

Mr. Asquith said that so far as he knew neither the British nor the American Government was officially participating in the programme of the celebration, because both of them felt that the movement should be a spontaneous act of the peoples of the two countries. He declared that the Treaty of Ghent had been one of the most successful diplomatic instruments in the history of the world, adding:

"I do not exaggerate when I say that if the controversies which in the intervening century have aroused from time to time deep feelings between the two peoples, excited strong resentments and led to a great effusion of diplomatic dialectics had taken place between any other two peoples of the world they would in all probability have led to the effusion of blood."

The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial, says:

"There is not a man or woman in this country who does not share Mr. Asquith's view that war between the United States and Great Britain is now unthinkable."

The Daily Telegraph says:

"We feel sure that if by any unhappy chance some grave contention were to arise between the two countries and the two Foreign Offices, for whatever reason, could not come to an understanding so that events drifted dangerously toward war, public opinion would intervene again just as effectively and peremptorily as a hundred years ago. It is impossible to conceive a greater catastrophe than a rupture between the two leading branches of the English-speaking race or a greater crime on the part of the politicians who might be responsible for it."

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The British committee arranging for the celebration of the centenary of peace between the United States and the British Empire made a second appeal for funds at a meeting held to-day at the Mansion House under the patronage of the Lord Mayor of London and with the Duke of Teck in the chair.

Speeches were made by the Archbishop of Canterbury, Premier Asquith, Viscount Bryce, formerly British Ambassador at Washington, and John A. Stewart, Secretary of the American committees.

A cablegram from Secretary of State Bryan expressing the sympathy of himself, of President Wilson and of the Cabinet with the object of the celebration was read.

The Archbishop of Canterbury expressed the hope that some part of the fund would be devoted to educational endowments by which what he deemed the disproportionate share given to the separation of the United States from Great Britain might be reduced in American school history books.

John A. Stewart reciprocated this sentiment with the amendment that the false conceptions of Americans taught in England also be corrected.

The Times says:

"Anglo-American relations fortunately stand to-day in no need of artificial sustenance. Projected celebrations of the hundred years of peace would lose all their merit and value if they were an attempt to induce a state of feeling instead of being, as they are, the natural and spontaneous expression of it. We are not quite sure that Secretary Bryan's peace treaty can be classed in the same category.

"The State Department at Washington announced on Tuesday that the British Government was taking it into serious consideration. That is a courtesy which would naturally be extended to any proposal from such a source, but it must not be taken as implying either that the ultimate approval of Mr. Bryan's scheme is assured or that the relations between the two countries are regarded in Great Britain as requiring confirmation of any special agreement to postpone recourse to arms.

"War between Great Britain and the United States has become unthinkable. With that fact we might as well rest content, the more so as the fate of more than one Anglo-American arbitration treaty should by now have taught the statesmen of both countries the folly of forcing the pace and of over-emphasizing facts and conditions that may safely be left to development in their own way and at their own time."

JUMPS FROM CHANNEL SHIP.

Young American Rescued—Was Being Taken to a Sanitarium.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—While crossing from Dover on the steamer Pas de Calais to-day a young American, whose name was given as William Harris and who was proceeding to a sanitarium at Mürren, escaped from the surveillance of his nurse and jumped overboard.

He was rescued by a seaman.

DEFENDS ACCUSED SLAVS.

Leader of Movement in Russia to Testify at Ruthenians' Trial.

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—The arrival of the leader of the Pan-Slav movement in Russia, Count Bobrinsky, at Marmaros Sziget, Hungary, has revived interest in the trial of a large number of Ruthenians on the charge of inciting rebellion against the Austro-Hungarian Government, which has been in progress there for the last month. It is alleged that the seditious movement was largely promoted and financed from Russia, Count Bobrinsky being involved in the allegations.

In an interview published in the Hungarian newspapers Count Bobrinsky declares that the trial involves no political question, but merely one of religion, the Ruthenians desiring only to adopt the faith of the Russian Orthodox Church, whose liturgy comes nearest to expressing their religious feelings.

The main accusation thus far brought against the prisoners is having in their possession Russian prayerbooks containing prayers for the Russian Emperor.

Count Bobrinsky says he will testify that his party in Russia has no affiliation, political or social, with the Ruthenian political propaganda.

It is rumored that the Austrian authorities will demand from the Hungarian Minister of Justice the extradition of Count Bobrinsky on an old charge of having made seditious speeches in Galicia in 1908.

CONCESSIONS TO ULSTER.

Are to be of an Important Character, Says a Glasgow Paper.

GLASGOW, Feb. 4.—Concessions of the most sweeping description are to be made to Ulster in connection with the introduction of home rule in Ireland in the course of a statement to be made by Premier Asquith on the reassembling of Parliament, according to to-day's Glasgow Herald.

The concessions, says the newspaper, are to cover practically everything short of the exclusion of Ulster from the provisions of the home rule measure.

The announcement made by The Herald is regarded in political circles as particularly significant, since it coincides with the arrival in Glasgow of Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George to speak on the land question.

American-Persian Treaty Signed.

TEHERAN, Feb. 4.—A treaty was signed here to-day by the American Minister, Charles W. Russell, and the Persian Foreign Minister agreeing to refer for advice to an impartial commission all differences incapable of settlement by ordinary diplomatic means. Persia is the first Asiatic country to sign such a convention.

May be Portuguese Premier.

LISBON, Feb. 4.—Bernardino Machado, the Portuguese Ambassador to Brazil, arrived here to-day, and at the request of the President has undertaken the formation of a new Cabinet. The Ministry headed by Dr. Affonso Costa resigned on Jan. 27 in consequence of the parliamentary deadlock.

SILVER CUP BRINGS $22,500 AT AUCTION

Other Big Prices at the Sale of the Plomer-Ward Heirlooms in London.

MANUSCRIPTS AT SOTHEBY'S

French Book of "Hours" Fetches $590 and Sir Edward Hoby's "Commonplace Book" $450.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Fine English silver plate of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, the property of Capt. H. C. S. Ward, Indian Army, to whom it descended from his ancestors, was sold at Christie's to-day. It is known as the "Plomer-Ward heirlooms."

A set of three George II. casters, shaped as plain vases with molded borders, made by Paul Lamerie in 1734 and weighing 38 ounces 15 pennyweight, brought $1,455.

A pair of George I. plain double sauceboats, by Paul Crespin, 1723, weight 37 ounces 15 pennyweight, engraved with the Plomer arms, sold for $1,180.

An oval bread basket, 13¼ inches long, by Paul Lamerie, 1731, weight 50 ounces 19 pennyweight, realized $2,230.

A George I. square salver, weight 50 ounces 14 pennyweight, was knocked down for $1,520. A smaller salver, en suite, brought $1,080.

A George I. plain cup and cover, by Paul Lamerie, 1720, fetched $2,055.

A William III. Monteith, 8¼ inches high, by William Denny, 1701, sold for $2,150. It was originally the property of John Plomer, Sheriff of Hertfordshire under William and Mary.

Sixty dinner plates, originally the property of William Plomer, M. P., were sold together for $3,205. Sixteen dishes, circular and oval, brought $1,335.

A James I. silver gilt cup and cover, 20½ inches high, London hall-mark 1611, maker's mark TYL monogram, weight 39 ounces 14 pennyweight, was bought by Crichton for $22,500. The bowl of the cup is delicately engraved with the Plomer arms. The cup was presented by the Merchant Taylors' Guild in 1620 to John Plomer of New Windsor, Berkshire, on the occasion of his marriage to Anne Gerard, daughter of Philip Gerard, Reader of Gray's Inn.

Vincent paid $8,250 for a James I. silver-gilt rosewater ewer and dish, the ewer 11½ inches high, the dish 19¼ inches in diameter, on copper-gilt stand, London hall-mark 1618, maker's mark a trefoil, weight 119 ounces 11 pennyweight. This ewer was also a present from the Merchant Taylors' Guild to John Plomer.

The total for the sale was $54,965.

RARE BOOKS AT AUCTION.

Fine Examples of MS. "Hours" at the Dunn Sale in London.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—In the George Dunn library sale at Sotheby's to-day the original "Common-Place Book" of Sir Edward Hoby, favorite of King James I. and friend and patron of Camden, brought $450.

An illuminated manuscript, "Hours of the Virgin Mary," of the fifteenth century, written by a French scribe, in gothic letters on ninety small quarto pages, went for $230.

A French "Horae" of late fifteenth century execution, written on eighty-five vellum leaves and containing sixteen small, beautifully painted and richly illuminated historiated initial miniatures, was knocked down for $590.

A fine copy of the extremely rare Paris, 1509, edition of the "Hours," printed upon vellum with nineteen full-page woodcuts, an excellent specimen of Gillet Hardouyn's art of illuminating, sold for $300.

A first edition of Pierre Gringoire's "Hours of the Virgin," in French verse and extremely rare, brought $300.

An illuminated manuscript, "Horae ad Usum Ecclesiae Sarisberiensis," written on ninety-three vellum leaves, realized $440. On one of the leaves is the following inscription in the autograph of Margaret Pole, Countess of Salisbury and mother of Cardinal Pole, beheaded 1541: "My none good Soveraine lord, I pray you pray for me. Youres to my power, Margret Sallysbury."

"Fasciculus Medicine," by Joannes de Ketham, folio, Venice, 1495, sold for $305.

The sale will be continued to-morrow.

GOOD PICTURES SELL LOW.

"Loch Lomond," Attributed to Turner, for $27.50—A Tojetti for $65.

There were low prices for good pictures last night at the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, when the first lot of paintings by European and American artists, property of Mrs. Valerie L. Bronder, Walter E. Hildreth, and others were sold. One of the most interesting pictures of the sale was a "Madonna and Child," by Tojetti, a large canvas, 46 by 65, which went to a New York collector for $65. The Madonna is standing holding the child, the figures not too large, with a decorative background and a beautiful Italian carved wood frame.

"Loch Lomond," attributed to Turner, an old picture in bad condition, but charming, and in an old frame, went to the same collector, who believes it to be a Turner in the artist's best period, for $27.50. The same buyer paid $70 for a "Marine, Mouth of the Scheldt," by Francois Musin.

An attractive picture by Henry P. Smith, "New England Homestead," went to F. E. Dessar for $40; George Phillips paid $55 for a "Landscape" by George Mitchel; $47.50 for a pretty picture by J. Crawford Thom, "Childhood Pastimes," and $95 for a "Morning Landscape," attributed to Corot. "The Landing," a vivid picture of wind-blown figures on a pier, by Hubert Salentin, went to H. Van Brink for $52.50; "Penitent Magdalen," a kneeling figure, typical Hener style, went for $125; Di Salvo paid $100 for the "Market Place," a large picture by Pannini; "Cows and Landscape," Van Marcke, went to Edward Hill for $95; "Gallantry," a picture in pleasing color tones, went for $80; a charming Ede, "Landscape and Sheep," a broad stream with sheep and shepherd crossing and stretches of green meadow, brought $40, and "Near Litle Point, Catskill Mountains," by Thomas Doughty, went to M. S. Allen for $110.

The returns for the evening were $2,083. The sale will be continued this evening at 8:15.

AMERICANA AT AUCTION.

Brings Fair Prices at the Heartman Sale—Rare Books Sold.

In a sale of Americana and rare books by Charles F. Heartman at 36 Lexington Avenue last evening a copy of Hugh Gaines's "Universal Register," 24mo., New York, 1777, was obtained by F. W. Morris for $45. A French Breviary, Paris, 1767, in binding by Derome, brought $36. "Offices of the Virgin Mary," Rome, 1737, in contemporary Italian binding, arms of a Duke in the centre, sold for $27.

A scrapbook of colored caricatures went for $25. "Epistolae Francisci Philelfi," quarto, Milan, Circa, 1498, with rare early bookplate by Cranach, dated 1535, was knocked down for $34. A Latin Bible, printed in 1486 by Johannes de Amerbach, brought $24.50.

The rare "Life of Gen. Nathaniel Greene," by William Johnson, Charleston, 1822, realized $19.

The sale will be continued this evening, among the more important items being an original unpublished manuscript of George Moore, the omitted chapter from his "Memoirs of My Dead Life."

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HAVANA CIGARS
MADE IN BOND
under
GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION
of
HAVANA TOBACCO
IMPORTED FROM CUBA
GUARANTEED by this Stamp on every box.

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TAMPA, FLA.
LONG FILLER
WITHOUT BINDER
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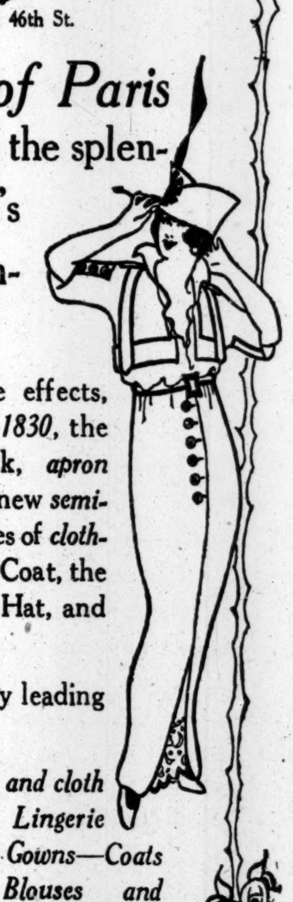
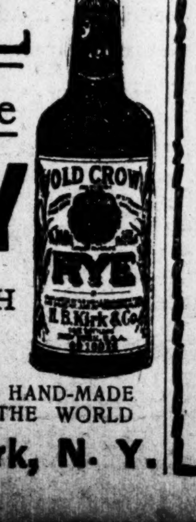
THE above Government Customs Stamp guarantees you that Jose Vila Cigars are made of the same tobacco and workmanship as cigars imported from Cuba; yet they are sold at 25% less in price. More costly to dealers than adulterated cigars. Popular prices to you, 3 for 25c and up. If your dealer does not carry them and you are a lover of Pure Havana Cigars, notify us.
Berriman Bros., Makers, 1170 Broadway.

CHURCHILL'S
Broadway at 49th Street. Telephone 5175 Bryant
New York's Famous Restaurant
20 Entertainers CABARET 20 Entertainers
EVERY EVENING 7 TO CLOSING
$1.25 DINNER 6 TO 9 $1.25
A La Carte All Hours Banquet Halls



J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566-568 FIFTH AVE., at 46th St.
The New Ideas of Paris are already set forth in the splendid displays of Women's Outer-dress now assembled here.
All the new and fashionable effects, such as the *bouffant styles of 1830*, the *spiral* skirt, the bustle back, *apron* effects, *pouch skirts, puffs*, etc., new *semi-eton* Suits in combination styles of *cloth-with-taffeta*, the new *envelope* Coat, the *Bo-Peep* Frock, the *Watteau* Hat, and many other new ideas.
The *same styles* now shown by leading couturiers of Paris.
Two and Three-piece Suits of silk and cloth — Dance Frocks — Linen and Lingerie Dresses — Afternoon and Evening Gowns — Coats — Coatees — Separate Skirts — Blouses and Millinery.



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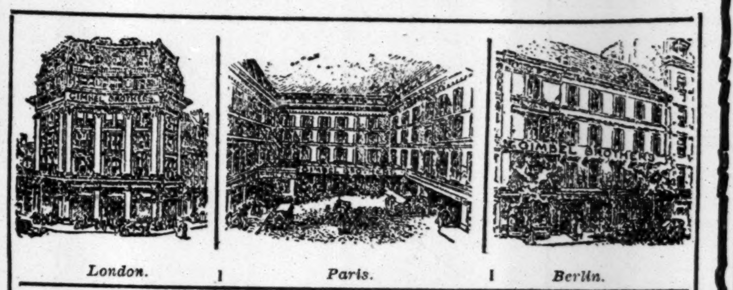
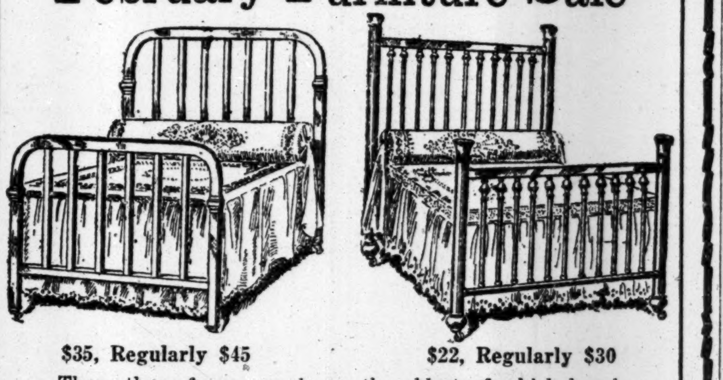
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
America's Finest Rye
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

LAURELS
SOMEONE has said "Don't rest on your laurels or laurels will soon rest on you."
We have never been content to let a year go by without improvement not only in our guarantee fund but in our methods of title examination.
The public has appreciated this and to-day, thanks to its patronage, our capital and surplus are greater than the combined capital and surplus of all the other title companies in Greater New York.
We shall be glad to guarantee your title when you buy or lend on real estate.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

GIMBELS



London. Paris. Berlin.
"On Foreign Service"
Those are picked men who are chosen to represent their country in other lands—whether diplomats, soldiers or sailors. It is equally important for an institution like GIMBELS to have a picked body of men representing it under foreign flags.
And it is due to the remarkable GIMBEL Foreign Organization that these three stores of ours are bound more closely than any other stores, on this side of the water, are to happenings abroad—whether fashion changes, sudden swings in merchandise conditions that can be brought to our advantage, or what else.
With headquarters in Paris, and *filiales* in Berlin and London, we cover Europe, and through Europe the world, as with an invisible though ever vigilant web.
Only the other day, for instance, we discovered the lack of a certain kind of goods in our preparations for an important sale. Impossible to send our New York buyer abroad for it. But we cabled our Paris office—a special messenger was dispatched to a certain town in France, and within two days a cable came, telling us that the goods were bought, at our price, and on their way to the steamer which was to bring them to America.
Thus it is not strange that you can always count on finding at GIMBELS the new things from abroad that are *good*, and many a wonderfully attractive offering, picked up on the spot and hurried over to us while at the top of its demand.
The store is full of just such opportunities now—Spring newnesses and special offerings—all from abroad.
Brass Bedsteads from Three Makers
All Good—Saving 25 Per Cent.—In The
February Furniture Sale



$35, Regularly $45 $22, Regularly $30
These three famous makers—the oldest of which has been in business for over fifty years—turn out between them—35% of the brass bedsteads made in America.
Their great output is the result of the high efficiency of their well-equipped factories, and results in the utmost possible economy of cost to you—the "ultimate consumer."
But you are as much interested in the *quality* of the Bedsteads as in their price, and we have picked these three makers from among many competitors, because they set their quality standards first before considering the price at all.
Whether you pay $9.75 or $115 for one of the 75 styles and finishes represented in the Sale, you are sure to buy a Bedstead that will **stand up** and not become loose in the joints and become prematurely old.
The designs are the newest and most artistic that these makers have turned out—many of them with the favored square tubing. The lacquer is the best that modern processes have produced in America, and we are ready at any time to replace a bedstead that does not give good service in this respect.
Your choice in the February Furniture Sale lies between 25 different prices, of which the following are specimens:
$9.75 from $12.50 $15 from $20 $23.75 from $35 $55 from $65
$12.75 from $16 $16 from $22 $35 from $45 $115 from $165
These Bedsteads form what is probably the best displayed and most attractive exhibit of the kind in New York today.
In connection with the February Furniture Sale we also offer
Special February Prices on Healthful Bedding
Splendidly made Mattresses, Box Springs, Pillows and Bolsters, and the best types of Spring Mattresses, all at interesting February price concessions. Examples:

	February Price.	Regular Price.
Mattresses of pure South American horse hair, full size	$25.25	$32.25
Box Springs, upholstered; full size	$11.75	$14
Cotton Mattresses, choice of fancy ticking, full size	$6	$8.50
Felt Mattresses, made in layers; stitched; roll edge; full size; one part	$9	$16

Pillows, $1.10, usually $1.50; $2.25, usually $3; $3, usually $4; $3.25, usually $4.75.
Fireside Wing Chairs, Very Special at $10
For living room or bedroom the wing chair enjoys great popularity nowadays.
As a feature of the February Furniture Sale we have secured 500 of these Chairs to sell at the low price of $10 each. They have hardwood frames in mahogany finish, and spring seat with lose cushion and are covered in denim or a choice of attractive cretonnes.
Special display in the Bedding Section, Seventh Floor.
GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Loeser's
Good Morning!
The man who defined economy as "the science which teaches how to live better and spend less" would have been interested in what is going on at Loeser's this month.
Fine things are going out into homes where they will give good service—and where the large savings made by their prudent purchasers are appreciated.
Sales Going On include
Furniture
China
Needle-craft
Housewares
Linens
Furs
Savings range anywhere from 10 per cent. to more than 50 per cent.
French Gloves.
Many women consider "Narcisse" Gloves a dress necessity.
Made for us by Trefousse et Cie. of Chaumont of selected French kidskins and by the most skilful workers.
Sold exclusively by the Loeser Store.
"Narcisse" Mousquetaires are the Gloves in requirement for evening wear. 12 to 24 button lengths. In suede at $2.25 to $3.75; in glace kid at $3 to $4.50 a pair.
Main Floor, Bond Street.
Shoes That Never Walk Backward.
Loeser "Innovation" Shoes for women have never walked backward since we first introduced them as the best $3.50 Shoes made.
We are not content to have them best, but our constant study is how to have them better.
Not only must they mold their forms to the changes of fashion, but they must take in every new idea that makes for greater service.
New INNOVATIONS for Spring show these style tendencies:
Larger and straighter vamps, the elimination of all bumps, giving a straight toe; lighter soles and modest Cuban heels.
Innovation Low Shoes are already shown in dull calf and patent leather in various models that will appeal to lovers of dainty footwear.
Main Floor.
A Lace Clearance.
We are closing out a great variety of Laces in such styles as French Valenciennes, Linen Cluny, Venise, Black Chantilly, Shadow, Silk-and-cotton Nets, etc. Chiefly Laces with insertions to match.
10c. to $1.50 grades marked 2c. to 29c. a yard.
A Coat Clearance.
A few handsome Coats for women, small women and misses that were up to $35 are now marked $15 each. Not every size in each style, but near to forty styles for choice.
Of fancy boucles, astrakhan cloths, chinchilla, eponges, warmth-without-weight cloths, polos, vicunas, etc. Many in black, but a good representation of blue, brown and other shades.
MEN'S CORNER
50c Silk Four-in-Hands, 25c.
Half dollar Ties in every respect but less in price because the manufacturer is making up the short ends of silks that would otherwise be wasted. Wide variety of stripes, figures and plain effects, almost as many patterns as there are Ties.
$1 and $1.50 Shirts, 75c.
Plaited, plain and soft Shirts, the product of two of the best makers, who regularly supply us with Shirts. Among them some attractive "Girard" Shirts.
Some with stiff cuffs attached, others with soft turnback cuffs. Sizes 13½ to 17½ in the lot, but not in every pattern.
Men's Superior Half Dollar Balbriggan Underwear, 3 Garments for $1
A large consignment just received from the mill. Short and long sleeve Shirts, and Drawers to match,
Our Invitation to come means a generous welcome.
Frederick Loeser & Co.
Subway to Hoyt Street—Time 17 Minutes from 42nd Street

$395,000

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If a sure income is wanted buy our

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

HAIR
Its Nature, Growth, and Common Affections, with Rules for Its Preservation. Profusely Illustrated.
By RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.
Wm. R. Jenkins Company, Publishers, N. Y.
Cloth Bound, $1.50.

AKED BOWS TO CRITICISM.

Will Quit as Church Federation Head—Views on Jesus Objected To.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—As the result of criticisms directed by the Presbyterian Ministers' Associations of the San Francisco Bay cities against a declaration made Sunday by the Rev. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the First Congregational Church, he will probably resign as President of the San Francisco Church Federation, according to announcement made to-day by Dr. Aked himself. No action is due until the next meeting of the Executive Committee of the federation, Feb. 13, "but the probability is," Dr. Aked said to-day, "that I shall accede to the suggestion for my resignation.

"I was elected unanimously during my absence from San Francisco, but now it would seem that my election was not unanimous in spirit. I have no doubt ninety-nine in a hundred of the federation members would wish me to continue; but I had rather resign than hurt the feelings of the hundredth.

"The whole thing has a comic side. As I understand it, what these brethren object to are my theories of the birth of Jesus. In June, 1909, as pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church in New York, I preached a sermon justifying the New York Presbytery in admitting to the Presbytery several members of Union Theological Seminary who held exactly the same views that I preached last Sunday. Objection to their ordination had been made, but they were admitted.

"At the same time I protested against a heresy hearing then in progress against Dr. Foster of the University of Chicago. The desire was to have John D. Rockefeller aid in ousting Dr. Foster, and Mr. Rockefeller came especially to hear my sermon. I predicted that Mr. Rockefeller would not earmark his money by supporting any section of a denomination in a doctrinal controversy, and the next morning he sent a telegram to that effect to Chicago.

"I said nothing last Sunday inconsistent with my past public utterances. I can't make out what all the fuss is about."

In his sermon last Sunday Dr. Aked said he would not support the doctrine of the miraculous conception and birth of Christ.

"My conclusion upon this question," he announced, "is that the faith of Mark and John and James and Paul is good enough for me. It is good enough for any Christian. These men say nothing about Jesus having come into the world in a miraculous way. I prefer to stand with them."

The Presbyterian Association sent to the Church Federation a letter reading in part:

"While freely according to all the right to fullest liberty to worship God according to the dictates of their consciences, we believe that the statements of his belief as given in the daily press by the Rev. C. F. Aked, D. D., thoroughly disqualify him to act as the official representative of the Evangelical churches of San Francisco."

DINNER TO DR. MOSKOWITZ.

Neighbors Honor New Head of Civil Service Commission.

A "neighborhood dinner" was given to Dr. Henry Mosokwitz, the new President of the Civil Service Commission, at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street, last night. About 300 "neighbors" were present, including Emory R. Buckner, Raymond V. Ingersoll, the new Commissioner of Parks in Brooklyn; Justice Aaron J. Levy, Judge Otto Rosalsky, and Job E. Hedges.

Dr. Moskowitz, who lives at 310 Madison Street, was born in the neighborhood and has lived there all his life. He said there were many reforms he hoped to bring about in Civil Service affairs and that he intended to have printed and distributed freely a book that would show particulars of examinations for Civil Service places.

M'KAY IS RAPIDLY REFORMING POLICE

Mayor Is Pleased with His Progress in Driving Out the Gunmen.

LINE-UP IS NEXT REFORM

Many Fixed Posts Will Be Eliminated—Capt. John McClintock Made First Deputy.

Police Commissioner McKay, with the approval of Mayor Mitchel, will put into effect during the next few days two of the most important reforms advocated by the Curran Police Investigating Committee. These include the modification of the fixed-post system and the re-establishment of the "line-up" at the Detective Bureau every morning. In a letter to the Mayor yesterday Commissioner McKay said he was in favor of establishing these two reforms immediately.

The Commissioner also said he had made considerable headway in breaking up gangs of professional criminals and gunmen. The Mayor wrote the Commissioner complimenting him upon his efforts to suppress organized crime and violence in the city, and said that he was in favor of the plan to reorganize the department.

Commissioner McKay wrote that he intended to eliminate fixed posts from such portions of the city as are devoted almost exclusively to business purposes; to reduce the posts along certain marginal streets, to eliminate the posts entirely in undeveloped territory and on thoroughfares unfrequented at night, and at such places where the posts overlap or where on account of thoroughfares crossing diagonally the general system of locations has brought two posts nearer together than necessity requires.

On the other hand the Commissioner said he intended to utilize the system in other parts of the city where there is no urgent need for additional police protection.

Regarding the re-establishment of the line-up at Police Headquarters, the Commissioner said:

"The line-up was formerly in use by the Police Department. It was discontinued some time ago. No simple but effective system for familiarizing detectives with the personal appearance, voice, mannerisms, &c., of the criminals has been substituted for the line-up. No such system has been devised the details of which can be acquired without long-continued study and practice. Systems of photographic analysis are complicated, and proficiency in them is acquired with difficulty. Any such system lacks the interest which is created by personal observation at the line-up.

"I recommend that the line-up be restored, but that a fractional part only of the detective force be required to attend daily. The moral effect upon the criminal would be practically as good, and the previous objections would be largely eliminated."

The Commissioner said he had completed arrangements for the installation of an adequate system for handling complaints; had made a rearrangement of the duties assigned to Deputy Police Commissioners, and had arranged for a reorganization of the School for Recruits.

Regarding the suppression of crime, so far as he has proceeded, the Commissioner wrote to the Mayor:

"On Jan. 2 you instructed me to make vigorous use of the agencies of this department to rid the city of professional criminals and so-called gunmen. I issued such pertinent instructions to the force in general, and to special groups organized for specific purposes, as I believed to be necessary.

"From personal observations and from numerous reports, confidential and otherwise, I find that considerable progress has been made during the past month. Much still remains to be done, but it is a fact that within this comparatively short time conditions have improved remarkably. This desired result is not to be accomplished without effective and sustained activity on the part of the police, or without the aid of the prosecuting authorities and the judicial officers, which we now have.

"The department proposes to hold every advantage which has thus far been secured, and to continue persistently until the criminal and vicious element is made thoroughly to understand that this city is not a safe abiding place."

The Commissioner said that in January 194 arrests for carrying concealed weapons had been made, and that forty-five men had been arrested for pocket-picking. The special squad of detectives, he said, had visited over 500 saloons, cafés, lodging houses, lunchrooms, fifteen-ball poolrooms, and cigar stores to observe the character of patrons, and had cautioned proprietors in proper cases to exclude known professional criminals.

In his letter to the Police Commissioner the Mayor said:

"The constructive suggestions which you make as first steps to be taken toward the reorganization of the department we have already discussed in conference. They have my full approval, and I request that you put them into effect with all possible speed."

FIRST DEPUTY AN ARMY MAN.

McClintock Has Tried Law, Travel, and Stock Exchange.

With the appointment yesterday of Capt. John McClintock as First Deputy Police Commissioner the administrative force of the Police Department is now complete. Capt. McClintock called upon Commissioner McKay in the afternoon. They were together for a long time and then came the official announcement of the appointment. The new deputy will enter upon his duties this afternoon or to-morrow.

Capt. McClintock is the second army man to be appointed to the Police Department, under the new Administration. Commissioner McKay was formerly an officer in the army. The new First Deputy is a son of Emory McClintock, at one time President of the Mutual Life Insurance Company. He is 40 years old and unmarried. He was graduated from the Berkeley School and later took up the study of law at Columbia and the New York Law School. Then he went abroad, visited London, Paris, and Leipsig for the Government and making a study of the diplomatic service. Upon his return he bought a seat on the New York Stock Exchange but gave it up on account of ill health.

His army service began in the Spanish-American war. Gov. Black appointed him a major in the 203d New York Volunteers and he went with the regiment as far as South Carolina. He was mustered out and became a second lieutenant in the regular army in 1899. He was assigned to the Eleventh Infantry and was made first lieutenant in 1906. He saw service in the Philippines, and was Collector of Internal Revenue in Luzon.

McKAY AT BRONX STATIONS.

Commissioner Says His Night Visits Are "Purely Routine."

Police Commissioner McKay visited the three principal police stations in the Bronx in the middle hours of the watch last night, and spent some time in the Morrisania, the High Bridge, and the Alexander Avenue Station, talking with the Captains in charge and looking over things generally.

He said his visit was purely routine, and there was no special significance to be attached to it.

HIS ARDOR SURVIVES JAIL.

Japanese Sentenced Again for Renewing Unwelcome Suit.

Although he was discharged not long ago from the Mineola County Jail after serving six months for persisting in annoying attentions on Mary Dallies, an English servant in the household of Pat Casey, the theatrical booking agent at 207 West Eighty-ninth Street, Arita, a Japanese valet, was arrested again yesterday on the girl's complaint that he had resumed his ardent wooing only last Saturday. Magistrate Deuel put him under $300 bonds for six months.

In court Miss Dallies displayed an imposing packet of letters from Arita—letters which had come from him in the last year—sometimes at the rate of five a day. They came even from the jail. Here is a sample:

"I am lost sleep nightly thinking and dreaming about you. When I was in jail, I to poor to get lawyer, but Judge give me State lawyer, and he sparked talk like for son. Lawyer fix up my case as very easy to me, as I am first time I had arrested. Judge was very kindness to me. If I go Sing Sing, must go 97 years, but I was luck, only few months right here. I was write you foolish, but I am not bad men or bomb."

Five Dead in Hotel Fire.

KELLIHER, Minn., Feb. 4.—Five men are known to be dead, several are missing, and thirteen were seriously injured as the result of a fire which destroyed a three-story frame hotel here to-day. The dead are Odin Mikkelson, Gabriel Shoberg, Charles Larson, N. Pratt, and M. McQuinn. The fire started from the furnace, which was being worked to its capacity on account of the intense cold—17 below zero.

SEE THIEVES RAID FROM FAR WINDOW

Watchman Struck Down and Dragged Inside by Five Armed Thugs.

DETECTIVES COME RUNNING

Pistol Battle in Dark Room of Storage Building, Then Chase and Two Captures.

Some employes of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company in Long Island City were looking out of a window on the top floor of their factory yesterday noon in the direction of the storage building of the United States Metal Products Company a few blocks away at Borden and Review Avenues, when one of them noticed five men enter the yard of the storage building. He idly watched the five as they approached the watchman, making a solitary round of the premises, and then suddenly he cried out excitedly and pointed to the little "thriller" being enacted under his eyes, for even at that distance he could see that the five strangers were leveling revolvers at the watchman.

From their vantage point the group at the window saw one of the five strike the watchman on the head with a force that dropped the man to the ground. Then the five disappeared within the building, dragging the limp form of the watchman after them.

At that there was a scurry on the top floor of the building a few blocks away. One of the chance spectators of the assault on the watchman telephoned the police and others hurried over to the metal company's storehouse. The word had been sped so quickly that by the time they got there four detectives were approaching on the run. As they reached the yard of the big storehouse they could hear the thieves moving about inside and talking.

"Watch out," was the caution from the Brunswick-Balke trailers. "Those men have got guns."

"So have we," said the detectives, as they tiptoed to a window, raised it silently, and crawled in. The five intruders were all at the far end of the one big room making up the first floor. They were busy gathering up goods when, at the sight of the police, they opened fire.

The big room was dimly lighted. The tall pillars rising here and there from floor to ceiling made good fortifications for a brief skirmish, and with the thieves at one end and the police at the other the battle began. There was the noise of many shots fired as the detectives kept dodging nearer and nearer, from pillar to pillar. Then the thieves made a rush for a little back door and, slamming it behind them, locked it in the face of the pursuing detectives. At least four of them did, for the fifth ran too close to Detective Schroeder and the detective pounced on him, so that he did not enter into the rest of the story.

The locking of the door gave the four fugitives a slight start across the open lots to Newtown Creek. Out and after them the three detectives ran, and every minute they sent a few bullets on ahead of them. One of the fleeing men tripped and fell and he, too, was captured. The other three escaped into the maze of the Long Island Railroad freight yards on the edge of the creek.

Returning to the storage building with their captives the detectives found the watchman locked in the boiler room. He is Robert Webster of 513 Ninth Street, College Point. He had received a bad cut over his left eye and had to be treated at St. John's Hospital.

The two prisoners, who said they were William Keyser of 297 Green Street, Brooklyn, and Patrick Savage of 243 Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn, were charged with assault and robbery. Last night detectives arrested two men to be held as suspicious persons until they can explain where they were yesterday noon.

BARS HER ELDERLY WOOER.

Affronted Gruehn Goes to Court, but Fails to Press His Case.

Samuel Gruehn, a twine merchant who lives at 156 West 144th Street, appeared in the West Side Court yesterday after serving a summons for Miss Stella Howard, to whom he had been paying attentions for some time. Miss Howard is 18 years old and Mr. Gruehn is about fifty-six years her senior. All went well from his point of view until Saturday, when, accompanied by his married daughter, he went to Miss Howard's apartment at 270 West Ninety-seventh Street to ask her hand in marriage. She would not even see him.

Finally the janitor conducted both of the callers to the door and yesterday the court proceedings were begun. On Mr. Gruehn's representation that Miss Howard was withholding $20 of his money, she was summoned to appear in court.

Gruehn was accompanied by his lawyers, one of his five children, and his grandson, a lad of 18 years. Miss Howard was accompanied by her landlady and a lawyer.

When 11 o'clock came and the case had not yet been called, Mr. Gruehn departed, saying that he would return, but when the case was called he had not returned, so it was dismissed.

On her was out Miss Howard explained that she had never taken Mr. Gruehn seriously, but when he brought his daughter to visit her she decided to bar her door against him. Gruehn first saw Miss Howard when she was "demonstrating" mops in a Bronx store.

153,897 WOMEN REGISTER.

First Day's Record in Chicago—Expect 100,000 More to Turn Out.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—Unofficial returns show that 153,897 women registered in Chicago yesterday and qualified as voters under the new Illinois suffrage law. Their first opportunity to exercise the franchise will be on Feb. 24 at the Aldermanic primaries.

Woman suffrage leaders estimate that fully one-third of the eligible women voters of the city registered. Their figures show that approximately 450,000 women in Chicago are eligible to vote. This number equals the total registration of men.

Predictions were made by women leaders that 100,000 or more women would qualify on the next registration day, March 17. Mrs. Medill McCormick, Chairman of the Congressional Committee of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, said:

"The women naturally are timid about going to the polls. It takes a great deal of courage for a woman to go out to register for the first time. They will not be so backward next registration day, and the result will be that yesterday's record will be at least doubled."

Women election judges and clerks were a success in every precinct where they served, according to election officials. More than 700 women acted in this capacity for the first time in Chicago. In the precincts where women acted as election officials, most of the men who registered doffed their hats and threw away their cigars when they entered the polling places.

FIRST 'WHITE LIST' OF PLAYS

Catholic Theatre Movement Indicates Kind It Will Select.

Under the direction of Mgr. M. J. Lavelle the first bulletin of the Catholic Theatre Movement, an organization which is to decide what plays are worthy of the support of theatregoers who are Catholics, was issued yesterday. It contains the first "White List" of plays supported by the organizers of the movement but this list is given merely as an indication of the kind of plays which will be supported and the list of twelve plays contains the names of only two now before the public here. These plays are:

"Bunty Pulls the Strings," "D'Israeli," "Liberty Hall," "Little Women," "Milestones," "Officer 666," "Peg O' My Heart," "Pomander Walk," "Poor Little Rich Girl," "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," "The Governor's Lady," "The Things That Count."

According to an announcement this list is to be added to before the next number and an effort made to present as soon as possible a complete list of "White" Plays.

The first page of the bulletin is given over to a letter from Cardinal Farley to the officers and members of the Catholic Theatre Movement. He says in part:

> I take occasion of the publication of your Bulletin to send you my hearty commendation, and to say that I hope The Catholic Theatre movement will have the active support of every pastor and priest of the Archdiocese of New York. It is my wish that they make the movement known to the faithful, and appeal to them for hearty co-operation with its plans and projects.
>
> A year ago, at my earnest desire, The Catholic Theatre movement was inaugurated. Since then the situation with regard to improper plays has become, at times, even more acute and threatening. The secular press has, almost without exception, recognized the danger to public morality, and has made fearless and effective protests against influences for evil in the theatre. I am happy to feel that you are engaged, heart and soul, in a movement so timely, and, I may add, so vitally necessary.

The date of the issue of the next Bulletin is not announced, but it is understood that officers of the organization are visiting many of the theatres at the present time, and preparing a list of "white" plays which will be published late this month.

Another Big Prussian Loan.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—The great success of the recent issue by the Prussian Government of approximately $00,000,000 in treasury notes at 4 per cent. has induced it to decide on a further issue of $50,000,000 on the same terms.

Table Silver

Grace, beauty and quality are all combined in silver articles marked

1847 ROGERS BROS.

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Money to Loan on Westchester County Real Estate

A recent reduction in the interest rate makes it possible for us to loan on improved property at

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FOR $3 I'LL WRITE you a circular letter so strenuous it will HAVE to bring you business. For particulars address PROSPERITY, P. O. Box 1,647, New York.

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THE Fifth Avenue busses form the only open air transportation lines in New York.

They pass most of the interesting places in the City.

Bundle up and climb on top of a bus—ride the whole route.

You'll see the city at its best and in the open air.

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Did you lose your pocketbook?

If you were in a Yellow Taxicab call up Columbus Ten Thousand right away. Say what happened, where and when.

We are almost sure to find it.

Reason. Our drivers are men of known records for honesty and reliability. We are in constant touch with them by telephone.

That's mighty cheap insurance and

That's our kind of service.

Yellow Taxicab Company
Call up Columbus Ten Thousand

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Semi-Annual Shoe Sale

20% Discount

Choicest leathers and capable handwork produce our quality of Footwear. Even a moderate discount on such shoes assures economical opportunity.

Button and Lace Boots for Men and Women

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Fifth Avenue Boot Shop
Fifth Avenue,
Between 26th and 27th Sts.

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The Greatest Modern Educator Of Children—

Mme. Montessori

on her recent tour of America included Battle Creek, the great Pure Food Center, in her itinerary. Speaking of diet for children she makes the following statement (in the Chicago Daily Journal of Dec. 31, 1913):

"Coffee and tea should never be placed within reach of a childish hand."

Besides being an educator, Madame Montessori is a physician, and bases this advice on her scientific knowledge that an ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of caffeine—a poisonous drug, (also found in tea).

In these days of liberal education the average American parent is becoming informed concerning the baneful effects of tea and coffee drinking, not only on the youth, but on those further along in life.

How much better to place before the children (and older ones too) a wholesome, nutritious, pure food-drink such as

POSTUM

Made only of prime whole wheat and a small percent of pure molasses, Postum contains only the rich native value of the grain—good for young and old. Postum is free from caffeine or other harmful substance.

Postum comes in two forms:

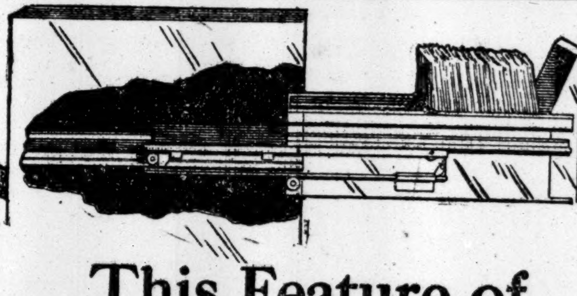
Regular Postum—must be well boiled to bring out its rich flavour and food value. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder. A teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water—with cream and sugar—makes a delightful beverage **instantly.** 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

—sold by Grocers everywhere.



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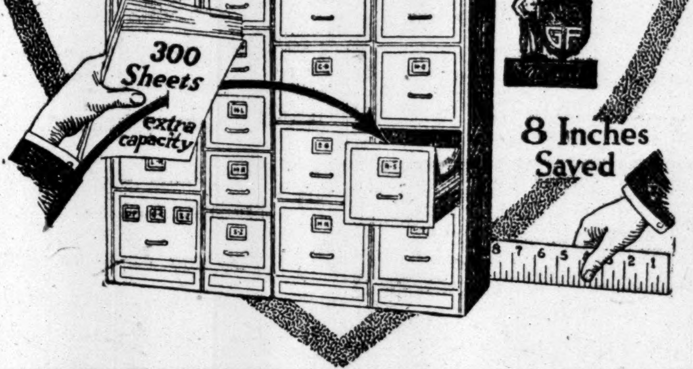

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Dr. Harvey W. Wiley has given Del Monte Peaches a star rating for quality and the Westfield, Mass., Board of Health has listed them as an example of purity. The U. S. Navy and Army Hospitals use Del Monte Peaches.

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BIG LEAGUES TO RESTRAIN DESERTING BALL PLAYERS--HOCKEY--ATHLETICS--SQUASH--GOLF

BIG LEAGUES PLAN TO THWART FEDERAL

Jumping Players to be Prevented from Playing by Injunctions.

As a result of the secret conference of major league club owners in Pittsburgh with President John K. Tener of the National League, organized baseball has hit upon a plan to thwart the efforts of the Federal League, during the coming season at least, by tying up their best players in legal entanglements which will prevent them from playing while the suits are pending. On the strength of the decision of the Pennsylvania courts in the Lajoie case several years ago the major league clubs will procure injunctions against the players who have jumped to the outlaws.

They figure that the litigation will drag along for at least a year or two and the outlaws will be embarrassed to such an extent that they will not be able to play during the coming season, anyway. An effort was made to keep the doings of the Pittsburgh conference secret, but as usual there was a leak, and President Charley Murphy of the Cubs is the man who has let the "cat out of the bag." In Mr. Murphy's lexicon there is no such word as silence.

Here is Mr. Murphy's explanation of how the majors expect to outgeneral the Federals: "The National League," says Mr. Murphy, "operates in only six States, New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Missouri, Ohio, and Massachusetts. In one of these States, Pennsylvania, the reserve clause in baseball contracts has been held legal.

"Suppose the Supreme Courts in the other five States do as Pennsylvania has done. Courts are largely governed by precedent. This sort of litigation might take two or three years to complete, but the National and American Leagues would be operating, while the Federal League would be tied up with court orders, pending the final outcome of all the suits. This looks to me like a case of 'heads I win, tails you lose.' In addition, the American League operates in Michigan and the District of Columbia. It seems to me to be a comparatively easy matter to tie up the Federal League promoters at least until it is too late for them to get under way in 1914.

"Some of the financial backers of the Federal League will soon know more about organized baseball than they do now. The Pittsburgh conference gives them an inkling which may save them some money before it is too late."

King Cole, the Yankee pitcher, who has jumped back to the local club, after signing a contract and accepting $800 from the Federal League, yesterday, in a letter to Charles Weeghman of the Chicago outlaw club, accused President Jim Gilmore of the Federals of changing the date of his contract so that it would appear to have been signed before Cole accepted the local club's terms.

Cole says that he signed his Federal contract after he had received a telegram from President Farrell accepting his terms, and President Gilmore dated the contracts Dec. 30, so it would appear that the pitcher had accepted the outlaw terms first. So Cole has informed Mr. Weeghman that, on the advice of his lawyer, he is compelled to live up to his contract with the New York Club.

Right on top of all his worries about the Federal League, the Giants' big banquet and Spring training details, Secretary John B. Foster received a visit from Charley Faust yesterday. Faust wants to be re-engaged by the Giants as a "jinx" dispeller, just as he was in 1912. He said he was willing to sign a contract, and promised not to jump to the Federal League. Mr. Foster told Faust that there was a heap of money behind the Federals, and advised him to jump if he saw a good chance. Faust has been spending the Winter on the coast. It's a mystery how he reached New York.

Faust was dressed in a Tuxedo coat and wore a sweater as protection against the weather. He also wore woolen stockings. Mr. Foster explained to Faust that he was a little bit late, and that the Giant roster was filled up to the limit. That didn't worry Faust, and he suggested that the New York Club could drop a player or two and make room for him. Mr. Foster expects to be busy all the time Faust is in town. Faust says if Mr. Foster can not talk business with him he will go down the bay on March 6 and meet Manager McGraw and tell him his story.

FEDERAL TO RAID MINORS.

Tinker Admits Yankees Had Prior Claim to King Cole.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The Federal League has turned its attention to the clubs of the big minor leagues and has begun to riddle some of the teams, according to Joe Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federals. With the exception of a few major leaguers still wavering, practically all the players in the American and National Leagues have decided on what side of the fence the coming season will find them. To round out the squads from which the Federal League teams will be chosen on the training trips, inroads into the ranks of the minor organizations have been begun.

Not only are players now in minor league rosters sought by the Federals, but those who may receive their ten days' notices of release from major to minor leagues will be offered places by the new organization.

Developments to-day in the Cole case convinced Manager Tinker that the pitcher belongs to the New York Americans, and no attempt in court or otherwise will be made to force him to carry out the contract he made with the local Federal League club. It was found that Cole had practically accepted terms with the Yankees before he signed the contract with Tinker, and the threats of court action were based on Cole's misunderstanding of his position. Rather than take a weak case to court, the Federals will give up Cole, they said.

Manager Tinker declared, however, that the Federal League would fight the Killifer case to the limit, and prophesied that Killifer would play with his team or not at all.

A number of players, Tinker hinted, have not lived up to "gentlemen's agreements" with the Federal League, and henceforth will not be favored with offers.

President Chivington of the American Association probably will be among minor leaguers in the gathering of baseball men at New York next week, incidental to the big league meetings, he said to-day. Rumors that war measures will be discussed there were scouted by him.

Word was received here to-day that six of the stars on the Giants-White Sox world tour are still unsigned and an effort, it was said, would be made before they embark on the last leg of their long trip to line them up for the Federals. Crawford of Detroit and Speaker of the Boston Americans are among the unsigned men, it was said.

The contract of Ellis Johnson, pitcher, was received by the Chicago Americans to-day. Johnson, whose home is in Minneapolis, was a member of the White Sox last year, but did not report on account of illness.

Steve Kane, former National League umpire, to-day signed a contract with the Federal League.

Sunday Baseball Bill Killed.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 4.—A bill legalizing professional baseball on Sunday in Baltimore City was unfavorably reported by a committee of the House of Delegates to-day. A motion to substitute the bill for the unfavorable report was voted down almost unanimously.

Cleveland Players Begin Training.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—Seven players of the Cleveland American League Baseball Club, in charge of Joe Birmingham, manager, and Charles Hite, trainer, arrived here last night, and to-day began Spring training in preparation for the 1914 season. Eighteen members of the Cleveland team are expected here before the week ends.

NEW SKATING RECORD.

Robert McLean Covers 50 Yards in Five Seconds at Lake Placid.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Feb. 4.—A new world's skating record of five seconds for the fifty yard dash was established here this afternoon by Robert McLean of Chicago, amateur champion of the world, after he had won two of the principal events of the racing card.

The trial in which the amateur champion clipped one-fifth of a second off the previous record of five and one-fifth seconds established by Morris Wood at Pittsburgh in 1907 was made in the presence of the officials of the midwinter festival races, John Harding of Saranac Lake, Vice President of the International Skating Union, acting as one of the timers.

McLean made a poor showing in the first of the big events, finishing third in the 220 yard dash, which was won by J. Walker of Saranac Lake. W. Edward Horton of the same place was second, in 20 seconds.

Warming to his work, however, McLean captured the 440 yard event in fast time, making the distance in the final in 40 seconds, and shortly afterward taking the mile even in three minutes.

George Allen, amateur junior champion of the United States, claimed a foul against McLean in the 440 yard event, but although supported by one of the judges the claim was not allowed by the referee.

Horton disputed A. J. Osickey's claim to second place in the 440 yard event, and upon starting over again Osickey won. The winner of the two mile race was Louis Fortune of Saranac Lake, with Godfrey Dewey of Lake Placid in second place.

Miss Emma Fortune of Lake Placid won the 440 yard dash and the half mile race for women.

NO PLANS FOR YACHT TRIALS

Cup Defender Schedule for Tests Not Yet Decided Definitely.

No announcement was made at the New York Yacht Club last night of the proposed meeting of owners and managers of the three yachts, aspirants of America's Cup, defending honors against Shamrock IV. W. Butler Duncan, who has been appointed a committee of one to arrange for the trial races which will determine the defending yacht, announced that the plans had not yet been formulated and that no announcement would be made at the present time.

It is expected that the yachts will be launched early in May and the programme of trial races will be determined as soon as is advisable. It is expected that the racing will begin on Long Island Sound early in June, and probably several of the races will be held off Newport. However, there is a possibility that there will be one trial over the regular cup course off Sandy Hook at some time previous to the coming of the Shamrock IV. Many yachtsmen are in favor of this trial, and there is much interest in the offer of the Atlantic Yacht Club of a trophy for this race.

The three yachts will probably be at New London about June 19 at the Yale-Harvard regatta. The greater part of the trial racing will be held on the course off Newport, from the old Brenton's Reef Lightship, in August, just after the New York Yacht Club cruise.

W. Butler Duncan has received an invitation from the Atlantic Yacht Club to hold a series of three races over the America's Cup course off Sandy Hook. Carlos de Zafra, Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the Atlantic Yacht Club, states that his organization will offer an appropriate trophy for such a series.

In offering to co-operate with the New York Yacht Club in a series that would furnish the best of data on the cup situation, the Atlantic Yacht Club has left it to the New York Yacht Club to name the dates and the conditions governing the series. The Sea Gate organization believes, however, that there should be at least three races.

AT THE MOTOR BOAT SHOW.

New Racer in the Lists—Lectures and a Harbor Improvement Scheme.

Commodore S. W. Whan of the Chelsea Yacht Club of Atlantic City, N. J., who was a visitor at the Motor Boat Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday, purchased a forty-seven-foot cruiser which is to be entered in all the long-distance cruising events of the coming yachting season. The boat will be equipped with a four-cylinder medium duty sixty-horse-power engine and is guaranteed to make thirteen miles per hour. It will be a starter in the Atlantic City-to-Albany race, and most likely in the race to Bermuda. The boat was designed by Adolph Apel, who has designed many fast boats.

The crowds continued in some force at both the afternoon and evening sessions yesterday, and the total attendance bids fair to reach the previous high figures, despite the fact that a holiday was usually included in the shows of other years. One of the new features of this year's show is the exhibit of Government charts, showing all waters where motor boats are likely to be used. This exhibit, which is in charge of W. E. Parker of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, is in the concert hall and is attracting much attention.

"Different Types of Motor Boats" was the subject of the lecture by C. F. Chapman at the Educational Bureau yesterday afternoon, and in the evening A. C. Graw spoke on "A Trip Around Long Island in a Motor Boat." L. F. Hooper of New London gave a talk on "Fuel Costs."

The organizations mainly responsible for the Motor Boat Show have taken up the question of keeping the harbor clear of logs and driftwood. The logs that drift about the harbor and in the rivers have caused an immense amount of damage, and two years ago nearly every boat that took part in the carnival of racing was disabled in one way or another. This damage is not only confined to motor boats. Several propeller blades have been taken off fire boats, off other Government boats and off any number of vessels engaged in commerce. Through the officers of the Tompkinsville Boat Club, of which J. G. Ross, the Vice Commodore, is the moving spirit, the Supervisor of the Port of New York, the Department of Docks and Ferries, the Maritime Exchange, the Fire Department, the Waterways League and now the Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers are developing a scheme to keep the harbor free from this driftwood. They are going to ask the War Department to instruct fort commanders to clear their beaches and keep them clear. The Supervisor of the Harbor is to remove all floating débris. The Dock Department is to clear the beaches and enforce penalties, and it is expected that a material difference will be made in the amount of driftwood in the harbor. Other schemes are to be developed to do away with this nuisance.

"Lefty" Flynn Can't Re-enter Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 4.—"Lefty" Flynn has failed in his effort to re-enter Yale. The former full back came to the "Junior Prom" last night and admitted that he wished to rejoin his class in the Sheffield Scientific School. Director Chittenden said to-night that Flynn would not be allowed to return as a student, though efforts had been made in his behalf. He left the university and was dropped from the rolls when he married a chorus girl.

Cobb Makes Y. M. C. A. Record.

F. H. Cobb, a former Amherst College athlete, made a new record last night at the games of the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. when he ran two miles in 9:55 3-5, displacing the former best mark of 10:25. In the quarter-mile walk the only man to finish was E. L. Malone, whose time was 1:42.

ST. NICK HOCKEY PLAYERS IN LEAD

Defeat Hockey Club Team by 2 to 1 and Dissolve Tie for Title.

The addition of an extra period was necessary last night in the St. Nicholas Rink to dissolve the tie existing in the Amateur Hockey League championship between the teams of the St. Nicholas S. C. and the Hockey Club, as the score at the end of the two regularly scheduled halves was one-all. After 3 minutes and 18 seconds of the third period Ellis clinched the leadership of the league race for his side, the St. Nicks, when he scored the winning goal on the prettiest team play of the game. The score was 2 to 1.

The rink was crowded with the adherents of the teams, and the rooters were on tiptoe throughout, as the match was the fastest game of the Amateur League season. Some of the finest carries recently seen were accomplished in each of the early periods, and the stops by the goal men, Lewis for Hockey Club and Pierson for St. Nicks, were all that could have been desired. Each had almost innumerable shots fired his way, an intermitting attack first at one and, then the other, keeping the various rooters on edge throughout.

Hill, cover point for St. Nick, was the Hobey Baker of the match, and the manner in which he carried the disk from rink end to the opposition goal, hurdling any of the opposition who might attempt to check him, easily earned him the right to be considered the fastest man on the ice.

Peabody was the first to get possession after the first face-off, and he made a fine run, only to be checked in convincing fashion when he got into opponents' territory. Morgan had made several clever carries and was enabled to have his efforts count when, after bringing the rubber down the ice, he lifted it through for the first tally for St. Nick. Try as each side would from that stage on to the end of the period, the cage man for each side proved too alert, and neither was enabled to add to the score.

Bert White, the Hockey Club point, had a bad fall just before time call which caused a suspension of hostilities. He suffered a wrench of the right ankle, but after five minutes let-up was back in the game. Toward the end of the half the play became a trifle rough, and Trimble, the St. Nicholas point, was penalized for tripping.

The early part of the second period found the rubber for almost five minutes in St. Nick ice with the Hockey Club men keeping up a constant cannonading at Pierson. The goal man was alert until Castleman drove the disk through the crowd in the face of the goal and made the score even.

From that time on to the end of the period there was little rest for either of the cage men, and volley after volley was fired their way.

Beginning the extra period Young made a great try for the winning goal. Turrell made a brilliant run and evaded every man of the Hockey Club except White in his clever dodging. The latter checked him and Castleman took up the running for his team, only to lose the disc in a scrimmage.

This enabled Peabody to pick it out, and in the prettiest run of the contest added by a clever pass and shot, Ellis eased the suspense by shooting the winning count after 3 minutes 18 seconds, thereby sending his team into the second half of the tournament in the van. The line-up and summary:

Hockey Club.	Position.	St. Nicholas.
Lewis	Goal	Pierson
White	Point	Trimble
Britton	Cover point	Hill
Castleman	Rover	Morgan
Mackenzie	Centre	Ellis
Young	Right wing	Turrell
Howard	Left wing	Peabody

First period—First goal: Morgan, St. Nicholas, in 2:37. Second period—Second goal: Castleman, in 4:15. Extra period—Third goal: Ellis, in 3:18. Referees—E. Garon and E. Du Fresne. Goal umpires—E. Kelly and B. Claffy. Timers—W. J. Croker and E. Thompson.

AGREE ON SIX-MEN TEAMS.

Amateur Hockey League Makes Changes as to Substitutions.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Amateur Hockey League, held yesterday in the office of R. L. Von Bernuth, the secretary, changes in the rules to govern the championship series for the rest of the year were pssed upon, and it was determined that the "six" man a side proposition would constitute the make-up of the teams from now on in the league race.

The conditions which will obtain take away the option given to teams which did not desire to use substitutes, as it was not considered good for the game to be played with a man short, which would warrant play with but five men. The referee will have sole charge of the play, and the assistant referee will keep out of the line of scrimmage and look out for fouls and similar infringements. It is generally supposed that the latter half of the Hockey League race will see the end of "six" men teams, and that the league will return to the seven men a side scheme next season. The new rules passed upon are as follows:

Clause A—Substitutions of players shall be allowed at any time until the beginning of play in the second half. Thereafter substitutes shall be allowed only as hereinafter provided. In the case of an injury at any time in a game the injured player's ability to continue shall at once be decided by the referee. Should the referee decide that the injured player cannot finish the game, the opposing side must allow a substitute. This substitute may appear at any time during the balance of the game. If no substitute is ready the opposing side must play its full team.

Clause C—Should a player be compelled to leave the playing ice for any reason other than injury, or voluntary substitution, the opposing side must drop a man to equalize the teams.

Hockey Under New Rules To-night.

The first game of hockey for the Amateur League championship under the six-men rule will be played to-night between the Crescents and Wanderers. This is according to the compromise agreement recently made to settle the controversy which almost caused a disruption of the organization at the beginning of the season when the Hockey Club, St. Nicholas, and New York Athletic Clubs combined to defeat the proposition to have the change effected. The Crescents and Wanderers played in the opening game of the season, which the latter forfeited because the league officials declared "Bud" Claffy ineligible to play under the six months eligibility rule. They afterward played an exhibition game, which the Wanderers won. On Saturday night the Victorias of Montreal and the Crescents will play their annual game here.

Keresey Shoots Winning Goal.

Loyola School hockey team defeated Berkeley School at St. Nicholas Rink yesterday by a score of 1 to 0. Loyala has not been defeated in the Interscholastic League series. Keresey, Loyola's wing, shot the goal.

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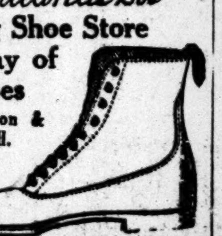

BRITISH SEND CHALLENGE.

Announce Intention of Competing for Davis Tennis Cup.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Great Britain's challenge for the Dwight F. Davis International Lawn Tennis Trophy, won last year by the United States team, was sent by mail to the United States to-day.

The report of Great Britain's challenge for the Davis Cup is the first intimation received by the United States Lawn Tennis Association that formal challenges for the international trophy are actually in the mail. The date set for the closing of the entry is fixed for approximately March 1. Before that date it is expected that challenges will have been received from Australasia, Canada, France, Germany, and possibly Belgium and South Africa.

These challenges usually follow shortly after the holding of the annual meeting of the national tennis associations of the various countries. It is not obligatory at the time of filing the challenge to name the players composing the team, nor is there any penalty in case the country challenging desires later to withdraw from the competition.

The prompt filing of Great Britain's challenge is the cause of much satisfaction to the officers of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, since it is taken to indicate that the English association will in all probability compete for the trophy regardless of the action taken by the American association relative to the amendments suggested by the International Lawn Tennis Federation.

FOREIGN TENNIS ENTRIES.

Germany, Austria, and France to be Represented at Indoor Tourney.

The prospect of the entry of several foreign contestants for the national indoor championship has caused the Seventh Regiment to allot more time for the tournament this year than ever before. The matches in the singles will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning, Thursday, Feb. 12, (Lincoln's birthday,) and continue through Monday, Feb. 23, exclusive of Sundays. This schedule will occupy ten playing days.

The Europeans who may test the skill of the Americans are Counts Otto and Alexander Salm-Hoogstraeten of Austria, George Aranyi of France, and Robert C. Spies of Germany. All have tried out their game recently on the indoor courts here and show a varied assortment of strokes.

A noteworthy improvement in the class of the entries is likely to take place at this meeting, the entries for which close at 5 P. M., Monday, Feb. 9, with W. B. Cragin, Jr., 44 Hudson Street, New York. G. F. Touchard, the present titleholder, will play through, while former champions T. R. Pell and W. C. Grant will also compete. R. N. Williams, 2d, who was in New York during the Christmas holidays and played at the new Twenty-second Regiment Armory, would like to compete, but cannot spare the time from Harvard, where he is in his second year. In the doubles the present champions, W. C. Grant and C. G. Shafer, will encounter formidable opposition in the 1912 champions, Fred. B. Alexander and T. R. Pell, who will again combine forces.

NATIONAL SQUASH DRAW.

Thirty-two Players Will Compete for Title at Heights Casino.

Thirty-two of the best squash players in the East will compete in the national squash tennis championship tournament, which begins in the courts of the Brooklyn Heights Casino Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Nine clubs are represented, and it is expected that the tournament will be finished on Lincoln's Birthday, Feb. 12. The first round will be completed on Saturday and the second on the following day. The remaining rounds will be contested as quickly as the survivors can be brought together. The draw follows:

M. L. Cornell, Columbia, vs. F. S. Keeler, Columbia; Frank L. Kidde, Montclair Athletic Club, vs. M. D. Whitman, Harvard Club; F. S. Page, Heights Casino, vs. Stewart Johnson, Yale University; A. J. Cordier, Heights Casino, vs. Joshua O. Low, Heights Casino; R. Goepel, Heights Casino, vs. George Whitney, Harvard; E. S. Winston vs. S. Stoddard, Bridgeport University Club; George Abbott, Heights Casino, vs. W. T. Mills, Jr., Englewood Field Club; E. W. Putnam, Columbia, vs. J. H. Williams, Heights Casino; Charles M. Bull, Jr., Crescent A. C., vs. S. H. Bird, Princeton; Dr. A. W. Swann, Harvard, vs. N. K. Toredge, Crescent A. C.; Lyle E. Mahan, Columbia, vs. Arthur L. Marvin, Englewood Field Club; Edward Barber, Englewood Field Club, vs. W. W. Pell, Crescent A. C.; Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, Harvard, vs. E. Marsh, Bridgeport University Club; D. R. Noyes, Squash, vs. L. du Pont Irving, Harvard; R. E. T. Riggs, Heights Casino, vs. E. du Pont Irving, Heights Casino.

SQUASH CLUB SEMI-FINALS.

Handicap Tournament Nears Finish with Four Strong Survivors.

The handicap squash tennis tournament at the Squash Club, Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue, reached the semi-final round yesterday, with D. R. Noyes, W. M. Flook, W. H. Vanderpoel, and G. E. Parks as the contestants. G. W. Mead, minus 7, won a surprising victory over W. H. Vanderpoel, scratch. The handicap proved too much for Vanderpoel, who, in spite of his plucky effort, failed to overcome Mead's big lead in each set. The winner was aided with several lucky shots.

G. E. Parks continued his excellent court work, defeating B. Van Gerbig after two hard sets. Parks, who is handicapped at minus 5, had a big handicap to overcome, as Van Gerbig was playing plus 5. Parks played the side walls and corners with great judgment and gradually cut down his opponent's lead and won in straight sets. The summary:

Squash Club Handicap, Second Round.—G. W. Mead, (plus 7,) defeated W. H. Vanderpoel, (scratch,) 15—10, 15—9; G. E. Parks, (minus 5,) defeated B. Van Gerbig, (plus 5,) 18—13, 15—13.

Minor Basket Ball Games.

Barnard School basket ball team defeated Columbia Grammar on the latter's court yesterday by a score of 30 to 18.

Hamilton School five defeated Franklin School at Franklin's gymnasium yesterday by a score of 33 to 14.

Morristown School team won from Browning School at Morristown yesterday by a score of 50 to 33. It was the home team's eighth straight victory.

New York Military Academy defeated St. John's Reserves of Brooklyn at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson yesterday afternoon by the score of 35 to 24.

A. A. U. LIFTS BAN ON CRACK RUNNERS

Kiviat and Kolehmainen Exonerated of Suspicion of Not Trying in Race.

The suspension of Abel Kiviat and Hannes Kolehmainen, meted out by the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union ten days ago, on suspicion that their two-mile race at the recent games of the Fourth Company, Thirteenth Regiment, was not run properly, was lifted by the same body last night at a special meeting. The meeting took place at the St. Bartholomew's Club, East Forty-second Street, and testimony was taken from the men involved and about a dozen witnesses. These included Kiviat's physician, officials of the meet at which the race was held, and some newspapermen.

The decision of the Registration Committee did not end entirely with the exoneration of the two runners. The committee went on record as declaring that the contest should not have been run, owing to the poor physical condition of the two men, and in the decision announced after the meeting the Games Committee of the Fourth Company, Thirteenth Regiment, is censured for allowing the men to run and for not notifying the members of the Registration Committee, who were present, that the contestants were not fit.

Kolehmainen testified through an interpreter that he was troubled with a sore leg at the time of the race, and that he had made no secret of it at the armory when asked about his condition. Kiviat testified that he was in poor physical condition, as his physician, Dr. J. P. Lucy of Tottenville, had previously explained. He went to Capt. Aiken and explained his condition, and the latter suggested that he withdraw, but Kiviat declined on the ground that he would be accused of "laying down."

Crescent and A. A. U. Breach Closed

The breach between the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn and the Amateur Athletic Union, resulting from the club refusing to abide by the A. A. U. rules in basket ball and branching out into the boxing field with the refusal of the A. A. U. to grant permits for amateur boxing, seems to be at an end. Yesterday morning a committee of four from the club visited Secretary James E. Sullivan to ask for a sanction for amateur boxing, and to make known the policy of the organization will be changed in the future. It was explained that the basket ball schedule for the remainder of the present year could not be changed, but the committee promised that in another year all the basket ball players would be registered and would abide by the A. A. U. rules. Secretary Sullivan sent a report of this meeting to the Registration Committee last night, and the committee voted to grant the permit. The bouts will be held on Feb. 12 and 14.

CLOSE GOLF AT PINEHURST.

C. L. Becker Wins from S. O. Miller in Feature Match.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 4.—Three keen matches gave zest to to-day's first match round in the leading division of the St. Valentine's golf tournament with a twenty-hole victory by C. L. Becker of Woodland over S. O. Miller of Englewood, as its feature.

Becker was two down at the turn, but he tied the score on the fourteenth green, gained a lead on the fifteenth, halved the sixteenth, and lost the seventeenth. Bracing he tied the score with a twenty-five foot putt on the home green, which he nearly duplicated on the nineteenth, and he took the twentieth in four for the match.

Henry C. Fownes of Oakmont and Stuyvesant Leroy of Newport were up and down throughout. Two up at the tenth Fownes lost the eleventh and twelfth holes, won the thirteenth and fourteenth, halved the fifteenth and sixteenth, gained the lead on the seventeenth, and won the match by halving the eighteenth.

The surprise was the defeat of Hamilton K. Kerr of Greenwich, by W. H. Faust of the Buffalo Country Club. One down at the turn Kerr won the next two holes, but he lost the twelfth. The thirteenth and fourteenth were halved, and a penalty cost Kerr the fifteenth. Faust took the sixteenth and halved the seventeenth for the match.

Other first division survivors are W. V. Swords of Oakland, H. J. Topping of Greenwich, T. A. Ashley of Woodland, Robert Hunter of Wee Burn, and F. A. Martin of Ekwanok.

C. A. Spofford of Garden City is the only Metropolitan golfer in the second flight, where W. L. Milliken of Hyannisport disposed of P. S. MacLaughlin of Scarsdale and W. E. Wilson of Atlantic City won from J. H. Williams of Hackensack. In the third L. M. Greer of Garden City remains, and R. R. Bamber of Canoebrook and J. B. MacMurrich of Oswego lost. In the fourth G. T. Dunlap of Forest Hill advanced and T. B. Gay of Richmond, W. C. Belcher of Upper Montclair, H. R. MacKenzie of Deal, W. E. Blewett of Glen Ridge, and W. S. Vanclief of Richmond, lost.

Travis Wins Test Round.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 4.—Walter J. Travis of Garden City, L. I., was easily the best competitor in the qualification round of the golf tournament which opened here to-day, his score being 73. The other scores were:

F. D. Frazier, Essex County, 76; H. P. Farrington, Woodland, 77; John Naething, Englewood, 77; J. B. C. Tappan, Nassau, 78; Walter Fairbanks, Denver, 80; H. C. Richard, St. Andrew's, 81; F. C. Vandusen, Minnathda, 83; John Shepard, Jr., Belmont Springs, 84; G. A. Brinkerhoff, Hackensack, 84; W. H. Smith, Oakland, 84; C. M. Brett, The Country Club, 84; W. P. Wood, Virginia, 85; E. H. Fitler, Merion, 83; W. A. Avery, Detroit, 86; A. G. Johnson, Ardsley, 86; C. S. Cook, Jr., Braeburn, 86; D. C. Murray, Utica, 87; R. L. Whitman, Myopia, 87; William Thaw 3d, Pittsburgh, 87; J. W. Johnson, Ardsley, 88; J. C. Head, Oakmont, 88; J. E. Smith, Wilmington, 88; H. W. Dupuy, Allegheny, 89; J. E. Rumbaugh, Asheville, 89; A. Gaffney, Rochester, 89; H. B. McClellan, New York, 89; S. H. Hedges, Seattle, 89; A. F. Huston, Merion, 89; L. Washington, Midlothian, 90; H. C. Colburn, Indianapolis, 90.

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NEW SADLER WINS CUP.

George Chipchase Shows Fine Animal at Durland's Horse Show.

An interesting programme of six events was enjoyed by a big crowd of society people last night at Durland's Academy, Sixty-sixth Street, near Central Park West. The competitive events attracted a number of the best harness horses and saddlers in New York, including many used by the members of the riding clubs with headquarters at Durland's. The latter made a splendid showing when judged, with sixteen horses credited with victories at the Madison Square Garden national and leading outdoor shows, while the riding and driving left little to be desired, and resulted in keen competition.

George Chipchase, stable manager for Judge William H. Moore, introduced a new saddle horse which arrived from Virginia last week. The importation is a splendid bay gelding, Superman, five years old, and bred from the best Virginia stock. Miss Louise Van Wyck rode the newcomer in splendid style, although in competition with seasoned horses. Superman had his first saddle on but three hours before being ridden in the class, but in addition to manners and exceptional style of going his conformation was of the approved saddle type. The judges selected him for the blue, with O. J. Gade's Tommy Dodd a close second.

The basket ball game between the Durland and Wanderers teams was a hard-fought one, and furnished the big gallery with plenty of fun. Many of the riders fell off their ponies, but no serious accidents followed the spills. Kenney scored the only two goals made in the match.

It was announced that the annual Spring horse show would be held during the latter part of April. It will run two or three nights, and will follow the exhibition of the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club. The summaries:

Harness Horses, Single, 14.2 hands and over; to be driven to ladies' phaeton; ladies to drive.—Won by B. F. S. Gregory's blk. m. The Duchess, driven by Mrs. John Gerken; O. J. Gude's b. m. The Lady, driven by Miss Sophie Pond, second; Emil Seelig's br. g. Sporting Extra, driven by Miss Louise Van Wyck, third.

Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands; conformation, manners, and way of going to count.—Won by George Chipchase's b. g. Superman, ridden by Miss Louise Van Wyck; O. J. Gude's ch. g. Tommy Dod, second; Mrs. N. J. Hess's ch. g. Dr. Garner, third; Mrs. B. Strong, Jr.'s, blk. m. Fancy, fourth.

Harness Horses, Pairs, 14.2 hands and over; driven to any appropriate vehicle.—Won by B. F. S. Gregory's blk. m. Duchess and blk. m. Princess; Emil Seelig's b. g. High Tide and b. g. High Water, second; Emil Seelig's br. m. Leading Girl and Leading Lady, third; O. J. Gude's b. m. Lord Cimbeo and b. m. Lady Cimbeo, fourth.

BASKET BALL.

Durland's.	Position.	Wanderers.
Dickel	Forward	Kenney
Naylor	Forward	H. Anderson
Williams	Back	L. Anderson
Carr	Goal	Whitewood

Goals—Kenney, 2. Time of game—One seven-minute period. Referee—Mr. Charles Trusttunn.

Comedy in Equestrian Stunts.

Comedy horsemanship, which has found favor with the patrons of the Central Park Riding Academy as entertainment following the weekly music ride, received further approval in an obstacle race which was the feature last night. Six riders were lined up at the far end of the ring and sent off on foot to the other end of the ring, donning various articles of wearing apparel. After getting these out of closed suit cases they returned to their waiting horses, mounted, and rode six times around the ring. The event resulted in a huge farce, as the horses refused to stand still and offered all sorts of resistance before being mounted. K. Engel was the first to finish the required stunts and was awarded the blue ribbon. V. Dodd was second and F. Courad third.

An innovation in indoor polo was tried, when a two-man team was used in the place of the customary three-man line-up, and proved successful inasmuch as it made the game faster and reduced scoring. The White team, composed of W. Gillman and O. W. Coleman, defeated the Red team, composed of J. E. Maher and M. Wilder, 4 goals to 3. The ride brought out a good-sized crowd of patrons, many new riders participating.

Ritchie Going to Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—Willie Ritchie, lightweight champion of the world, will go to Australia probably for a series of three fights under a guarantee of $50,000 after his fight here with Harlem Tommy Murphy, the exact date of which has not yet been determined. Two of the bouts probably will be with Hughie Meheegan, who was lightweight champion of the Antipodes until Young Saylor of Indianapolis knocked him out last week, and with Herb McCoy, an Australian lightweight, who won from Matt Wells of England two weeks ago in seventeen rounds.

Norgren Western Reserve Coach.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—Nelson Norgren, Captain of the University of Chicago football eleven last Fall, has been offered the position of football coach of the Western Reserve University at Cleveland. Norgren said today he had responded to the offer and was now awaiting pledges of harmony and support from the Western Reserve alumni before definitely accepting the position.

Racquet Champion Will Move East.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 4.—Joseph W. Wear, who with Dwight Davis of St. Louis won the racquet title in New York two weeks ago, will move from this city to Philadelphia in May. Local followers of the sport are wondering whether this move will bar him from defending the title with Davis as a member of the St. Louis Racquet Club. Wear will retain a non-resident membership in the club.

300 Come Out for Penn Crews.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4.—Nearly 300 candidates for the 'Varsity and freshman crews reported to-day to the rowing coaches at the University of Pennsylvania. The candidates were divided into squads and started to work on the machines. Seven members of last year's 'Varsity squad, Capt. Watrous, Merrick, Shoemaker, Blatz, Garvin, Crane, and Wolff, and Coxswain Preston, were among those who reported.

Guy Nickalls Sails for New York.

SOUTHAMPTON, Feb. 4.—Guy Nickalls, the famous Oxford oarsman who for several years stroked his crew to victory in the Oxford and Cambridge boat race, sailed for New York on the White Star liner Oceanic.

1913 AUTO TAGS SAFE IN JERSEY

Commissioner Lippincott Asks Police to Allow New York Motorists to Use Old Plates Temporarily.

New York motorists need not fear to enter the confines of New Jersey during the next few days, despite the fact that they may not have secured their 1914 number plates or tags. J. B. Lippincott, State Commissioner of Motor Vehicles of New Jersey, yesterday notified police officials throughout the State not to molest motorists from New York who might be found running their cars without the 1914 tags. The time for 1913 number plates expired in this State at midnight, Jan. 31, but because of a shortage in the supply of plates, Secretary of State Mitchell May requested the New York police to permit automobiles to be operated until further notice with the old tags. Commissioner Lippincott's action has now made it safe to cross the Hudson under the same conditions. He has asked the police to refrain from making arrests for this violation until the stringency of the number plate market here has been adjusted.

⁂

The custom of holding weekly luncheons at which the heads of various departments meet and listen to the discussion of some topic pertinent to automobiling has been inaugurated at the Automobile Club of America. Each Wednesday short talks are given after the informal meal by some authority on a phase of motoring or an allied topic. Yesterday J. Bernstein, who has been active here of late in various studies of traffic conditions, discussed certain features of the traffic problem. He advocated the holding of the individual responsible for accident rather than an arbitrary speed law, and said that much could be done to lessen congestion by making specified thoroughfares, such as West Street and Avenue A, streets for heavy trucking, thus relieving the other avenues of many slow-moving vehicles. Other recent talks at these luncheons have been by Prof. F. R. Hutton, Chairman of the club's Technical Committee, and J. A. Anglada, an officer of the Metropolitan Section of the Society of Automobile Engineers, who talked on cycle cars.

Winners with the Cue.

Frank W. Boyd won first prize in the amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn, defeating Charles Martin last night in the deciding game by the score of 200 to 190 in fifty-seven innings.

A ten-point handicap proved too much for E. E. Watrous to overcome last night in the amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy, 181st Street and Broadway, and as a result he was defeated by R. T. Wolfe by the score of 150 to 151 in seventy-two innings. Wolfe was playing for 150 points, while Watrous, who is a scratch player, had to make 160 points to win.

Albert G. Cutler of Boston defeated E. Erdmann in an exhibition game of 18.2 balkline billiards last night at Dunn's Billiard Academy, 160th Street and Westchester Avenue, by the score of 200 to 38, in nineteen innings.

In the English billiard tournament at Doyle's Academy last night, F. A. Vass won from F. Ridgway by a score of 300 to 93 in 30 innings. The winner made a high break of 35.

Packey McFarland Here To-day.

Definite announcement regarding the proposed match between Packey McFarland of Chicago and Mike Gibbons of St. Paul is expected to-day, following a conference to be held between McFarland and the officials of the Garden A. C., who announced a postponement from Feb. 12 only a few days ago. The news of the postponement proved a disappointment to the Chicago boxer, who had been training several days, and he decided to come to New York to remove, if possible, the obstacles that seem to stand in the way of the bout.

It has developed that the change in date was the result of a disagreement over the money to be paid the boxers. It was announced here that the contestants would divide 50 per cent. of the gross receipts, but it now transpires that McFarland had received some assurance of a guarantee amounting to $10,000. Gibbons originally agreed to a percentage, but later he learned that McFarland was to get $10,000, so he demanded that the same amount be paid to him. Before leaving Chicago yesterday McFarland announced that he would "be willing to accept a liberal percentage instead of the big guarantee, rather than miss the chance to box Gibbons." The first available date for the bout after Feb. 12, which is now out of the question since both men have given up training, is Monday, March 9, and if money matters are settled satisfactorily the boxers will probably sign for this date.

Dundee and Lore Forfeits Posted.

Forfeits of $200 to guarantee weight were posted yesterday by Scotty Montieth and Walter Burke, managers of Johnny Dundee and Johnny Lore, respectively, for the ten-round bout which features to-morrow's show at the Empire A. C. Lore must make 135 pounds and Dundee's manager announces that he will demand the forfeit if Lore comes in above that figure, as Dundee will not scale above 128 pounds. In the ten-round semi-final Battling Levinsky and Tom McMahon of Pittsburgh will be the contestants. In the opening ten-round bout Eddie Smith will oppose Freddie Hass.

Indian Coach for Georgetown Eleven

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—It became known here to-day that Albert Exendino of Oklahoma, said to be one of the greatest football players ever developed at Carlisle Indian School, and twice selected by Walter Camp for the All-American team, has been selected to coach the Georgetown University football team next season.

New Rochelle Yacht Club Dinner.

The annual dinner of the New Rochelle Yacht Club will be held at the Hotel Manhattan on Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The dinner will follow the annual meeting of the club, which takes place at 6:30 P. M. A number of distinguished guests will be present, among whom will be Congressman Benjamin I. Taylor and the Mayor of New Rochelle, Edwin Stetson Griffing.

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COLUMBIA SPORTS DRILLS.

Dr. Meylan's New Physical Education Plan Gets First Trial.

Rowing, swimming, track work and drill in basket ball as prescribed training under the courses in physical education got an auspicious start at Columbia University yesterday. The plan of Dr. George L. Meylan to require participation in these branches of athletics as a part of the curriculum of the university met with hearty co-operation on the part of the sophomore and freshman classes, and instead of uninteresting drills throughout the forty-minute periods in the gymnasium, the students had a taste of the sports which formerly have been limited to the comparatively small group of men on the Columbia athletic teams.

Jim Rice, coach of the Columbia crews, was on hand to instruct the students in rowing, and the rowing machines were kept busy most of the afternoon by the novices. Some of the students chose to make a trial of swimming, and Coach Kennedy was present to give pointers in this sport. Dr. A. H. Kilpatrick of the gymnasium office conducted the groups in basket ball, and an assistant handled the men who reported to the running track.

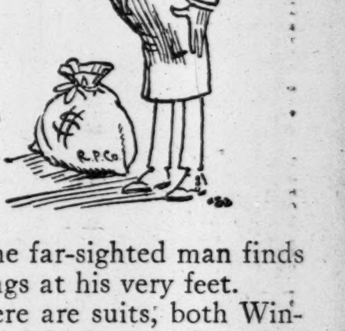
Dr. Meylan's scheme is planned to put athletics within the reach of all at Columbia. Each student will be required to spend at least one-half of the gymnasium period in some kind of athletics. When the weather makes it possible for baseball playing on South Field, one squad will be assigned to that sport and as much of the work as possible will be done outdoors. Until arrangements can be made for using the Gould boat house it is not probable that there will be any outdoor rowing.

Columbia's Mile Relay Team.

The four runners who are to make up the Columbia one-mile relay team which will race Syracuse in a special race at the Boston A. A. games on Saturday night, were selected yesterday by Coach Bernie Wefers. The team is composed of F. Macdonald, '14; F. L. Brady, '15; A. Harvitt, '14, and D. W. Vollmer, '16. Macdonald and Brady are veterans of the team which won the intercollegiate one-mile championship a year ago. Harvitt, although a senior, has been running for only a year and a half. His time in the trials was close to that of Macdonald and Brady. Vollmer, a sophomore, did well in cross-country work last Fall, and since the Winter began has shown good speed in the quarter.

Pitt Returns to Columbia Crew.

With the return of Steddiford Pitt to Columbia University to finish his work for a degree, the rowing prospects took a brace. Pitt rowed in the 1910 and 1911 'Varsity boats. He is registered for a very hard schedule of courses, but he is planning to get out for the crew in the Spring. This will give Coach Rice four veterans for the 'Varsity eight, instead of having to be content with only three. The real hard work for the candidates for the Columbia crews began yesterday when forty 'Varsity men and sixty freshmen reported to Coach Rice for work on the machines.



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THE MEXICAN MOVE.

By the implication of its very terms a policy of watchful waiting is not a permanent policy. President Wilson has waited for something to happen in Mexico. Something has happened, or is about to happen. The Government of Huerta is without financial resources, it has been growing weaker, Huerta is evidently near the end of his rope. Mr. Wilson determines to shorten the rope by lifting the embargo on the sale of arms by Americans to Mexicans. That is not intervention or anything like intervention, but it will be considered a change in the President's policy. The change is well justified, the time had come to make it. It is unquestionably true, as the proclamation says, that present conditions in Mexico are essentially different from those which called forth the embargo on the sale of arms. Then Madero was President, and President Taft's proclamation "was intended to discourage "incipient revolts against the regularly constituted authorities of "Mexico." Now there are no regularly constituted authorities in Mexico, and it is evidently the opinion of the President, as it is the opinion of most Americans, that pacification will come more speedily through the overthrow of Huerta than through his triumph over the rebels.

There is another reason. While our citizens have been forbidden to sell arms either to the rebels or to the Government, other nations have been free to trade with both. Manifestly arms coming from other countries would go into the hands of the Government forces, not into the hands of the rebels. Being contraband, such goods are liable to seizure, and consignments to the rebels would naturally be seized, while it has been beyond the power of the rebels to seize consignments to the Government. Virtually, therefore, while President Wilson altogether disapproved of Huerta, the embargo has given aid and comfort to him, while denying it to the rebels. The lifting of the embargo is a perfectly logical step. The argument against it that has carried most weight, we suppose, has been made by those who fear that if we supply arms to the rebels our own guns and ammunition would be used against us if at a later time we were obliged to intervene. That argument loses much of its force now that it is known that other nations have supplied arms to the Government, which of course would fall into the hands of the rebels should they depose Huerta, and would thus become their equipment in any future troubles involving ourselves. It is true that arms furnished to the rebels may be used by lawless bands of brigands, and so for a time may render the life and property of innocent persons in Mexico, even of Americans, less secure. That is one of the evil conditions inseparable from our misfortune in having as neighbors a people among whom there are so many persons with a liking for pillage and slaughter.

There are many questions yet to be answered. Is it really the lack of arms that has hampered the Constitutionalists and prevented the success which they have continually boasted was about to crown their efforts? Will the supplies of rifles, ammunition, and field artillery which we can furnish them insure their triumph? We must sell to both parties alike, though it is probable that the insurgents will get most of the supplies. Our confidence of beneficial results from lifting the embargo would be a good deal firmer if the rebels were under more competent military leadership. As a partisan chieftain Gen. Villa is not quite in the same class with Abd-El Kader, Toussaint L'Ouverture, and Andreas Hofer. He shines as an executioner rather than as a soldier, as a brigand rather than as a brave fighter. But the answers to these questions will not be long in coming after supplies of arms have been sent across the border.

At least something has been done, something that promises to bring a most unpleasant situation nearer to its end. We could not indefinitely put up with the continuance of an indecisive struggle in Mexico, with all its resulting anxieties to us. Nor could we expect European nations having interests in Mexico to be content with a policy of merely waiting and watching, with no prospect or promise of definite action. They have willingly and cheerfully coöperated with the President's policy by leaving the matter in our hands. Naturally, they look for some results from the course we have chosen to pursue, they must expect that some time the trouble will be ended. As a step toward a prompter ending of it, as a measure which at least holds out the hope of the restoration of peace in Mexico, the step taken by the President must be commended.

MR. BREMNER'S CASE.

The conservative members of the medical profession who have counseled the newspapers to withhold publicity from the radium treatment of cancer, because it might excite false hopes and encourage avoidance of the surgeon until too late, could hardly hope for a more thorough enlightenment of the public on this point than it receives through the spectacular failure of the much-heralded remedy in the case of Congressman Robert G. Bremner. More than ninety millions of people now know, in the news of Mr. Bremner's approaching death, the truth which Dr. Howard A. Kelly and these conservative physicians have reiterated. On the day following the imbedding of eleven tubes of radium in the massive cancer afflicting Mr. Bremner, Dr. Kelly, who treated him, said:

> Radium is by no means the solution of the cancer problem. The solution is surgical and lies in early recognition of cancer while it is still purely local and insignificant in extent. While radium is extremely beneficial in many cases of cancer, it only extends the field of cure.

No matter how much further publicity is accorded the remedy, no matter how physicians besiege Congress to conserve the radium deposits in behalf of the hospitals of this country, no matter how many millions in money are bestowed by private donors for the radium treatment, no one afflicted with cancer, and none of his friends or relatives, can henceforth be deluded by false hopes of its unfailing efficacy. For this the medical profession has to thank the public prints.

Cases almost as desperate as Mr. Bremner's have, indeed, yielded favorably to the action of radium. Great numbers of cases not so far advanced have shown retrogression and apparent cure. The best authorities on the subject have testified to the Congressional committee that the chief impediment to its successful application in the majority of cases has been simply the lack of sufficient radium. As for Mr. Bremner personally, the sympathy and admiration of the public have been with him. In his statement to the press, published early last month, Mr. Bremner said:

> The question is not whether I am going to get well, but rather if I am going to live up to ideals for dying gamely, which are just as helpful to the race as living bravely.

No one will begrudge this brave man the hopes that have cheered him. No one should blame the physicians who have worked heroically, though vainly, to snatch him from the grave.

LEGALITY OF UNIONS OF UNIONS.

As long ago as the Administration of President Harrison it was decided that unions were combinations in restraint of trade. That was shortly after the Transmissouri decision, and both decisions were surprises. Neither the unions nor the railways thought the statute included them. In the case of the Workingmen's Amalgamated Council of New Orleans it was decided that, although the Sherman law had its origin in the evils of massed capital, Congress "made the interdiction include combinations of labor as well as of "capital. * * * Its meaning is "manifest, and that it includes combinations which are composed of "laborers acting in the interest of "labor." At that time there was no alternative. It had not yet been perceived how there could be any exceptions to a statute directed against "every" combination in restraint of trade. The combination was the offense. To prove the offense it was necessary to prove nothing but the combination which gave the power to restrain trade, for the power to promote trade was also the power to restrain, and the power was forbidden, irrespective of the use of it.

This was stronger meat than the country could stand. Yet the politicians are serving a portion off the same cut, at the very time that a Federal Grand Jury is inquiring into the acts, not of a union, but a union of unions, the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York City. The Council includes many branches of the printing trade—bookbinders, stereotypers, pressmen, electrotypers, and others. There are as many scales of wages as there are trades, and no scale is dependent upon any other. The only object of the combination of unions is to make the injury of one the concern of all, by bringing into the combination affiliated and sympathetic unions. This method is the same in principle as that of the American Federation of Labor, which combines otherwise unrelated combinations for the purposes of uplift by the boycott. There can be no doubt about the legality of unions under the light of reason, provided their acts are reasonable. If the acts are unreasonable, the unions become unreasonable combinations. Strikes are thought reasonable when reasonably conducted. The lawfulness of combinations of unions remains to be considered. They are not organized for nothing, nor for the health of their members. It is difficult to see how they could act at all except by the sympathetic strike or boycott.

That these are unlawful in the opinion of unionists sufficiently appears from the efforts to legalize them by explicit enactment of a law of the same purport as that which the President signed when annexed to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill as a rider. The intention of the proposed enactment is to annul the law of conspiracy for the benefit of unions. This contrasts interestingly with the expressed intention to make unlawful acts done by individuals which would be unlawful if done by trusts. It is easier to see how a union of unions might be a combination in restraint of trade than how an individual could be a combination or a conspiracy. Yet the proposal is to exempt all unions and to include the acts objectionable in trusts, although done by a person. Here are strange cross-currents, and the waters are troubled. The unions of the Allied Printing Trades Council are in closer apparent connection than the Grand Jury proceedings and the legislation at Washington. Yet you never can tell. The legality of the boycott is involved in both proceedings, and that is all that can be said at the moment.

WHITEWASHING AT ALBANY.

It was a foregone conclusion that the Frawley Investigating Committee, controlled by Tammany Hall, should report that the expenditure of millions on the Barge Canal improvement has been without flaw. There has been no waste, no "graft."

It was to be expected, too, that because of the relations to the organization of Mr. Harold J. Hinman, majority leader of the Assembly, that body would decide not to investigate the departments with a view to finding out any more than has already been published about inefficiency, waste, and corruption. The Assembly's investigating committee is expected to frame a report simply "looking toward remedial legislation."

In commenting upon these procedures it would be unwise to ignore the fact that the Progressives in the Assembly at once took occasion to assail the "invisible government" which rises above partisan considerations in its effort to shield the guilty, and to predict that the next Governor of New York would be Theodore Roosevelt. The only force that now interposes a serious obstacle to Mr. Roosevelt and his fellow Progressives in making such political capital as they may out of the situation at Albany resides in the District Attorney's office in this city.

Mr. Whitman is at work. By means of the special Grand Jury now in session he can summon witnesses from all the State departments, and subpoena contractors who have had dealings with the departments, from every corner of the State. This he is doing. In his prosecution of persons accused of high crimes and misdemeanors in this county it is necessary that he should leave no stone unturned in the State's highways and byways, and on the banks of the State canals, that may show how the millions voted by the people have been fed into the corrupt political machines. That work will aid him in bringing to book the criminals who have made their headquarters in this county. It will thoroughly expose the organization of "graft" throughout the State. If the district attorneys in up-State counties refuse to act upon the evidence submitted to them by Mr. Whitman, the people will know it and will form their just conclusions.

A BAD DAY FOR THE WICKED.

At best the way of the transgressor is hard. It was made rougher and steeper and less inviting by certain sentences imposed in the courts yesterday. Let us hope that some at least who may have entered or may have been about to enter upon the perilous way will be moved to repentance by the solemn words of Judge Thomas and Judge Jaycox, or if not by their words, at least by the consequences thereof.

It is not often that in this or any other community two ex-Congressmen are upon the same day sentenced to jail terms. A dozen years ago or more, when Lucius N. Littauer was a power in State politics, when he was an influential friend of Governors and Presidents, nobody would have predicted such an appalling end to his career. He did have some trouble about glove contracts with the Government, but he got out of that. Now, for failing to declare at the Custom House a certain diamond tiara, he must pay a fine of $1,000, which is in addition to many more thousands already disbursed in consequence of his offense, and he is sentenced to six months in jail. Upon his brother, as a co-conspirator, the same penalties are imposed. In both cases the jail sentences were suspended.

The thoughtless will say that Mr. Littauer gets off easily, that he ought to have been shut up in jail, that if he had been a poor man he would have been so shut up. But is it getting off easily when the offender has to take such a talking to from the bench, when the sentence deprives him of his civil rights, when, as his counsel said, he is sentenced to civil death, and when he must go about among his friends under the stigma of a suspended jail sentence? For a man who has served ten years in Congress, or for any man, this is no light penalty. Hitherto fines have been the custom in smuggling cases. Judge Thomas gives the warning that in future convicted smugglers must expect to go to prison. The sentence in the case of the two Littauers seems to us to be both punitive and deterrent.

In Judge Jaycox's court William Willett, once a Congressman, now convicted of having paid a large sum of money to secure his nomination to the Supreme Court, was sentenced to Sing Sing Prison for a term of one year and six months. Joseph Cassidy, the notorious boss of Queens County, received the same sentence. He was convicted of selling the nomination to Willett, and in addition to his imprisonment he must pay a fine of $1,000. There will not be any sympathy whatever for either of these men. The transaction was infamous, to the State and to society it involved the menace of a perversion of justice, of the betrayal of the courts. The sentence, indeed, seems light when the enormity of the offense is considered. It is the common understanding and belief that other Judges, Judges now on the bench, have in consideration of being nominated to the places they hold paid large sums of money to some political boss. What agonies of terror and remorse the sentence imposed upon Willett may rouse within them, what guilty dread other political bosses as corrupt as Cassidy may be stirred to by Cassidy's sentence, are interesting subjects of speculation. The newspaper reports of Judge Jaycox's remarks in imposing these sentences must have been dreadful reading for them, but the punishments are just and salutary. They will have a powerful tendency to put a stop to the sale of judiciary nominations.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Collegiate Athletics Criticised. Defense and attack are curiously mingled in two articles on school and college athletics in the February Atlantic. The authors are Alfred E. Stearns, headmaster of Phillips Academy, Andover, and Prof. C. A. Stewart, now of Idaho University, and both speak of sports and games with the knowledge of participants as well as of close observers from the faculty standpoint, feeling a heavy responsibility for the influences to which students are subjected.

Neither is in any sense an enemy of athletics. On the contrary, each declares it to be a necessary and potentially beneficial part of schooling for the young and is far from suggesting its abolition. They agree, however, in condemning the morals of the playing field as most deplorably low, and assert that there boys and young men in other respects honorable and scrupulous do not hesitate to resort to lies and cheating, to the intentional maiming of opponents—to doing anything, in short, by which victory can be gained.

Innumerable rules to preserve the "purity" of collegiate sports are made and agreed to, and elaborate—disgracefully elaborate—measures for their enforcement are taken, but too often the undergraduate sentiment in regard to them justifies anything that can be done without detection and penalty. To win, fairly if convenient, but anyhow to win, is the one object, and all means to this end are used.

According to these critics, ethics and athletics have been divorced. And they deny that the evils are due to the often-blamed professional coaches any more than to the graduate trainers. Full responsibility is put on the heads of schools and colleges who have either failed to discover what is going on or have ignored it, themselves infected with the wretched notion that defeat alone is a disgrace to their institutions.

This view of collegiate athletics must be set beside that of the hygienists and sanitarians, all of whom either gravely doubt or strongly deny that the contests, as conducted, are of permanent physical benefit. The star athlete's training is for the day of battle, not for the occupations of adult life, and hypertrophied muscles, cardiac and other, become dangerous as soon as the need for them passes, as it usually does on entering business or the professions.

Baseball Played in Egypt. Baseball in "the shadow of the pyramids," with the justly celebrated centuries mentioned by Napoleon easily imagined as looking on with astonishment, is an incongruity that shocks, startles, or amuses, according to the temperament of him who considers the phenomenon. As was shown by the dispatch we printed yesterday, the peregrinating exponents of our national game themselves fully realized the peculiar relation they were creating between the oldest of human monuments—that is an exaggeration, but never mind—and a characteristic manifestation of a newly formed race in a new world. They were impressed—not depressed, however—and, having taught the shade of Cheops how a "triple" play is made, one of them coolly threw a baseball over the Sphinx and another as coolly caught it.

That was all right. The Sphinx was not disturbed in her meditations. She has seen new things before, not a few, and probably is a little tired of them.

Be that as it may, there seems to be no doubt that the baseball stars have been taken rather seriously in the old lands. They have been "received" in high official circles wherever they have gone, and no whisper has come to indicate that their behavior discredited the flag they bore. Of widely recognized importance at home, they have borne themselves abroad, if not with stateliness, at least with propriety, and whenever the occasion has demanded a speech they have justified their Americanism by making one.

Few tourists are as distinctly representative as these, and they have exhibited us at our very best in the field of athletics in spite of the fact that they are professionals, playing for money, instead of amateurs, avowing no ambition lower than glory. Whether or not they return the better ballplayers for their experiences in circling the world remains to be seen. But they can hardly have failed to acquire a readjusted sense of relative values—something that everybody needs as a basis of humility.

Demanding Total Abstinence. In formal recognition of the fact, established beyond dispute by the tests of the new psychology, that industrial efficiency decreases with indulgence in alcohol and is increased by abstinence from it, the managers of a manufacturing establishment in Chester, Penn., have attacked the temperance problem from a new angle.

Unlike many railways and some other corporations, they do not forbid their employés to drink, but they offer a 10 per cent. advance in wages to all who will take—and keep—the teetotaler's pledge. Incidentally, a breaking of the promise will mean a permanent severance of relations, but there is no emphasizing of that point, it being confidently expected that the advantages of perfect sobriety will be as well realized on one side as on the other.

It is stated that the offer has been cordially received by the men, and that nearly all of them have signed the required undertaking. It would be interesting to know the objections of the recalcitrant minority. Perhaps they recoil from what they consider an abandonment of personal liberty or a confession that even moderate drinking is harmful. Neither argument is valid—the first because liberty is not infringed by voluntary acceptance of conditions and restrictions, the second because it can be and has been demonstrated that even a little alcohol measurably cuts down efficiency of every kind. Even those who contend that moderate indulgence in intoxicants has certain compensating advantages do not deny the reality of the decrease. They only say that they don't care.

The Chester experiment would be more hopeful, perhaps, if it had originated with the employés—if they had pledged themselves to total abstinence, made that a reason for asking better pay, and proceeded to prove it a good one by increasing output.

THE GETTYSBURG ADDRESS.

A Letter Which Shows How Lincoln Came to Write It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Cast in bronze on a tablet in the Gettysburg National Cemetery, adjacent to one carrying the words of Lincoln's Gettysburg address, are the words of a letter by Judge Will of that town.

It was written in his capacity of Chairman of a committee having in charge the dedication of what is now the National Cemetery, and reads as follows:

> The several States having soldiers in the Army of the Potomac who were killed at the battle of Gettysburg or have since died at the various hospitals which were established in the vicinity, have procured grounds on a prominent part of the battlefield for a cemetery, and are having the dead removed to them and properly buried.
>
> These grounds will be consecrated and set apart to this sacred purpose on Thursday, the 19th instant. It is the desire that you, as Chief Executive of the nation, formally set apart these grounds to their sacred use by a few appropriate remarks. It will be a source of great gratification to the many widows and orphans that have been made almost friendless by the great battle here to have you here personally, and it will kindle anew in the breasts of the comrades of these brave dead who are now in the tented field or nobly meeting the foe in the front a confidence that they who sleep in death on the battlefield are not forgotten by those highest in authority, and they will feel that should their fate be the same their remains will not be uncared for.

Does not this letter give a pleasing degree of human interest to Lincoln's words? Does it not make manifest the idea that the President was not speaking in any abstract manner, but, with the letter in mind, was responding very directly to thoughts then uppermost in the minds of his auditors? Recalling Judge Will's words, do we not see Lincoln as a sympathetic man handling a subject directly at hand rather than a lecturer on abstruse matters, or anything of an academic sort? Indeed, the wording of the letter might be said to lead very naturally up to his concluding words, "these dead have not died in vain," and, viewed in this light, I think the great Gettysburg address becomes all the more admirable. F. W. SEWARD.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

Trained Nurses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Nursing is one of the noblest and most difficult professions. Unless one possesses a great power of endurance and patience it is an impossibility to become a good nurse. I do not wonder that nurses, after having gone through three years of hard physical as well as mental schooling, resent the idea of others, having only short training, trying to pose as graduate nurses. There is an excellent course given now which fits women for the care of chronic invalids and emergency cases in a few months. To be sure, they are not qualified nurses, but they work just as hard and have much the same responsibilities. These women go out among the poorer class, often laboring under great disadvantages, usually having inferior food and lodging and receiving only $8 a week.

So many fields of work are now open to women, offering just as high wages and requiring less patience and risk of health, that I am afraid in years to come the finer women will not seek nursing as an occupation unless the course is made easier for them in the hospitals. A. R.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

Americans Careless of Dress.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial on "Do We Dress Carelessly?" has had my close attention, and I write to say that I agree entirely with the London dancing master.

The average American that one sees both on the street and also in the best hotels usually wears dark and ill-fitting suits. Their trousers are usually baggy at the knee, and they usually wear low collars and dark and dingy neckties, and no scarf pin to hold the tie in place. At dinner few wear evening dress, and the ones worn are usually made by poor tailors. It seems to me there is great room for improvement.

RICHARD SEARS.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 3, 1914.

Slow Postal Delivery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A striking illustration of the present efficiency of the Federal Government in handling the one line of communication which they now control has been brought home to me by the receipt in New York at 7:31 P. M., Feb. 2, of a special delivery letter mailed to me early in the afternoon of Feb. 1 from Binghamton, N. Y.

If this can be taken as an evidence of the efficiency of the Government in handling the postal service, what chance would there be for the business community with the telegraph and telephone lines under its control?

A REACTIONARY.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

Spelling of School Graduates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In advertising for an office boy, the shame of the public schools of New York becomes most apparent. To receive letters containing the following: "I will 'except' $5 a week," "I am 'fifthteen' years old," "'i' am looking for a position where 'i' can learn" from recent graduates of the New York public schools shows that the system is at fault. These are only a few culled from many letters of similar character from all parts of the city. The only resting place for letters of this sort is in the waste basket.

SIDNEY PICKER.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

BANK OFFICERS' DUTY

To Educate Ignorant Depositors and Punish Rumor Mongers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial comment headed "Protection from Themselves" should furnish food for serious reflection upon the part of every savings bank official in this State. Two alternatives were presented to the officers of the Bank for Savings in its recent crisis: to attempt to restore confidence by paying upon demand as rapidly as possible or to take advantage of the time notice permitted by law in an effort to protect the depositors from themselves. Undoubtedly the officers adopted the wisest course in the circumstances by paying upon demand, for it is a lamentable fact that our savings bank depositors are so ignorant of these institutions with which they deposit that a time notice would probably be construed as a sign of weakness instead of a protection.

And this suggests the only real remedy—education. Every savings bank should make it a duty to see that every one of its depositors is thoroughly instructed as to the organization and administration of the bank. A little money judiciously expended in real human interest educational advertising would be of inestimable value as an insurance against such recurrences as this run. Savings bank men in this State are prone to argue that they have no right to use their depositors' money for advertising, but on the other hand the depositors have a right to enough information in regard to the bank which will give them an intelligent understanding of its affairs, and enable them to distinguish between the great mutual savings banks of this State and the foreign private banker. A very small amount from each savings bank would enable the Savings Banks Association of New York State to conduct a campaign of education which would accomplish inestimable good.

The Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers Association is attempting similar work throughout the United States, and in this city, in coöperation with the Board of Education, has arranged several courses of lectures in which prominent bankers have taken part, which illustrates one way in which such work may be attempted.

Your suggestion that though the existence of rumors in regard to this bank were known for days nothing was done to find the source also raises an important point. The laws of this State provide for drastic punishment of those responsible for such rumors, and they should be brought to justice. The Protective Department of the American Bankers Association would immediately take up such rumors if reported by one of its members and bring into play all of its machinery under William J. Burns, the famous detective, to apprehend the originator of such rumors. One or two examples made of such persons would be an effective discouragement to others similarly inclined. Possibly the Savings Banks Association of New York State could also take up this work. E. G. McWILLIAM.

Secretary Savings Bank Section, the American Bankers Association.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

BARS GLASS FROM SENATE.

Election Committee Sustained by Majority of Only One Vote.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—By a majority of one vote—32 to 31—Frank P. Glass of Alabama, editor of The Birmingham News, lost his fight for a seat in the United States Senate late to-day.

The vote sustained the recommendation of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, which held that Mr. Glass was not entitled to be seated because his appointment by Gov. O'Neal to succeed the late Senator Joseph F. Johnson was made after the Seventeenth Constitutional Amendment, directing election of Senators by the people had been proclaimed in full effect.

Spirited and at times bitter debate marked the close of the case, the second which the Senate has settled involving interpretation of the constitutional amendment. Senator Blair Lee of Maryland, who was seated a few days ago on recommendation of the Elections Committee, made his maiden speech in favor of Mr. Glass, and later cast his vote for him.

In the face of determined opposition from the majority members of the committee headed by Senator Kern, the champions of the Alabaman, proceeding from a forlorn hope, made remarkable progress in gaining votes, and the narrow margin by which they lost the fight created great surprise.

Senator Walsh of Montana, who wrote the majority report, in a closing plea appealed to his colleagues to cast aside personal esteem and friendship and to consider the case from a legal standpoint only; to realize that they were making history, and that a precedent might be established upon which the will of the people might be overturned in future emergencies.

In spite of the committee's report, only eight Democrats voted to deny Mr. Glass his seat. They were Senators Kern, Hitchcock, Johnson, Lane, Pomerene, Shively, Thompson, and Walsh. Four Republicans, Bradley, Fall, Perkins, and Stephenson voted with the minority.

Senator Clapp of Minnesota, who had signed the minority report favoring Mr. Glass and had announced that he would vote to seat Mr. Glass, declared that he had become convinced that his original interpretation of the case had been erroneous.

Goethals Confirmed as Governor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The nomination of Col. George W. Goethals to be Governor of the Canal Zone was confirmed to-day by the Senate. The appointment becomes effective on April 1, with President Wilson's order creating a permanent civil government for the Canal Zone.

INSPIRATION UP TO DATE.

The Muse came around one evening late
And said, with assurance ample:
"Referring to yours of recent date,
Would ask that you kindly contemplate
These ditties to Spring; I beg to state
Our goods are quite up to sample.

"Take this ballade; 'tis a sweet soufflé
Of nightingale, moon, and love, Sir:
'Twill do for an early Springtime lay,
Delightfully hymn an April day,
Be a regular knockout during May
And fit all June like a glove, Sir!

"As to nature songs, I can quote on those
In lots of fifteen or under;
They run all the way from melting snows
Through twittering birds to the full-blown rose,
With tempests galore (our buyer chose
Some perfectly splendid thunder.)

"Allow me to quote net prices, pray,
On sonnets—(all rhymers class us
As leaders supreme in the sonnet way,)
Or perhaps you prefer a virelai
Packed up with a rondeau rédoublé
And billed f. o. b. Parnassus."

"Peace! Peace!" I implored in agony,
"To perdition is Poetry fated?
Are the Muses of old all dead?" Said she:
"Referring to your inquiry,
Would say that we're far from dead ones—we
Have just been incorporated!"

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

FOR THEATRE TICKET LAWS.

Many Remedies Proposed to District Attorney's Office.

Assistant District Attorney Arthur C. Train began yesterday an investigation of the speculation in theatre tickets and the sale of them to ticket agencies. As a result of conferences which he had during the day with several persons, six ordinances to prevent the sale of tickets outside of box offices were proposed.

The ordinance proposed which has met with the most favor, it is understood, was submitted by Assistant Corporation Counsel Cowie, who gave to Mr. Train a draft of the law. Just what the measure was neither Mr. Train nor Mr. Cowie would disclose, although it is probable that its contents will be made public in a few days.

Ex-Alderman B. W. B. Brown, who several years ago drafted an ordinance to do away with ticket speculation, called upon Mr. Train yesterday. Mr. Brown's proposed ordinance provided that every manager of a theatre when applying for his license must state the price of seats in the theatre and must agree to adhere to these prices. Violations of the agreement were to have been reported to the Board of Licenses by the Police Department, and, if necessary, the theatre licenses might be revoked. Alderman Brown's bill met with strong opposition from the theatre interests and it was never passed.

Mr. Train has been in communication with many of the theatre managers, who show an apparent willingness to assist him in the inquiry. Among those who called him on the telephone yesterday was Marc Klaw of Klaw & Erlanger. Mr. Klaw made an appointment to meet Mr. Train at the Criminal Court Building on Monday. It is understood that a representative of the Shuberts and W. J. Fallon of the Tyson Company will also confer with Mr. Train on Monday.

AGAINST ABSOLUTE DIVORCE

Senator Ransdell Proposes Constitutional Amendment to Stop It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Divorce with the right to remarry would be prohibited forever in the United States and in all places under the nation's jurisdiction by an amendment to the Federal Constitution proposed in the Senate by Senator Ransdell of Louisiana. Enactment of uniform marriage laws for all States and Territories, with provision for separation without permission to remarry, would be directed by the amendment.

With the States of the Union granting more than twice as many divorces as all the rest of Christendom combined, Senator Ransdell told his colleagues that the time had come for the nation itself to put down this menace to "the chief bulwark of society, the home—the maker of good citizens and the model on which every wise Government is founded."

"The remedy by constitutional prohibition is drastic," said the Senator, "but the malady is so fatal that nothing short of it will prove efficacious. In the United States divorce is spreading with alarming rapidity. It has permeated every walk of life and is prevalent among every class of people. The total number of divorces granted in 1867 was 9,937, or 27 per 100,000 of population. Forty years later, in 1906, there were 72,062 divorces, or 86 per 100,000. Thus, in actual numbers there were more than seven times as many divorces granted in 1906 as in 1867; or, allowing for the increased population, divorce has increased 319 per cent.

"If divorces multiply at the same rate in the future as in the past—and there is every indication that they will increase faster—then before the middle of this century we will have annually in the United States 275 divorces per 100,000 of population, or one divorce for every five marriages.

"If the United States were to write in the Constitution an amendment prohibiting absolute divorce, it would not be taking such a radical step as might at first be thought, but would be following a beaten path. Our own State of South Carolina—all honor to her!—forbids divorce. It is absolutely prohibited in Italy, Spain, and to two-thirds of the population of Austria-Hungary, while the Latin-American countries of Mexico, the Argentine Republic, Brazil, Peru, Chile, and others have similar laws."

$500,000 FOR EAST RIVER.

House Committee Recommends the New York Appropriation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The appeal of Mayor Mitchel and members of the New York delegation in the House of Representatives for an immediate appropriation of $500,000 for the improvement of the East River so impressed members of the House Rivers and Harbors Committee that the sub-committee of that committee dealing with new projects to-day decided to recommend such an appropriation in the River and Harbor Appropriation bill soon to be reported to the House. The sub-committee has decided to recommend $250,000 for the removal of Coenties Reef and an additional $250,000 for the removal of other pinnacle rocks in the East River.

This amount is asked for in the bill introduced by Representative Goulden, and also is urged by the engineers of the army. The Goulden bill also provided that the Secretary of War be authorized to make contracts not exceeding $13,500,000 to carry out the general project for the improvement of the East River as recommended by the army engineers.

The sub-committee in charge of new projects, while deciding to recommend that $500,000 be appropriated in the forthcoming River and Harbor bill, however, does not recommend the whole $13,500,000 project. The balance of the appropriations for the project is left for future Congresses to grant.

GOVERNMENT OIL FOR NAVY.

Would Result in Saving of Nearly 50 Per Cent., Expert Figures.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Further hearings on the proposal to have the Government take over independent oilfields in Oklahoma and construct a pipe line to the Gulf of Mexico to conserve a fuel supply to the navy were held here to-day at the Interior Department before Commissioner Sells of the Indian Office and Lieut. Com. Boyd of the navy, designated by Secretaries Lane and Daniels to make the inquiry.

A. E. Watts and F. A. Gillespie of Tulsa, Okla., appeared in favor of the plan.

Figures were submitted showing that in the last fiscal year the Government used 400,000 barrels of oil and that 700,000 were estimated for the next fiscal year. Lieut. Com. Boyd said in another year, under normal peace conditions, 1,000,000 or more barrels would be necessary. The Government is to-day paying $1.39 a barrel at Port Arthur and an increase in price is expected. On a 1,000,000-barrel basis of consumption, it was estimated that the Government might produce oil at a profit of 67 cents a barrel.

It was suggested that an appropriation of $500,000 be recommended for the purpose of obtaining leases of oil lands and of maintaining a supply of fuel adequate for the navy's consumption.

PANAMA TOLLS MAY WAIT.

O'Gorman Doubts If Question Will Be Reached by Congress This Session

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—After a conference with President Wilson to-day Senator O'Gorman, one of the chief supporters of exemption from tolls for American coastwise vessels in the Panama Canal, expressed the opinion that that question would not be reached during the present session of Congress.

"I doubt," said the Senator, "whether we will do much more than pass the trust bills, the agricultural extension bill, and the appropriation bills. This is going to be a short session."

Mr. O'Gorman suggested that perhaps a suspension of the tolls provision of the law might be made, but thought six months would be sufficient to determine whether the canal could be operated without tolls from American coastwise ships.

New Statue to Gen. Kearny.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—An equestrian statue of Gen. Phil Kearny, who was killed at Chantilly, Va., on Sept. 1, 1862, is to be erected in Arlington National Cemetery by the State of New Jersey with the approval of Secretary Garrison. It will be the first equestrian statue to be erected in the cemetery, as heretofore no permit for such a memorial has been issued. The statue was designed by Edward C. Potter of Greenwich, Conn.

PASS BURNETT BILL AMID GREAT UPROAR

Immigration Measure Adopted by House—Literacy Test Stays In, 239 to 140.

MAY BE DROPPED IN SENATE

Burnett Resents Manahan's Accusation of Cowardice and Gives the Lie—Then All Apologize.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Burnett Immigration bill, regulating the admission of aliens to the United States, passed the House late this afternoon by an overwhelming majority. The vote stood 241 to 126 in favor of the bill, with one member voting "present" and sixty-six not voting.

The bill would considerably tighten the restrictions against immigration and contains a provision imposing a literacy test upon all aliens over 16 years of age. Four months after the approval of the bill by the President all such aliens would be excluded, however worthy they may be, if they cannot read the English language, or some other language or dialect, including Hebrew or Yiddish. This literacy test provision was bitterly fought by Representatives Sabath of Chicago, Goldfogle of New York, Moore of Pennsylvania, and other members, regardless of party, from the large cities where there is a strong alien population; but sentiment among rural members, and those from the South, was just as determined in favor of the literacy test.

A motion to recommit the bill with instruction for the elimination of the literacy test was defeated by a vote of 140 to 239, with one member voting present and fifty-four not voting. This was the real test vote of the day.

The bill will now go to the Senate for consideration. Senator Smith, of South Carolina, Chairman of the Senate Immigration Committee, will have a conference with President Wilson before proceeding with the consideration of the measure in committee. It is believed that the President will then ask that the literacy test provision be eliminated from the bill.

The vote on the literacy test demonstrated rather conclusively, opponents of that provision contend, that if the bill should pass the Senate and be vetoed by the President with a literacy test provision, it would be impossible to pass the bill through Congress over the President's veto. It requires two-thirds of each House to pass a bill over a veto. On the test veto on recommittal of the bill to-day on the literacy test proposition 140 members voted in favor of such recommittal. Twenty-two other members of the House were paired, 11 for and 11 against the literacy test. Adding the 11 members who were paired against the literacy test to the 140 who voted against its retention in the bill gives a total of 151 against it.

Should the bill be vetoed by the President on account of the literacy test, it would require 302 affirmative votes to constitute a two-thirds majority. There are 434 members in the House. Should 151 vote against passing the bill over the President's veto, the greatest possible vote that could be mustered in favor of overriding the veto would be 283 votes.

Twice as many Democrats voted against as for the literacy test to-day. Ninety-seven Democrats and 43 Republicans voted against the literacy test, while 154 Democrats and 85 Republicans voted for the test.

The New York delegation voted as follows on the motion to recommit with instructions to strike out the literacy test:

For literacy test: McClellan, Parker, Mott, Payne, Underhill, Hamilton. Total, 6.

Against literacy test: Brown, O'Leary, Wilson, Dale, Maher, Calder, Griffin, O'Brien, Metz, Riordan, Goldfogle, Loft, Levy, Conry, Dugan, Carew, Patten, Chandler, Cantor, George, Bruckner, Goulden, Taylor, Platt, Ten Eyck, Wallin, Talcott, Clancy, Dunn, Danforth, Gittins, Smith, Driscoll. Total, 32.

Not voting: Fitzgerald, Oglesby, Merritt, Fairchild. Total, 4.

The debate and passage of the bill in the House were marked by bitterness and excitement, the climax being reached when Representative Manahan of Minnesota, accused Mr. Burnett, author of the bill and Chairman of the House Immigration Committee, of "cowardice" and "unfairness." Mr. Burnett retorted promptly that Mr. Manahan "lied," and there were demands from Southern friends of Mr. Burnett that the House compel Mr. Manahan to apologize. Mr. Manahan did not apologize, but withdrew his offensive charge of "cowardice," explaining that he meant to refer to the "methods" used in forcing the bill through the House, rather than to Mr. Burnett personally. But the incident occasioned considerable feeling.

"I have been commenting," said Mr. Manahan, "upon the unfairness with which this bill has been driven through and upon the unfair statements of the Chairman, Mr. Burnett, in view of the fear and cowardice which he has shown in not daring to answer objections and upon his methods in moving to close debate."

The charge of cowardice brought Mr. Burnett to his feet at once.

"Mr. Chairman," he shouted, "that's a lie, and the gentleman knows it."

Mr. Covington of Maryland made the point of order that Mr. Manahan was "notoriously proceeding out of order." Mr. Hay, occupying the chair, called Mr. Manahan to order.

"I withdraw the word 'cowardice,'" said Mr. Manahan.

Mr. Manahan rose to say something, but was cut short by Chairman Hay's gavel, brought down heavily to quell the excitement and confusion.

Chairman Henry of the House Rules Committee asked that Mr. Manahan's words be "taken down," whereupon Mr. Mann of Illinois, the Republican floor leader, suggested that Mr. Burnett's remarks likewise be recorded, and urged all gentlemen to "keep cool."

Chairman Hay told the House that Mr. Henry's demand that the super-heated colloquy be recorded would mean that the matter would have to be reported to the House for action. Many members were clamoring to be heard. In the confusion Mr. Goldfogle of New York exclaimed that members in his vicinity could not hear anything that was being said, and upon his demand for order, Chairman Hay directed all members to take their seats.

When quiet had been restored Mr. Henry withdrew his demand that the colloquy be "taken down" for consideration by the House.

"I hope," suggested Mr. Mann, in the rôle of parliamentary peacemaker, "the gentleman from Minnesota, Mr. Manahan, will say that he used the word 'cowardice' by inadvertence because he and we all know that word does not apply to Mr. Burnett in any respect."

"The gentleman," interjected Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin, "said that he did withdraw the use of the word 'cowardice.'"

"I have already said that," asserted Mr. Manahan, "and I say this, that the word was not applied to the gentleman as much as to the method and I say now—"

Mr. Burnett was again rapidly upon his feet, demanding that he have a chance to reply to Mr. Manahan.

"I want to assure the Chair," proceeded Mr. Manahan, despite the interruption, "that I never yet feared the force of my language."

"Many of the remarks of the gentleman from Minnesota, Mr. Manahan, are too contemptible—" snapped back Mr. Burnett.

"Oh," shouted Mr. Mann, again trying to act as peacemaker, "don't use that word."

"I have no desire to depart from the rules of the House," continued Mr. Burnett. "I will not follow the gentleman from Minnesota into billingsgate. That is not my weapon. I have been here fifteen years, and nobody in that time has been able to say I have intentionally wronged any man. I hope the time will never come when I have to advocate any cause that makes me so disreputable as to go beyond the rules of the House and the amenities of debate. I have been liberal in regard to the debate. I stand now ready to use all legitimate means to forward the progress of this bill, and no man can truthfully say that there is either cowardice in me or in the methods that I use."

In its present form the measure passed the House and the Senate in the last Congress, but was vetoed by President Taft. A similar bill was vetoed in President Cleveland's second Administration. The supporters of the bill are confident that it will again pass the Senate.

SOCIETY GIRLS VIE AT BAL CHANTANT

Dance Tango and One-Step for Prizes at Biltmore in Aid of Schola Cantorum.

CABARET DURING SUPPER

Professionals Also Give Exhibition of Modern Steps—Patronesses Are Dinner Hostesses.

There was a large and brilliant attendance last night at the bal chantant given under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum in the ballroom of the Hotel Biltmore. A feature of the evening was the exhibition of modern dances by professionals, and competitive dancing in the waltz, tango and one-step, by society amateurs, for which prizes were donated by Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mrs. Frederick Edey and Mrs. I. N. Spiegelberg.

The proceeds of the ball are to be devoted to the student fund of this organization, which promotes vocal education and training.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mrs. Reginald Fincke, Lindsley Tappin, and S. W. Baruch were the judges of the amateur exhibition dancers and awarded prizes for the best tangoing to Mrs. S. W. Baruch and Harold Ehrich; the one-step prize went to Miss O'Donahue and Mrs. Frankenheimer, and the prizes for the waltz to H. E. Foster and Miss Evelyn.

Many dinners were given before the ball by some of the patronesses and directors, including Mrs. Gillespie, Mrs. Edward N. Breitung, Mrs. Alonzo B. Potter, Mrs. Edey, Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mrs. Linzee Blagden, Mrs. Grenville Parker and Mrs. Frank B. Washburn, who took their guests to the Biltmore.

A cabaret entertainment, introducing several novel features, was in progress during supper, which began at midnight and continued until early morning.

Among the patronesses and Directors, the majority of whom were present, were Mrs. John E. Berwind, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr.; Mrs. Moses Taylor, Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mrs. George Wood Bacon, Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Cary, Mrs. Stephen Clark, Mrs. Joseph Dilworth, Mrs. Temple Emmet, Mrs. Snowden A. Fahnestock, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Barton, Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Archibald M. Brown, Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore, Miss Rhoda Lewisohn, Mrs. A. C. Thacher, Mrs. Henry B. Hyde, Mrs. Walter B. James, Mrs. William Alexander, Mrs. James B. Clews, Mrs. Benjamin H. Throop, Mrs. Burke Roche, Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Mrs. Walter Jennings, Mrs. George J. Gould, Mrs. George H. Huhn, Jr.; Mrs. William Starr Miller, and Mrs. Charles W. Hubbard, Jr.

Also Mrs. Raynal C. Bolling, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Truesdale, Mrs. Charles E. Miller, Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Mrs. Henry R. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Clark, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Reginald Fincke, Miss Annie Leary, Mrs. Robert L. Livingston, Mrs. Charles Mather MacNeill, Mrs. William Watts Sherman, Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Mrs. William Alexander, Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. William W. Fuller, Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Mrs. John Reid, Jr., Mrs. Dean Sage, Mrs. William Salomon, Mrs. William R. Simons, Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Alvin W. Krech, William Francklyn Paris, Adrian Iselin, Frederic A. Juilliard, and Frederick N. Baldwin.

DANCE FOR THE MISSES KING

David H. King, Jr., Also Gives Dinner for Daughters at Sherry's.

David H King, Jr., gave a dinner dance at Sherry's last night for his daughters, the Misses Ruth and Jeanne King, who were chaperoned by Mrs. Albert Z. Gray. The tapestry suite was taken for it and the decorations were in pink and green.

The Misses King and Mrs. Gray received the guests and a dinner of forty covers was served in the large room, and after it while the guests were taking coffee or smoking in the rest rooms of the suite the tables were removed for the dancing. A buffet supper was served after midnight.

The guests who accepted for the dinner or dance included the Count and Countess de Viel Castel, Mr. and Mrs W. B. O. Field, Mr. and Mrs. William Warner Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. John Russell Pope, Mr. and Mrs. John Rutherfurd, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard C. Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm D. Whitman, the Count and Countess Szechenyi, the Misses Justine Van Rensselaer Barber, Janetta Alexander, E. Adelaide Cannon, Louise Iselin, Civilise Alexander, Marion Kennedy, Katharine Oakman, Pauline Riggs, Helen Rives, Margaret Steward, Catherine Hamersley, Emily Sloane, Frances Breese, Helena Fish, Mildren Rives, Ethel Kingsland, Josepnine Nicoll, and Marie Taller.

Also Albert Z. Gray, Charles Lanier, Jr., Francis Burrall Hoffman, Jr., William Wickham Hoffman, Walter G. Oakman, Jr., Baron von Lersner, Sidney Dillon Ripley, George Henry Warren, Jr., Malcolm Sloane, Baron de la Grange, John Clinton Gray, Jr., Albert Eugene Gallatin, Chester G. Burden, Joseph W. Burden, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Reginald Waterbury, Beltram Winthrop, Meredith Blagden, Henry C. Hooker, Oliver Bird, Jr., Grafton Chapman, Eliot Cross, H. Coleman Drayton, Sherman Day, Charles Dana Draper, Seth Barton French, 2d, John Munroe, Curtis Moffat, John S. Talmage, T. C. Richardson, Stephen Van Rensselaer, Franklin Plummer, Walter Kingsland, Oliver Roosevelt, John Kean, Marshall Kernochan, Worthington Whitehouse, Newton Rae, Wistar Kendall, W. Barclay Parsons, Jr., Schuyler L. Parsons, Jr., Francis R. A. Appleton, and William H. Appleton.

As to Musical Students Abroad.

Walter Damrosch said yesterday in regard to various quotations citing him as having reflected upon the conditions surrounding American musical students abroad that he indorsed the propaganda on that subject so far as it related to the needlessness of Americans going abroad for musical education, because they could get just as good musical instruction here.

Passengers from Europe.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

FINLAND, (Antwerp)—Miss Dora N. Bogue, Miss M. K. Boone, Mrs. H. H. Charles, E. R. Emerson, George Ross, Miss M. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. W. Tubbs.

CALAMARES, (Colon)—J. McClure, Miss Mabel McClure, Charles W. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley, P. P. Phelps, David Keith, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Scoville.

CHARITY BALL TO-NIGHT.

Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan to Lead Grand March—Tango and Maxixe.

All social roads will lead to-night to the annual Charity Ball, which is to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria, in aid of the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital. The ballroom suite of the second floor of the hotel will be given over for the dancing, accommodating several thousand people. To meet the modern demand, two of the smaller ballrooms have been set aside for the dancing of the tango and maxixe.

Mayor John Purroy Mitchel and Mrs. Mitchel and officers from the navy yard and Governors Island are to attend, and many other distinguished guests. The grand march will commence at 10 o'clock, led by Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan, who led it when Fourteenth Street was a fashionable thoroughfare and society women wore hoopskirts.

Among those who have taken boxes are Mrs. Warren Thorpe, Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Mrs. Edwin Peaslee, Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. Robert Nicoll, Mrs. Ashton de Peyster, Gen. Thomas H. Barry, Mrs. Frank Maynard, Thomas F. Ryan, E. J. Berwind, and Mrs. John M. Bowers.

Tickets may be obtained from Mrs. Sullivan, 16 West Eleventh Street, Mrs. George H. Benjamin, 20 West Eleventh Street, and Marcel Steinbrügge, 14 East Sixtieth Street.

MISS LLOYD TO WED FEB. 21.

Bishop Lloyd to Officiate at Daughter's Wedding to Gavin Hadden.

Miss Rebecca Lloyd, daughter of Bishop Lloyd and Mrs. Lloyd, and Gavin Hadden, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Farquhar Hadden, whose engagement was announced in January, have selected the attendants at their wedding on Saturday, Feb. 21. The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Incarnation, Thirty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue, and will be performed by the bride's father, the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, and her brother, John Lloyd, will give her in marriage. The reception will be held at the home of the bride's parents, 1 Lexington Avenue.

Miss Lloyd will have Miss Margaret L. Strong, the elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Remsen Strong, as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be the Misses Lois Martin, Dorothea Karow of Georgia, Emily Riggs of Baltimore, Letitia Scott of Philadelphia, Isabel Doolittle of Ithaca, N. Y., and Rose Peabody of Groton, Mass.

Mr. Hadden will have his brother, Harold F. Hadden, Jr., as his best man, and his ushers will include George W. Martin, Arthur Sweeney, F. W. Marvin, Jr., Frank C. Page, Paul Renshaw, J. R. Coolidge, 3d, of Boston; Charles D. Osborne of Auburn, N. Y., and Douglas Crocker of Boston.

Mr. Hadden will give his bachelor dinner on Feb. 14 at the Harvard Club.

WEDDED AT THE ST. REGIS.

Miss Florence Weingarten Married to Ralph Samuel by Rev. Dr. Wise.

The wedding of Miss Florence Weingarten, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David W. Weingarten, to Ralph Samuel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Samuel, took place at 6:30 o'clock last evening at the St. Regis. The Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise officiated.

The bride wore a trailing gown of white satin, trimmed with point lace. Her tulle veil was caught up with a cap of lace, and held with sprays of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Rena Ullman was the bride's only attendant. She wore a gown of pink satin draped with chiffon of the same shade, and carried an arm bouquet of pink roses.

Mr. Samuel had as best man Charles Mergentheim, and the ushers were Sydney Weingarten, Harold Samuel, Melville Weingarten, and Lawrence S. Mayers.

After the ceremony there was a reception. Mr. Samuel and his bride are to spend their honeymoon in Southern California, and upon their return will live in this city.

Robinson-Stitt Wedding.

The wedding of the Rev. Millard Lyman Robinson and Miss Edna Walmsley Stitt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William James Stitt of this city, will take place this evening at 8:30 o'clock in the Grace M. E. Church, West 104th Street. Mr. Robinson was recently elected Executive Secretary of the New York City Society of the Methodist Church, having resigned as pastor of Hedding Church in this city last December. Miss Stitt is a graduate of Barnard, Class of '06. A reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents, 156 West Ninety-third Street.

Douglas-Irving Wedding To-night.

Miss Ethel Florence Irving, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Edgar Irving of this city, will be married to Harry Jerome Douglas, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Douglas, this evening at the Hotel Marseille. Miss Irving is a cousin of ex-Gov. Foster M. Voorhees of New Jersey and the Rev. Dr. Oscar M. Voorhees, who is to officiate. On the maternal side she is a descendant of Nathaniel Whittaker, founder of Dartmouth College.

Miss Sherman to Wed Dr. Eaton.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Sherman of Windsor, Vt., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nellie Frances Sherman, to Dr. Henry Douglas Eaton, son of the late Dr. Charles H. Eaton, former pastor of the Church of the Divine Paternity, Central Park West and Seventy-sixth Street. The date for the wedding has not been set.

Engagement Told at Theatre Party.

Announcement was made of the engagement of Miss Florence I. Garnsey, daughter of Mrs. S. Garnsey of 349 West Eighty-fifth Street, to F. J. Brettman, Jr., of this city at a theatre party given last night at the Lyceum Theatre. After the theatre Mrs. Garnsey took her guests to her home, where a supper was served. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Dudley L. Hager, Mr. and Mrs. Rolla N. Soper, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Garnsey, the Misses Lucille Bentley, Marjorie Horton, Natalie K. Fitch, Emily Brettman, Grace Stocker, and H. Albert Hanson, J. Christopher Marks, Jr., David E. Purcell, John Bentley, Harold Martin, and Frederick J. Brettman, Jr.

TOBIAS—ADLER.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Tobias of Ocean Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elsie Tobias, to Dr. Sidney H. Adler of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

F. B. Sayres in Williamstown.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Feb. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre arrived here this evening and for the next few days they will be the guests of the Rev. and Mrs. J. Franklin Carter in Park Street. Mr. Sayre takes up his duties as assistant to President Garfield and instructor in government next week with the beginning of the second semester of the college year.

MARGARET HINCHEY TELLS OF WILSON

President Listened to Working-women's Delegation with Bowed Head.

"YES, I KNOW," HE SAID

Laundry Worker Makes Effective Speech Before the Equal Franchise League.

Margaret Hinchey, the laundry worker who was one of the speakers in the delegation of women that went to Washington and interviewed President Wilson last Monday, talked before the Equal Suffrage League at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon. She told something of "Why the Laundry Workers Need the Ballot," and more about the visit to the President.

"You ladies might think I had the nerve to go down to see the President," said Margaret, who is a large, wholesome looking Irish woman. "You might think when I said I was a laundry woman that the President would get together his dirty collars and cuffs to give me, but he did nothing of the kind. He didn't give us the vote, but I think the 500 working women made a fine impression. I have great faith in the President. There were only 35 of us went in, but when he heard that the others were outside he wanted them all to come in and he had a warm, hearty handshake for every working woman.

"When he listened to me he bowed his head and said yes, he knew. 'I am in an embarrassing position,' he said, 'my party'—

"We don't want him to get away from his party. We could help every true Dimicrat"—she gave the word this pronunciation—"if the women voted. I'm not a bit discouraged, but we've got to push every man of them to the very pin of his collar. No one has a right to go up to Albany and make a pill for me to swallow whether I want to or not.

"And I can't see for the love of me why the antis follow the suffragists to the White House. That isn't the home.

"And they say the Irish women don't want to vote. I'll go down to Washington and I'll tell them that the Irish do want the vote. I told an Irish woman that I met at a ball—I went to see the President, but I went to a ball, too—that they said we didn't want the vote. 'They have a nerve to say the Irish women don't want the vote,' she said. 'There's a society for every County in Ireland and not an anti will get into one of them. We'll have a procession march up Fifth Avenue with green banners with "Erin go Bragh" and "Votes for Women" on them,' she said.

"We working women kept our noses to the grindstone and we never read the papers, but when some of you ladies began to work for the vote we saw that there might be something in it. There are different religions, but there is one God and He is constantly driving one thing into our hearts and consciences and that's justice. And all kinds of people say that the working woman doesn't want the vote. Maybe I'm speaking too broad, but you'll excuse me, I'm Irish.

"I could tell you some things about the work of the women in the laundries that would put the hair of your head standing," she said.

"Tell it," said the women, and she told a little of the work in detail, something of the long hours, 15 to 18 at a stretch sometimes, their children taken from the day nurseries by friends and then roaming the streets until the mother came home late at night—many of them delicate and sick for lack of the mother's care. She told of one worker anxious to get money to make a comfortable home for her baby, working until the day before it arrived, then going to the hospital from which she and her baby were taken to the cemetery.

"We were allowed to stop work and go out in the street out of respect when they passed," said Margaret Hinchey, "but I would like to ask is that the protection we women are getting in the home?

"The engineers got a raise of $2 the other day. They have a strong union and votes back of it. They did not have to strike. You never hear of the 'Big Six' striking, but when the shirt waist girls strike they are arrested for asking other girls not to take their positions. We went to Mayor McClellan at that time saying we represented 30,000 women.

"'Thirty thousand women are nothing to me,' he answered. Would he have said that of 30,000 voters?"

"Never," chorused the women in the audience.

"All I ask of the women is to think," continued Margaret Hinchey. "If there was only one woman in the United States she should have the vote."

There were other speakers. Mrs. Frederick Nathan presided. Miss Mary Garrett Hay, the President, came in late.

50 Chinese at Oriental Matinee.

The "Oriental matinée" of "A Thousand Years Ago" took place at the Shubert Theatre yesterday afternoon with fifty Chinese women and children attending the performance in addition to the Chinese Consul and the members of his staff. After the performance 200 people gathered on the stage for a reception which was held in an Oriental manner. The menu consisted of Chinese dishes and tea. Among the special guests were Geraldine Farrar, Ruth St. Denis, in Chinese costume; Percy Mackaye, author of the play, and the Chinese Consul, Y. Y. Yang.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Charles Frohman last night received a cable from Sir George Alexander asking him to release Miss Martha Hedman so that she could continue as leading woman of the St. James Theatre, London, in the run of "The Attack," in which she is now playing. Mr. Frohman has agreed to the request.

The engagement of the Welsh Players in "Change," the attraction at the Booth Theatre, will be brought to a close on Saturday. The piece will be sent on tour, opening at Montreal on Feb. 9.

The management of Keith's Palace Theatre announces that for the week beginning Feb. 16 Virginia Harned will appear in a playlet based on Tolstoy's "Anna Karenina."

The Longacre Theatre announces a professional matinee on Lincoln's Birthday, next Monday, when most of the players appearing in productions here will be invited to see Dorothy Donnelly in "Maria Rosa."

Frank Speaight begins his Dickens matinees in the Hudson Theatre this afternoon with a dramatization of "Pickwick."

Arthur Hammerstein yesterday signed a contract with Stella Mayhew for a long period. Miss Mayhew will shortly appear as Adelaide in the cast of "High Jinks," now playing at the Casino Theatre.

John L. Sullivan will make his first stage appearance in five years at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre the week of Feb. 23.

The officers of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, of which Mrs. James H. Parker is President, will occupy a box at the performance of "Young Wisdom" at the Gaiety Theatre on Friday, Feb. 20.

PUCCINI'S "GIRL" GIVEN.

First Performance This Season with Destinn, Caruso, and Amato.

For the first time this season Puccini's opera, "The Girl of the Golden West," was given at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. The performance was in all important respects the same as has been given of this work since its first production here, the cast being principally identical with that which has been concerned with the opera. Mr. Toscanini, however, did not conduct it last evening, as he has before, and the performance was under the direction of Mr. Polacco, who showed that he knew the score thoroughly from previous experience with it. His conducting of it was admirable and the performance was carried on with its accustomed smoothness.

Miss Destinn, Mr. Caruso, and Mr. Amato, who carry so much of the burden of the opera, were all in excellent voice, and their performance gives to the opera a large part of the vitality it has had in New York. The audience was not one of the largest of the season, not one of the size that usually is seen at performances in which Mr. Caruso appears.

A TRIO CONCERT.

Messrs. Ysaye, Godowsky, and Gerardy Play Together a Second Time.

The three distinguished artists, Eugène Ysaye, Leopold Godowsky, and Jean Gérardy, again appeared together last evening in one concert that proved an attraction for a very large audience in Carnegie Hall. The programme required the co-operation of the three in Beethoven's trio in C minor and Schubert's in B flat, and brought Messrs. Ysaye and Godowsky together in a performance of Mozart's sonata for violin and piano in D major, and Messrs. Ysaye and Gérardy in Saint-Saëns's duet for violin and violoncello called "Le Muse et le Poète."

The three artists had arrived at a better understanding among themselves as to their ensemble and the tonal proportions of it, and the result was more artistic and more enjoyable than those of their first concert together a month ago. Mr. Godowsky played with the lid of his piano closed, which assisted him in keeping the balance of his tone adjusted to that of his colleagues, which he did with much skill and delicacy. The three artists, indeed, all, gave of their best, and while Carnegie Hall is not a fit place for a performance of this sort, which requires intimate surroundings, the concert had features of great beauty.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The annual Tuxedo fancy dress ball will be held at the clubhouse, Tuxedo Park, on Saturday evening, Feb. 14.

Howard M. Peck and his sister, Mrs. Dudley F. Phelps, of 48 East Seventy-fifth Street will give a small dance at their home on Feb. 10.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rose and family, who are at the Plaza, plan to leave next week for the Greenbrier Hotel, White Sulphur Springs, West Va., for a month's stay.

Mrs. Henry Bridgman will give a musicale at her home, Fox Hill, Norfolk, Conn., on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 12. Harold Bauer and Miss Beatrice Harrison are the artists who will appear.

Miss Winifred Holt of 44 East Seventy-eighth Street gave the second of her Wednesday afternoon receptions yesterday at her house.

Mr. and Mrs. Darwin P. Kingsley and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pruyn are at the Hotel Gotham for the week-end.

Mrs. Ormond G. Smith of 7 East Seventy-eighth Street gave a dinner dance in the small ballroom at Sherry's last night. There were 135 for the dinner and after midnight a continuous supper was served in the adjoining suite. There were about 250 guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred W. Wagstaff, Jr., are at Hampton Terrace, Ga., for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wharton Shoemaker of 21 West Fifty-third Street are at the Princess Hotel, Bermuda, for several weeks.

The marriage of Miss Dorothy B. Parker, daughter of Mrs. Gustaf Stromberg, and George W. Childs McCarter of Newark, will take place this afternoon at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy in West Fifty-seventh Street. The reception will be held at the St. Regis.

To-night's dinner hostesses will include Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mrs. E. H. Peaslee, Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, and Miss Grace Dodge.

The marriage of Miss Dorothy Crawford Vander Hooge, daughter of A. S. Vander Hooge of Boston, and Paul G. Thebaud, Jr., will take place this afternoon at St. Agnes's Church in East Forty-third Street. Mgr. Brann will officiate.

Miss Mollie Tackaberry, a niece of Mrs. Josika Herczeg, and Armour Ferguson, will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at Dr. Herczeg's home, 28 West Tenth Street.

Mrs. William Everard Strong entertained last night at dinner at her town house, 5 East Sixty-fifth Street. Informal dancing followed.

Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton gave a reception yesterday afternoon at 512 Fifth Avenue for the New York Peace Society.

Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley opened her house, 600 Park Avenue, yesterday afternoon for the first of a series of talks, with music, on the operas, for the benefit of the East Side House Music School.

Mrs. Almuth C. Vandiver's Dinner.

Mrs. Almuth C. Vandiver of 1 West Sixty-fourth Street gave a dinner last night for Mrs. George Gordon Battle, and her sisters, Miss Bagby and Mrs. Bolling, of Richmond, Va. There was dancing afterward. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adamson, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd P. Stryker, Mr. and Mrs. Remsen T. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Glover Beardsley, Mr. and Mrs. Harry P. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Steinbrügge, Mrs. Alma Needham, Miss Margaret Root, Dr. and Mrs. John J. Moorhead, Dr. and Mrs. H. Dawson Furniss, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Harrison, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Leslie, Russell H. Landale, W. H. Williams, and John M. Battle.

Next Week's Opera Bills.

The Metropolitan's Opera repertoire for next week will open with "Die Meistersinger" on Monday evening, with Mme. Destinn as Eva for the first time this season, and Mr. Berger as Walther for the first time in America. "Louise" will be sung on Tuesday evening by the Chicago-Philadelphia company, and "Der Rosenkavalier" will be the opera for the following evening. On Thursday afternoon "Siegfried" will be given as the third performance in the annual "Ring" cycle, and that evening "The Girl of the Golden West" will hold the stage. The remaining performances of the week will be "La Traviata," on Friday evening; "Tristan und Isolde," at the Saturday matinee, and "Faust" at the Saturday night popular performance. A Wagner programme will be presented at the Sunday night concert, with Mme. Fremstad and Messrs. Martin and Griswold.

Salvatore Giordano, Tenor, Sings.

Salvatore Giordano, tenor, gave a recital at Aeolian Hall last night, with the assistance of Lola Oro Renard, soprano; Miss Anna Amato, pianist, and with Alberto Bimboni as accompanist. Mr. Giordano sang in Italian, French, German, and English. His voice revealed itself as of a generally pleasing quality, although his singing was not always even. His style had the merit of sincerity, but is hardly to be called finished, one of his chief faults being lapses in the rhythmic faculty. Most of his numbers were operatic arias, although there were a few songs. Mr. Bimboni's accompaniments were tasteful and efficient. He played both the piano and the organ.

MUSIC NOTES.

The seventh concert by the Educational Chamber Music Society will be given at the Educational Alliance, Jefferson Street and East Broadway, on Sunday evening. The programme will include compositions of Afanasieff, Tschaikowsky, and Rubinstein.

The German Liederkranz will give its second concert of the season at the clubhouse Saturday evening. The soloists will be Marie Morrisey, contralto; Ethel Liginska, pianist; Alberto Bachmann, violinist, and Emil Zeh, tenor. Arthur Claassen will conduct, and several male choruses never heard here will constitute one of the most important features of the evening.

ADELE RITCHIE ANGRY.

Slaps Process Server After Court Session in Contempt Case.

Adele Ritchie, who is Mrs. Charles Nelson Bell in private life, was in the City Court yesterday in answer to an order by Judge O'Dwyer to purge herself of contempt brought in supplementary proceedings to find out whether she could pay $87 for a pair of pink silk tights she bought of Mme. Freisinger, a costumer. Not long ago a woman from whom Miss Ritchie rented a farm got a judgment against her for a season's rent.

Miss Ritchie said yesterday that she did not know how much she earned on the stage, and that she did not know when or where she was to sing next. It was the duty of her agent, she said, to worry over those things.

Miss Ritchie interpolated comments derogatory to the newspapers in her answers.

Asked what kind of jewelry she wore, she replied that it was imitation pearls and diamonds. Miss Ritchie wore a black velvet coat trimmed with civet fur. Mr. Sperling asked her what the coat was worth, and she replied "Four dollars."

The case was adjourned until next Monday. Miss Ritchie walked out of court and had got to the walk in the City Hall Park when Max Arzt, a process server for House, Grossman & Vorhaus, stepped up to her and handed her a paper. It was a summons to appear in a suit brought by Edward O. Ginsburg, who says that Miss Ritchie owes him $200 for merchandise. As soon as Miss Ritchie recognized the nature of the paper she swung her hand and brought the palm of it flat against the cheek of the process server. Arzt tried to approach her again, but Miss Ritchie's lawyer shoved him away and said:

"Don't let us have a scene here."

YIDDISH COMEDIAN DEAD.

Body of Sigmund Moguiesko, Popular on East Side, in Actors' Club.

Sigmund Mogulesko, a popular comedian of the Yiddish stage and known to all Yiddish theatregoers in America and most of Europe, died yesterday at his home, 50 Stuyvesant Place. The body was taken to the Hebrew Actors' Club, in Second Avenue, late yesterday afternoon, and will be buried in Washington Cemetery on Friday.

Mr. Mogulesko was born near Moscow, Russia, 55 years ago, and when 22 years of age he was leading actor of a stock company in Odessa. He had been an actor for more than thirty-three years, and had appeared at all the Yiddish theatres in New York, and was equally well known in other cities.

Mr. Mogulesko gave David Kessler his first start and he introduced Jacob Adler, Mrs. Lipzin, and other Yiddish actors to the Yiddish stage. He was taken seriously ill in May, 1910, and never fully recovered. He is survived by his wife, two daughters, and a son, Dr. Julius Mogulesko.

Mrs. Augustus D. Shepard.

Mrs. Augustus D. Shepard, widow of the former President of the American Banknote Company, died Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Osborn W. Bright of Gibsonville, N. C., of heart disease. Mrs. Shepard had lived in Plainfield, N. J., for forty years, until the death of her husband last September, when she went to live in the South. Her husband was a brother of the late Col. Elliott F. Shepard. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. John Doull Miller of Plainfield, N. J., and Mrs. Osborn W. Bright, and four sons, A. D. Shepard, Jr., Burritt, Rutherford M., and Frederick.

Theodore Bromley.

Theodore Bromley, who was for many years the Business Secretary of the Actors' Fund of America, died yesterday at his residence, 31 West Ninth Street, of pneumonia. He was born more than sixty years ago in Cornwall, England, and in 1874 was Treasurer of Booth's Theatre in this city, at Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. He held the position two years. He was later business manager for Lawrence Barrett, Clarence Brune, Minna Gale, and Julia Marlowe. In 1894 Mr. Bromley became Business Secretary of the Actors' Fund. He left a widow.

John Paul Dauer.

John Paul Dauer, one of the best known members of the Mozart and Harlem Maennerchor Societies, died at the age of 78 on Wednesday at his home, 1,538 Mimford Place, the Bronx, and will be buried from Mozart Hall tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The services will be under the auspices of both societies. He was a member of the Mozart for fifty-seven years and of the Maennerchor for forty years. Mr. Dauer is survived by his wife, eight daughters, and three sons. His funeral will be held on the sixtieth anniversary of his marriage.

George Plate Dies in Paris.

News was received by cable yesterday from Paris of the death of George Plate, former Managing Director of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. He became head of the Board of Directors in 1892 and resigned on account of failing health in 1911. It was under Mr. Plate's management that the first express liner of the company's fleet, the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, was built, in 1893.

Obituary Notes.

FRANKLIN DELANO WILLIAMS, a dry goods merchant at 66 Worth Street, died yesterday at his home, 4 East Eighty-first Street. He was born in China in 1855, and had lived in the United States for fifty-three years, although only four years in New York. The body will be taken to Boston for burial. Mr. Williams left a widow.

D. EDWARD PENFIELD, a retired photographer, brother of Frederick C. Penfield, United States Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, died in Warren, Mass., yesterday. He was 71 years old.

Mrs. BERTHA BRAGG SCRIVEN, wife of Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven, chief signal officer of the Army, died on Tuesday at her home in Washington.

CHARLES C. BISSELL, who was Republican candidate for Congress in the First Connecticut District in 1912, died on Tuesday at his home, Suffield, Conn.

JOHN M. WILSON, mining operator and business manager of the Mexican interests of the late Senator Hearst, father of William Randolph Hearst, died on Tuesday at El Paso, Texas, aged 78 years.

Ex-Police Sergeant JOHN G. TAYLOR, who was a policeman at the time Russell Sage was attacked in his office by a bomb thrower, and carried the financier from his wrecked office, died on Tuesday at his home, 213 West 136th Street, aged 66 years. He was President of the Property Owners' Association of Harlem. Russell Sage gave Mr. Taylor a diamond stud.

SAMUEL DREIFUS, member of the clothing manufacturing firm of Spero, Michael & Son, died on Tuesday at his home, 4,707 Twelfth Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 52 years.

Dr. KARL VOELKERS, director of the University Clinic at Kiel, Germany, since 1868, and a leading specialist in nervous diseases and of ophthalmology, died on Tuesday at Kiel, aged 77 years. He was a graduate of the Kiel University and served as assistant director until 1868. Dr. Voelckers was the author of a number of works on eye diseases.

PHILO P. SAFFORD, a lawyer of 76 William Street, this city, died Tuesday in the Long Island College Hospital. He was 50 years old and a graduate of Oberlin College and the Columbia Law School. He was admitted to the bar in 1889 and for many years was legal editor of Moody's Magazine. Mr. Safford lived at 173 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn.

JOSEPH B. BAKER, Superintendent of the Philadelphia Terminal Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, died in Merion, Penn., on Tuesday, in his sixtieth year. He was a graduate of Lehigh University, and had been with the Pennsylvania Railroad for almost thirty years.

Dr. JAMES A. COX, a well-known physician of the east side, is dead at his home, 216 East Sixteenth Street, aged 55 years. He was born in Kentucky and was graduated from the Long Island College Hospital in 1891.

Miss ANNE BENNETT PITZER, favorite niece of Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the Speaker of the House, died Tuesday at San Diego, Cal. Miss Pitzer was one of the first women to cast a vote in Colorado.

WILLIAM J. LEE, employed by the Department of Charities for twenty-three years and for the last ten years Assistant Secretary of the Charities Department, died Tuesday at his home on Blackwell's Island. Mr. Lee was 46 years old.

Miss MARY PETTIT, 81 years old, is dead at her home, 12 Monroe Place, Brooklyn. She was a daughter of the late Henry Pettit and was graduated from Packer Institute in 1851.

The Rev. JOHN W. WEBSTER, Past Department Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic and a former member of the Legislature, died in Portland, Me., yesterday, aged 66 years.

JAMES E. GRIFFITH, who operated the first telegraph line leased by the old New England Associated Press between New York and Boston, died in Boston on Sunday. He was in later years engaged in editorial work.

JOHN MUMFORD, one of the oldest architects in Brooklyn, who lived at 152 Jefferson Avenue, that borough, was buried at Caldwell, N. J., yesterday. Mr. Mumford was 77 years old. During the civil war he was a draughtsman in the Iron-clad Bureau of the Navy Department, where he drew plans of all the monitors except those of the original Monitor. He designed the Municipal Building in Joralemon Street, the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, and the Hoagland Laboratory in Brooklyn.

Col. HENRY G. TUTHILL, who commanded the guard which watched over the body of President Lincoln while in state in Washington, died in Corning, N. Y., yesterday, at the age of 80. Col. Tuthill raised the Wadsworth Guards in Livingston and Wyoming Counties, and served with distinction in the civil war. Following wounds received at Gettysburg he commanded the military prison at Elmira.

The Rev. JAMES F. OLMSTEAD, rector of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church in Burlington, N. J., for the last seventeen years, died there yesterday. He was 54 years old. Mr. Olmstead is survived by two brothers, the Right Rev. Charles S. Olmstead, Bishop of Colorado, and the Rev. William B. Olmstead, master of Pomfort School, Pomfort, Conn.

LAURANCE BLANCHARD RAND, a real estate dealer of 481 Fifth Avenue, husband of Kate Stanton Richardson and son of the late George Curtis Rand and Eugenia Blanchard, died yesterday at his home in Cedarhurst, L. I. He had been ill for nine months. Mr. Rand was 32 years old and is survived by his widow and son.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FRANK.—Daughter born to Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Frank, Cedarhurst, L. I.

Engaged.

LANGBAUM—SCHNUR.—Samuel Langbaum announces his engagement to Miss Sadie Schnur.

HICKS—GLYNN.—Aimee I. Glynn to Walter R. Hicks.

Married.

BLEECKER—McCREERY.—On Feb. 4, at Linden Lawn, Flushing, L. I., by the Rev. Thomas H. MacKenzie, William Hill Bleecker to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of the late Samuel and Rachel Wiley McCreery.

SPARROW—BOYD.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 4, 1914, at 567 Macon St., Brooklyn, by the Rev. N. McGee Waters, D. D., John Robert Sparrow and Elizabeth Sherwood Boyd, daughter of Evans Boyd.

Brooklyn.

JOLLON—EPPIG.—Feb. 4, Regina J. Eppig to Julian P. Jollon.

PILCHER—GOSLING.—Feb. 3, Dorothy A. Gosling to Capt. Noel P. Pilcher.

TITLE—SONENBERG.—Feb. 1, Helen Sonenberg to Joseph Title.

Long Island.

GRIFFITH—MAGUIRE.—Feb. 2, Union Course, Lillian Maguire to Eugene A. Griffith.

Died.

AVERY.—Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1914, at his home, 73 West 12th St., Samuel Ivins, beloved husband of Sarah Park Avery, aged 87 years. Funeral private.

BERGMAIER.—On Feb. 4, 1914, Mary, mother of Frank and George Bergmaier. Funeral from her late residence, 77 East 125th St., on Friday, at 2 P. M.

BROMLEY.—Feb. 4, 1914, at 31 West 9th St., Theodore Bromley. Funeral private.

BURKE.—On Feb. 4, 1914, Thomas Burke, at his residence, 175 East 102d St., son of Henry and Mary Burke, brother of Laurence and Joseph, member N. Y. Lodge, No. 1, B. P. O. Elks. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 7, at 9 A. M.

CHAPIN.—At Pasadena, Cal., the 3d instant, Mrs. Mary B. W. Chapin, widow of the late William C. Chapin and daughter of the late William and Louise Adele Lynch Watson.

DAY.—Entered into rest on Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1914, Edward Gardiner Day, M. D. Services at his residence, 27 West 128th St., on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 2 P. M. Burial at Woodlawn. Please omit flowers.

DREIFUS.—Samuel, beloved husband of Kate Carter, died suddenly Sunday, Feb. 1, 1914. Funeral Friday, Feb. 6, at 10 A. M. from his late residence, 4,707 12th Av., Brooklyn.

DURIE.—Feb. 3, 1914, Jennie Durie, daughter of Matilda and the late David Durie. Funeral services from her late residence, 1,921 Anthony Av., Tremont, Bronx, Friday, Feb. 6, 2 o'clock.

EWINGS.—At Peekskill, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1914, Lilian Davis, wife of Gordon Page Ewings, in her 25th year. Funeral services from her late residence, 434 Simpson Place, Peekskill, N. Y., Saturday, Feb. 7, at 1:45 P. M. Interment Tarrytown, N. Y., at convenience of family.

FOX.—Levi, brother of Jacob L. and Moses Fox, age 60 years. Funeral from chapel, 10 East 22d St., on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FUNK.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1914, William Funk, in the 58th year of his age. Funeral services at his residence, 918 East 18th St., Flatbush, on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

GOLDSMITH.—Mendelssohn Benevolent Society: Members are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Moses Goldsmith, on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 1 P. M., from his late residence, 777 Hewitt Place. Cecil A. Marks, President.

GRIMLEY.—Felix, on Feb. 3, at his late residence, 33 East 200th St., beloved husband of Bridget Mary. Funeral Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Philip Neri's, 202d St. and the Concourse.

HAMILTON.—Feb. 4, Louise. Funeral Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av., 19th St., to-day, 2 o'clock.

INMAN.—Jennie. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 W. 23d. (Campbell Bldg.) Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

KANE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, after a short illness, at Sharon, Mass., Constance Henley, beloved daughter of Daniel Higbee and Beryl Keith Kane, in the 20th year of her age. Funeral at Marion, Mass. Notice later.

KIRTLAND.—At Newark, N. J., on Feb. 4, 1914, George, oldest son of the late John and Catherine Campbell Kirtland. Funeral service at the residence of his brother, Jared T. Kirtland, 56 Hillyer St., Orange, N. J., on Friday afternoon, Feb. 6, at 3:30 o'clock.

LEFFINGWELL.—Nora P., widow of the late Vanness Vanloan, aged 75 years. Funeral Friday, 2 P. M. Interment in Mt. Hope Cemetery, Athens.

MARTIN.—Suddenly, on Feb. 2, James Francis Martin, beloved husband of Ida Kelly, son of Henry and the late Sarah Martin. Funeral from his late residence, 1,047 40th St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 8 A. M.; thence to Church of Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary, 7 State St., New York City. Interment Calvary.

MILLER.—At Cocoa, Florida, second month, 2d, 1914, Henry G. Miller of Binghamton, N. Y., in his 77th year. Funeral service at Friend's Meeting House, Amawalk, N. Y., on sixth day, second month, 6, 1914, at twelve o'clock. Carriages will meet train leaving 155th St., Putnam Division, at 10:03 A. M., arriving at Yorktown 11:34. Binghamton and Ossining (N. Y.) papers please copy.

MOISAN.—Feb. 2, Josephine Moisan, aged 54 years. Funeral Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av., 19th St., Friday, 2 o'clock.

MOORE.—At Montclair, N. J., Feb. 4, 1914, Dorothy Estelle, only daughter of William B. and Laura R. Moore, aged 14 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MURPHY.—Mary J., nee Fitzgibbon, died suddenly, Feb. 4, 1914. Funeral Friday, 9:30 A. M., from late residence, 419 East 58th St., city, then to St. John the Evangelist Church. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

OLMSTED.—At Burlington, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 4, the Rev. James Frederic Olmsted, rector of St. Mary's Church. Burial from St. Mary's Church, Burlington, N. J., on Saturday, Feb. 7, at 3:30 P. M.

PROAL.—Suddenly, Feb. 3, 1914, Arthur Breese, beloved husband of Ermina J. Proal, in his 71st year. Funeral service at his late residence, 182 West 58th St., on Friday morning, 11 o'clock. Interment private.

QUICK.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, after a short illness, Isadore Julia, beloved widow of the late Peter R. Quick of Rhinebeck, N. Y. Funeral service at 239 Lenox Av., on Friday, at 5:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

RAND.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, at Cedarhurst, L. I., in the 33d year of his age, Laurance Blanchard Rand, husband of Kate Stanton Richardson and son of the late George Curtis Rand and Eugenia Blanchard. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Far Rockaway, Friday morning, on arrival of 10:08 train from Pennsylvania Station.

SCOTT.—Mary Shiland, widow of Clarence W. Scott, in Cambridge, N. Y., Wednesday, Feb. 4, in her 66th year. Interment at Swarthmore, Penn. Philadelphia and Helena (Mont.) papers please copy.

SECKEL.—Mrs. Sigmund Bob, nee Lillian Posner, beloved wife of Sigmund Bob Seckel, on Wednesday, Feb. 4. Funeral Friday, 10:30 A. M., private.

SHEPARD.—Joanna Mead, widow of Augustus D. Shepard, suddenly, on Feb. 3, 1914, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Osborn W. Bright, Gibsonville, N. C. Funeral service at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John Doull Miller, 222 East 9th St., Plainfield, N. J., Friday, Feb. 6, at 2:15 P. M.

SNYDER.—At his home, 168 6th St., Elmhurst, L. I., on Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1914, the Rev. A. W. Snyder. Funeral service at the residence on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family.

VAN HORNE.—On Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1914, Dr. Carrie H. Van Horne. Funeral services at her late residence, 90 Engle St., Englewood, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 5, at 2:30 P. M.

VAN WAGENEN.—At Fulton, N. Y., on Feb. 3, 1914, Frederick D., beloved husband of Eleanor Van Wagenen, in the fifty-fourth year of his age. Funeral service in Fulton, Friday afternoon.

WEEKS.—At Colorado Springs on Feb. 2, Louisa Blake, widow of F. H. Weeks and daughter of William Blake, formerly of Boston.

WEMPLE.—William Russ, son of the late Christopher Yates and Marian Elise Wemple, on Feb. 3, in his 80th year, after a short illness, at the residence of his son, Ernest Wemple, 321 Union Av., Cranford, N. J. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Episcopal Church, Cranford, on Thursday evening, Feb. 5, on arrival of Central Railroad of New Jersey train leaving New York, foot of Liberty St., at 7 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

WHITTEMORE.—On Feb. 4, 1914, at his late residence, 773 St. Nicholas Av., Sidney Whittemore, beloved husband of Emma Mott Whittemore, after a short illness. Funeral service will be held at the North Presbyterian Church, 525 West 155th St., Friday, Feb. 6, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

WILLIAMS.—On Feb. 4, 1914, at his residence, 4 East 81st St., Franklin Delano Williams. Funeral services at his late residence on Friday afternoon at 2:30. Interment Boston, Mass.

BEHRENS.—S., 950 Union Av., Bronx, Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

CORDES.—John, Feb. 3. Funeral 851 Amsterdam Av., to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CORRIGAN.—Michael, 533 West 40th St., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

COX.—Dr. James A., 216 East 16th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DAVIDSON.—Simon, 1,972 7th Av., Feb. 3, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DOLAN.—Nellie, 511 East 149th St., Feb. 3. Funeral notice later.

DONNELLY.—James, 406 West 56th St., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOWDING.—Catherine F., 388 Manhattan Av., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

GREER.—Thomas, 21 East 130th St., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day.

GRIMM.—Margaret, 451 West 48th St., Feb. 3, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow.

HARRIS.—David M., 601 West 113th St., Feb. 3, aged 67.

HENGELEIN.—Henry, 446 Manhattan Av., Feb. 2, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

JOHNSTON.—Emeline, 477 West 140th St., Feb. 3. Funeral private.

KELLY.—Dennis, 102 West 56th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LEE.—William J., Blackwell's Island, Feb. 3. Funeral notice later.

McGLONE.—Mary, 428 East 67th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day.

MORRISSEY.—Margaret, 209 West 14th St., Feb. 3, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'CONNOR.—Julia, 143 1st Av., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

PARTHEYMULLER.—Frederick, 420 East 76th St., Feb. 3, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow.

RECHNITZ.—Samuel, Feb. 2. Funeral 54 East 109th St.

ROBINSON.—Harriet E., 227 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, Feb. 3, age 53. Funeral to-day.

ROONEY.—Edward F., 313 Avenue A, Feb. 3. Funeral notice later.

STEINBERG.—Fritz, Feb. 3. Funeral 338 East 6th St., to-morrow, 2 P. M.

TAYLOR.—John G., 213 West 136th St., Feb. 3. Funeral notice later.

WALSH.—Helen M., 221 West 16th St., Feb. 3, aged 4. Funeral to-day, 9:15 A. M.

WILSON.—James, Feb. 3. Funeral 527 East 138th St., to-day, 1:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ANKNER.—Elizabeth, 87 Essex St., Feb. 4. Funeral Feb. 7.

BURKE.—Joseph M., 199 Kent St., Feb. 4, aged 31. Funeral Feb. 7.

BURMEISTER.—Frank, St. Catherine's Hospital, Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow.

BUTLER.—William E., 917 Kent Av., Feb. 2, aged 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BYNNER.—Millie, 201 Bay 20th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CAROLAN.—Edward, 958 Lafayette Av., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CHERUBINI.—Joseph, 802 Hicks St., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CLEMENTS.—Charles M., 283 Jefferson Av., Feb. 2.

FARRELL.—Margaret T., 348 20th St., Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FLANIGAN.—James, 5,709 5th Av., Feb. 3, aged 36.

GILL.—Herbert P., 638 Park Place, Feb. 2, aged 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

GLANDEL.—Laura M., 1,878 Broadway, Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HANLEY.—Michael, 172 Nevins St., Feb. 3, aged 47.

HEALY.—James L., 604 Myrtle Av., Feb. 3, aged 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOPKINS.—Bartholomew, 242 High St., Feb. 4. Funeral Feb. 8.

HOUGHLAND.—Margaret, 115 Noble St., Feb. 4.

KILBRIDE.—John H., 66 Clermont Av., Feb. 3. Funeral Feb. 7, 10 A. M.

LANGENBERG.—Sophia, 1,034 Blake Av., Feb. 2, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McHUGH.—Michael, 191 St. Mark's Av., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

McNULTY.—John, 217 East 95th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MEURY.—Emil, 243 Irving Av., Feb. 2, aged 19.

MIDDLETON.—Margaret, 33 Myrtle Av., Feb. 2, aged 35.

NISBET.—Mary A., 974 Sterling Place, Feb. 3. Funeral to-day.

O'BRIEN.—Michael J., 479 Grand St., Feb. 3, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PEARSON.—Mary, 488 Vanderbilt Av., Feb. 3. Funeral to-morrow.

RANKENBACK.—Elizabeth, 1,635 Halsey St., Feb. 2.

SAFFORD.—Philo P., Long Island College Hospital, Feb. 3.

SCHOFIELD.—Charles W., St. George Hotel, Feb. 3. Funeral to-day.

SCHMIDT.—Friederich, 682 McDonough St., Feb. 3, aged 71. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Johanna, 731 Grand St., Feb. 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SUUER.—Mary, 115 Crown St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

VARLEY.—Michael, 1,281 St. Mark's Av., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

WALSH.—Patrick, 518 Dean St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WALTER.—Wendelin, 1,317 Decatur St., Feb. 2, aged 56.

ZIRRITH.—Annie T., Holy Family Hospital, Feb. 1.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BIRKENMEIER.—Magdalena, 623 Bergen St., Newark, Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CAHILL.—Harry L., Newark, Feb. 4. Funeral notice later.

CARROLL.—John J., 73 Fleet St., Jersey City, Feb. 4.

COLEMAN.—Michael J., 36 Astor Place, Jersey City, Feb. 3.

HATFIELD.—Elmer W., 182 Walnut St., Newark, Feb. 2, aged 52.

HAYES.—James R., 649 Newark Av., Jersey City, Feb. 4.

HITZELBERGER.—Joseph, Hoboken, Feb. 3, aged 70. Funeral notice later.

LOVE.—Elizabeth H., Newark, Feb. 2. Funeral private.

McGOVERN.—Mary M., 41 Hunterdon St., Newark, Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

O'KEEFE.—Bessie, 411 Hague St., West Hoboken, Feb. 3, aged 38.

O'MELIA.—Sarah, 97 Dwight St., Jersey City, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHORR.—Herman, 132 Hamburg Place, Newark, Feb. 3, aged 57. Funeral to-morrow.

SIMONS.—Perry E., 4 Wilberton Place, Newark, Feb. 3, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SWICK.—Robert C., 130 South 10th St., Newark, Feb. 3, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.

THIRIAN.—Walter J., 648 South 19th St., Newark, Feb. 3, aged 2.

TUNNARD.—Catherine, 271 Academy St., Jersey City, Feb. 2. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

UBHAUS.—Conrad, 252 Springfield Av., Newark, Feb. 4. Funeral notice later.

Long Island.

DOUGHERTY.—James J., Union Course, Feb. 3, aged 44.

Westchester County.

LAMBERT.—Eliza, Pleasantville, Feb. 3, aged 92. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

In Memoriam.

PHILO P. SAFFORD—
Passed from our sight,
From care and grief set free,
He lives in light
Through all eternity.

LE GLISE.—Margaret, mass St. Columbus's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McCARTHY.—Judge John H., in memory of, died Feb. 5, 1908.

McDERMOTT.—Mary A., mass Sacred Heart Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

O'NEILL.—James, mass St. Antoninus's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

There is a miniature Chicago newspaper in the pages of the Public Ledger, edited in Chicago and telegraphed from there for the benefit of homesick westerners in New York or Philadelphia. It is for sale everywhere in Philadelphia, and on sixty hotel news-stands in New York.

CHARITIES.

The Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer

working for the last fifteen years for the destitute of this class of sufferers, and having two Homes in and near New York City, have great need of acquiring some additional city property for the benefit of the male patients. Donations for this purpose are earnestly begged for, according to the advice of the Right Rev'd Bishop Thomas F. Cusack, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the charity. The Sisters especially appeal to men to bless their sadder contingent with relief in this effort to please them. Kindly send letters of gift to

Mother M. Alphonsa Lathrop, O. S. D.,
ROSARY HILL HOME,
Hawthorne, Westchester Co., N. Y.
Or to Mother M. Rose Huber, O. S. D.,
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Don't force a balky Liver with drastic purgatives. Use a gentle remedy and avoid irreparable injury. Take the Right Remedy which will satisfy your Liver and yourself. 1 or 2 Pills at night relieve constipation. Get a box of
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FACTORY LAW TO END 5TH AVE. CONGESTION

Under Occupancy Clause, Operative on Feb. 1, Many Garment Factories Must Move.

MANUFACTURERS SURPRISED

Fifth Avenue Association Finds on Investigating That Few Buildings Meet Requirements.

After an investigation of 120 typical garment factories of the 700 on or near Fifth Avenue, the Fifth Avenue Association yesterday reported a solution of the problem of congestion of workers on the avenue with attendant depreciation of real estate values. The solution, according to the association's report, lies in the enforcement of the "occupancy law" of the new factory laws of 1913, which went into effect on Feb. 1. This law, limiting the number of workers according to the facilities of exit in every factory, will, in the opinion of Robert Grier Cooke, President of the Fifth Avenue Association, compel such an extensive reduction in the working force of the factories that many owners will prefer to move. A general exodus of factories from the Fifth Avenue district is predicted.

The saving provision of the new law, which, the report says, fell with unexpected force upon the factory owners and seems to have found them unprepared, is contained in Paragraphs 79 E and F, which apportion the number of employes permitted in any factory to the means of exit provided there. Fourteen employes are permitted to every 18-inch width of stairway. At best, the average factory would be limited to 87 persons, while the usual minimum now employed is 120. The new law demands considerable spaces to remain unproductive.

As a result of its investigation, secretly conducted since Dec. 10 and extending from Fourteenth to Forty-fifth Street and from Madison to Sixth Avenue, the association, measuring up the various factories to the new law, reported these results:

> Twenty-three factories, employing 2,685 people, either fully comply with the demands of the new law or will comply with it as soon as necessary slight alterations are made. All these factories are in new buildings, occupy a large area of space and pay high rents. Practically speaking, the owners of these factories control the best of the trade, and are the most progressive among their brethren. They have, with very few exceptions, moved into their new, commodious, and expensive quarters since the law was passed.
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> Eighty-nine factories, employing about 11,500 people, will have to reduce the number of their employes all the way from 30 to 70 per cent. In some cases radical and costly structural alterations will make it possible for the manufacturers to remain where they are. Eighty per cent., however, will have to reduce the number of their people, to take additional space, or to move. The question of additional space will be very hard to solve, because, as a rule, most of the loft buildings are fully tenanted and there is no space to be had. The structural alterations above mentioned will involve some very serious difficulties. The various interests are hard, if not impossible, to harmonize, and what might be of advantage to one tenant would prove of decided disadvantage to his neighbor.
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> Eleven factories have moved or are preparing to move. They employ nearly two thousand people, and their leases have expired or will expire very shortly. All of them have moved into the streets between Sixth and Eighth Avenues from quarters either on Fifth Avenue or in the immediate neighborhood of Fifth Avenue. In each case it was verified from The Record and Guide that the new leases had been signed. Under these circumstances these eleven factories were not listed in the tabulations.
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> Seven factories will have to shut down and get out when the Labor Department has finished the inspection of their premises. The number of employes in these factories is about five hundred, and they cannot, unless the whole building is transformed, carry on manufacturing in their present places under the new law.

A copy of the association's report containing these findings has been sent to the Department of Labor for action, and another copy has been furnished to Supt. Miller of the Building Department at his own request. The Department of Labor, through the Commissioner, has assured the Fifth Avenue Association that the law will be enforced without fear or favor.

The Fifth Avenue Association recommended making even more drastic the provisions of the new law to prevent fire hazards. It urges the abolition of the provision permitting an increase of 50 per cent. in the number of employes where a factory is equipped with automatic sprinklers and the substitution of imprisonment for the present fine of $25 or $50 for violations of the factory law and failure to remedy defects when pointed out. It recommends also the establishment of a single department to receive reports of inspections and tabulate them instead of dividing that work among the Building Department, the Fire Department, the Bureau of Fire Prevention, and the State Labor Department, as at present.

GIVES $50,000 CASH BAIL.

Young Brazilian Will Defend Miss Borden's $500,000 Suit.

Octavio Guinle, the rich young Brazilian who was sued for $500,000 for breach of promise on Tuesday, got $50,000 cash bail just in time yesterday to save him from being locked up in Ludlow Street Jail. He cabled to his home in Rio Janeiro for the money, and a prompt reply came authorizing him to draw it from the bank that handles the finances of his firm.

Miss Monica T. Borden, who brought the suit against Mr. Guinle, appears to have been misinformed as to his intention to sail yesterday for England on the Olympic. Mr. Guinle said he was not going abroad for a time. He came around to the Sheriff's office and said he was not worrying, and that he intended to do whatever was necessary to defend the suit. Tuesday night, and until he was released after paying over the bail yesterday, he was in the close companionship of Deputy Sheriffs McDonnell and Zeltner. He spent the night at the Knickerbocker Hotel.

Miss Borden's lawyers, Uterhart & Graham, said yesterday that Miss Borden was certain that it was Guinle's intention to sail away and forget all about her. The wedding invitations had been sent out, they said.

FIGHT FOR CIRCUS MILLIONS.

Mrs. James A. Bailey's Will Is Assailed by Sister in Court Action.

Trial of the contest of the will of Mrs. Ruth Louisa Bailey, who inherited a large estate from her husband, James A. Bailey of Barnum & Bailey of circus fame, began before Justice Tompkins in the Supreme Court at White Plains yesterday. Mrs. Bailey died on March 11, 1912, at her home in Mount Vernon. Her estate is valued at $4,000,000.

The contest is brought by her sister, Mrs. Ann Isabelle Hutchinson, of Bridgeport, Conn., against the executors, Joseph T. and Theodore McCaddon. Under the will Mrs. Hutchinson receives an income of $10,000 annually. If she succeeds in setting the will aside she will receive about $200,000 annually. She alleged that undue influence was exerted by Joseph McCaddon over Mrs. Bailey in the interests of the McCaddons and Mrs. Lillian Harper, a sister.

Among the well-known circus men who have given depositions in the action are Col. Cody and Major John M. Burke.

Schmidt Case to Jury To-day.

Assistant District Attorney Delehanty and Terence J. McManus, counsel for Hans Schmidt, the murderer of Anna Aumuller, took up the day's session yesterday in summing up the evidence submitted at the second trial. Justice Davis will charge the jury this morning.

DEBT MARGIN IS $38,579,634.

Controller Reports the City Can Borrow That Much This Year.

Controller Prendergast made a report to the Mayor yesterday relating to the financial condition of the city up to Jan. 2. The Controller stated that the debt-incurring power of the city on Jan. 2 this year was $51,373,749.62, aside from commitments, consisting of land and contract liability, which had already been charged against the city's borrowing capacity, amounting to $146,497,112.49. The total of these two sums, $197,870,862.11, the report says, represents the amount which the city can legally borrow upon its bonds or other evidence of indebtedness before its legal borrowing power within the constitutional debt limit is exhausted.

The Controller proposed a plan to minimize the great additions being made annually by the city to its bonded indebtedness. The plan is to issue periodically corporate notes to be redeemed in succeeding tax levies during a period of ten years, instead of issuing long term bonds. As an illustration of his plan the Controller pointed out that $50,000,000 of corporate notes, to be redeemed in ten successive tax budgets, would represent a cost to the city in principal and interest of $61,640,000, whereas $50,000,000 of long-term bonds, to be redeemed at the end of forty years, would, with principal and interest, cost the city $134,663,750, showing a saving through the corporate note method ow $73,023,750.

Regarding the debt-incurring power of the city for 1914 the Controller's report says:

> Although we started on Jan. 2 of this year with an unreserved margin of debt-incurring power of $16,579,634.01, this will not be the limit of our available debt-incurring power during the current year. On March 1 the Department of Taxes and Assessments will make its annual report, showing the assessed valuation of taxable real estate for the year. Although we have no definite figures at this time, I believe that I am justified in saying that there will be a sufficient increase in the assessed valuation of taxable real estate to add approximately $11,000,00 to our debt-incurring power. From the sinking fund revenues there will also be made available additions to our borrowing capacity of $7,000,000. * * * It is possible to rescind at least $1,000,000 from the existing authorization of corporate stock.
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> The total of these items, added to the debt-incurring power on Jan. 1, would give us a total of $35,579,634.01, which would be available during this year for any purposes the Board of Estimate and Apportionment may determine.
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> In addition to this we are now ready to ask the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to exempt a further amount of self-sustaining rapid transit bonds in the sum of $3,000,000. This last amount will be available, of course, for rapid-transit purposes only, but this would give us an available total during the year of $38,579,634.01, and in my judgment should be ample for advancing such new plans as are essentially necessary.

The Controller pointed out that he had discovered at least $2,500,000 of old accounts, dating back many years, which might be transferred to the general fund for the reduction of taxation.

CLEAR 200 TITLES AT ONCE.

Mrs. La France Takes $18,000 for Her Merrick, L. I., Claims.

Title to 200 parcels of real estate in the town of Merrick, L. I., was cleared yesterday when the Title Guarantee and Trust Company settled the claim of Mrs. Mary La France, one of the heirs of Samuel Smith, who at one time owned more than half of the town, for $18,000 cash.

Most of the property involved consisted of small plots improved with private dwellings. Last Fall the owners of the property, numbering about 200 in all, were greatly alarmed by a rumor to the effect that a suit was about to be instituted by the heirs of Smith, and that their titles were worthless. Following close upon this rumor came the service of papers in partition suits against the individual lot owners by Mrs. La France. Titles to the property had been guaranteed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company and an investigation of the claim was instituted.

A search of the title revealed that Samuel Smith died in January, 1850 and left to his son Chauncey his farm of 100 acres, now constituting about one-half the present site of the Village of Merrick. The will left the property "To my son Chauncey during his natural life, and at his death the same shall belong to his heirs and assigns forever." At a later date Chauncey and his five children sold the property. One of the five children, a son, died, leaving a daughter, who is now Mrs. Mary La France. Then Chauncey died. Mrs. La France said that at the time of the death of her father she became one of the heirs of Chauncey Smith, and that she, and not her father, who had signed the deed, was entitled to the property. As she had not signed away her rights she contended that she was still entitled to one-fifth interest in each lot in the trust.

MRS. LEEDS SHARES ESTATE

With Her Sister Will Divide Property of Her Father.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Nonnie Stewart Leeds, widow of William B. Leeds, who left $40,000,000, is made a beneficiary in the will of her father, William C. Stewart, which was filed for probate in the office of the County Surrogate to-day. By the terms of the will, Mrs. Leeds shares her father's estate with her sister, Mrs. Margaret Stewart Green, wife of Henderson M. Green of 208 South Mountain Avenue, where Stewart made his home when he died on Jan. 23.

Mrs. Stewart, the second wife of the deceased, from whom he was estranged after she was evicted from the South Mountain Avenue house in 1911, is not mentioned in the will. Stewart makes a request in his will that his body shall be interred beside that of his first wife, Sarah Lavina Stewart, in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. The body is now in a receiving vault awaiting, it is said, the arrival of Mrs. Leeds from England.

Mrs. Stewart and her daughter, Ferne Parkhurst, have lived at Mountain Lakes, near Boonton. When Stewart died it was said at their home that Mrs. Stewart and her daughter had sailed for Europe on the same ship that carried Mrs. Leeds. It is not known, however, whether Mrs. Leeds and her stepmother and stepsister made the journey together or if a reconciliation was effected on the ocean trip.

SCHWAB FOR COMPETITION.

Col. Bope Testifies in Government's Steel Suit.

The examination of H. P. Bope, Vice President and General Sales Manager of the Carnegie Steel Company, was concluded at yesterday's hearing in the Government suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation.

Col. Bope said that after Charles M. Schwab became President of the Carnegie Company he instructed the officers to pursue a "live and let live" policy, and take no steps for the elimination of competitors. He was questioned about the old pools which were abolished by Judge Gary, but without bringing out anything new.

The hearings, which are held at 71 Broadway before Special Examiner Henry P. Brown, will go on to-day.

SAYS ELLIS ISLAND IS SAFE.

Quincy Denies It Is in Danger from Explosives.

At a meeting yesterday of the Traffic and Storage Committee of the Institute of Makers of Explosives at the Hotel Astor, Secretary C. C. Quincy said that the fears expressed by Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson as to the safety of the immigration station at Ellis Island were groundless. Secretary Wilson has been quoted as saying that the immigration station was in constant danger of being blown up through the careless handling of high explosives.

"There is no more danger of an explosion on Ellis Island than there is on Manhattan Island," said Mr. Quincy. "We find greater precaution exercised in handling explosives in and around New York City than in any other part of the country. Handling explosives in a sense is always dangerous."

CESARE CONTI GOES INTO BANKRUPTCY

But Friends Are Expected to Rally to the Support of Italian Banker, Who Is Ill.

HIT BY WAR WITH TRIPOLI

It Cut Off the Profits of the Steamship Company in Which the Banker Invested.

Cesare Conti, a private banker and importer in lower Broadway for the last thirty years and a prominent member of the Italian colony in this city, made an assignment yesterday to Joseph M. Conklin of 170 Broadway. The step was taken voluntarily to protect the interests of creditors, and the direction of Mr. Conti's affairs was put in the hands of personal friends. The banker has been in the Flower Hospital for the last month suffering from gastritis and nervous exhaustion, and it was said at his offices at 35 Broadway yesterday that a direct cause of the assignment was the inability of Mr. Conti to look after his business.

Soon after the assignment was made for the Conti banking interests, similar action was taken in behalf of the Italo-American Stores Company, an importing concern, which was headed by the banker. It was said last night that the extent to which the importing organization was affected by the banking firm's difficulties could not be estimated, although the assignee had found that the importing company had a deposit of about $32,000 with the firm.

Irving L. Ernst, attorney for the assignee, said that the banker's liabilities would probably reach $350,000, and against these stood assets in the neighborhood of $100,000. Although Mr. Conti had a wide acquaintance in the east side, and maintained branch offices in several other cities for a banking and steamship ticket business, he had made small efforts to encourage deposits, and only 200 individual depositors were found on the books, with aggregate deposits of $35,000. When news of the assignment went out yesterday morning there was no excitement at the Conti offices, and few depositors appeared there in the day.

One of the largest creditors of the banking firm is the Lloyd Sabaudo Steamship Company, with a claim of $60,000. Several years ago the Italian banker invested about $200,000 in stock of the steamship company, it was learned yesterday, and aided the management in preparation for greatly extending the service between New York and Mediterranean ports. It was planned to have a weekly service, and Mr. Conti became the agent for the line in this city.

Before operations were under way the war between Italy and Turkey began. The Italian Government commandeered ships of the Lloyd-Sabaudo Line for transports, and instead of weekly boats the company was able to have only monthly steamers ply across the Atlantic. Earnings were poor in consequence, and Mr. Conti's income was reduced.

Another creditor is the Green River Distilling Company, to which the Conti firm owes about $25,000. E. C. Buchagnanin, Eastern manager of the distilling concern, said yesterday that his company would wait for its money and would expect Mr. Conti to continue as its distributing agent after his firm was on its feet again.

The assignee was not able to delve far enough into the banking firm's books yesterday to find all the points of difficulty, but it was found that profits from foreign remittances had declined heavily in the last year. In place of transferring about $8,000,000 abroad in the shape of drafts and money orders, the average amount in several preceding years, only about $2,000,000 was handled. The war in the Balkan States acted also to restrict the trade of the Italo-American Stores Company. After Mr. Conti became ill collections were slow and business declined generally.

Mr. Conti has always taken an active interest in civic affairs, and is recalled particularly by his efforts to have Mayor Gaynor nominated for President at the Baltimore Convention. He headed an Italian delegation from this city at that time. His father was prominent among the early Italian settlers in New York. The elder Mr. Conti was for forty years Secretary to the Italian Consul here and prominent in politics.

Many of Mr. Conti's friends came forward with offers of assistance when they learned of his financial difficulties. The business will be conducted temporarily by the assignee, and it is expected that with the co-operation of large creditors a reorganization of the banker's affairs will be accomplished.

PRESIDENT GRAY TO RESIGN.

Will Probably Quit Great Northern in May to Head an Eastern Road.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—Despite vigorous denials by Carl R. Gray, it is said on the highest authority that he will resign soon as President of the Great Northern Railroad.

In denying the report Mr. Gray said: "I am not going to resign at present. I have not been negotiating with any other road."

Mr. Gray is expected to leave for the East soon, and join the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad or become President of a system that is to be reorganized.

Railroad men in the East are said to have been familiar with Mr. Gray's plans for several weeks. It is said that on their recent trip East James J. Hill and L. W. Hill discussed the matter with Directors of the road. Unless an able railroad executive can be obtained to head the Great Northern Railroad L. W. Hill will return to the Presidency. Mr. Hill does not want to head the system owing to his many enterprises.

Although no definite date has been set for Mr. Gray's resignation and the matter has not come officially before the Board of Directors, it is thought that he will leave the Great Northern in May. James J. Hill refuses to discuss the resignation of Mr. Gray, and L. W. Hill said that any such announcement would have to come from Mr. Gray himself.

CULKIN FIGHTS IN COURT.

Men Surrogate Cohalan Ordered Dismissed Want Salaries.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday signed an order directing Controller Prendergast to show cause why the salaries of nine men in the Bureau of Records of the Surrogates' Court whose services Surrogate Cohalan ordered Commissioner John F. Curry to dispense with beginning Jan. 1 should not be paid. The men have been doing their work as usual. They include Tammany Leader Charles W. Culkin, Deputy Commissioner; William J. Duffy, Secretary, and seven laborers.

Commissioner Curry, at the head of the bureau, did not carry out the Surrogate's orders, and the Surrogate asked the Controller to stop the salaries.

Calamares Shows Good Speed.

The United Fruit Company's steamship Calamares returned yesterday from her maiden voyage to the West Indies and Central America. Edward Workman of the firm of Workman & Clark of Belfast, builders, said that the ship had behaved very well and had made an average speed of 17.08 knots for twenty-four hours between Havana and New York on the return voyage. Service a la carte was tried in the restaurant on board, and was a success.

HEALTH FEDERATION WORK.

New Central Council of Public Health Created by It.

A plan of organization for the Health Federation of the City of New York, an association of about 150 private organizations actively interested in the promotion of public health, was adopted at a meeting of representatives of many of those organizations in the Academy of Medicine yesterday afternoon. The plan included the establishment of an advisory body to be known as the Central Council of Public Health, which will hold conferences at the call of the federation.

The membership of this council was limited to fifteen persons. The members announced yesterday were Dr. John H. Huddleston, Chairman; Bailey B. Burritt, Acting General Director of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor; Dr. Charles Loomis Dana, Chairman of the Public Health, Hospital, and Budget Committee of the New York Academy of Medicine, and of the Public Health Committee of the City Club; Homer Folks, Miss Pauline Goldmark of the Governing Board of the Consumers' League, James Jenkins, Jr.; Dr. Edward L. Keyes, Jr.; Dr. Philip Van Ingen, Medical Advisor of the New York Milk Committee; Miss Lillian D. Wald, Chairman of the Committee on Public Health of the Settlements; Prof. C. E. A. Winslow, and E. H. Lewinski-Corwin, Executive Secretary.

Dr. Huddleston was Chairman of the conference yesterday. Everett S. Elwood, Executive Secretary of the Committee on Mental Hygiene of the State Charities Aid Association, described the work of that organization. The work of the Neighborhood Associations was described by Mrs. Mary K. Simkhovitch. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise told of the social health service of the Free Synagogue in conjunction with the Montefiore Home and the United Hebrew Charities. He said between $60,000 and $70,000 had been guaranteed—$10,000 by the Free Synagogue—as a fund for three years for experiment in the treatment of 200 families now suffering from tuberculosis. Miss Pauline Goldmark reported on the work of the Consumers' League, and Dr. James Alexander Miller described the work of the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Miss Lillian Wald reported on the work of the Committee on Public Health of the Settlements. Dr. Lee K. Frankel, Sixth Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, said that company had in the year sent visiting nurses to the homes of 17,000 of its industrial policy holders, a total of 108,000 visits, at a cost of $61,000. The work of the New York Milk Committee was reported on by Paul Taylor, its Chairman, and that of the New York Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor by Dr. Bailey B. Burritt. Dr. Haven Emerson read the reports of the Public Health, Hospital, and Budget Committee of the Academy of Medicine and the Public Health Committee of the City Club.

BIG NEW ATHLETIC CLUB.

The Gotham Will Build in Times Square Neighborhood.

Plans have virtually been perfected, it was learned yesterday, for the purchase of a large site in the Times Square neighborhood on which will be erected one of the largest and best equipped clubs in the city. It will be known as the Gotham Athletic Club, and, with the land, it is estimated that the entire cost will be somewhat over $1,000,000. So well advanced are the plans that Henry Ives Cobb, who has designed several large buildings in the city, has been selected as the architect, and he admitted yesterday that he had prepared a tentative sketch of the proposed club building. One of the three or four sites which the committee has under advisement is in West Forty-fourth Street back of the new Shubert Theatre. A plot of about 100 feet front will probably be purchased.

W. Gregory Smith, the managing director of the new organization, said yesterday that the success of the club was practically assured. The preliminary work has been going on quietly for over two months and a meeting of the leading promoters was held two days ago at the Hotel Laurelton in West Fifty-fifth Street. Major J. Otis Woodward was elected President, John G Jones and Walter Hoff Seely, Vice Presidents, and John F. Vane-Tempest Secretary. Mr. Seely is Chairman of the Committee on Building and Site. Among those who have taken an active interest in the enterprise and who are on the Board of Directors are Dr. Thomas Darlington, Capt. C. E. Byrne, A. Edgar Distelhurst, Dr. W. E. Young, and George Tomlinson.

Mr. Smith said yesterday that until a definite site is selected he did not feel at liberty to enter into details of the new club. The deal for one of the sites now being considered, he intimated, would doubtless be closed within the next week or ten days. A large membership is already assured. The club building will probably be ten stories high.

USES OF HYDRATED LIME.

It Is Said to Make Cement and Concrete Waterproof.

The National Lime Manufacturers' Association opened its twelfth annual meeting yesterday at the Hotel Astor, with the President, William E. Carson of Riverton, Va., in the chair. Papers upon various subjects pertaining to the manufacture and sale of lime were read and discussed during the day.

One of them that provoked much discussion was by Charles Warner of Wilmington, Del., who said that "hydrated lime," a comparatively recent product, could be used to great advantage mixed with cement and concrete.

Several speakers joined in the discussion following this paper, and the opinion generally expressed by them was that "hydrated lime" was the best base for water-proofing known to-day. It was said that if a concrete or cement structure contained 10 per cent. of "hydrated lime" it would withstand water a great deal better than if the lime were left out. Some of the speakers even went so far as to say that under ordinary climatic conditions the addition of the lime made cement and concrete absolutely water-proof.

Col. C. W. S. Cobb of St. Louis said that the technical school graduates of to-day were not familiar with the properties of "hydrated lime," and he moved that a committee of five be appointed to carry on a campaign of education among them. The motion was passed unanimously.

The association also considered the adoption of specifications for what shall be considered standard grades of lime for building, agricultural, and chemical uses, but definite action was deferred until to-day.

DIX COMPANY DISSOLVES.

Albany Concern with Huppuch Also as a Stockholder Ends.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—The Albany Securities Company filed voluntary dissolution papers with the Secretary of State to-day. It was incorporated Feb. 27, 1909, with $100,000 capital, increased to $200,000 a year later.

The stockholders, signing the certificate of dissolution, are John A. Dix and Erastus Corning of Albany; Winfield A. Huppuch of Hudson Falls; George C. W. Low, Harry G. Underwood and George F. Underwood of New York City, and Albert Newcomb of Brooklyn. The purpose of the company was to furnish capital for a Canadian lumber syndicate.

Fall River Insurance Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 4.—The financial statement of the Fall River Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1913, shows the amount at risk on that date to have been $117,014,425.08, against $112,445,929.42 on Dec. 31, 1912, a gain for the year of $4,568,495.66. The net premiums received during the year amounted to $493,158.46. Premiums outstanding Dec. 31, 1913, were $865,212.02. The losses incurred during the year reached $30,021.33 and premium deposits returned $430,808.72.

FIND A JOKER IN BID FOR SUBWAY STANDS

Ward's Contract Said to Give No Advantage to City in Letting Stations Separately.

IT MAY COME UP TO-DAY

Protests of Publishers Will Cause Public Service Commission to Consider It Carefully.

The contract for the Subway and elevated newsstand and advertising privileges between Artemas Ward and the Interborough, which has brought out protests from some of the magazines and the independent newsdealers, has been forwarded to the Public Service Commission for its approval, and is likely to be taken up at the adjourned meeting of the commission this morning. In consequence of the complaints of the magazine proprietors that the monthly charge made by Mr. Ward for the placing of their publications on sale, of $15 for the subway stations and $15 for the elevated stations, is unreasonable, and is moreover not enforced against all publishers, it is certain that the contract will be scrutinized very closely before it is finally passed.

The contract is complicated by the fact that it covers both the old and the new subway and elevated lines, and that according to the dual system contracts the Interborough must advertise for proposals for the newsstand privileges in the stations of the new rapid transit lines in such a manner as to permit of the contracting separately for each newsstand. This clause was inserted to enable small newsdealers to get the privileges for single stations, and, if it is enforced, it is clear that it will be impossible for Mr. Ward to acquire the exclusive rights conferred by the proposed contract for fifteen years.

So in this agreement appears a clause, which some, who read it last night, declared to be a "joker." It is so worded that however keen the competition from the small men, it will be impossible for the company ever to receive more for its newsstand privileges than Mr. Ward had already bid. This being the case, it was argued, it was evident that it would be to the advantage of the Interborough and its partner, the city, to deal with one big firm rather than many small men.

This result has been brought about by providing that in case the newsstand privileges in any station should be let to some other contractor the amount to be paid by Mr. Ward will be reduced by precisely the amount to be paid by the outside contractor. No matter how high Mr. Ward's competitors were willing to pay, they would be merely diminishing his annual payments, and the city and company would get precisely the same.

The contract is to run fifteen years from Jan. 1, 1914, and Artemas Ward is to pay the Interborough $600,000 for the present year, $700,000 for each of the years 1915, 1916, 1917, and 1918, and $800,000 for 1919, and for every year thereafter $800,000, plus 10 per cent. of the gross receipts. For this he will get the exclusive right to sell newspapers, magazines, flowers, books, confectionery, and other articles usually sold in stationery stores, but not cigars, tobacco, fruit, or nuts. He will also have the right to receive and check for a fee small parcels, and to place in the stations automatic chewing gum, chocolate, and candy machines, as well as weighing machines.

Moreover Mr. Ward will have the exclusive control over the station advertisements, as far as they are permitted by law, and over the advertisements in the subway and elevated cars. These rights will carry with them the privilege of transporting newspapers free of charge on the Interborough trains, subject to reasonable rules and regulations.

As at present no advertisements are permitted to be placed on the walls of the existing subway below Brooklyn Bridge, and as it is not certain that the commission will authorize them in the new elevated and subway stations, it is agreed that in case these stations should be opened at some future time for this kind of mural decoration Mr. Ward must pay an extra $2,500 a year for each station he thus obtains. Moreover if a new station is opened, at which no privileges are granted to him, he must pay $625 more annually, as compensation for the additional cars which may be put in operation in connection with each station.

The provisions of the contract with regard to the newsstand and automatic machine privileges are to be in force only for five years after the new subway and elevated extensions come into operation.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY STEADY.

Some Price-Shading in Woolen Fabrics—Hand-to-Mouth Cotton Buying

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow:

"Much of the interest in the men's wear market at present is centered on the opening of woolen suitings. Prices, though somewhat lower than those quoted on heavy weights for last Fall, do not show the drastic reductions that are to be seen in worsteds. Staple and semi-staple overcoatings have not met with a favorable reception at the hands of buyers, partly due to the fact that a considerable stock was carried over, and partly because of milder weather. On the other hand, manufacturers have brought out well-styled lines of mackinaws and balmacans, and have secured orders enough to keep their plants running at capacity throughout the present season. The latest development in all wool chinchillas has been the opening of a line of these fabrics at $1, regular. Inasmuch as the trade was surprised when this class of fabrics was put upon the market at $1.10, the possibility of reaching this lower figure attracts much attention.

"The sales of wool in Boston this week have reached the total of 4,285,000 pounds, which is a trifle less than in some previous weeks, owing to the steadily reduced stocks. It is anticipated, however, that the supplies of foreign wools in dealers' hands will be very materially increased, as some direct shipments from Australia and other purchases to arrive by way of London should shortly be landed here.

"Attention is already being directed toward the coming clip of domestic wool, and it is impossible to secure further contracts from growers, except at an advance of one or two cents per pound.

"In the cotton goods industry the question of suitable raw material has been worrying the manufacturers, but there is a growing opinion that the proportion of faulty cotton in this year's crop has been largely overstated. Well-known staple cotton fabrics have been purchased regularly, but there is a lack of provision for future demand, and buyers may be disappointed by inability to obtain sufficient goods in the future, owing to the hand-to-mouth manner in which all of the purchasing has been conducted.

"In fancy fabrics the tendency continues toward lighter weights and greater varieties, and the opportunity for small mills making special fabrics was never so great as it is at present. In worsted yarns steady consistent buying is noted, and the entire textile industry is characterized by a resolute pursuit of effectiveness in all departments."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CESARE CONTI.—Cesare Conti, an Italian private banker and steamship ticket broker and forwarder of 35 Broadway, who has been in business twenty-eight years, made an assignment yesterday to Joseph M. Conklin, a lawyer of 170 Broadway. His liabilities are said to be $200,000 and assets $100,000. Mr. Conti began business in 1886.

NATHAN and HARRY CIERLER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Nathan and Harry Cierler, composing the firm of Cierler & Cierler, manufacturers of furs at 11 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: S. Michael Cohen, $300; Charles F. Fuerst, $500, and E. S. Wheeler, $200. Assets are $3,000.

GERARDO IMMEDIATO, a civil engineer of 543 West 123d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $5,259, and no assets. Most of the debts were contracted in Mexico City in 1907 as a partner in the firm of Immediato & Causero. Among the creditors are the University Club, $140, and Country Club, $50, of Mexico City; Montclair Club, $30, and American Society of Civil Engineers, New York City, $79, for dues.

PAUL J. SOMERS, a policeman of 355 East Eighty-eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $2,906 and no assets. Of the liabilities, $2,000 is a suit in court for $2,000 damages for false arrest brought by Lena Meyerworthy of 316 East Eightieth Street. He owes $200 for a watch, $185 for diamonds and jewelry, and $25 to a finance company.

JACK P. MANTELL, salesman of 146 West Ninety-fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,410 and no assets. Among the creditors are Helen C. Mantell, $101 costs awarded by the Supreme Court on Jan. 16, and Robert Mantell of Detroit, $35 money loaned.

LOUIS HORDES.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Louis Hordes, cloak manufacturer of 20 East Broadway, show liabilities $13,699 and assets $2,756 in accounts.

M. ROSENBLAT & SON.—Schedules in bankruptcy of M. Rosenblat & Son, manufacturers of furs at 135 West Twenty-sixth Street, with a store in Buffalo, show liabilities $61,457 and assets $25,180, consisting of stock in New York, $10,000; stock in Buffalo, $5,600; goods out on memorandum, $2,000; accounts, $7,000; fixtures, $650, and cash in bank, $530. Of the liabilities, $16,301 is accommodation paper for Jacob Stein & Son. Among the creditors are Vanderweghe Brothers, $7,671; Alex. A. Bernstein, $4,780; L. Friedman & Co., $3,759, and Market Bank of Buffalo, $2,483.

LEVY, LAX & TODD.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Levy, Lax & Todd, cloak manufacturers of 136 West Twenty-first Street, show liabilities $43,093 and assets $13,000, consisting of stock and fixtures, $12,000 and accounts $1,000. Among the creditors are Portener & Co., $3,500; Adolph J. Mueller, $3,500, and Century Silk Mills, $1,760. They did business as the Unique Cloak and Suit Company.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Anderson, Matthew—L. L. Vossler, $361.
Albright, Robert W.—L. Albright, $1,761.
Aronowsky, Abraham—D. Pellman, $408.
Anderson, Frederick—A. Wendel, $900.
Bunn, Frederick A.—G. B. Wallace, $731.
Berkowitz, Hyman—C. Schlesinger et al., $931.
Bravand, Rudolph J.—A. Herzlich et al., $119.
Burton, John H.—O. Bluemmer, $3,167.
Bishop, Abigail H.—A. R. Lewis, $167.
Biermar, Harry—Am Taxicab Co., $166.
Bramwell, William—J. Schanz, $174.
Barnes, Clark B.—A. Herzlich et al., $113.
Corwin, Joseph B.—Rohe & Bro., $732.
Ciletti, Pasquale—A. Germano & Son, $654.
Same—A. Germano & Bros., $1,272.
Cronin, Edw. F.—Cowen's, Inc., $490.
Dallessia, Nicholas—P. Ventimiglia, $122.
De Waters, William—E. H. Sayre et al., $267.
Eltonhead, Edw. Y.—R. Berg, $323.
Engeman, Wm. A.—G. Kaufman, $1,535.
Franck, Charles—J. Schreiner, $154.
Finnegan, Arthur A.—G. G. Jordan, $243.
Finocchiaro, Carlo—R. Marder, $133.
Facciglione, Daniel—C. E. Littlefield, $124.
Farrell, Thomas V.—T. F. C. Tasman et al., $127.
Greenberg, Jacob M.—W. Alsberg et al., $242.
Gray, James A.—W. E. Taylor et al., $352.
Goldberg, Benjamin M.—L. E. Mears, $186.
Groh, Otto—Knickerbocker Ice Co., $211.
Gerstenfeld, Morris—M. A. Jones, $186.
Gruber, Herman—G. Rosenfeld, $222.
Gregory, Geo. W.—Herman Vossnack, Jr., Inc., $148.
Gallman, Christian H.—Col. Mortimer Co., $285.
Hawes, Gertrude D.—B. J. Clarke, costs, $395.
Hoffer, Andrew C.—J. Voyce & Co., $105.
Howes, Gertrude D.—J. F. Snipes, costs, $118.
Henig, Merkel—A. Weg, $113.
Jam, Solomon—L. Rurut, $117.
Jacoves, Louis J.—J. Shenk, $119.
Klosty, Henry—W. H. Hussey et al., $139.
Kaufman, Harry A.—Lord & Taylor, $104.
Kingston, Honora, Abraham Levitt, and Morris Brown—C. Karsh, $289.
Landau, Max and Samuel Shapiro—Bank of the United States, $526.
McKinnon, Ronald J., and New England Casualty Co.—Yager & Wagner, $689.
Mildner, William—Motor Finance Co., $456.
Martonoff, Chas. E.—A. Van Nostrand, $149.
Maisel, Alexander—Union Card and Paper Co., $523.
Matthews, John A. and Grace E.—F. Rosenberg, $211.
Moore, Ann—A. O. Gavigan, $286.
Gegin, Hyman & Abraham Bloom—P. Ratoff, $114.
O'Connor, Thomas—New York Trap Rock Co., $203.
Pietman, Harry—A. Herzlich, $112.
Power, Edw. H.—M. Mittern, $1,350.
Roth, Robert C—F. Cook, $2,687.
Reuther, Harold—Tuttle Motor Co., $386.
Robinson, Frank—Indian Refining Co., $126.
Schmidt, Edward—Washington Savings Bank, $6,460.
Sagotsky, Max & Abraham B. Rossini—People, &c., $1,000.
Saverese, Frank & Albert—W. E. Rehahn et al., $141.
Steinberg, Joseph—J. Fine, $202.
Smallfield, Stephen—S. Oransky, $150.
Schulze, Wm. H.—F. W. Devoe & C. T. Raynolds Co., $441.
Stern, Seymour—A. Lewis, $3,669.
Shurtleff, Geo. F.—E. Turner, $908.
Sandford, Hiram A.—Frederick Ludlam Co., $447.
Thompson, Max—D. S. Myers et al., $220.
Von Claussen, Ida—M. Carrere, $225.
Van Loan, Irving S.—G. Stickley et al., $171.
Wassman, Wm. E.—H. Getty, $2,825.
Wacker, August—George Ringler & Co., $6,235.
Ware, Edgar T.—C. A. Collins, $189.
White, Helen C.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co., $369.
Wolf, Joseph—J. Sobel et al., $367.
Weller, John—W. H. Hussey et al., $165.
Yin, Cline Dow or Chin Dow—Manhattan Leasing Co., $298.
Behr Sample Co.—The A. Haug Co., $165.
Vanderbilt Cup Garage and Edward Underhill—G. H. Schuler, $246.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—C. Pepe, $2,360.
City of N. Y.—C. H. Cullen, $5,535.
N. Y. Railways Co.—M. Guckes, $1,180.
Alpha Construction Co. and Adolph Hirshfield—Twenty-third Ward Bank........$168
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—M. A. Dowd, $2,091.
Hudson Ink Co., Inc.—C. L. Burchard, $2,267.
Mansad Construction Co. and Emanuel M. Krulewitch—Twenty-third Ward Bank.$168
Casualty Co. of America—M F. McGuiness et al., $1,250.
C. J. Sullivan Advertising Co.—E. E. Block, $825.
Hencken & Willenbrock Co.—F. Habenicht, costs, $102.
Crichton Realty Co.—E. H. McWhorter, $874.
City of N. Y.—American Bonding Co. of Baltimore, $1,248.
Jackson Motor Co.—Raleigh Motor Car and Machinery Co., $1,924.
Metropolitan Bindery, Inc.—A. H. Sohl, $605.
Colyer, Wm. H.—City of New York, $244.
Conor, Joseph E.—Same, $244.
Campbell, James A.—Same, $244.
Cohn, Joseph M.—Same, $244.
Carey, James F.—Same, $244.
Campbell, John—Same, $244.
Carmel, Julius—Same, $244.
Cohen, Joseph N.—Same, $244.
Camardella, James V.—Same, $244.
Clements, John L.—Same, $244.
Clayton, Joseph C.—Same, $244.
Callander, James H.—Same, $244.
Charles, Heinrich F.—Same, $244.
Converse, Harry L.—Same, $244.
Clement, Henry—Same, $244.
Corcoran, Geo. J.—Same, $244.
Cooper, Frank A.—Same, $244.
Cooney, Edw. J. & E. F.—Same, $244.
Collora, Anton—Same, $244.
Cohn, Morris—Same, $244.
Celandino, Tony—Same, $244.
Caldan, Nicholas F.—Same, $244.
Casey, Martin, Jr.—Same, $244.
Cahill, Michael—Same, $244.
Cogswell, William—Same, $244.

In Bronx County.

Cebrelli, Antonio—E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co., $203.
Fine, Morris—A. Rehm, $300.
Gerleit, August, Lou J. H. Schmitt—S. Munz, $113.
Giegerich, William H.—G. A. Steinmuller, $875.
Gay, Joseph G.—Honeoye Realty Corporation, $284.
Leitner, Jacob—J. Horowitz, $1,172.
Mulvihill, Mary E., and Fannie Rabinovich—J. B. Harrison et al., $1,150.
Negin, Hyman, and Abraham Bloom—P. Ratoff, $111.
Slauson, Edgar A., and Caroline C. Slauson—First National Bank of Mount Vernon, $225.
Shand, George J.—George Haiss Mfg. Co., $1,289.
Trani, Rosario—A. E. Bockman et al., $281.
Wolkemir, Gottlieb—B. Troupiansky, $340.
E. J. & R. J. Dandignac, Inc., and Robert J. Dandignac—G. B. Raymond, $114.
First Preferred Realty Corporation—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $356.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed in New York County.

Krause, Laura D. B.—G. Stamberger, Jan. 8, 1914, $331.
Mooney, Thomas J., and John P. Walsh—S. Bender, Jan. 7, 1914, $226.
Weiner, William—H. Chadaznik, Jan. 22, 1913, $274.
Gilroy, Elizabeth G.—J. R. Clarke, Oct. 3, 1912, $767.
Metropolitan Granite Supply Co., Carmine Tomatore, Matteo Guamio et al.—West Side Bank, Jan. 15, 1914, $185.
Elverson, Edw. W., and Samuel A. Kellock—W. B. Wilson, Dec. 23, 1913, (canceled,) $2,582.
Kalman, James—H. Freeman, Sept. 22, 1909, (canceled,) $537.
Volk, Jacob—M. Levenson, Nov. 29, 1905, (canceled,) $519.
Purificato, Salvatore—E. A. Schwartz, Jan. 20, 1912, $524.
Polack, Isaac—Citizens' Central National Bank, May 5, 1913, $1,118.
Ptaschnick, Richard—New Trading Co., Nov. 19, 1912, $161.
Reinhardt, Charles J.—City of New York, Jan. 31, 1905, $265.
Kaestler, Jacob—C. Rosenthal, Nov. 18, 1908, $205.
Lanpher, Henry S.—Brooksville Granite Co., Jan. 27, 1914, $1,210.
Land, Merritt W.—Carleton Chambers Co., Jan. 17, 1914, $440.
Fluhrer, Lewis P.—A. Caffey, Jan. 31, 1913, $1,403.
Gahren, Dodge & Maltby—John F. Hughes Construction Co., Aug. 23, 1912, $230.
Albert, John—C. R. Hoecker, Oct. 2, 1912, $534.
Berman, Julius—F. Schulberg et al., Oct. 17, 1911, $1,163.
Boughton, Elbert S.—Q. F. Cushing, Nov. 29, 1912, $387.
Schweitzer, John J.—A. Eysser, March 19, 1909, $332.
Torpey, Charles M.—M. Torpey, Nov. 13, 1913, $109.
Illinois Surety Co.—L. Soldano, June 10, 1913, $130.
Same—L. Bentivegna, June 10, 1913, $130.
Same—M. La Rosa, June 10, 1913, $257.
Same—P. Manita, June 10, 1913, $255.
Same—L. Marotta, June 10, 1913, $260.
Same—A. Maniscalco, June 10, 1913, $127.
Same—I. Marotta, June 10, 1913, $510.
Same—P. Mantia, June 10, 1913, $255.
Same—A. Gulino, June 10, 1913, $130.
Same—C. Chiarello, June 10, 1913, $255.

Servants Sue Mistress for $35,000.

Catharine C. Ryan, a seamstress, and Hilga Petersen, a cook, have begun suit against Mrs. Elizabeth C. Bowen of Greenwich, Conn., for damages growing out of an accident in March 23, 1913. The two plaintiffs were employed by Mrs. Bowen, and it was her custom to let her servants ride to church every Sunday in a truck automobile. The plaintiffs say they were permanently injured because of the carelessness of Alexander Finney, Mrs. Bowen's chauffeur. The total amount of damages asked is $35,000.

CITY SUES DE MARCO.

Scow Trimming Contractor Tells of His Handicaps.

Trial of the suit brought by the city against Celestino De Marco for $50,000, said to be due on his contract for trimming at the street cleaning dumps, was begun yesterday before Justice Erlanger in the Supreme Court. De Marco admits that he was to pay $1,717 a week for the privilege of trimming the scows, but he says a provision in the contract gave him the privilege of doing the work in a way that would be to his best advantage.

He made his payments up to 1911 and then the night cleaning methods adopted by Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards prevented him from profiting as greatly as he expected when he made the contract. He asked that light be furnished him, and when this was refused he appealed to Deputy Controller Douglas Mathewson and had his payments reduced to $520 a week. Then came the strike of the street cleaners and the work of dumping rubbish into the scows stopped for a time, and when it was resumed so much haste was employed that he was set back again.

The trial will be resumed to-day. Ex-Commissioner Edwards may be called as a witness.

$125,000 Estate to Charity.

The will of Mrs. Anna Sundberg Williams of Brooklyn disposed of an estate estimated at $125,000. The Wartburg Orphan Farm School at Mount Vernon receives $3,000, the German Hospital Society, $3,000, and the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn, $3,000. The husband, Capt. Robert Williams, receives the income of $100,000 for life. The residue will be divided among the Wartburg Orphan Farm School, the German Hospital Society, the Industrial Home for the Blind, and the Blind Babies' Sunshine Home.

NEWS

Murry Nelson is in town. He was a friend of Lincoln's and is now in his 85th year.

Mr. Nelson knew personally the leading political celebrities of Lincoln's time. He has seen men come and go from the times of Henry Clay to the present, and as a close observer of events, what he has to say is worth listening to.

Read Mr. Nelson's "chat" in The New York Times on Sunday.

The Artists made merry at their fancy dress ball. See the reproduction of photographs on Sunday. There will be excellent pictures also showing the Amateurs' Dance for the blind.

Is there a danger in turning out young doctors without sufficient medical training? Should not every student of medicine be required to take a post-graduate course?

These questions will be answered in The Sunday New York Times by Dr. James F. Kernon, President of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School.

The Pictorial Section will show a page of unusually interesting pictures of society in Florida and along the sunny shores of the Mediterranean.

Col. Roosevelt with a big live Brazilian cobra in his hand. It is a characteristic photograph. See the Pictorial Section.

A number of men who are in the public eye have taken the responsibility of saying that public dinners are a public nuisance, and some of them say their "say" with considerable emphasis. See The Sunday New York Times.

In this connection it is interesting to note that more than 2,000 public dinners are given in New York annually.

It is said that the use of morphine and cocaine among the colored people of certain sections of the South is becoming a veritable curse. Read what Dr. Edward H. Williams has to say about it.

Cecil Rhodes was a woman hater. This phase of his character is illustrated in an entertaining way by his private secretary, and is the subject of an article to appear in The Sunday New York Times.

Read a talk with Henry Bruere, the new City Chamberlain.

Lovers of Charles Dana Gibson's art will be interested in his latest photograph as it will be reproduced in the Pictorial Section.

Ask your newsdealer to-day to be sure to save for you on Sunday morning a copy of

THE NEW YORK TIMES

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday......3¾ to 4¼% for the best names.
Tuesday......3¾ to 4¼% " " " "

⁂

Fancy Worsteds Opened.

Complete lines of men's wear fancy worsteds, products of the Aetna Mill, were opened yesterday by Ethan Allen, selling agent, 23 Madison Avenue. The line included a variety of colorings and designs, and was priced from $1.47½ to 1.82½ a yard.

⁂

Gray Goods Price Shading.

There was a fair general demand in the local gray goods market yesterday, with sateens about the most lively items. Prices were steady for the most part, the only quotable change being a drop of 1-16 of a cent a yard on 38½-inch, 64-60s. Yesterday's figure on this construction was 5 5-16 cents.

⁂

A Weaving Co. Sells Its Mill.

The Universal Weaving Company of Paterson, N. J., has disposed of its high-speed ribbon plant in that city to the Werbro Ribbon Manufacturing Company of Paterson. The former company will continue the manufacture of hat bands, its present plant being equipped for that class of goods. The plant disposed of will be consolidated with the mill of the purchasing company at Riverside, N. J. Both plain and fancy ribbons will be made, and will be sold through Wertheimer Bros., 19 East Twenty-fourth Street, this city.

⁂

Auxiliary Association Formed.

An auxiliary association was launched yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Associated Traveling Salesmen of New York, held at the Hotel St. Denis. Under the plan each member of the auxiliary association will contribute one dollar upon the death of one of his associates. This will be paid to the deceased member's relatives. Marcus Wertheim was elected President of the auxiliary association. Solomon Japhe Vice President, and Sigmund Moritz Secretary and Treasurer. The following Directors were elected also: Gilbert Young, Henry Moritz, Richard Plechner, Max Hirsch, Mestor Kaufman, A. J. Ball, C. Coblens, F. Gans, S. H. Marks, Charles Japha, E. Bienengucht, and A. E. Altmayer.

⁂

Silk Men's Banquet Speakers.

Referring yesterday to reports heard in the silk market that Controller Prendergast had canceled his appointment to speak at the forty-second annual banquet of the Silk Association of America, which will be held at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 11, Secretary Peugnet said that Mr. Prendergast had promised to speak if his health would permit him. Secretary Peugnet also said that ex-United States Senator John Coit Spooner would speak on the subject of "Industrial Liberty." The following guests have expressed their intention of attending the dinner: United States Senator William Hughes of New Jersey, Judge V. J. Dowling, Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, James B. Reynolds, Secretary of the Republican National Committee; F. A. Higgins, Appraiser of the Port of New York; Seth Low and Kametaro Iijima, Consul General of Japan.

⁂

Serges Up in Thirty Days.

"The woolen and worsted mills will be obliged to advance prices on staple serges probably within thirty days," said a prominent selling agent yesterday while discussing the situation for the coming heavyweight season. "Wools have advanced," he continued, "stocks are small, and in strong hands. In addition, several of the yarn manufacturers are completely sold up and withdrawn from the market, while others have advanced their prices for yarns from 2½ to 5 cents a pound. The first advance on fabrics will be probably one of 5 per cent., and another 5 per cent. advance will follow later in the season." Business done on staples for the coming Fall season is reported satisfactory in nearly all instances. Spot business in dress goods is good also, and serges are said to be moving especially well, because stocks of fancies with jobbing and cutting-up trade are light and they have been obliged to come into the market for the staple fabrics.

⁂

Laces and Embroideries.

The lighter varieties of laces continue to head the demand in the local market. Narrow shadow laces are in active request, and are being used widely in camisoles. Spider web and fern leaf effects are popular, while for ball and party dresses tango and minaret laces are much wanted. There is a fair call for laces of substantial weight for trimming the heavier cotton garments that will be in fashion this Spring, but for the most part this business is confined to high novelties. In the embroidery field, business continues to improve slowly, but steadily. Among the goods now in active movement are Versailles effects in demi and full length flouncings, on light ground fabrics, effects in ecru and two tone, and Tartan plaid effects in relief. The latter are heavily embroidered, in colors, on sheer grounds. Another good effect is the ecossais check. Among the popular imported novelties are effects in crêpe Escalero and crêpe Rosé, and Breton effects in which medallions play prominent parts.

⁂

Objects to the Design Bill.

In the opinion of Mr. Hefti, an embroidery manufacturer of 381 Summit Avenue, West Hoboken, the bill recently introduced in Congress to guard against the pirating of commercial designs is not of great value to the domestic embroidery manufacturers in its present form. He says the proposed fee of $1 for each design registration is prohibitive, as in the domestic embroidery line it would approximately amount to one registration for each $100 of the turnover, the number of designs necessary being larger than in any other industry coming under the scope of the bill. A second objection to the present bill is the expense and delay incident to prosecution for alleged infringement of registered designs. Mr. Hefti contends that some quick and inexpensive way of reaching the infringer is imperative, inasmuch as in the domestic embroidery field designs can be copied immediately and the goods placed on the market within a week of their original production. He further contends that the demand for certain infringed designs would doubtless die away before the courts could decide to whom the rights belonged. Mr. Hefti also objects to the provision which makes compulsory the affixing of the registry mark to the goods or labels on the ground that it would mean additional, but valueless, labor and expense. He points out that these marks would doubtless be destroyed in cutting up the fabrics for use in garments, and that the removal of this provision would have the effect of keeping copiers off for fear of unknowingly running foul of a registered design and subsequent litigation.

Dinner to Commissioner Biggs.

Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, the newly appointed State Commissioner of Health, will be the guest of a number of prominent members of the medical profession at dinner on Saturday evening at the Biltmore. Dr. George David Stewart will be toastmaster. The speakers will include Dr. William H. Welch, Dean of the Medical Department of Johns Hopkins University; Borough President Marcus M. Marks, Dr. William H. Park, head of the bacteriological department of the Health Board of New York City, and Robert W. de Forest.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Some Distinctions Make a Decided Difference in Duties.

Unless importers make the proper claim in their protests, incorrect classifications by Collectors of Customs will stand, according to a decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers, handed down yesterday. Overton & Co., New York, imported cotton crochet figures, which were returned as embroideries under the Tariff act of 1909. The Collector exacted duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 349, and stated in a report to the board that the articles should have been assessed at 45 per cent. under Paragraph 332. Judge Cooper held that as the importers failed to make the claim under the last-named provision, the higher tax cannot be disturbed.

It was decided that gut leaders imported by the Schwabacher Hardware Company, Seattle, were properly assessed under the old law at 45 per cent. ad valorem as fishing tackle. Duty at the rate of 25 per cent. as manufactured gut was claimed under Paragraph 462, or free entry under Paragraph 529, as gut unmanufactured.

Kunstadter Bros., Chicago, were unsuccessful in a contention relating to the duty on hair nets, returned by the Appraiser as made on the Lever or Gothrough machines, and assessed at 70 per cent. ad valorem under the Payne-Aldrich law. The protest claiming lower rates was overruled on the ground that the witnesses were unable to testify from personal knowledge on what kind of machines the goods were made.

The board affirmed assessments of duty imposed by the Collector at New York on various kinds of merchandise, claimed by the importers to be exempt from tax as antiques under Paragraph 717, act of 1909. The importers included D. J. R. Ushikubo, G. Adams, H. Koopman & Co., A. S. Verney, W. A. Brown & Co., Alexander Murphy & Co., A. J. Woodruff & Co., J. W. Hampton, Jr. & Co., John H. Hutaff, and S. Wyeth.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—S. Rosenwald, notions, cloaks; 39 W. 22d.
ALLENTOWN—Hess Brothers; J. Diefenderfer, silks; 315 4th Av.
ALTOONA—Kline Bros.; A. S. Helfrich, ready-to-wear; 214 Church.
ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; P. L. Beardon, silks, dress goods; 148 W. 23d.
ATLANTA—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; E. A. White, linens, white goods; J. V. Wellborn, waists, skirts; 71 W. 23d.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, laces, embroideries; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. H. Schofield, ladies' neckwear; H. D. Dyott, upholstery goods; Miss G. Dolman, muslin underwear; Miss L. Greaver, representing; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, furn. goods; C. B. Henderson, cloaks; 354 4th Av.
BILLINGS—Hart-Albin Co.; R. B. Albin, ready to wear; 1,133 Broadway.
BIRMINGHAM—L. Saks Clothing Co.; J. K. Saks, men's furn. goods, children's clothing; B. N. Levy, ladies' ready to wear; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. M. L. Jackson, waists; Miss N. Jones, kimonos, negligees; Mrs. C. Phillips, costumes, dresses; Miss S. Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; Miss O'Neil, misses' millinery; C. G. Sheffield, children's coats; Mrs. Derr, millinery; J. F. King, machine-made dresses; C. A. Biederman, ladies' suits; Miss Gilman, children's dresses; basement buyers; V. P. Ring, dresses; J. H. Childs, millinery; A. C. Smith, infants', children's dresses, coats, silk petticoats; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; J. W. Doyle, prints; L. Fisher, men's clothing, hats; Miss Reilly, infants' wear; Miss Adams, skirts; 60 West 33d.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; F. H. Jury, negligees; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. H. Mann, domestics, wash goods, linens; 55 White.
BOSTON—Magrane, Houston C.; Miss Gately, ladies' wear; Great Northern.
BOSTON—H. Siegel Co.; Miss A. Golding, waists; 19th St. and 6th Av.
BOZEMAN, Mont.—Chambers-Fisher Co.; J. R. Chambers, general mdse.; Marie Antoinette.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Klock, ladies' wear; 214 Church.
BUTTE—Symonds D. G. Co.; Miss Hammar, millinery; 821 Broadway.
CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—Murdoch Bros.; S. C. Murdoch, ladies' ready-to-wear; Hoffman House.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivery Co.; G. B. Cabannis, cloaks, suits; Continental.
CHICAGO—Mandel Brothers; C. W. Mandel, dry goods; 13 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; D. Saunders, crockery; 6th Av. and 19th; Latham.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; T. A. Lamond, domestics; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; A. B. Riouffi, ladies' wear; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; Miss B. Ascheim, misses' coats and suits; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; E. M. Rosenthal, ladies' ready to wear; Miss E. Livingston, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; T. R. Brownlee, upholstery goods, curtains; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; E. M. Rosenthal, cloaks, suits; 215 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—H. Holf & Sons; J. H. Wolf, dry goods; Grand.
CLEVELAND—Morehouse Co.; Mrs. Keyes, ladies' ready-to-wear; 60 West 33d.
CLEVELAND—M. Lindner Co.; Miss N. Fitzgibbons, dresses; Vanderbilt.
CLEVELAND — May Co.; Miss F. Arthur, dresses; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; C. D. McCormick, general mdse.; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. H. Swanson, cloaks, suits, waists; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; L. Black, general mgr.; 71 West 23d.
CLEVELAND—Oppenheim, Collins & Co.; M. J. Lindner, mdse. manager; 35 W. 34th; Biltmore.
COLORADO SPRINGS—Kaufmann & Co.; B. S. Kaufmann, cloaks, suits, waists; 621 Broadway.
COLUMBUS—Green-Joyce Co.; A. S. Salislan, rugs; 43 Leonard.
COLUMBUS—Morehouse, Martens Co.; M. Morehouse, dry goods; 60 West 33d; Collingwood.
DAVENPORT—Harned & Von Maur; Mr. Robertson, readyt-o-wear; 31 Union Square.
DAYTON—L. Traxler Co.; B. J. Bobbs, cloaks, suits; 116 W. 32d.
DENVER—A. T. Lewis & Son D. G. Co.; Miss J. Scanlon, women's gloves, parasols; 16 E. 18th.
DENVER—Golden Eagle D. G. Co.; Mrs. A. T. Lilley, millinery; 315 4th Av.
DES MOINES—M. Wolf; M. Jacobs, millinery; 1,195 Bwy.
DETROIT—Taylor, Woolfenden Co.; Miss E. Tea, laces, veilings, trimmings; 220 5th Av.
DETROIT — Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. R. Newcomb, furn. goods; 200 5th Av.
DULUTH—J. J. Moe & Sons Co.; O. Moe, cloaks, suits; 470 4th Av.
EUFAULA, Ala.—Berringer Bros.; A. B. Berringer, ready-to-wear, millinery; Marlborough.
EVANSVILLE—Andres Co.; N. E. Lefebvre, mdse. mgr.; 520 Church.
GALESBURG, Ill.—Bondi Brothers & Co.; I. I. Bondi, general merchandise; Woodstock.
GALESBURG, Ill.—Kellogg, Drake & Co.; J. C. Hart, cloaks, waists; Wellington.
GRAND RAPIDS—Herpolsheimer Co.; G. A. Mangold, cloaks, suits; Miss E. Oswald, waists; 79 5th Av.; York.
HARTFORD—C. S. Hills & Co.; E. V. Vedder, Jr., cloaks, suits, waists; J. T. Ferguson, silks; Latham.
HUGO, Okla.—P. J. Carney, 5, 10, 25c. goods; Broadway Central.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; W. F. Marlatt, furn. goods; 1,261 Broadway.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Penn. Traffic Co.; H. S. Given, silks, dress goods, domestics, trimmings; Imperial.
JOPLIN—Hays D. G. Co.; N. Fleishoker, general mdse; Arlington.
JOPLIN—Newman Merc. Co.; H. O. Henderson, housefurn. goods; 120 W. 27th.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; J. M. Brown, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; H. D. Baty, leather goods, jewelry; 214 Church.
KANSAS CITY—G. B. Peck D. G. Co.; Miss K. Finnegan, laces, embroideries; 2 Walker.
KEWANEE, Ill.—Bondi Brothers Co.; A. Hess, general merchandise; Woodstock.
LANCASTER—Watt & Shand; T. S. Travis clothing; 57 White.
LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; Miss J. Burbank, corsets, muslin unwerwear; Miss Kreider, art goods; 75 Spring.
LAFAYETTE—M. Schultz, cloaks, suits; 170 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Bros.; Miss Kirkwood, millinery, J. C. Edwards, millinery; 60 W. 33d.
LOUISVILLE—D. Baird & Son; W. J. Baird, millinery; 621 Broadway; Knickerbocker.
MARION, Ohio—Uhler & Phillips; J. Katzenstein, ladies' ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
MASON CITY, Iowa—Burch Bros. Co.; Mrs. M. V. Ellinson, cloaks, suits; 45 W. 34th.
MATTOON, Ill.—Bowers & Schulhoff; F. M. Schulhoff, general merchandise; Woodstock.
MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparell Co.; J. Isba, ladies' ready-to-wear; 7 West 22d; Claridge.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; R. S. Bartles, dress goods, silks; 214 Church.
MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; Miss M. G. Reid, muslin underwear, kimonos; 432 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; Miss M. Burnham, gloves; 75 Spring.
NORFOLK—Watt, Rettew & Clay; Miss J. Gross, notions, jewelry, china; 214 Church.
NORFOLK—Watt, Rettew & Clay; J. Ross, notions, jewelry; 214 Church.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoades & Swartz; Miss M. A. Miller, millinery; 60 W. 33d.
OGDEN, Utah—John Scowcroft & Sons Co.; W. Douglass, ladies' hosiery, underwear; 258 Church.
OKLAHOMA CITY—Tobias & Co.; T. Tobias, dry goods; Miss Houghton, ladies' wear; 71 W. 23d; Wallick's.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; E. H. Ella, upholstery goods; E. A. Bessire, dress goods, silks; B. L. Danforth, cloaks, suits; 1,261 Broadway.
OMAHA—Thompson-Belden Co.; M. C. Coe, silks, dress goods; York.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; Miss M. Butler, laces; 126 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; E. Bohn, leather goods; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Millington, Boehm & Co.; G. H. Millington, dressing sacques, kimonos; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Stokely & Co.; J. Stokely, umbrellas; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA — Strawbridge & Clothier; Miss A. Mulvey, misses' cloaks, suits; Miss E. Buck, waists; 874 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Fink Co.; I. Blauner, skirts; 15 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Miss W. Simpson, jewelry, leather goods; 60 W. 33d.
PITTSBURG, Kan.—T. Fleishoker, dry goods; Arlington.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; E. Holcombe, silks, dress goods; 320 Church.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss Jacobs, coats; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH— J. J. Porter Co.; F. L. Gullett, flowers, feathers; Navarre.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; Miss Cornwall, ladies' wear; 214 Church.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne & Co.; Clay Myers, cloaks, suits; 60 W. 33d.
PROVIDENCE—B. H. Gladding Dry Goods Co.; Miss Mansell, waists; 200 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—B. H. Gladding D. G. Co.; A. L. Aldred, cloaks, suits, waists; 200 5th Av.
READING—Kline, Epplhimer & Co.; Miss Fritz, laces; S. Heckman, carpets; 315 4th Av.
READING—Lord & Gage; L. M. Gordon, art needlework; 214 Church.
RICHMOND—Kaufmann & Co.; Miss E. Merritt, millinery; J. H. Kaufmann, cloaks, suits; 621 Broadway.
RICHMOND, Ind.—A. H. Bartel Co.; B. C. Bartel, laces, embroideries, notions, fancy goods, jewelry; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND, Ind.—A. H. Bartel Co.; J. M. Coate, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; A. Dimpfl, furnishing goods; 432 4th Av.
SALMA, Kan.—Stiefel Brothers Co.; M. Stiefel, general merchandise; Woodstock.
SAN FRANCISCO—Meyer Cloak & Suit Co.; B. F. Meyer, children's, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Prager Co.; A. M. Eisenfelder, ladies' neckwear, ribbons; L. H. Goldstein, dry goods; 200 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Prager Co.; L. Prager, genl. mdse.; A. L. Grossman, ready to wear, petticoats; A. E. Eisfelder, laces, embroideries, hdkfs., fancy goods; 200 5th Av.
SEATTLE—Bon Marche; Miss Jones, ribbons, veilings; Miss Aharen, hosiery, underwear, gloves, umbrellas; 2 Walker; Prince George.
SEDALIA, Mo.—Bondi Brothers Co.; J. Cohen, general merchandise; Woodstock.
SHREVEPORT—Dreyfuss D. G. Co.; S. Rreyfuss, notions; 69 5th Av.
SHREVEPORT—Kirsch's; G. Englander, genl. mdse; McAlpin.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; W. J. Jennings, ready-to-wear; A. F. Korschgen, blankets, sheets, pillow cases; 31 Union Sq.
ST. LOUIS—Missouri Feather Co.; C. J. Redding, millinery; Albert.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. Steinfeld, ladies' cloaks, suits, skirts; Miss Webb, suits; Mrs. Sherman, cloaks; Miss Becker, skirts; 71 W. 23d.
SIOUX FALLS—Bee Hive; Miss K. Rinder, dry goods; C. C. Creese, hosiery, underwear; 1,133 Broadway.
SIOUX CITY—Davidson Bros. Co.; R. W. Orcutt, notions; 1,261 Broadway.
SOUTH BEND—Brandon-Durrell Co.; E. Hagey, laces, trimmings; Miss G. E. Kirshmeyer, ladies' wear; York.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; E. N. Smith, housefurn. goods, hardware, gas and electric goods, trunks; F. A. Gerdes, domestics, yarns, linens, white goods; O. L. Mason, embroideries, laces, neckwear, hdkfs., ribbons, optical goods; G. W. Schwager, books, stationery, jewelry, leather goods, notions; Miss A. E. Renner, muslin underwear, children's, infants' wear, sweaters, kimonos; Miss R. M. Jensen, millinery; Miss D. R. Farrell, corsets, brassieres; Miss L. Huberick, ladies', children's gloves; 20 W. 22d.
TOLEDO—Cohen, Friedlander Co.; L. S. Ottenheimer, clothing; 229 4th Av.; Hoffman House.
TRINIDAD, Col.—J. Goldsmith & Sons; M. J. Goldsmith, notions, ladies' garments; 39 W. 32d.
TROY, Ala.—H. Sacks, ready to wear; 1,195 Bwy.
UTICA—A. S. & T. Hunter; W. Sutton, silks, velvets; 225 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; H. Barschkies, silks, velvets; 334 4th Av.
WATERLOO—Burch Bros. Co.; Miss M. Morrissey, underwear, hosiery, waists, notions; 45 W. 34th.
WILKES-BARRE—Fowler, Dick & Walker; M. Burnside, notions, laces; 1,130 Broadway.
YOUNGSTOWN—Central Store Co.; F. W. Mowry, carpets; Navarre.
ZANESVILLE—A. E. Starr Co.; W. S. Cohen, ladies' ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.
ZANESVILLE—H. Weber Sons & Co.; D. M. Weber, domestics; 315 4th Av.
ZANESVILLE—S. E. Lind Co.; S. Weinberg, cloaks, suits; York.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

Mr. George T. Kelly, representing King Kelly Co., Chicago, wants best $10 suit values. Will see salesmen 4:30 to 6:30 to-day. Albemarle Hotel, 24th St. and Broadway.

Retail merchants desiring resident buyers' service will find it to their advantage to communicate with a buyer of twenty-five years' experience. T 6 Times.

NOTICE.—Please take notice that we are taking possession of the store of P. Freeman, 62 Amsterdam Av., on Feb. 5, 1914. J. & R. Haselkorn.

Young man to call on office and jobbing trade; ladies' waists; must be thoroughly experienced in line. Box L 26 Times.

Wanted to hear from manufacturers of toilet specialties, powders, perfumes, creams, &c. G 31 Times.

SALESMAN.—Kumfort Garment Co. of Chicago, manufacturing a reputable line of rompers, creepers, and children's play suits, would like to make connections with salesman having city office; must have good following among large retail infants' wear buyers; commission basis only. Jacob Bloom, Hotel Somerset.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man for city and vicinity; muslin underwear. M. L. H., Box L 27 Times.

WANTED—Novelty wool dresses and discontinued samples. Specialty Shop, L 22 Times.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

Phil Gill Says:—

Every time a Garment Buyer comes into my showrooms and sees my DRESS values he shakes hands with himself. Then he starts in Buying. Come in and do likewise.

39 WEST 32D ST., NEW YORK.

Bonded by the National Surety Co.
OSTRO—SIMON COMPANY
Collection Specialists
We charge only when successful.
198 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 4143 Cort.

BUYERS ATTENTION!
DRESSES Big Spring Line Wash and Silks
2,000 wool and silk dresses to close out. Big bargains. Call and convince yourself.
JOS. WIEN, 129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

H. Samuels & Sons,
33-39 West 34th St.
Introducing
PEGGY FROM PARIS COAT.

I. & L. CHAUSER
DRESSES
SMART STYLES AND NEWEST MATERIALS
17-19 WEST 17TH ST., NEW YORK.

NOVELTY COTTONS
SPECIAL SALE—SPECIAL PRICES.
MOORE MANUFACTURING CO., 81 Worth.

APRONS Dean's Lockstitched
All kinds
Retail 25c to $3.
W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

SKIRTS DRESSES Big Spring line Skirts and Dresses now ready for inspection. Smart styles, new fabrics. Popular prices.
H. GERSTNER, 135 West 27th St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES White only
Sigelstein Co., 809 Broadway.

TOYS NOVELTIES & JOKE ARTICLES.
Jobbers Trade our Specialty.
HABER BROS., 569 Broadway.

KEWPIE GARTERS Arthur Frankenstein & Co., 516 Broadway. Send for samples of the new 25c. Children's Garter.

Loose Leaf Sheets, Binders and Manifold Books, every style and description.
UNIVERSAL M. B. CO., 79 Chambers St. New York
Telephone 3394 Worth.

LAWS AFFECTING DRUGS.

Suggestions for Amendment Before They Are Enacted.

The Drug Trade Section of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation at its regular monthly meeting, held yesterday at 203 Broadway, proposed an amendment to the present regulations of the Post Office Department which prohibit the mailing of a poison or any medicines containing a poison. An amendment will be laid before the department in which the mailing privilege will be asked for medicinal preparations containing poisons in sufficient quantity and form in combination with other ingredients to be used exclusively as a curative or remedial substance, and which are not dangerous or injurious to life, safety, health, or property. The amendment provides that the article mailed shall bear the label of the manufacturer or of a physician, pharmacist, dentist, or veterinarian preparing or prescribing the commodity. Consideration was given by the section to several bills pending in the State Legislature dealing with the sale of narcotics. It was pointed out that in nearly every instance the bills were incomplete and impracticable, and would fail to accomplish the desired ends.

William E. McConnell, Secretary of the section, was directed to telegraph to Albany requesting another hearing on the Blauvelt bill dealing with the sale of bichloride of mercury in order that the bill may be amended in essential details. The Committee on Legislation was instructed to consider the Nelson bill introduced at Albany, which has for its object the establishment of a Commissioner to enforce the observance of purity in foods, drugs, and liquors. The Secretary informed the members that desired changes in the Cuban pharmaceutical regulations could be changed only by act of the Cuban Congress. Wholesalers in this country allege that certain of the Cuban regulations practically preclude the sale in Cuba of various products of American manufacture.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The following mill Treasurers were in this market yesterday: W. L. S. Brayton, the Sagamore Manufacturing Company, Fall River, Mass.; W. E. Peck, the Baltic Mills, Baltic, Conn.; Harold Lawton, the Lawton Manufacturing Company, Plainfield, Conn., and W. P. Vaughan, the Putnam Manufacturing Company, Providence.

The Crescent Leather Goods Company has removed from 165 Spring Street to 16 West Nineteenth Street.

Edmund Cruttenden of the shirting department of M. C. D. Borden & Sons returned to this market yesterday from a short business trip to Fall River.

The Army Klothing Club will have its annual beefsteak dinner at Churchill's this evening, beginning at 7:30. A large number of out-of-town members are expected to be present.

The Camber Manufacturing Company, jewelers, formerly at 143 East Twenty-third Street, have moved to larger quarters at 9 West Thirty-fifth Street.

The Junior Cloak Company, formerly at 18 East Sixteenth Street, has moved to larger quarters at 15 West Twenty-sixth Street. The company has added a line of dresses. The firm's factory is now located in New Jersey.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices of the bureau, 315 Custom House, by giving the number of the item referred to:

12,446. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINE TOOLS, WOODWORKING MACHINERY.—A man abroad desires agencies in that country for Am. agricultural machinery, machine tools, woodworking machinery, and any new specialties in these lines.

12,447. RAILWAY SUPPLIES.—Calls for tenders for certain railway supplies are shortly to be issued in Europe and the U. S. One is for a so-called transporter bridge or crane and another is for 6,133 feet of steel bridge work for a railway line.

12,448. BUTTER.—A business firm in Russia would like to communicate with large Am. firms dealing in butter.

12,449. BOOTS AND SHOES AND STOVES.—Inquiry comes from a trade organization in the Near East stating that it desires the names of Am. mfrs. of boots and shoes and heating stoves desirous of extending their sales in that region.

12,450. ELECTRIC LIGHTING APPARATUS.—A French firm desires an agency for France, and, if possible, for Belgium, Switzerland, and Spain, of Am. mfrs. of electric lighting apparatus.

12,451. PORT WORKS.—A new port is to be built at Tamatave, Madagascar. While tenders for the various portions of the work have not yet been called for, the Consul there has forwarded a blueprint of the proposed port, which is estimated to cost about $3,000,000.

12,452. AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, AUTOMOBILES, AND MOTOR BOATS.—A firm in a European country desires to get into touch with Am. exporters of gasoline and crude oil tractors, steam plows, thrashing machines, reapers, binders, automobiles, motor cycles, and motor boats.

12,453. SMALL NAILING MACHINES.—An inquiry has been received for the names of Am. mfrs. of small nailing machines to use for nails from ¼ inch up to 1 inch or 1½ inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Forecasts:

N. Car., S. Car.—Cl'dy, colder Th.; rains in extr. w.; F. rain; mod. e. to n. e. winds.
Ga.—Fair in s., rain in n.; colder Th.; F. fair; mod. e. to n. e. winds.
Fla.—Fair in s., rain, colder in n. Th.; F. fair; rain in s.; lt. var. winds.
Ala.—Rain, colder Th.; F. fair; mod. var. winds.
Miss.—Rain Th.; colder in extr. s.; F. prob. fair; mod. var. winds.
La.—Rain, colder Th.; F. fair; mod. var. winds.
E. Tex.—Rains Th.; F. fair; mod. s. winds.
W. Tex.—Fair Th., Friday.
Utah—Fair Th.; rains or snow; colder in n.; F. fair.
Okl.—Fair Th.; F. cl'dy.
Ark.—Rain Th.; F. fair in w., rain in e.; colder.
Tenn.—Rain Th.; F. fair, colder.
Ky.—Snow Th.; in e. F.; colder.
Ohio—Fair in n., snow in s. Th.; F. prob. snow; n. e. winds.
Ind.—Snow Th.; F. fair; colder in s.
Ill.—Snow Th.; F. fair; colder in n.; snow or rain in s.; mod. n. e. winds.
Lower Mich.—Fair in n., snow in s. Th. F., fair; var. winds mod. n.
Upper Mich.—Fair Th., Friday.
Wis.—Fair Th.; snow in n. e. F., fair.
Iowa—Fair Th.; snow at night; colder. F., fair, cold.
Mo.—Fair in n., snow in s., Th. F., fair; colder in n. w.
N. Dak.—Fair cont'd cold, Th., prob. F.
S. Dak.—Fair Th.; snow in n. w.; colder, with cold wave. F., fair, cont'd cold.
Neb.—Fair Th.; snow in n. w.; colder, with cold wave in extr. n. F., fair, cont'd cold.
Kan.—Fair, colder, Th. F., fair.

STEWART-HEES CO.
FLOWERS & FEATHERS
FRENCH HATS
25 WEST 45TH ST.
TELEPHONE BRYANT 2666

AUCTION SALES.

Merchandise

Unclaimed Freight

AL. HIRSCH, by JOSH HIRSCH, Auctioneer, SELLS AT 10 A. M. SHARP,

This Day, Feb. 5th, ON PIER 36, NORTH RIVER,

FOOT OF CHARLTON ST., BY ORDER OF THE

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO. AND **MALLORY STEAMSHIP CO.,**

a valuable lot of miscellaneous items; no allowances, no claims and no refunds, and sold "said to contain."

500 LOTS

of merchandise of every description. CASES OF DRY GOODS, WHITE GOODS, STATIONERY, DRUGS, SHOES, PAINTS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CHINA, FURNITURE, H. H. AND PERSONAL GOODS, WIRE ROPE, CLOTHING, RUGS, CARPETS, LINOLEUM, 25 BBLS. OF LIQUID STUFF.

Other things too numerous to mention

Phone 3514 Plaza. 318 East 59th St.

Fire Underwriters' Sale

TO-MORROW, FEB. 6, 1914,
At 10:30 A. M., at our salesroom,
46-50 WOOSTER ST., New York City,

We will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, for account of whom it may concern, salvage stock of CURTIS & BROS., Inc. (Wholesale), Philadelphia, Pa., Inventorying about $15,000 worth of

LITHOGRAPH and PRINTING PAPER

Writing, Book, Cover, Coated and Enamel Such as Seymour Universal, Newark Blanca, Antique, Super, National, Golden Rod, Monotume, &c., &c.

All in original cases and crates. 90% of the stock in perfect condition, 10% burnt on edge only.

Terms of sale: Cash Deposit required from all buyers.

Stock on exhibition to-day with catalogue. Stock arranged for sale and sold by

LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY.

Tel. Spring 18.

A LARGE STOCK OF FURS

Inventoried at over $20,000, Consisting of COATS, SCARFS, MUFFS and SETS,

made of great many varieties of skins, in very latest models, will be sold to-morrow.

Friday, Feb. 6th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.,

at Salesroom, 8 Greene St., near Canal St., N. Y.

By D. Hartmann, Auctioneer.

For information, telephone 4299 Spring.

Department Stores and Jobbers, Attention! VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, Will Sell Tuesday, Feb. 10, and Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. each day, at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y., $60,000 inventory value stock of original cases

DRY GOODS, DOMESTICS, Ladies' and Gents' **FURNISHINGS** and notions,

Being the entire stock of **AUGUST STEFFENS Dry Goods Co.,** the well-known wholesale concern of Davenport, Iowa, retiring, comprising the most staple and salable merchandise, and will be sold in very large trade lots. Full particulars later.

Wholesale and Retail Stock, 100,000 Yards

DRY and DRESS GOODS, Domestics

Silks and Table Linens, Woolens. Frank Jacobovitz Sells To-day

Thursday, Feb. 5, at 10:30 A. M., on premises, 10 Lispenard St. Telephone 2950 Franklin.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

AUCTION SALES.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

ANTIQUE CHINESE and FINE ORIENTAL RUGS and CARPETS

UNDERWRITERS' AUCTION SALE.

33 Pieces Rare Antique Chinese Rugs, 38 Large Mahal, Kerman & Sarouk Carpets,

also about 25 bales **Kirmanshah, Meshet, Korasan, Gorovan, Serapy, Bokhara Carpets, Rugs, and Hall Strips,** sold piece by piece without reserve,

FRIDAY, FEB. 6TH, AT 11 O'CLOCK.

Burling & Dale, Auct'rs, 7 & 9 Greene St., N. Y.

To-day, Thursday, February 5th, at 11:30 A. M., 393 Broadway, Moe Fry, auctioneer, sells by order of National Outlet Co., miscellaneous lot of standard typewriters, such as Underwoods, Remington No. 10, Olivers, and others; also office furniture as follows: Roll-top desks, flat-top desks, bookkeeper's desk, National cash register No. 79, check thrower, adding machine, electric vacuum cleaner, and many other miscellaneous things.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,226.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN STEIN and SAMUEL STEIN, individually and as copartners under the firm name of STEIN BROS., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Benjamin Stein and Samuel Stein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Stein Bros., of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Benjamin Stein and Samuel Stein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Stein Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

February 3, 1914.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRIS WEISINGER, SAMUEL WEISINGER and ALBERT WEISINGER, individually and as copartners doing business as H. WEISINGER & SONS, alleged bankrupts.—No. 19,352.

To the creditors of Harris Weisinger, Samuel Weisinger and Albert Weisinger, individually and as copartners doing business as H. Weisinger & Sons of the City and County of New York and District aforesaid, alleged bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the alleged bankrupts herein, and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 4th, 1914.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RICHARD POCH and DAVID RUBIN and the firm of POCH & RUBIN, Bankrupts.—No. 19,238.

To the creditors of Richard Poch and David Rubin and the firm of Poch & Rubin, of the City, County and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Richard Poch and David Rubin were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, February 4, 1914.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HUGH HARTE, Bankrupt.—No. 17,787.

To the creditors of Hugh Harte of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Hugh Harte was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1914, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 4, 1914.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

GREAT SALE OF "SECONDS," "SHORTS," REMNANTS and IRREGULARS

WE shall offer, beginning TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, until sold, Irregular Merchandise from Mills and Manufacturers in the following lines:

DRESS GOODS, WASH GOODS, WHITE GOODS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, DOMESTICS, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Full details in connection with this Sale will be made known to all buyers prior to February 10th

THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY
WORTH AND CHURCH STREETS, NEW YORK
NO GOODS AT RETAIL.

ANNIVERSARY SALE
EMBROIDERIES
FROM TUESDAY, February 3rd
TO TUESDAY, February 17th (inclusive)

On this occasion our entire stock of this season's embroideries, including

SCOTCH PLAIDS

CHIFFONS, CREPES AND OTHER FANCY MATERIALS, WILL BE ON SALE.

This Sale will be held at our Salesrooms and Warehouse,
11 and 13 East 26th Street, N. Y.
(Madison Square North)

GOODS WILL BE SHIPPED IMMEDIATELY.

Terms, 2 per cent., 10 days, with May 1st dating. Prices of all goods will be marked in plain figures.

Anticipation allowed at 6 per cent. per annum.

Arnold B. Heine & Co.

NOVELTY DRESSES
POPULAR PRICES
Sigmund Katz, 153 West 23d St.

RALPH WILSON
12 East 33d Street.
COLLIE BRAND.
Ribbons, Silks, and Millinery Findings.

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Show cards, signs, price tickets, mechanical devices.

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CHARLES SHONGOOD, 539-541 BROADWAY
IS A BUYER OF LARGE PLANTS OF MACHINERY OF ANY DESCRIPTION.

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MANHATTAN LACE COMPANY,
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JOHN DRESCHER, 296 Broadway.
Repr. Illinois Co. & Ohio Moulding Co.

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Complete line of the latest designs.

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Best Hose, All Qualities. Schmied & Rowe, Mgrs.

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HAMBURGER BROS., 142 W. 26th.
Always Prompt in Deliveries.

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SCHEUER BROS., 40 & 42 E. 19th St.
Special inducements in curtains & yard goods

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Eagle Swiss Embroidery Works. Large stock of Domestic Embroideries on hand. Embroideries from 1c. up. Spring, cor. Greene. Tel. 7428 Spring.

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SYDNEY M. SCHWARTZ & CO.,
"Blackstone," 12 East 22d St.

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ROSENSTOCK & COHN, INC.,
12-14-16 East 22d St.

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JAMES F. WHITE & CO., 54 Worth St.
Most attractive offerings under new tariff.

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REIS UNDERWEAR.
Robert Reis & Co., B'dway, cor. 19th St.

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WARE CO., 60-62 Lispenard St.
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UNION SPECIAL MACHINE CO.,
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LEVY & JULIUS,
115-117-119-121-123-125 W. 30th St.

Jacob Holtzman, 26 W. 17th St. Popular-Priced Dresses. Large Stock always on hand.

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19 WEST 36TH ST.

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Electric Motors for all purposes.
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OSCAR D. ROSE & CO.,
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E. H. KLUGE WEAVING CO.,
33-39 W. 34TH ST. Tel. Bryant 1307.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES O. TOBIAS, SIDNEY I. GREENTHAL, and MAX MENDELSON, individually and as copartners, trading as TOBIAS, GREENTHAL & MENDELSON, Alleged Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, the undersigned Robert C. Morris, Receiver in Bankruptcy of Tobias, Greenthal & Mendelson, offers for sale the property of the alleged bankrupts contained in the premises known as No. 740 Broadway, New York City, except cash and accounts receivable. Sealed bids for the property hereinafter described will be received by the undersigned receiver at his office, No. 27 Pine Street, New York City, up to noon of February 11, 1914, at which time and place said bids will be opened by the receiver. Separate sealed bids will be received relating to the following items:

1. For finished merchandise;
2. Woolen piece goods;
3. Linings, trimmings, buttons, etc.;
4. Office furniture and fixtures;
5. A bulk bid, including all of the foregoing items.

Inspection of inventory and merchandise at No. 740 Broadway, New York City, will be allowed February 9th and 10th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. No representations, guaranty, or covenant is made by the receiver as to character, quality, or description of the merchandise so inventoried.

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of the amount of bid. Bids equal to or exceeding 75 per cent. of the appraised value in the discretion of the receiver may be accepted, subject, however, to confirmation by the United States District Court. The receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids in whole or in part.

ROBERT C. MORRIS, Receiver,
No. 27 Pine Street, New York City.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for the Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN ACKERMAN, Bankrupt:

To the creditors of Benjamin Ackerman:

Take notice, that pursuant to an order duly made and entered herein, I, the undersigned Receiver herein, will sell at public auction, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, for the Southern District of New York, on Friday, the 13th day of February, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 2,745 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt consisting of delicatessen store, containing delicatessens, groceries, canned goods, and other bread stuffs and merchandise, including fixtures, show cases, utensils, &c.; the property may be inspected on February 9th and 10th, 1914, between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock A. M.

Dated New York City, February 4, 1914.

JAMES O. TRYON, Receiver.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for Receiver, 99 Nassau Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEVINE and OLTARSH, trading as NATIONAL WOMEN'S WEAR CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 5th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 31 West 19th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, woolen piece goods, cotton piece goods, silks, satins, sateens, trimmings, Singer sewing machine heads, power tables, factory fixtures, safe, office fixtures, &c.

This sale will not interfere in any way with the settlement offered by the bankrupt.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of M. COOPER & COMPANY.—The undersigned, Charles Mautner, assignee of M. Cooper & Co., will receive sealed bids for the purchase of the fixtures contained in the place of business of the alleged bankrupts, at 11 W. 17th Street; the acceptance of all bids will be subject to the order of the court. All bids will be opened at the office of Henry H. Silver, the attorney for the assignee, on 7th day of February, 1914, at 11 A. M. Bids must be accompanied by a certified check for 25 per cent. of the amount of the bid. Inspection may be had of said fixtures on the 6th day of February, 1914, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock.

CHARLES MAUTNER, Assignee.
HENRY H. SILVER, Attorney for Assignee, 291 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of I. HAMMER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 10th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of skins, furs, &c.

Inspection Feb. 7th and 9th between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

HENRY FREED, Receiver.
ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARHARTT AUTOMOBILE SALES CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 5th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,989 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of safe, railings, &c.

LOUIS H. MOOS, Trustee.
COHEN BROTHERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 61 Wall St., New York.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, Woolworth Bldg., N. Y. C.

5 to 6¼% Income

We are offering a number of issues of thoroughly proven investment bonds paying the above attractive return.

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Make Your Report to The Treasury Department A Simple Matter

To investors we offer an Income Tax Record Book, in which all income may be classified as exempt or taxable.

This book will be of assistance in making reports and will provide a permanent and convenient form of reference and comparison in future reports.

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T. F. SHIELDS, Mgr.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React—Trade Reports Improve—Money Here and Abroad.

A further advance in the New York State 4½ per cent. bonds, which have now reached a point about 2¾ points above the price at which they were obtained at the public sale, and another advance in British consols to a higher price than any obtained since the first Monday in June, 1912, helped to keep in relief yesterday the salient fact that investment demand has continued on a broad scale at home and abroad, nothwithstanding the irregularity which the stock markets have displayed since the culmination of the January rise. That rise was very largely based upon the very radical change for the better which occurred in the money markets here and in Europe, and on the prospects of an increased volume of trade, the hope of which, founded in a variety of facts, is already being realized.

Two more favorable developments than a broad investment demand and a widening of trade activity could hardly be desired. Some evidence in respect to the latter was afforded in yesterday's summary of the steel trade situation, which not only showed that January was a much better month than most people at its outset expected it would be, but also indicated that the tendencies now at work promise still further expansion during the present month. Iron production in January was about 100,000 tons, or 5 per cent. smaller than in December, but on the other hand the capacity of the furnaces in blast the first of February was substantially larger than the daily output during January. This indicates a rising tendency in iron production, which is in keeping with the tenor of current trade advices. These find summarized expression in The Iron Age's statement that January buying was so large, and the behavior of prices so satisfactory, that with the opening of February producers in several finished lines have annonuced advances of $1 a ton. Here in one field is realization of part of the hope which helped to bring about the advance in the stock market in the first month of the year. Yesterday's movements in stocks increased the irregular appearance which the market has lately presented. Opposite views were taken here and in London of the Mexican news as a stock market influence, for there Mexican securities declined while our own securities most closely associated with the Mexican situation showed decided strength in the early dealings. They lost ground later when the market as a whole receded, but still retained at the close some of the advantage which they had gained at the outset of the session. Selling increased toward the end of the day, with a resultant net loss in the general average of quotations.

Money market developments were in keeping with recent indications. The position here was reflected in the commercial paper market, where five months paper in considerable amount was placed at 3½ per cent. From abroad came news of a further reduction in the Austrian Bank rate from 5 to 4½ per cent., of another recession in the open market rate in Paris, and of a hardening of discounts at London. Following the Continental competition for the week's new gold arrival gold in small amounts was withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday for the Continent and for Egypt. A further reduction in the German rate seems pretty clearly indicated, but the upturn in English discount rates and the further takings of gold in London seem to lessen the chance of another cut in the English Bank rate at this time. Notwithstanding the irregularity of the London market, trading here for London account showed a balance of purchases.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1⅞	1⅞
A year ago	3	2¾	2¾	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¾@3¼	3@3¼	3¼@3¾
Commercial paper (prime bills)	....	3½@4	3¾@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$362,353,149	$18,583,206
Sub-Treasury debit balance	......	1,206,132

Banks lose since Friday $3,126,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2⅞	3⅞	20 m 45½ pf
Paris	3¾	3½	25 f 18c
London	1 13-16@1⅞	1@1¼	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8595	$4.8585	$4.8590
A year ago	4.8755	4.8745	4.8755
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8550	......
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	......

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8590	$4.8610
Paris	5.18⅛—1-32	5.17½—3-32
Berlin	.95—1-32	95+1-32
Switzerland	5.18⅛—3-32	5.18⅛
Holland	40.25	40.27
Belgium	5.20⅝	5.20—1-16

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.8315
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83¾	$4.82⅞
Paris	5.21¼—1-16	5.23⅛
Berlin	94⅜—1-32	94⅛
Amsterdam	39.95	39.85

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	20c	Montreal	46⅞c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26½d per ounce, off ⅛d; New York, 57⅝c, off ¼c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.02	Kentucky Con.	.04
Andes	.02	Mexican	1.10
Belcher	.35	Occidental Con.	.70
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.18
Caledonia	1.25	Overman	.30
Chollar	.02	Potosi	.01
Confidence	.30	Savage	.06
Con. Cal. & Va.	.15	Seg. Belcher	.07
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.06
Crown Point	.31	Standard	.08
Gould & Curry	.01	Union Con.	.08
Hale & Norcross	.07	Utah Con.	.05
Julia	.02	Yellow Jacket	.35

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fract.	.11
Belmont	7.50	D'field Daisy	.04
Jim Butler	.99	D'field Bl. B.	.03
McNamara	.11	Florence	.57
Midway	.42	G'field Con. M.	1.60
Mizpah Exten.	.46	G'field Merger	.11
Montana	1.12½	Jumbo Exten.	.21
North Star	.42	Lone Star	.02
Rescue Eula	.14	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Exten.	1.85	Vernal	.05
Tonopah Merger	.68	Nevada Hills	.41
West End	1.40	Round Mountain	.40
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.16	Manhattan Con.	.03
Booth	.05	Man. Big Four	.14
C. O. D.	.05		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6⅛	7	McKinney	57½	60
Elkton	50	51½	Old Gold	1	2½
El Paso	250	275	Portland	102⅝	112
Findlay	2	2½	Vindicator	82½	83½
Gold Dol.	5⅝	6	R. B. H.	3	4½
Isabella	9⅞	10¼			
Jackpot	5½	6			

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Position of U. P. Preferred.

As a rule preferred stocks have preference as to assets up to their par value in the event of a dissolution, as well as preference in the matter of dividends, but the Union Pacific's senior stock issue is an exception. The company's charter provides only that the preferred shall be entitled to its 4 per cent. dividend before anything is paid on the common. While such a contingency is so remote as to be fanciful, the Union Pacific preferred would be helped by the absence of a prior right to assets in the event of liquidation, since the company's assets are presumably well in excess of the par value of all its outstanding securities, and the preferred would be better off through having the right to share equally with the common stock than if allowed $100 per share and no more. The objecting shareholders have not yet filed their amended brief in the suit to restrain the proposed extra dividend to holders of the common stock.

⁂

Waiting on B. & M. Holders.

The Boston & Maine officials who have been in New York to aid in getting holders of the company's one-year notes to surrender them for an extension returned to Boston yesterday with a number of the notes still at large. The company has taken the stand that unless all of the notes are turned in it will be impossible to provide for any, since it has no funds with which to meet the demands of holders desiring their money at this time. With the provisional promises which had been made, contingent upon most of the other note holders joining the extension agreement, a representative estimated on Tuesday that practically all of the securities had been turned in, but it developed yesterday that upwards of $1,000,000, or 10 per cent., were still to be secured.

⁂

A Hungry Bond Market.

According to a prominent dealer's view the recent offerings in the investment market have merely whetted the buyers' appetite and prepared the way for a real meal. The $51,000,000 New York State issue, the $10,000,000 of Montana Power Company bonds, and the $7,500,000 of South and North Alabama bonds were literally sought by investors, so that the dealers were able to exercise discrimination in keeping large blocks out of the market. One man who handles a great many securities said that in his opinion there was a better market for bonds to-day than at any other time in about ten years. The older issues on the Exchange have enjoyed a good rise and bankers are working with corporations which have short term notes to meet shortly to persuade them to hasten their financing in order to get the benefit of the present demand.

⁂

Bonds Bought to Secure Deposits.

The market for New York State and Government bonds in this city has been stimulated during the last few days by deposits of State and Federal money with the banks. A local bank purchased a round lot of the recently issued State 4½s to secure a deposit, and at least one Western national bank bought extensively of Government 2s of 1930 in order to qualify for the receipt of a fresh deposit of Government funds.

⁂

Brokers' Eyes on Washington.

The time that could be spared from observation of the course of security prices yesterday was devoted by many Stock Exchange members to watching the news tickers for developments at Washington. The opening of hearings on the Owen bill affecting Stock Exchanges before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency attracted a great deal of attention, especially as numerous brokers thought that they might gain an inkling from the first day's proceedings of the impression the witnesses would make. In this they were disappointed. None of the representatives of the Exchange got a chance to voice his opinions. The session was occupied with a preliminary review of conditions surrounding business in securities which, in itself, indicated nothing as to future progress of the hearings. The attitude of some of the Senators toward the bill, as set forth in dispatches, was pleasing to some members of the board and not so to others. It was apparent that several of the Senate Committee were lukewarm, to say the least, toward Stock Exchange legislation. Exchange members who expressed satisfaction with this manifestation hoped that it would be still further displayed, but there were others who desired to see the Owen bill thoroughly and earnestly discussed. These latter wanted especially to learn what the lawmakers at Washington were thinking about a forced incorporation of the Exchange, and showed no sympathy for those who assumed indifference toward the proposal.

⁂

Indifferent Price Movements.

In the opinion of one trader the stock market yesterday looked as though it had lost some of its "pep." The word, as he used it, did not refer to the extent of business, for a turnover in excess of 500,000 shares stands high in the summary of daily sessions since the opening of the year. He meant that prices backed and filled in a fashion that seemed to betoken a slackening of the upward movement. There were times when substantial upturns of particular shares gave an appearance of strength to the whole list, while at other periods selling of prominent issues made the market appear quite heavy. Habitues of commission houses who like to interpret the vagaries of the tape for their own edification, and occasionally for their profit, thought they saw short selling of leading stocks going on now and then under cover of advancing prices in others. The result of the day's work, however, could be contemplated in a number of ways, for some shares were up and others down, without reference to their qualities as mediums for speculation.

Chicago's Heavy Currency Receipts.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The reason for the sharp break in money rates here since the turn of the year is found in the record-breaking return of funds from the interior to the reserve agent banks during January. The receipts of currency last month amounted to $21,996,741, while the amount shipped was $7,682,744, hence the net gain on the month's money movement was $14,313,997, or the largest by far ever shown in a similar period.

Iowa Protests Against Rate Increase

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Protests of Iowa merchants and manufacturers against the five per cent. increase in freight rates proposed by Eastern railroads were heard to-day by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Witnesses testified that Iowa industries would have to pay an increase of more than fourteen cents a ton on soft coal from Eastern mines if the increases were permitted.

6,012 National Banks in Line.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Of 7,501 national banks in the United States 6,012 had applied for membership in the new Federal reserve system when the Treasury Department opened to-day.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Upward Movement in the Oil Stocks Carried Further—Some Notable Advances.

Further sharp advances were made by the oil stocks in the outside security market yesterday. Practically the only exception to the upward trend was Prairie Oil and Gas, which fell off 15 points. Among the notable gains were 19 in Standard Oil of Indiana, 17 in Standard Oil of Ohio, 13 in Standard Oil of Kentucky, new; 9 in Standard Oil of California and 6 in Continental Oil. In the general list Riker-Hegeman shares were active, but closed unchanged. Willys Overland fell off two points.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	Br.-Am. Tob.	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞
300	Br.-Am. Tob., new	23½	23½	23½	23½
220	Houston Oil	18½	18¾	18½	18½
30	K. Sp. Tire	57	57	55	55
150	Int. R. T. cfs.	9½	9¾	9½	9¾
1,000	*Mays Oil	22	22	22	22
300	Manhat. Tr.	1⅛	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
800	Marconi of A.	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼
100	Max. M. com.	5½	5½	5½	5½
100	Max.M.1st pf.	28	28¼	28	28¼
50	Max.M. 2d pf.	9	9	9	9
50	Mont. P. pf.	100½	100½	100½	100½
620	P. S. & Ref.	2½	2⅝	2⅜	2½
6,000	Riker-Heg	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8
500	Tob. Prod.	86½	86½	85½	85½
1,000	†Un. Cig. St. Co. of Am.	92⅝	93¼	92½	92½
10	Un. Cigar St. Co. of A. pf.	115	115	115	115
165	Willys Over.	67	68	66	66
	STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.				
6,200	A.-A. O., new	..	18⅝	17⅛	18
75	Atlantic Ref.	..	855	842	847
11	Borne-Scrym.	..	325	320	320
50	Buckeye P. L.	..	179	179	179
100	Cont. Oil	..	244	237	242
225	Galena-S. Oil	..	195	188	192
20	Indiana P. L.	..	140	140	140
70	National Tr.	..	45	44	45
10	North. P. L.	..	123	123	123
300	Ohio Oil	..	169	164	168
510	Pierce Oil	..	96	91	95
200	P. Oil & Gas	..	545	522	530
50	Southern P.L.	..	253	252	253
70	S. Penn. Oil	..	354	350	350
500	‡St. Oil., Cal.	..	295	285	293
900	St. O., Cal., rights	..	19¼	18½	19¼
50	St. Oil., Ind.	..	548	525	539
5	St. Oil., Kan.	..	495	495	495
300	St. O., Ky., new	..	280	267	278
26	St. O., Neb.	..	490	485	490
250	St. O., N. J.	..	432	428	430
200	St. O., N. Y.	..	195	190	194
90	St. O., Ohio	..	465	445	465
10	Swan & Finch	..	290	290	290
800	Union T. L.	..	101	98	100
320	Vacuum Oil	..	224	221	223
70	Wash. Oil	..	63	62	63
	RAILROAD.				
100	Un. Pac. rts.	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
	MINING STOCKS.				
1,500	*Arizona-Bel.	4½	4½	4	4
4,500	*Atlanta	18	18	17	17
100	Boston Mont.	6½	6½	6½	6½
1,200	Braden Cop.	7⅝	7¾	7½	7⅝
1,200	Brit.-C. Cop.	3⅝	3¾	3½	3¾
1,410	Buffalo M.	1 15-16	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,500	*Car'u Cobalt	72	72	71	72
3,500	*C. O. D. con.	4½	5	4½	5
125	*Coniagas	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
1,200	Cop. M. con.	3	3	3	3
1,000	Crown R.	1⅞	1⅞	1 13-16	1 13-16
1,000	*Dia'd B. B.	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	*D. M., Ltd.	17	17	17	17
10	*First Nat. C.	3	3	3	3
5,000	*Florence	54	65	54	60
10,000	*Gold Hill	25	31¼	25	31¼
200	Goldfield con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
500	*Goldfield M.	12½	12½	12½	12½
2,000	G.-C., new	39	42½	39	41⅜
3,000	*Greenwater	7	7	7	7
300	Halifax-T.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	*Keene Won.	21	21	21	21
100	Kerr L.	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16
500	La Rose con.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
300	Mason Valley	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
6,500	*MacNamara	11	11	11	11
200	McKinley-D.	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
1,900	*Man. B. F.	17	17	16	16
1,600	Mines of Am.	2⅞	3⅝	2⅞	3⅛
2,200	*Nevada Hills	42	42	39	39
100	*New Utah B.	42	42	42	42
2,000	Nipis. M. Co.	7	7¼	7	7⅛
18,000	North Star	43	43½	43	43
7,500	*Oro	14	14	13	13½
2,000	*Silver Pick	8	8	7½	7½
4,000	S. U. M. & S.	¼	5-16	¼	¼
150	St. S.-L.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
3,000	Stewart	1¼	1 5-16	1¼	1 5-16
1,000	*Temiskaming	15½	15½	15½	15½
200	Tonopah Bel.	7¾	7¾	7 11-16	7 11-16
1,200	Tonopah Ext.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1⅞	1⅞
4,000	*Tonopah J.B.	99	99	97	98
4,500	*Tonopah Mr.	66	67	66	67
2,000	*Tonopah My.	45	45	43	43
2,100	*Tonopah Miz.	47	47	46	47
700	Ton. Montana	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
1,500	*Ton. Res. E.	15	15	13	13
250	Ton. of Nev.	7	7	7	7
100	Tri-Bullion	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
150	Tuolumne C.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,500	W. E. Cons.	1½	1 9-16	1 7-16	1½
1,800	*W. E. Exten.	3	4	3	4
135	Yukon Gold	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
	BONDS.				
$200,000	Can. Pacific 6% notes	103⅝	103⅝	103⅜	103½
1,000	Kelly Spr'g. Tire 4s	70	70	70	70
6,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend. ‡Ex rights.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	17¾	18¼	16¾	17
Atlantic Refining	845	855	840	850
Borne-Scrymser	305	315	305	315
Buckeye Pipe Line	178	180	177	179
Chesebrough Mfg.	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	115	125	115	125
Continental Oil	238	243	237	242
Crescent Pipe Line	58	61	58	61
Cumberland Pipe L.	65	70	65	70
Eureka Pipe Line	330	335	330	340
Galena-Signal Oil	191	194	186	188
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	139	135	140
Indiana Pipe Lines	140	143	140	142
National Transit	44	46	43	45
New York Transit	313	318	318	323
Northern Pipe Line	122	125	121	123
Ohio Oil	165	167	162	164
Pierce Oil Corp.	94	97	90	93
Prairie Oil & Gas	526	529	538	543
Solar Refining	390	400	390	400
Southern Pipe Line	250	253	250	253
South Penn. Oil	349	353	345	350
S. W. Penn. P. L.	154	158	154	158
Standard Oil (Cal.)	291	298	285	287
St. Oil (Cal.) rts.	18	19	17½	18½
Standard Oil (Ind.)	533	538	518	522
Standard Oil (Kan.)	480	490	485	495
Standard Oil (Ky.)	275	280	263	268
Standard Oil (Neb.)	480	490	480	490
Standard Oil (N. J.)	427	429	427	429
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	191	193	187	189
Standard Oil (Ohio)	460	470	445	450
Swan & Finch	280	290	280	290
Union Tank Line	99	101	97	99
Vacuum Oil	222	225	218	220
Washington Oil	61	65	62	65
Waters-Pierce Oil	3300	..	3200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 4. Bid.	Feb. 4. Asked.	Feb. 3. Bid.	Feb. 3. Asked.
American Cigar	147	150	147	150
Am. Cigar pf.	92	94	92	93
Am. Machine & Fdy.	75	80	75	80
British-American	23	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛
British-Am., new	23¼	23½	23¼	23½
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F.	180	187	180	190
MacAndrews & F. pf.	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	225	220	230
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	255	265	255	265
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	85½	86½	86	86½
United Cigar Stores	92½	93	92½	93
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a strong tone prevailed. Copper was up ⅛c to ¼c. Tin improved ⅝c. Spelter was up 5 points. The close bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper—

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Spot	14.25	14.75	Spelter	5.40	5.50
Feb.	14.25	14.75	Zinc	5.40	5.50
March	14.37½	14.87½	Lead	4.10	4.20
April	14.50	14.87½	Tin	40.87½	41.12½

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin follow:

Copper—	£	s	d	Tin—	£	s	d
Spot	66	13	9	Spot	187	10	0
Futures	67	0	0	Futures	188	10	0

The market finished strong. Spanish pig lead £20, down 2s 6d. Spelter, £21 7s 6d, unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s 10½d, up 5½d.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4½s..March, 1963	105¾	106	105⅝	105⅞
4½s..May, 1957	105¾	106	105⅝	106
4½s..Nov., 1957	105¾	106	105⅛	106
4½s..May, 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4½s..Nov., 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4¼s..March, 1930-60	100¾	101½	100⅝	101½
4¼s..March, 1962	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100⅝
4¼s..Sept., 1960	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100¾
4s..May, 1959	97	97⅞	97	97⅞
4s..Nov., 1958	97	97⅞	97	97⅞
4s..May, 1957	97	97⅞	97	97⅞
4s..Nov., 1956	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s..Nov., 1955	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s..Nov., 1936	96¼	..	96¼	..
4s..1918-1919	99	..	99	..
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	85⅞	86¼	85½	86
3½s..May, 1954	85⅝	86½	85½	86
3½s..1950-1954	84	86	84⅝	85⅝

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
95	Con. Coal	95½	95	95½
190	Con. Power	106½	106	106
800	Con. Power rts	55c.	51c.	51c.
102	Elkhorn Fuel	20	19½	20
33	Fidelity & Deposit	158⅛	158⅛	158⅛
120	Houston Oil ctfs	18	18	18
31	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	59½	59⅜	59½
15	Maryland Casualty	88	87¾	88
20	Mercantile Trust	171	171	171
150	Penn. Wat. & Pow.	67½	67½	67½
1	Union Trust	60	60	60
105	United Ry. & Elec.	26	26	26
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
500	Cy. Bal. 4s, '58, W.L.	98	98	98
3,000	Cy. Bal. 4s, '61, S. L.	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	101	101	101
500	Con. Coal 6s	101½	101½	101½
25,000	Con. Power 4½s	89¾	89½	89¾
32,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	94⅝	94½	94⅝
1,000	Fair. & Cl. Trac. 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Ga., Car. & Nor. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
6,000	Hous. Oil div. ctfs.	78¾	78⅝	78¾
5,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
7,000	Mt. V.-W. Cot. D. 5s	39½	39¼	39½
6,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s	92½	92½	92½
2,000	Petersburg 6s, B.	113¼	113¼	113¼
10,000	Un. Ry. & E. 1st 4s	84	83⅞	84
3,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s	63⅞	63⅞	63⅞
100	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s	88	88	88
8,000	Va. Ry. & Pow. 5s	93	93	93
3,000	Wil. & Weldon 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	1⅞	1¾	1¾
100	Algomah	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
1,000	Allouez	41⅞	40	41
360	Am. Zinc	21⅛	20½	20½
550	Ariz. Commercial	5 5-16	5 1-16	5 3-16
150	Butte & Bal.	4 1-16	4 1-16	4 1-16
2,225	Butte & Superior	36¼	35¼	36⅛
3,100	Calumet & Ariz.	69¾	68⅛	69
69	Calumet & Hecla	452	445	450
315	Centennial	19	18½	18½
220	Chino	43½	42¾	43
822	Copper Range	40⅞	39¼	40¼
1,065	East Butte	13	12½	12¾
40	Franklin	4½	4¼	4¼
3,265	Granby	91	88¾	89½
1,236	Greene-Can.	42⅜	39½	41
485	Hancock	22	20⅞	21½
105	Indiana	5½	5¼	5⅜
25	Island Creek	48	48	48
702	Isle Royale	24	22½	22½
110	Kerr Lake	5	4⅞	4⅞
15	Keweenaw	4	3⅞	3⅞
430	Lake	10¼	10	10
220	Mason Valley	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
140	Mass Cons.	3⅛	3	3⅛
570	Mayflower	9	8½	8¾
290	Mohawk	46	45	45½
530	New Arcadian	3⅝	3⅜	3½
6,082	North Butte	30¾	29⅛	30¼
45	North Lake	2⅝	2½	2⅜
185	Old Colony	5¼	5	5
870	Old Dominion	54	52¾	53¼
814	Osceola	84	81½	82
490	Pond Creek	20⅛	19¾	19¾
231	Quincy	67¼	65	67¼
150	Santa Fe	2	2	2
100	Shannon	6⅞	6¾	6¾
930	Shattuck	29¾	28½	28⅝
230	St. Mary's Land	38	37¼	37½
730	Superior Copper	30½	30	30½
1,230	Tamarack	38½	35	37
65	Trinity	4½	4⅜	4⅜
400	Tuolumne	80c.	80c.	80c.
25	Union Cop. Land	2	1⅞	1⅞
1,698	U. S. Smelting	43½	43	43
326	U. S. Smelting pf.	49	48½	48¾
300	Utah Apex	2½	2⅜	2½
120	Utah Cons	10⅛	10	10⅛
185	Winona	4½	4¼	4¼
260	Wolverine	47½	47	47
255	Wyandotte	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
	RAILROADS.			
10	Boston & Albany	195	195	195
105	Boston Elevated	85	84	84
5	Boston & Lowell	168	168	168
92	Boston & Maine	50	49¼	49½
10	Boston & Maine pf	74	74	74
5	Maine Central	96	96	96
15	Mass. Electric	12	12	12
656	Mass. Electric pf.	63	62	62
36	West End St. Ry.	73¼	73	73¼
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
120	Am. Ag. Chem.	54½	54½	54½
190	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	96½	96¼	96½
30	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
100	Am. Pneu. Serv.	3½	3½	3½
60	Am. Pn. Serv. pf.	21½	21½	21½
70	East Boston Land	13¼	13	13
20	Edison	257	257	257
19	Edison rec., 1st pd.	153⅛	152	152
823	Ga. Ry. & E. rts.	2	2	2
61	Mass Gas	93½	93½	93½
35	Mass. Gas pf	93½	93¼	93½
75	McElwain pf.	101⅝	101	101
13	Mergenthaler	216	215¼	215¼
82	Miss. River Power	37½	37½	37½
50	Reece Folding	4	4	4
72	Swift & Co.	107¼	106½	107¼
40	Terrington	28	28	28
68	United Fruit	169	168	168½
4,306	United Shoe Mach.	57⅝	56¼	56⅝
77	U. Shoe Mach. pf.	29	28¾	29
900	Wollaston Land	1⅝	1	1⅝
	BONDS.			
$38,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	67½	67	67
2,000	Cent. Vt. 4s	85	85	85
7,000	Dom. Coal 5s	99½	99	99½
1,000	Gen. Elec. 5s, '52	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
11,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, '32	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
5,000	Pond Creek 6s	106½	106½	106½
30,000	Western Tel. 5s	99	98¾	98⅞

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay S. Gas	16	17	Houghton	3½	4¼
Begole	1	1¼	La Rose	1⅞	2
Bohemia	1¾	2	Majestic	24	24
Boston Ely	52	53	Mex. Met.	23	25
Butte & L.	30	32	Nev.-Doug.	1⅝	1 11-16
Cactus Cop.	1½	2	New Baltic	1⅛	1¼
Calaveras	1¼	1 5-16	Ohio	35	39
Chief Con.	1	1⅛	Oneco	1⅛	1¼
Con. Ariz.	45	49	Raven	13	15
Corbin Cop.	1¼	1⅜	So. Lake	4¾	5
Cortez M.	32	35	S. W. Miami	1	2
Dav.Daly	2¼	2 5-16	U. Verde E.	45	49
First Nat.	3⅛	3¼	Yukon	2½	2⅝
Hollinger	16¾	17½			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
95	Am. Shipbuilding	40	40	40
105	Am. Shipbuilding pf.	92	91	91
50	Chicago Ry. pf.	55	55	55
1,052	Chicago Pneu. Tool	58	55½	57
485	Chicago Ry. 2s	33⅝	33½	33½
25	Chicago Ry. 3s	8¼	8¼	8¼
10	Com. Edison	135½	135½	135½
215	Hart, S. & M. pf.	105	105	105
130	Illinois Brick	67	66½	67
150	Pacific Gas	44¼	44	44¼
95	Pub. Service pf.	99	99	99
164	Swift & Co.	107	106⅞	107
405	Union Carbide	144	141	142
25	Western Stone	6½	6½	6½
	BONDS.			
$4,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
13,000	Chicago Ry. B.	81⅝	81⅜	81⅜
22,000	Chi. Ry. income 4s	53¼	52½	53
7,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	100½	100⅜	100½
10,000	Consumers' Gas 5s	100½	100¼	100½
2,000	Edison 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
4,000	Met. gold 4s	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜
2,000	Mutual Fuel 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	South Side E. 4½s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
5,000	Swift new 5s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Alliance Ins.	16½	16½	16½
205	American Can	32⅜	31	31
90	American Rys.	39	39	39
17	Cambria Iron	44	43½	43½
1,739	Cambria Steel	50½	49¾	50¼
120	Con. Trac. N. J.	73	73	73
575	Elec. Storage Bat.	55	54	54
2,760	General Asphalt	41¼	40	41
875	Gen. Asphalt pf.	79¾	78¾	79¾
41	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22⅝	22½	22½
35	J. G. Brill	30	30	30
100	Keystone Tel.	12½	12½	12½
160	Lake Superior Corp.	23	22⅞	22⅞
1	Lehigh Nav.	83¾	83¾	83¾
74	Lehigh Nav. T. C.	84½	84	84½
472	Lehigh Valley Trans.	20⅝	20	20½
770	Lehigh V. Trans. pf.	34	33¾	34
170	Phila. Rapid Transit	18¼	18	18
340	Phila. R. T. T. C.	18⅜	18	18¼
190	Phila. Co.	44½	43¾	44½
5,262	Phila. Electric	27¼	26⅞	27
16	Penn. Salt Mfg. Co.	107½	107¼	107¼
45	Union Co. N. J.	226½	226½	226¼
335	United Gas Imp.	85¾	85	85
528	Union Traction	46¾	46	46¼
10	Warwick I. & Steel	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
12	W. Jersey & S. S.	54	54	54
40	York Railway pf.	34¼	34¼	34¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Crucible Steel	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
150	Crucible Steel pf.	94½	93½	94½
100	Ind. Brewing pf.	23¾	23½	23¾
280	Manufacturers L. & H.	52	51½	52
150	Nat. Fireproofing	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
115	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	26¼	26	26
255	Ohio Fuel Oil	15¼	15	15
11	Osage & Oklahoma	52	52	52
170	Pitts. Brewing	10⅝	10½	10⅝
54	Pitts. Brewing pf.	28	27	27
775	Pure Oil	15¼	15	15¼
600	San Toy	18	18	18
82	Westing. Air Brake	130½	129½	130½

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

Quotations for public utility securities in which price changes were reported yesterday were:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas & Electric	79	82
Cities Service	96½	98½
Electric Bond Deposit Co.	66	70
Pacific Gas & Electric	43½	44½
Republic Ry. & Light	21	23
Standard Gas & El. pf.	32	33
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. Co.	15½	16
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. Co. pf.	68½	69½
Western Power	21½	23

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. H. Burtch, N. W. Peters, and Leon R. Hirsh have been elected members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

Francis Blossom of the engineering firm of Sanderson & Porter was elected a Director of the Federal Light & Traction Co. yesterday.

The official statement was made yesterday that 86.5 per cent. of the coupons due on Jan. 1 on the prior lien 4½ per cent. bonds of the National Railways of Mexico had been deposited under the plan proposed to pay them with short-term notes up to Feb. 2. This made the plan effective, but the time for depositing the coupons was extended until Feb. 14.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Consols Again Rise in London—Mexican and Peruvian Issues Fall.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 5.—The London Times in its City article this morning says:

"Quotations for daily advances and short fixtures remained easy yesterday. Discount rates hardened. Paris check rose ¾c. Most other Continental exchanges tended in favor of London.

"One hundred thousand pounds was withdrawn from the Bank for export to India; £100,000 was also taken for Egypt. The German Bank rate probably will be reduced to-day.

"The stock markets generally opened firm, operators being encouraged by a further advance in Consols and other high-class securities, but as a rule the improvement was not maintained in the more speculative departments, where there was a disposition to secure profits. Home railway stocks, in particular, showed an almost general relapse.

"The news of a revolutionary outbreak in Peru severely depressed Peruvian corporation stocks, although prices rallied from the lowest points.

"American shares closed higher as a rule. Canadian Pacific shares rallied after a dull opening.

"Among the foreign railway stocks there was a further sharp rise in Antofagasta stock, while Mexican descriptions were offered."

PARIS, Feb. 4.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes 87 francs 47½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Prices were higher on the Boerse to-day.

To Reduce German Bank Rate.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—A meeting of the Committee of the Imperial Bank of Germany has been called for to-morrow to reduce the discount rate.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France when issued to-morrow will show increases of 15,884,000 francs in gold holdings and 9,344,000 francs in silver.

Bank of Austria's Rate Reduced.

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—The rate of discount of the bank of Austria was reduced from 5 to 4½ per cent. to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	77¼	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account	77⅜	..	..	+ ⅛
Amalgamated	79½	77⅜	77½	+ ½
Atchison	102¼	99⅜	99¼	− ⅛
Balt. & Ohio	98	95⅛	94⅞	+ ¼
Ches. & Ohio	69¼	67⅛	67⅞	+ ¼
Canadian Pac.	225	218⅜	219	+ ¼
Chi. Gt. Westn.	15	14⅝	14	− ¼
St. Paul	109⅜	106⅜	106⅝	+ ⅝
Denver	19⅞	19⅜	..	..
Erie	32⅝	31⅝	31⅝	..
Erie 1st pf.	50½	49⅛	48⅞	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	117¾	114½	115	+ ¼
Lou. & Nash.	143½	139⅝	139½	− ½
Kan. & Texas	24	23⅜	23	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	98	95⅛	94⅝	+ ⅜
Norf. & Westn.	109	106	105½	+ ½
Ont. & Western	31½	30⅝	..	+ ½
Pennsylvania	58⅜	113¼	113⅜	..
Reading	86¼	168⅝	168⅝	+ ⅛
Southn. Rwy.	28⅝	27⅝	27⅞	+ ¼
Southn. Pac.	101⅝	98⅜	98⅜	+ ¼
Union Pacific	168⅛	163½	163⅞	− ⅜
U. S. Steel	68	66	66½	− ½
Wabash	3¼	3⅛	3	+ ⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German 3s	77¾	78⅝
German 3½s	85½	86¾
Prussian 4s	98	99
Amsterdam 4s	94½	95⅞
Bavarian Govt. 4s	96	97
Bremen 3½s	82½	83⅝
Hamburg 3s	77½	78⅝
Saxony 3s	75⅝	76⅝
Berlin 4s	96⅛	97⅛
Cologne 4s	93⅞	95⅛
Frankfurt 3½s	85½	86½
Munich 4s	93¾	94⅞
Russian 4s	87	88½
Vienna 4s	82	83½

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

RAILROADS.

1914.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 29	83.86	83.16	83.29	− .39
Jan. 30	84.52	83.33	84.43	+1.14
Jan. 31	84.92	84.20	84.59	+ .16
Feb. 2	84.64	83.78	83.89	− .70
Feb. 3	84.44	83.74	84.32	+ .43
Feb. 4	84.68	83.82	84.01	− .31

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 29	60.45	59.80	59.83	− .45
Jan. 30	61.10	60.14	61.01	+1.18
Jan. 31	61.68	61.01	61.36	+ .35
Feb. 2	61.54	60.70	60.91	− .45
Feb. 3	61.43	60.69	61.30	+ .39
Feb. 4	61.60	60.92	61.06	− .24

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Jan. 28	72.54	71.86	72.08	− .34
Jan. 29	72.15	71.48	71.56	− .52
Jan. 30	72.81	71.73	72.72	+1.16
Jan. 31	73.30	72.60	72.97	+ .25
Feb. 2	73.09	72.24	72.40	− .57
Feb. 3	72.93	72.21	72.81	+ .41
Feb. 4	73.14	72.40	72.53	− .28

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Feb., 1913	77.80	Feb. 3	71.51	Feb. 25	73.39
Feb., 1912	76.61	Feb. 20	75.24	Feb. 1	75.84
Feb., 1911	82.60	Feb. 6	78.87	Feb. 24	80.05
Yr. to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3	72.97
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar.15,'15	100¼	100¾	4.30
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	99¾	100¼	4.80
Austrian Gov.	4½	July'14-15	99½	100⅛	4.35
B. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅜	100⅝	3.40
Boston & Me.	6	June 2,'14	[illegible]	96	18.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99¼	99½	5.12
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	103⅜	103⅝	5.52
Chat. R. & L.	5	June, 1915	96	97⅜	7.00
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	100	100¼	3.70
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sept. 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	97¾	98¼	10.60
Con. Gas. Co.	6	Feb.25,'14	100	100¼	2.75
Con. Power	6	May, 1917	95	97	7.00
Erie R. R.	6	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100½	3.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100⅝	4.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅝	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1,'14	99¼	99¾	5.60
Gen. Elec.		April16,'14	3.75%	3.00%	
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100	100½	5.65
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98⅝	99	5.25
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100½	100⅝	4.10
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.65
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	96¼	97	11.00
Intl. Harvest.	5	Feb.15,'15	100¼	100½	4.53
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	96½	97½	7.70
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar.15,'14	100	100¼	3.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
Minn. & S. L.	6	Feb., 1916	97½	98	7.00
M., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	97	97½	7.20
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	96⅝	97	14.10
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	98¾	100	6.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100¼	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Apr. 21,'14	100¼	100⅜	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Sep. 15,'14	100⅜	100⅜	3.75
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅞	3.70
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	May, 1915	99⅝	99⅞	4.65
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	6	May18,'14	99½	99⅞	6.85
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9,'14	100⅞	101½	3.75
Pac. G. & E.	6	June25,'14	100⅛	100⅜	4.80
Seaboard A.L.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.90
So. Pacific	5	June15,'14	100⅝	100⅜	3.35
So. Railway	5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.90
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99½	100	6.00
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100¼	100½	3.90
U.S.S.,R.&M.	5	Aug., 1914	99½	100¼	4.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	97¼	98	6.05
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	102	102⅜	5.20
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99¼	100⅛	5.85
West. E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101¼	101½	4.95
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	98½	6.15
West. Power	6	July, 1915	97	98½	7.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%
C.&N.W.eq.tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.50%	4.35%
Erie eq. tr.	5	Jan., 1914-23	5.00%	4.90%
H. Val. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	5.00%	4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%
N.Y.C.L.eq.tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-28	4.75%	4.65%
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.30%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	5	Feb.15,'14-22	5.00%	4.80%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%

TAX RULING ON STOCKS.

Market Depreciation May Be Allowed by Payer in Figuring Income.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Treasury Department has laid down some important rules for the observance of holders of stocks or bonds in making up their income tax returns. The Department rules that depreciation in the market value of stocks may be considered by the income taxpayer when he comes to figure up his profits and losses for an income tax year.

A typical question of this character was whether, in making his income tax return, the taxpayer could deduct from his income the amount of losses on stocks he owned as shown by market quotations. An example in point was thus stated: If an income taxpayer bought 100 shares of railroad stock within the last year at 115 and at the time of making his income tax return this stock was selling at 95, would he be privileged to deduct $2,000 from his income?

One answer is that there has been neither profit nor loss to the taxpayer if there has been no sale of his stock. But this is modified by the ruling that if the taxpayer will keep books showing his financial transactions and in which he will make a yearly adjustment or inventory of his properties, the gain or loss resulting from such inventory may be reflected in his income tax statement.

The first phase of the matter is illustrated in the following way:

"A man buys ten bonds. He does not sell them and does not make a yearly adjustment of values. Then neither gain nor loss results from the holding of such bonds until a sale is made."

But with reference to the modification mentioned, the case mapy be put thus:

"Suppose a man purchases bonds in 1910 at 100. In 1911 their value is 105, and a record of that fact is made in the taxpayer's ledger. In 1913 the bonds are worth 115, and this valuation is also entered in the books of the taxpayer. The increase in value over the year 1912 will then be regarded by the Treasury Department as an increase in assets and should be accounted for as income, provided always that the taxpayer has kept his business accounts in the manner mentioned. The reverse of this example—that is, the depreciation of the value of the bonds and the entering of that fact in the taxpayer's books—will give the taxpayer the right to make in his income tax return a statement of a decrease in assets and therefore a decrease in income."

Big Southern Stave Concern Fails.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—A. Lemero & Co., one of the largest stave exporting concerns in the South, was placed in the hands of a receiver to-day on application of a creditor. The assets were estimated in the petition at $1,000,000, but no statement was made as to the liabilities. The firm had heavy dealings with two London concerns which failed recently.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of January show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

One road..............$530,200+ 18,800
Six Roads..............5,434,273—979,124
Seven roads............5,964,473—960,324

DETROIT UNITED for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$12,723,838	$11,695,530	$10,253,134
Op. exp.	8,694,231	7,730,409	6,580,042
Net	4,029,607	3,965,121	3,673,092
Sur. aft. chg	780,477	825,464	703,506
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for December—			
Gross	558,599	592,912	488,955
Net after tax.	138,259	174,201	103,995
6 mos. gross	3,684,395	3,666,189	3,374,759
Net after tax.	1,064,951	1,170,782	1,093,706
DENVER & RIO GRANDE for December—			
Gross	1,839,099	2,031,602	1,863,536
Net after tax.	475,114	598,651	465,449
Other income.	166,793	166,823	151,528
Total income.	641,907	765,473	616,978
Sur. aft. chgs.	60,110	187,812	99,086
Ren. & sk. fd.	20,000	20,000	10,000
Surplus	40,110	167,812	89,086
6 mos. gross	13,153,909	13,553,609	12,619,258
Net after tax.	3,678,935	4,106,900	3,294,272
Other income	699,468	604,521	523,059
Total income	4,378,403	4,711,422	3,817,331
Sur. aft. chgs.	890,729	1,359,740	740,560
Ren. & sk. fd.	130,747	110,000	60,000
Surplus	759,981	1,259,740	680,560
HOCKING VALLEY for December—			
Mileage	......	352	352
Gross	574,412	604,024	547,718
Net after tax.	157,504	204,561	195,347
Sur. aft. chgs.	51,134	162,243	......
6 mos. gross	4,282,599	4,180,894	3,886,203
Net ater tax.	1,532,981	1,621,589	1,504,675
Sur. aft. chgs.	877,284	1,161,555	......
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for December—			
Gross	806,496	840,281	686,042
Net after tax.	204,951	219,942	121,199
Oth. inc. (deb.)	27,600	10,297	5,730
Total income	177,351	209,644	115,469
6 mos. gross	5,024,969	5,151,027	4,213,934
Net after tax.	1,337,397	1,489,727	925,579
Oth. inc. (deb.)	77,307	18,604	*8,120
Total income	1,260,090	1,471,124	933,699

*Credit.

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN for December—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$1,173,344	$1,281,092	$1,175,115
Net after tax.	312,055	430,916	420,606
Other income.	90,280	90,505	64,030
Total income	402,335	521,421	484,636
Sur. after chg.	150,403	290,322	276,618
Six mo. gross	6,923,298	7,080,662	6,358,260
Net after tax.	1,694,878	2,262,121	2,103,832
Other income	492,406	468,535	399,205
Total income	2,187,284	2,730,656	2,503,037
Sur. after chg.	697,953	1,364,078	1,320,435

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN BRASS COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Changes.
Net profit	1,917,605	2,274,738	*357,133
Dividends	1,050,000	1,050,000	..
Balance	867,605	1,224,738	*357,133
Prev. surplus	7,181,599	5,956,861	1,224,738
Sur. Jan. 1, '14	8,049,204	7,181,599	867,605
COMMONWEALTH POWER, RAILWAY & LIGHT for December—			
Gross	346,530	153,123	193,407
Net after exp., taxes and int.	286,156	142,211	143,945
Bal. aft. pf. div.	206,156	112,211	93,945
For year ended Dec. 31:			
Earnings on stock owned in subsid's	2,083,019	1,197,970	885,049
Miscl. earn'gs.	320,670	104,490	216,179
To'l gr. earns.	2,403,689	1,302,461	1,101,228
Exp. and taxes	92,583	78,587	13,995
Interest chgs.	397,680	54,823	342,857
Net income	1,913,425	1,169,050	744,375
Pf. dividend	760,000	360,000	400,000
Bal. for com. stock	1,153,425	809,050	344,375
OREGON ELECTRIC RAILWAY for December—			
Gross	95,882	91,574	4,308
Net after taxes	24,857	21,106	3,751
Twelve mo. gr.	1,215,383	953,847	261,536
Net after taxes	366,487	284,947	81,540

*Decrease.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

BY ORDER OF WILLIAM REINHART AND MICHAEL SHEA, AS RECEIVERS OF B. CAMPBELL & CO.

15 shares Independent Supply Company common, $100 each, $1,500 lot.

71 shares Metropolitan Sand and Gravel Company common, $100 each, $7,150 lot.

10 shares Consumers Brewing Company of New York, Limited, $100 each, 127½.

15 shares German-American Insurance Company, $100 each, 515.

8,250 shares Dividend Lake View Consolidated Gold Mining Company, Limited, $1 each, and 8,334 shares Dividend Lake View Consolidated Gold Mining Company, Limited, $1 each, $100 lot.

2 shares German-American Insurance Company of New York, $100 each, 516½.

12 shares Importers and Traders National Bank, $100 each, 510.

100 shares Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, $50 each, 400½.

1 share Clinton Hall Association, $100, 37.

2,905 shares Oneida Mill Corporation common, $10 each, $1,610 lot.

19 shares Larson Machine Company trust certificates, $100 each, $130 lot.

40 shares Moisant International Aviators preferred, $10 each, $66 lot.

15 shares American Designing and Reproducing Company, $100 each, $15 lot.

4 shares Continental Insurance Company, $100 each, 914.

100 shares American Lithographic Company 7 per cent. preferred, $100 each, 84½.

50 shares American Lithographic Company common, $100 each, 35.

$4,000 Monmouth County Electric Company 4 per cent. bonds, Nos. 447, 448, 449, and 450, $1,000 each, and $2,000 Monmouth County Electric Company 4½ per cent. bonds, Nos. 647, 648, 694, 698 to 707, inclusive, 715, 812, 815, 816, 928, and 929, $100 each, 5.

$11,000 Brooklyn Ferry Company of New York first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due Aug. 1, 1984; Knickerbocker Trust Company certificates of deposit stamped and assenting to agreement with the New York Terminal Company, $300 lot.

$5,000 International Industrial Corporation, Limited, collateral trust gold notes, due 1918, interest January and July, $28 lot.

N. Y. STATE 4½S

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Feb. 4, 1914	500,982
Same day last year	227,025
Total year to date	11,506,725
Same period last year	9,687,868
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.53 +.28
Same day last year	76.47 —.39

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22⅞	23	3,100	Alaska Gold Mines	23	24	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅛
13	13¼	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	13	13	13	13	— ⅛
77	77⅛	39,850	Amalgamated Cop	77⅝	78¼	76¾	77⅛	— ⅜
54½	55	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	54½	54¾	54½	54¾	— ¼
141	143½	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf	142	142	142	142	+ ¼
30⅞	31	28,650	Am. Can	32¾	32¾	30¾	31	—2
93	93½	2,300	Am. Can pf	94½	94½	93	93	—2
52¾	53	1,700	Am. Car & Fdry	52½	53½	52½	52¾	— ⅛
43½	44	300	Am. Cotton Oil	44¼	44¼	44	44	— ½
108	109¾	100	Am. Express	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	— ¼
4½	4⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leath	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
24	24½	300	Am. Hide & L. pf	24	24½	24	24	...
27¼	27½	5,000	Am. Ice Securities	28	28⅜	27	27¼	— ⅜
30½	32	400	Am. Linseed pf	31¼	31¼	31	31	— ½
35¾	35⅞	1,035	Am. Locomotive	36¼	36¼	35¾	35¾	— ½
101	102	400	Am. Locomotive pf	101½	102	101½	101½	+ ½
48	50	200	Am. Malt pf	49	49	49	49	...
69⅞	70	1,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70	71⅛	69¾	70⅛	+ ⅞
163	170	100	Am. Snuff	171⅝	171⅝	171⅝	171⅝	+1⅞
35½	36	200	Am. Steel F'dries	36¼	36¼	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
107	108	300	Am. Sugar Refin	108	108	108	108	— ⅛
112	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	— ⅝
121⅝	122	610	Am. Teleph. & Tel	122½	122½	121⅝	121¾	— ¼
247½	248	520	Am. Tobacco	251	251	247¾	247¾	—3¼
37⅝	37⅞	4,300	Anaconda Cop. Co	38¼	38¼	37¾	37¾	— ½
24	28⅞	500	Assets Realization	23½	24½	23½	24½	+2½
98¾	99	2,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	99⅛	99⅜	98¾	98¾	— ½
100⅝	101½	250	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	+ ⅞
124½	125½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	125½	125½	125½	125½	+1
43	45½	100	Baldwin Loco	45	45	45	45	— ½
94¼	94⅜	4,200	Baltimore & Ohio	94⅞	95⅜	94⅛	94½	— ⅜
80½	81½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	— ⅛
..	..	45	Bank of Commerce	177	178	177	178	...
1	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
35½	36½	600	Bethlehem Steel	36½	36½	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅞
76½	77	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	77	77	76¾	76¾	—1¼
91½	91¾	4,200	Brook. Rapid Tran	92¼	92¼	91½	91⅝	— ¼
126	128½	100	Brook. Union Gas	127½	127½	127½	127½	...
29¼	29½	9,400	California Petrol'm	28¼	30½	28¼	29⅛	+1⅛
65	65¾	1,600	California Pet. pf	66	66¾	65	65	+ ¼
218⅝	218⅞	14,200	Canadian Pacific	218¾	220⅛	218¼	218¾	— ¼
29⅝	29⅞	8,150	Central Leather Co	29¾	30	29¼	29½	— ⅛
66¾	67	900	Chesapeake & Ohio	67¼	67⅝	67	67	— ⅛
14	14¼	200	Chicago Gt. West'n	14	14	14	14	...
32¼	32½	600	Chi. Gt. Western pf	32⅜	32⅜	32¼	32¼	...
106⅝	106⅝	3,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	106¾	107⅛	106⅝	106½	— ¼
141½	142½	230	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	141¼	141¾	141	141¾	— ¼
135	136	1,201	Chi. & Northwest'n	135½	136	135	135	—1
42⅝	43⅝	13,000	Chino Copper	43	44	42⅝	43½	— ½
67	74	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	69	69	69	69	+2
33¼	33¾	1,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	34	34	33½	33⅛	— ⅞
..	..	200	Comstock Tunnel	*10	10	10	10	...
136½	137	100	Consolidated Gas	136¾	136¾	136¾	136¾	+ ¼
12	12⅜	1,700	Corn Products Ref	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛	— ¼
70¾	72	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	71½	71½	71½	71½	+ ½
98⅞	99½	100	Deere & Co. pf	99	99	99	99	— ¾
158½	159½	200	Del. & Hudson	159½	159½	159½	159½	+1⅜
390	400	200	Del., Lack. & West	400⅛	400⅛	400	400	—1
29	31	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	31⅛	31⅛	29⅞	29⅞	— ¾
18	18⅜	2,400	Distillers' Secur	17¾	18⅜	17⅝	18	+ ¼
31⅛	31¼	7,700	Erie	31⅜	32	31⅛	31¼	— ⅜
48⅝	48⅞	1,000	Erie 1st pf	48⅞	49¼	48¾	49	+ ⅛
107¾	108½	18	Gen. Chemical pf	108½	108½	108	108	...
147¼	148	200	General Electric	148	148	148	148	— ⅝
55	56	2,260	General Motors	52	59⅝	52	55⅛	— ⅞
89	90	1,200	General Motors pf	90	90½	89½	90	— ⅛
25¼	25½	3,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	26½	26¾	25	25	—1¼
90½	91½	200	Goodrich pf	91	91	91	91	...
134¼	134½	9,550	Great Northern pf	134¾	134¾	133¾	134⅜	+ ¼
37¾	38¼	1,300	G. N. certs. ore prop	38⅛	38⅜	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
51¾	52	5,700	Guggenheim Explor	51¾	52½	51⅝	51¾	...
160	175	100	Helme (G. W.) Co	165	165	165	165	+ ⅛
17¾	17⅞	1,900	Inspiration Copper	18¼	18¼	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
15¾	15⅞	1,000	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	15⅞	16	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
61½	61⅝	800	Inter.-Met. pf	61¾	62⅛	61½	61½	— ⅝
109	111	200	Int. Harvester, N. J	110½	111	110½	111	...
109	109⅞	10	Int. Harvester Corp	109	109	109	109	...
10	10¼	1,050	Int. Paper	10¼	10⅜	10	10⅜	— ⅛
27	27⅜	500	Kan. City Southern	27⅜	27⅜	27	27	— ⅜
104½	108½	100	Kayser (J.) Co. 1st pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
100½	101	200	Laclede Gas	100	101	100	101	+2
7	8	10	Lake Erie & West	8	8	8	8	...
18	20	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	20	20	20	20	+ ⅛
154	154½	5,050	Lehigh Valley	155	155¼	153½	153¾	—1¼
114½	115½	100	Liggett & M. pf	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	—2
37	37½	200	Loose-Wiles Bis	37	37	37	37	— ½
138½	139½	350	Louis. & Nash	139¾	139¾	138½	138½	—1
83½	83¾	100	Mackay Cos	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ¼
69	69¼	100	Mackay Cos. pf	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	...
3⅛	3¾	300	Mercan. Marine	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ¼
71⅛	71¼	18,300	Mex. Petroleum	70¾	72⅝	70⅝	71⅛	+ ¾
..	86	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	87	87	87	87	+1
23½	23¾	600	Miami Copper	23¾	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	+ ⅛
15¼	16¼	150	Minn. & St. Louis	15½	15½	15½	15½	— ¾
136¼	136⅜	1,400	M., St. P. & S. S. M	132½	136½	132½	135½	+3
23	23½	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	23	23	23	23	...
59	59½	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	59½	59½	59½	59½	...
27¾	28	800	Missouri Pacific	28	28	27¾	28	— ½
139	141	450	Nash., C. & St. L	140	140	140	140	...
137⅝	138	400	Nat. Biscuit Co	137¼	137½	137¼	137½	—1½
122⅝	125	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123	123½	123	123½	+1
13¾	13⅞	400	Nat. En. & St. Co	14	14	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
106⅞	109	75	Nat. Lead Co. pf	107	107	107	107	...
16¼	16⅜	1,600	Nevada Con. Cop	16¼	16½	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛
94	94¼	2,550	N. Y. Central	94⅞	94⅞	94	94	— ⅝
73⅛	73½	6,900	N. Y., N. H. & H	74⅜	74⅜	72⅞	73	—1¾
30¾	31	300	N. Y., Ont. & W	30⅜	30¾	30⅜	30½	+ ¼
105⅜	105½	1,500	Norf. & Western	105⅝	105¾	105⅜	105⅝	— ⅛
72	73	300	North American	72	72	72	72	— ⅞
117⅝	117¾	6,820	Northern Pacific	117¾	118½	117⅝	117⅝	...
27½	28	100	Pacific Mail	28	28	28	28	— ¼
113⅛	113⅜	3,660	Penn. R. R	113⅛	113½	113⅛	113⅛	— ¼
123½	124½	450	People's Gas, Chi	124⅛	124¼	124¼	124¼	+ ¼
90	91½	100	P., C., C. & St. L	91	91	91	91	+3½
22⅞	23	4,700	Pitts. Coal	22⅝	23½	22⅝	23	+ ½
92½	93½	1,400	Pitts. Coal pf	93	93½	93	93	+ ¼
43	43¾	1,400	Pressed Steel Car	44	44⅛	43½	43½	— ⅝
111½	112¼	300	P. S. Corp. of N. J	111⅛	112	111⅛	112	+1⅝
32¾	33	1,200	Railway Steel Sp	33½	33½	32⅞	32⅞	— ⅝
100	102	200	Railway St. Sp. pf	100	100	100	100	...
19⅞	20	5,055	Ray Con. Copper	19⅞	20	19¾	20	+ ⅜
168¼	168⅜	49,400	Reading	168⅜	169⅝	167¾	168¼	— ⅛
88	88½	1,000	Reading 1st pf	88	88	88	88	...
91⅞	92½	200	Reading 2d pf	92	92	92	92	...
25½	25⅝	800	Rep. Iron & Steel	26⅜	26⅜	25¾	25¾	— ¼
9½	9⅝	8,120	Rock Island Co	10	10½	9½	9⅝	—1¼
15⅛	15⅜	5,755	Rock Island Co. pf	16¼	16¼	14⅞	15¼	— ⅝
14	15	1,500	Rumely, (M.,) Co	14	15⅜	14	14½	+ ¼
33½	36	400	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	35	36½	35	36	+3
8	9	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
21¼	21⅞	5,700	Seab. Air Line	21¾	22⅛	21½	21¾	+ ⅝
56¾	57	7,425	Seab. Air Line pf	57	58	56⅜	56¾	+ ½
191½	192	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	191⅜	191½	191	191½	— ½
98½	98¾	17,800	Southern Pacific	98¾	99⅜	98⅜	98¾	...
..	..	224	So. Pacific t. r	104½	104¾	104½	104¾	+ ⅞
..	..	300	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pd	103¼	103½	103¼	103¼	+ ¼
27⅞	28	8,900	So. Ry. ext	27½	28¼	27½	27⅞	+ ¼
84½	85	1,910	So. Ry. pf. ext	84⅝	85¼	84⅝	85	+ ½
28½	28¾	1,300	Studebaker Co	27¾	29¼	27¾	29	+1⅛
85	86½	260	Studebaker Co. pf	85	86½	85	86½	+2¾
35⅜	35½	2,400	Tennessee Copper	35⅜	35½	35¼	35½	+ ⅛
145½	146⅝	2,220	Texas Co	146¼	147	145	146	...
16⅜	16⅞	100	Texas & Pacific	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅛
42½	43	750	Third Avenue	43¼	43¼	42½	42½	— ¼
10	12	100	Tol., St. L. & W	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	— ¾
7	7¼	2,100	Union B. & P. Co	7⅝	8	7	7	— ⅝
31⅝	32½	100	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	32½	32½	32½	32½	...
163	163⅛	23,300	Union Pacific	163⅞	164⅛	162½	163⅛	— ¾
85½	85¾	5,100	Union Pacific pf	85¼	86	85¼	85¾	+ ¾
99½	101	100	Un. Dry Goods pf	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
21½	22½	600	Un. Rys. Invest	21½	22	21½	22	+ ½
44½	45	2,000	Un. Rys. Invest. pf	44	45½	44	44¾	+ ¾
12⅞	13½	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	13½	13½	13½	13½	...
55⅜	57½	200	U. S. Express	56	56	56	56	+1
55	57	200	U. S. R. & Imp	56	56	56	56	+ ½
59½	59¾	1,409	U. S. Rubber	59½	60	59½	59¾	+ ⅛
101⅞	102	500	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102	102⅛	102	102	...
65⅝	65¾	63,600	U. S. Steel	66¼	66⅜	65¼	65⅝	— ⅞
110⅞	111¼	800	U. S. Steel pf	110⅞	111½	110⅞	111¼	+ ¾
55¼	55½	5,700	Utah Copper	55⅝	56	55¼	55½	...
30½	31	1,400	Va.-Car. Chem	31½	31½	30¾	30¾	— ⅜
2⅞	3	200	Wabash	3⅛	3⅛	3	3	...
87	89	50	Wells-Fargo Exp	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	...
32	32⅛	500	West. Maryland	33	33	32¼	32¼	—1¾
63	64	600	West. Union Tel	64	64½	64	64	...
71¼	71¾	2,000	Westingh. E. & M	72	72	71½	71½	— ⅝
116	119	50	Westingh. 1st pf	119	119	119	119	...
47¼	50	100	Wisconsin Central	48	48	48	48	+1
99½	100½	2,000	Woolw., (F. W.,) Co	100	100½	98⅝	100	+ ½

*Cents per share.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were on a broad scale, with commission houses active on the floor. The early course of prices reflected irregularity but in the afternoon the whole market turned heavy. Some of the specialties ran off sharply. Overnight price changes, as recorded on the 9:30 o'clock opening call, were divided between fractional advances and declines.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,810	Amal. Cop.	77¾	78¼	76⅝	77⅛
20	Am. B. Sug.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
3,500	Am. Can	33	33	30⅞	31
100	Am. Car & F.	53¼	53⅜	53¼	53⅜
150	Am. Ice	27⅞	28	27⅜	27⅜
10	Am. Locom.	36	36	36	36
1,860	Am. Smelt.	69¾	71⅛	69½	70
50	Anacon. Cop.	38¼	38⅜	38	38⅜
80	A., T. & S. F.	99¼	99¼	99⅛	99⅛
250	Balt. & Ohio.	95⅛	95⅜	94¼	94½
280	Brook. R. T.	91¾	92¼	91½	91½
480	Calif. Petrol.	30½	30½	29¼	30
810	Can. Pacific.	219	220⅜	218¼	218⅜
120	Cent. Leather	29¾	29¾	29⅜	29⅜
100	Ches. & Ohio.	67	67	67	67
320	C., M. & S. P.	106⅜	107¼	106	106½
90	Chino Con.	42⅞	43¼	42⅞	43¼
240	Colorado Fuel	34¼	34¼	33¾	33¼
170	Corn Prod.	12⅜	12½	12¼	12¼
40	Distil. Sec.	18⅜	18⅜	18	18
410	Erie	31⅜	31⅞	31¼	31¼
110	Goodrich R.	26½	26½	25⅛	25⅛
110	Gt. Nor. pf.	134⅜	134¾	133½	133½
40	Int.-Met.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
80	Int.-Met. pf.	61⅞	62	61⅞	61⅞
520	Lehigh Val.	154⅞	155¼	153¾	153½
10	Louis. & Nas.	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛
960	Mex. Petrol.	70½	72¾	70½	71⅛
110	Mo. Pacific	28¼	28¼	27⅞	27⅞
70	Nevada Con.	16½	16½	16¼	16¼
290	N. Y. Cent.	94½	94⅝	94	94
410	N. Y., N. H. & H.	74⅜	74⅜	72¾	72⅞
330	North. Pac.	117¾	118¼	117½	118⅛
60	Pennsylvania	113½	113½	113½	113½
60	Pitts. Coal	22⅝	23¼	22⅝	23¼
370	Pressed Steel.	43½	44¼	43⅜	43⅜
20	Ry. Steel Sp.	34⅝	34⅝	33⅜	33⅜
100	Ray Copper	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
12,240	Reading	168⅜	169⅝	167⅞	168⅜
20	Rep. Ir. & S.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
1,310	Rock Island	10⅜	10⅜	9½	9⅝
320	Rock Isl. pf.	16¼	16¼	14⅞	14⅞
30	Rumely Co.	34½	35	34½	35
60	Rum'ly Co. pf.	15	15¼	14½	14½
1,380	South. Pac.	98¾	99½	98¼	98¾
280	Southern Ry.	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	27¾
70	Tenn. Copper.	35⅝	35⅝	35	35⅝
100	Third Ave.	43	43	42¾	43
9,600	Union Pac.	163¾	164⅛	162½	163
20	U. S. Rubber.	60	60	60	60
13,500	U. S. Steel	66⅜	66⅛	65⅝	65¾
10	U. S. Steel pf.	111	111	111	111
110	Utah Copper.	55⅞	56	55½	56
10	West U. Tel.	64½	64½	64½	64½
100	W'house El.	71½	71½	71½	71½
59,700					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Comb. Frac.	.13	.13	.13	.13
300	Con. C. & V.	.18	.18	.18	.18
700	Florence	.58	.61	.58	.61
50	Goldf'ld Con.	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65
1,200	Jim Butler	.98	.99	.98	.99
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.22½	.23	.22½	.23
500	Lone Star	.03	.03	.03	.03
1,500	Oro	.12	.12	.12	.12
700	Ton. Merger	.68	.68	.67	.67
600	West End	1.42½	1.50	1.42½	1.50
7,050					

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Day.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$816,419	$1,351,773	$183,356,697
Int. rev., ord.	728,240	1,500,946	190,027,632
Corp. tax	15,746	29,107	3,345,720
Miscellaneous	256,722	507,800	32,306,745
Total receipts	1,817,129	3,389,628	409,036,795
Expenditures	1,780,757	5,103,727	423,618,504
Surplus	36,371	......	......
Deficit	......	1,714,099	10,581,708

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 4, 1914	$4,394,000
Same day last year	2,313,000
Total year to date	101,317,000
Same period last year	62,694,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.42 +.10
Same day last year	92.03 —.04

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 3s, coup	
500	102¼
4s, coupon	
3,000	113¼
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l	
2,000	89⅝
N Y State 4½s	
16,000	108⅝
5,000	108½
29,000	108⅝
50,000	108¾
10,000	108⅞
25,000	108¾
31,000	108⅞
10,000	108¾
100,000	108⅝
4s, 1961, reg	
10,000	100
N Y Canal 4½s	
25,000	108⅝
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	
10,000	58
N Y City 3½s, 1954	
25,000	85¾
20,000	85⅞
4½s, May, 1917	
5,000	101½
4½s, May, 1957	
2,000	105⅝
1,000	105¾
4½s, 1963	
8,000	105¼
34,000	105¾
4s, 1958	
2,000	97¼
7,000	97½
Alb & Susq 3½s	
15,000	86½
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	
2,000	101⅛
Am Cot Oil 5s	
1,000	92
Am Hide & L 6s	
1,000	102
5,000	102¼
Am Ice Secur 6s	
3,000	82
5,000	82½
Am Sm Secur 6s	
1,000	104¾
3,000	104⅞
5,000	105
1,000	104⅝
Am T & T cv 4s	
1,000s10f	95
conv 4½s	
4,000	98¼
Am Thread 4s	
3,000	93
Am Wr Paper 5s	
1,000	75
Armour & Co 4½s	
4,000	92⅝
2,000	92½
A, T & S F gen 4s	
23,000	95⅝
2,000	95½
adj 4s, stpd	
29,000	88¼
5,000	88⅜
1,000	88½
conv 4s, 1960	
50,000	99¼
5,000	99⅛
20,000	99½
1,000	99⅜
50,000	99¼
conv 4s, 1955	
1,000	99¼
At, T & S Fe 5s	
5,000	101⅞
Atl Coast Line, L & Nash col 4s	
3,000	93⅝
5,000	93½
6,000	93⅝
Atl Coast Line 4s	
12,000	94½
6,000	94¾
1,000	95
B & O pr lien 3½s	
1,000	92¼
gold 4s	
8,000	94½
1,000	94⅝
10,000	94¾
14,000	95
500	94¾
1,000	95½
1,000	96
conv 4½s	
25,000	94⅝
27,000	94½
61,000	94⅝
500	94¾
6,000	94⅝
46,000	94¾
13,000	94⅝
93,000	94½
Beth Steel 5s	
2,000	100
1st & ref 5s	
10,000	85
B R T 5s, 1918	
17,000	99¼
15,000	99⅜
ref conv 4s	
26,000	91½
7,000	91⅝
2,000	91½
10,000	91⅝
2,000	91⅜
1,000	91⅝
20,000s15f	91⅜
5,000	91½
25,000s10f	91½
15,000s20f	91¼
Bklyn U El 1st 5s	
12,000	101½
Bush Terminal 4s	
6,000	87½
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s	
2,000	88
Canada Southn con 5s, Ser A	
4,000	106⅛
Carolina, Clinchfield & O 5s	
5,000	99½
C of Ga Ry con 5s	
16,000	104
Cent Leather 5s	
5,000	98¼
1,000	98⅛
9,000	98¼
6,000	98⅜
C of N J gen 5s	
2,000	116½
14,000	116
Cent Pac gtd 4s	
1,000	93⅝
C & O gen 4½s	
8,000	97¾
1,000	98
conv 4½s	
4,000	84¼
10,000	84½
21,000	84⅜
Chi & Alton 3½s	
2,000	55
C, B & Q joint 4s	
27,000	96⅞
43,000	97
30,000s5f	97
21,000	97
18,000	97⅛
31,000	97¼
gen 4s	
1,000	94
Ill Div 3½s	
6,000	84⅞
Ill Div 4s	
5,000	95⅝
S W Div 4s	
1,000	98½
C & E Ill gen 5s	
6,000	97½
Chi Gas L & C 1st 5s	
10,000	102¼
Chi Gt Westn 4s	
5,000	74
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A	
2,000	96
4s, 1934	
10,000	90⅛
6,000	90
conv 4½s	
113,000	103
14,000	106⅛
10,000	103
C, M & P Sd 4s	
15,000	93
1,000	93¼
9,000	93¼
1,000	93¼
18,000	93¼
C & N W gen 3½s	
17,000	83½
C, R I & P gen 4s	
1,000	87
3,000	86½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	
9,000	79
deb 5s	
10,000	75½
11,000	75¾
3,000	75⅞
27,000	76
5,000	76¼
6,000	76½
5,000	76¾
15,000	76½
1,000	76½
9,000	76
C, R I & P R R 4s	
1,000	47¼
17,000	47½
1,000	47⅜
44,000	47½
21,000	47⅜
10,000	47½
6,000	47⅜
10,000	47½
5,000	47⅜
12,000	47¼
5,000	47¾
10,000	47¼
15,000	47⅜
10,000	47½
5,000	47⅜
17,000	47½
1,000	47⅝
10,000	47½
1,000	47⅜
11,000	47¾
11,000	47⅞
1,000s10f	47⅜
6,000	47⅜
6,000	47⅜
10,000	47½
10,000	47¼
63,000	47
5,000	47⅛
1,000	47
2,000	47⅛
1,000	47
14,000	47⅛
5,000	47
10,000	47⅛
5,000	47
C & W I con 4s	
1,000	84½
3,000	84¼
7,000	84½
Cin, Ham & Day 2d 4½s	
5,000	93
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s	
1,000s6f	92⅞
Del & Hud deb 4s, 1916	
2,000	98⅞
Detr U Ry con 4½s	
2,000	76¼
3,000	76
Dist Sec Corp 5s	
6,000	64¾
1,000	64½
5,000	64¾
14,000	65
5,000	65¼
5,000	65⅜
4,000	65¼
Dul & Ir R 1st 5s	
10,000	104
Du P de N P 4½s	
1,000	89⅛
11,000	89
Erie 1st gen 4s	
2,000	75¾
Pa col tr 4s	
5,000	90¾
cv 4s, Ser A	
13,000	76¾
10,000	76⅞
Series B	
5,000	75
3,000	75¼
19,000	75⅛
7,000	75⅝
2,000	75½
30,000	75⅜
Gen Elec deb 5s	
1,000	104¼
1,000	104½
Gen Motors 6s	
10,000	100⅜
1,000	100½
Granby Consol cv 6s, Ser A	
5,000	101¼
500	101¼
5,000	102
5,000	102¼
9,000	102
Gr Nor ref 4¼s	
14,000	100⅞
10,000	100⅞
2,000	101
Green Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B	
2,000	12¾
Hock Val 1st 4½s	
5,000	100½
Ill Steel 4½s	
1,000	87⅞
Indiana Steel 5s	
1,000	101⅛
2,000	101⅝
Insp Con C cv 6s	
10,000	101½
5,000	102
7,000	102¾
10,000	103
500	102⅞
8,000	102¾
Inter-Met 4½s	
1,000	78⅞
25,000	78¾
4,000	78⅝
1,000	78⅞
5,000	78⅞
5,000	78¾
I R T 1st & ref 5s	
2,000	98¾
18,000	98⅝
6,000	98¾
Internatl Nav 5s	
1,000	75
Inter Paper 6s	
3,000	102½
Iowa Cent 1st 5s	
1,000	93½
K C, Ft S & M 4s	
24,000	76
17,000	76¼
14,000	76
11,000	76¼
K C, Ft S & M 6s	
2,000	110½
Kan City So 3s	
1,000	69⅞
Kan City Ter 4s	
3,000	94½
2,000	95
Lack Steel 5s, 1915	
1,000	97
2,000	97½
1,000	97¼
1923	
1,000	97
1950	
9,000	78
Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1928	
2,000	92¼
4s, 1931	
2,000	92
23,000	91⅞
Ligg & Myers 7s, temp bonds	
1,000	121½
Ligg & Myers 5s	
12,000	100
Lorillard Co 5s	
1,000	99⅞
Lou & N unifd 4s	
56,000	96
A, K & C 4s	
10,000	90⅛
1,000	90¼
10,000	90⅛
Mer Mar col tr 4½s	
7,000	58½
1,000s20f	57½
3,000	58
Mex Petr 1st ref conv 4s, Ser A	
25,000	95
Series C	
1,000	96½
Mich State Tel 5s	
1,000	100
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s	
1,000	58¼
Mo, Kan & Tex 1st & ref 4s	
1,000	68⅞
s f 4½s	
10,000	84⅛
10,000	84
Mut Fuel Gas 5s	
1,000	100
3,000	100½
Nassau El R R 4s	
5,000	78
National Tube 5s	
5,000	99⅝
11,000	99½
Nat Starch deb 5s	
5,000	82¼
N Y Air Brake 1st cv 6s	
6,000	98¾
N Y Cent gen 3½s	
4,000	83¾
M C col 3½s	
16,000	74
N Y & Erie 2d ext 5s	
1,000	102⅛
N Y & Erie 4th ext 5s	
1,000	102
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s	
2,000	103⅛
pur money 4s	
6,000	86½
2,000	86¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	
8,000	117¼
13,000	117
3,000	116¾
N Y, N H & H non-conv deb 4s, 1956	
5,000	81
N Y, O & W ref 4s	
1,000	85⅛
N Y Rys ref 4s	
24,000	78¼
10,000	78⅜
1,000	78⅝
40,000	78½
adj 5s	
2,000	60
13,000	60⅛
1,000	60
N Y Tel 4½s	
10,000	98¼
7,000	98¼
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s	
1,000	83
Norf & W con 4s	
30,000	94¾
Norf & W cv 4s	
1,000	104¾
Norf & W cv 4½s	
10,000	105⅛
Norf & W divisl 1st 4s	
5,000	91
Norf So 1st ref 5s, Series A	
2,000	96⅜
North Pac 4s	
5,000	96
3,000	95⅝
Nor Pac gen 3s	
7,000	68⅛
Ore Short Line gtd refg 4s	
1,000	93⅛
5,000s10f	93½
1,000	93¾
Pac T & T 5s	
5,000	98½
9,000	98⅜
Penn conv 3½s	
30,000	98⅞
40,000	99
500	98¾
25,000	99
registered	
1,000	98½
Penn 4s, 1948	
1,000	100¼
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s	
1,000	100
Peo & E 1st 4s	
1,000	84
Phila Co conv 5s, 1922	
2,000	96½
Pocah Con Collier skg fund 5s	
2,000	85½
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s	
4,000	91
Ray Cons 1st 6s	
5,000	109¼
15,000	109½
2,000	109
Rdg gen 4s	
4,000	95⅛
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	
2,000	92¼
6,000	92⅛
R & Danv con 6s	
1,000	101
St L, Rocky Mtn & Pacific 5s	
2,000	79½
St L & S F R R ref 4s	
9,000	77¼
9,000	77⅛
4,000	77¾
St L & S F R R gen 5s	
5,000	52¾
St L S W 1st 4s	
1,000	87¼
20,000	87
St P & Dul 2d 5s	
8,000	101
St Paul, M & M con 6s	
2,000	120¼
St Paul, M & M, Con Cent 5s	
1,000	106⅝
Seab A L ref 4s	
10,000	77
1,000	77¼
10,000	83¼
adjustment 5s	
5,000s20f	79
5,000	79⅛
2,000	79¼
2,000	79⅜
7,000	79½
5,000s10f	79⅜
26,000	79⅛
8,000	79⅜
2,000	79⅜
52,000	79⅛
3,000	79¼
3,000	79⅝
10,000	79¼
3,000	79⅜
8,000	79⅞
2,000	79¾
14,000	79½
1,000	79⅜
3,000	79¼
3,000	79⅜
1,000	79½
1,000	79⅝
10,000s20f	79⅝
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s	
2,000	99⅞
So Pac col 4s	
2,000	92½
So Pac conv 4s	
25,000	92
1,000	91⅞
5,000	91¾
So Pac 1st ref 4s	
11,000	92⅝
5,000s5f	92¾
24,000	92¾
1,000	92⅞
2,000s20f	92¾
3,000s6f	92⅞
6,000	93
So Pac, San Fran Term 4s	
2,000	87½
So Ry 1st 5s	
10,000	105⅝
4,000	105¾
4,000	105½
So Ry gen 4s	
34,000	75⅞
Tex Co cv 6s	
5,000	103¾
5,000	103½
2,000	103¾
7,000	103½
10,000	103
3,000	103⅛
2,000	103¼
10,000	103⅜
10,000	103⅞
53,000	104
20,000	103¾
10,000	103½
1,000	103⅞
20,000	103⅝
Third Av ref 4s	
500	83½
Third Av adj 5s	
5,000	81⅜
47,000	81½
9,000	81¾
1,000	81½
500	81¼
15,000	81⅝
18,000	81¾
3,000	81⅞
30,000	82
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s	
9,000	96
Un Pac 1st 4s	
2,000	97¾
Un Pac conv 4s	
15,000	93¼
1,000	93⅛
4,000	93¼
1,000	93½
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s	
46,000	93½
6,000	93⅝
United Railroads of San Fr 4s	
5,000s5f	59⅝
1,000	59⅝
11,000	59⅞
22,000	60
5,000s5f	60
U S Rubber 6s	
3,000	103¾
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s	
7,000	102⅝
3,000	102¼
7,000	102⅜
6,000	102¼
3,000	102⅜
2,000	102¼
2,000	102⅜
2,000	102½
1,000	102¼
Va Ry 1st 5s	
6,000	100
22,000	99⅞
Wabash 1st 5s	
8,000	104½
1,000s6f	104½
Wabash 2d 5s	
1,000	98½
4,000	98⅞
10,000	99
5,000	99¼
5,000	99½
5,000	99¾
3,000	100
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	
5,000	60⅞
4,000	61
3,000	61¼
1,000	60⅞
1,000	61
2,000	61¼
16,000	61¼
5,000	61¼
1,000	61⅛
2,000	61
2,000	60¾
10,000	61
Cent Tr ctfs of dep sta	
2,000	56¼
Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep sta	
76,000	57
20,000	57⅛
5,000	57¼
10,000	57
5,000	57¼
Wab, P Ter 1st 4s, Cent Trust ctfs	
10,000	13½
Westn Elec 5s	
2,000	101⅞
5,000	102
West Md 4s	
8,000	80
West Shore 4s	
3,000	93½
14,000	93¼
1,000	93⅜
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s	
1,000	93⅝
1,000	93⅜
W & L E 1st 6s	
6,000	101½
Wis Cent gen 4s	
5,000	88¼
5,000	88½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98⅝	99¼
2s, c, 1930	98⅝	99½
3s, r, 1918	102	103
3s, c, 1918	102¼	..
4s, r, 1925	111¾	112¾
4s, c, 1925	112	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101¼	102¼
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅛	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	98	100
Allis-C pf.	46	48½
A A C pf.	95¾	96⅞
Am B S	26¼	27
Do pf.	66	74
A B S & Fdy.	95	97
A C & F pf.	115½	116¼
Am Cities.	36	36½
Do pf.	65¾	67
Am Coal	80	100
Am C Pr.	83	84½
Do pf.	104½	106
A C O pf.	95	97
Am Lin.	10¾	11¾
Am Malt	8	9
A S pf, B.	83	85
A S & R pf.	103	104
Am Sn pf.	101	103
A T & C.	57	63
Am T pf, new	104¾	105¾
Am Wool	19	20
Do pf.	82	88
Am Wr Pa pf.	15	17
Assoc Oil	..	42¾
Bald L pf.	105¾	106½
Bruns Ter.	8	8½
B, R & P.	107½	113⅛
Do pf.	116	135
But'k Co.	28	29½
Canada So.	60¼	65
Case (J I) pf.	92	94
Cent L pf.	99⅝	100
C R R of N J.	305	325
C & S A Tel.	106½	107¼
Chi & Alt.	10	10½
Do pf.	12	19
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & N W pf.	170	181¼
Chi, St P, M & Om.	126	131
Do pf.	136	..
C, C, C & St L.	83	86
Col F & I pf.	..	190
Col & So.	28	28¼
Do 1st pf	60	62
Do 2d pf.	50	60
Crex Carp.	73	80
Cub-Am S.	..	30
Do pf.	..	84
D & R G.	18	20
D M & Ft D.	4½	9
Do pf.	20	..
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U Ry.	72	75
D, S S & A.	5	7¼
Do pf.	11	12
Du P de N Pow pf.	87¾	88½
Erie 2d pf.	39⅛	39½
F M & S.	12	17
Do pf.	40	42
Gen Ch.	170	179
Granby C.	88	92
Hack W.	110	..
Hav E R, L & P.	81½	84
Do pf.	92	94½
Helme (G W) Co pf	110	118
Hock Val.	127	128
Homest'ke.	115	117
Ill Cent.	114	114⅞
Inger-R.	120	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	7½	9½
Do pf.	28	35
Int H pf.	117	..
Int H Cor pf.	117	..
Int P pf.	39	40
Int St P.	8	9½
Do pf.	22	30
Iowa Cent.	7½	8½
Do pf.	15	19
K C, Ft S & M pf.	65½	70¼
Kan C So pf.	61	62
Kayser (J) & Co.	84½	87
K & D M.	4½	..
Do pf.	40	..
Kresge (SS) Co.	90	93
Do pf.	101½	104
Lack Steel	39	39½
Lake Sh.	475	490
Ligg & M.	226	230
Long Isl'd.	35	38½
L-W B 1st pf.	103	..
Do 2d pf.	93	97
Lorill Co.	167	175
Do pf.	111¾	114
Man Elev.	131	134
M Dep S.	66½	67
Do pf.	100	101¾
Mer M pf.	13⅜	14⅜
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L pf.	30	40
M, St P & S S M pf.	145	150
Do l l.	84	86
M P 1st pf.	102	..
M. Wd. pf.	110	115
Nat En pf.	79	82½
Nat Lead.	50	51½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	31	37
Do 2d pf.	12½	13
N Cent C.	40	60
N O, M & C pf.	..	25
N Y A B.	67	70
N Y, C & St L.	42	44
Do 1st pf	92½	..
Do 2d pf.	53	85
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	24¾	42
Norf So.	38⅝	41
N & W pf.	82	88½
N O T & Light	63¼	65
Ont Min.	2½	3
Pabst B pf.	104½	107
Pac Coast.	80	95
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf.	80	95
P T & T.	28	29½
Do pf.	87	90
Peo & E.	6	10
Pett-Mull.	26	29
Do 1st pf.	91	99
Phelps-D.	183	..
Phila Co.	86	90
Do 6 p c pf.	89½	90¼
P, C, C & St L pf.	101	108
Pitts S pf.	92½	*94
P S C pf, ex div.	102½	103¼
P'man Co.	155⅝	156
Quicksilver	2	2¾
Do pf.	2¼	4
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78
R I & S pf.	88½	89½
St L & S Fran.	3¾	5
Do 1st pf	15	20
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	8	16
St L S W.	25½	27
Do pf.	64	65½
Sears-R pf.	123	124¾
S-S S & I.	34½	35
Do pf.	90	97
So P R S.	..	65
Do pf.	..	106
So R, M & Ohio c.	70¼	77
Stand M.	34½	36
Do pf.	64	66
T P L Tr.	97	102½
T, St L & West pf.	19¼	22½
T C R T.	107	108
Do pf.	130	..
Und Type.	81½	90
Do pf.	108	111
Un Cig M.	50	50½
Do pf.	100	103
Un Dr G.	88½	95
U S C I P pf.	46	50
U S Ind A.	23	33
Do pf.	82	87
Vand R R.	..	85¼
Va-Car Ch pf.	103	105
Va I, C & Coke	48	52½
Va R & P.	52½	55
Do pf.	95	..
Vul Detin.	9	14
Do pf.	35	40
Wab pf.	8¾	9¾
W Md pf.	52	58
Weym-B.	235	275
Do pf.	114	120
W & L E.	5¼	5¾
Do 1st pf	18	18½
Do 2d pf.	8	9
W'w'th (F W) pf.	114	116

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It is merely a matter of placing funds at semi-annual compound interest at 10% per annum, and reinvesting dividends at the same rate.

We offer a high grade investment stock which will produce this result, which should appeal to the man who realizes that in thirty years his earning ability may be somewhat impaired by old age.

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TEN United States Patented claims, ten acres of land with buildings thereon, and a water right which can be developed to 600 H. P.

The claims are located in Humboldt County, Nevada, and cover nearly 200 acres, said to contain some of the best gold, silver, and lead veins in Nevada, and have been opened by about 6,000 feet of underground workings—deepest shaft now 300 feet. Ore to the value of $125,000 now in sight.

The land, buildings, and water right are on the bank of the Truckee River, less than two miles from the City of Reno, Nevada.

REASON FOR SALE—Company now practically owned by several estates in Probate, and parties desire to sell instead of developing. Titles clear and posession can be given immediately.

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KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Federal Income Tax Law

Inconvenience attending the collection of coupons thereunder may be obviated by appointing this Company as agent.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company
B'way at 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Av.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
BILLINGS & EASTERN MONTANA POWER COMPANY JOINT 6% 1ST MORTGAGE BONDS, DUE JUNE 1, 1934.
MISSOURI RIVER POWER COMPANY 6% 1ST MORTGAGE BONDS, DUE NOVEMBER 1, 1920.
UNITED MISSOURI RIVER POWER COMPANY 6% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS, DUE MARCH 1, 1936.
MISSOURI RIVER ELECTRIC & POWER COMPANY 6% NINE-YEAR MORTGAGE NOTES, DUE JULY 1, 1921:

The first three issues will be redeemed on or before July 1, 1914, at their redemption price of 105 and accrued interest, and the Missouri River Electric & Power Notes at their redemption price of 102 and accrued interest. Holders thereof desiring to exchange the same for the Montana Power Company First & Refunding Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, due July 1, 1943, are requested to communicate with the undersigned as to information and price.

The above-named bonds or notes will be received at their redemption prices and accrued interest in payment for the Montana Power Company new bonds.

Lee, Higginson & Co.,
New York, Boston, Chicago.
Guaranty Trust Company
of New York.
J. & W. Seligman & Co.,
New York.

LOS ANGELES PACIFIC COMPANY

First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article Fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the Union Trust Company of San Francisco, Trustee, dated January 3, 1910, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $5,000 to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, to the amount of $5,294.53 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the 11th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Los Angeles Pacific Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Dated Los Angeles, Cal., January 14, 1914.

3	4	5
4	5	6
5	6	7

Do you know what the above abracadabra acrostic means?

Does anybody know?

Probably not a hundred people can be found in the United States who can tell you at this moment what the above figures mean.

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Thursday Morning

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require new certificates, notes and bonds. The highest grade steel plate work at attractive prices and prompt attention to orders is the service rendered by this company.

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A Carefully Selected List of
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at their present prices, are explained in a special February investment circular which we have just issued. This circular contains data of value to both large and small investors who are anxious to place their money where it will bring them the greatest returns conservatively.

Send for Circular No. 91

Turner, Tucker & Co., Inc.
BANKERS
111 Broadway, New York 24 Milk Street, Boston

TO THE HOLDERS OF

NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY COMPANY

Six Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds:

In view of the many requests which have been made to the Committee to receive additional bonds for deposit, the Committee has decided to extend the time for the deposit of bonds to **FEBRUARY 15, 1914**, after which time no bonds will be received except in the discretion of the Committee and upon such terms as it may impose. The bonds, with January 1, 1914, and subsequent coupons attached, should be deposited with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, depositary.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, HARRY B. DAVIS,
ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL, GEORGE LEASK,
Committee.

JAMES G. ZACHRY, Secretary,
140 Broadway, New York City.
STETSON, JENNINGS & RUSSELL, Counsel,
15 Broad Street, New York City.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary,
140 Broadway, New York City.

Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company

To the Holders of
Ohio Southern Division First Mortgage Bonds and Certificates of Deposit of Central Trust Company of New York therefor;
General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage Bonds and Certificates of Deposit of The New York Trust Company therefor;
Coupons from General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage Bonds due December 1, 1909;
Receivers' Certificates of Indebtedness issued under Order of Court dated February 24, 1908; and
Consolidated Mortgage 4½% Bonds and any Certificates of Deposit therefor:

The Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 15, 1913, filed with The New York Trust Company as Depositary, **HAS BEEN DECLARED OPERATIVE.**

Notice is hereby given that there has been called and is payable in New York funds to The New York Trust Company as Depositary under said Plan and Agreement, at its office, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, on or before the close of business on **FEBRUARY 16, 1914**, (being the **FINAL INSTALMENT** of the amounts payable under said Plan,) $150 in respect of each Ohio Southern Bond or General Lien Bond or each Certificate of Deposit therefor; $100 in respect of each $1,000 face amount of General Lien Coupons; $100 in respect of each $1,000 face amount of the above described Receivers' Certificates, and $40 in respect of each Consolidated Bond or Certificate of Deposit therefor.

Certificates of Deposit should be presented at the time of the payment of said instalment for appropriate notation thereon of such payment. Failure to make such payment on or before said date will subject the holders of Certificates of Deposit to the forfeiture of all previous payments made thereon.

NO HOLDER OF ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED SECURITIES WILL BE ENTITLED TO ANY BENEFITS UNDER OR INTEREST IN THE PLAN UNLESS HE SUBSCRIBES THERETO AS THEREIN PROVIDED, AND NO SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED AFTER THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON FEBRUARY 16, 1914, EXCEPT WITH THE CONSENT OF THE COMMITTEE AND UPON SUCH TERMS AS IT SHALL IMPOSE.

Dated: New York, January 31, 1914.
WM. CHURCH OSBORN, Chairman;
OTTO T. BANNARD,
SIDNEY C. BORG,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
Reorganization Committee.
HARRY FORSYTH, Secretary,
No. 26 Broad Street, New York.
GEORGE WELWOOD MURRAY,
ALFRED A. COOK,
HENRY V. POOR,
Counsel.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SINKING FUND CHICAGO PNEUMATIC TOOL CO. FIVE PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS

The LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY, successors to the Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, as Trustee under the above-described Mortgage, to secure said bonds, hereby gives notice that there is on deposit with it the sum of Thirty-eight thousand eight hundred twenty-nine and 12-100 Dollars ($38,829.12) to be used for the purposes of the Sinking Fund, as provided in Article 3, Section 1, of said Mortgage. Tenders are invited for the sale of the above-described Bonds to the Trustee at a price not exceeding 105 and accrued interest, sufficient to exhaust said fund. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Sealed tenders should be marked "Offer of Bonds for Sinking Fund, etc.," and will be opened at the office of the Trustee, No. 160 Broadway, New York City, on the 24th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

REFUNDING MORTGAGE FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000, in the year 1913, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,282.43, in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 1, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Advanced Agricultural Publishing Company, Inc.

Owing to the failure of this corporation to hold its annual stockholders' meeting at the time appointed, a meeting of the stockholders will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 29 West 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, February 25th, 1914, at 4:30 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may properly come before said meeting.

G. HOWARD DAVISON, President.
New York, Feb. 2d, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, INC.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders

Pittsburgh, Pa., January 30, 1914.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of Stockholders of Kaufmann Department Stores, Inc., will be held at the principal office of the Company, 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City, N. Y., on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1914, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the election of two Directors of the third class and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting; and pursuant to the order of the Board of Directors the Transfer Books of the common and preferred stocks will close on Monday, the 2d day of February, 1914, at the close of business, and will reopen the 17th day of February, 1914, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, INC.,
By EDGAR J. KAUFMANN, Secretary.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES. INC.

Special Meeting of Stockholders

Pittsburgh, Pa., January 30, 1914.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of Kaufmann Department Stores, Inc., will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1914, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking action and voting upon a proposition to decrease the capital stock of the Company from $10,000,000, its present capital stock, consisting of 25,000 shares of preferred stock and 75,000 shares of common stock, of the par value of $100 each, to $9,900,000, consisting of 24,000 shares of preferred stock and 75,000 shares of common stock, of the par value of $100 each.

This action is proposed in accordance with Section (c) of Article Fourth of the Certificate of Incorporation of said Kaufmann Department Stores, Inc., which provides for the setting aside, after payment of dividends on the preferred stock, of a "Special Surplus Account" in each year from January 1, 1913, to January 1, 1916, of not less than $100,000, for the acquisition and retirement of preferred stock in each year, out of the surplus or net profits, at not to exceed $125 per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends. Under this provision $100,000 par value of preferred stock was acquired for said "Special Surplus Account" in 1913, and the meeting above mentioned is for the purpose of reducing the capital stock by this amount.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, INC.,
By ISAAC KAUFMANN, President.
EDGAR J. KAUFMANN, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, January 8, 1914.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

You are hereby notified that a special meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York will be held at its banking house, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 13, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon on said date, for the purpose of passing upon the question of whether or not the terms and provisions of the recently enacted Federal Reserve Act shall be accepted by this Bank and of passing upon the question of the subscription by this Bank to the capital stock of the Federal Reserve Bank to be organized in the district in which this Bank shall be located as provided in said Act.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.

New York, January 29, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of managers and officers of this company and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting will be held at No. 90 West Street, New York City, on Tuesday, February 24, 1914.

The polls will open at 10 o'clock and close at 11 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will close on February 7th and reopen on February 25, 1914.

ARTHUR D. CHAMBERS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

McIntosh and Seymour Corporation.

Notice of Annual meeting of stockholders, Auburn, New York, January 29th, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of McINTOSH AND SEYMOUR CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, Auburn, New York, on Thursday, February 12th, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business February 2d, 1914, and will be reopened on February 13th, 1914.

FRANKLIN B. KIRKBRIDE, Secretary.

POPULAR GAMES COMPANY.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the POPULAR GAMES COMPANY will be held on Tuesday, February 17, 1914, at the office of the Company, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, at 3:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 5th, 1914.
C. M. CHESTER, Jr., Secretary.

Old Dominion Steamship Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper will be held at the principal offices of the Company, Pier 25, North River, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1914, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to the date of meeting. W. L. WOODROW, Secretary.

P. LORILLARD COMPANY.

Jersey City, N. J., February 4th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Preferred and Common Stock of P. Lorillard Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., February 13th, 1914, for the purpose of the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, to be held March 10th, 1914, and will reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., March 11th, 1914. WM. B. RHETT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.
No. 111 Fifth Avenue.

New York, February 4, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 5% on the Common Stock of The American Tobacco Company was to-day declared payable in cash on March 2, 1914, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on February 14, 1914.

Notice is further given that a dividend of 1½% has been declared upon the preferred stock of The American Tobacco Company, payable April 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 14, 1914.

CLOSING OF TRANSFER BOOKS.

For the purpose of the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company to be held on the 11th day of March, 1914, and the payment of the above dividends, the transfer books of both the preferred and common stocks will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on February 14, 1914, and be reopened at 10 o'clock in the morning of the 16th day of March, 1914. J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
American Smelting & Refining Co.
165 Broadway, New York City, Feb. 4, 1914.
QUARTERLY PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 59.

The Directors of American Smelting and Refining Company have this day declared a dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable March 2, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., February 13, 1914. The books of the Company for the transfer of the Preferred Stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., February 13, 1914, and will be reopened on February 20, 1914. W. E. MERRISS, Secretary.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.

February 3d, 1914.
DIVIDEND NO. 471.

The Board of Directors has to-day declared a monthly dividend of Sixty-five (65) cents per share, payable February 25th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 20th, 1914.

Checks will be mailed by the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent. FRED CLARK, Secretary.

THE BUTTERICK COMPANY,
Butterick Building,
New York City, February 4, 1914.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a Dividend of Three-quarters of One Per Cent. on its capital stock outstanding, payable on March 2d, 1914, to stockholders of record on February 17th, 1914, at three o'clock P. M.

C. D. WILDER, Treasurer.

The J. G. White Management Corporation.
Operating Managers,
43 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The regular quarterly dividend (Fourth Quarter) of 1¾% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 18th, 1914.

T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

GREENE CANANEA COPPER COMPANY,
42 Broadway, New York, Jan. 29, 1914.

The Directors have this day declared Dividend No. 6 of 1% on the outstanding Capital Stock, payable March 2, to stockholders of record at the close of business Feb. 14. Transfer books will not close.

J. W. ALLEN, Asst. Treas.

Pure Oil Company.
Philadelphia, Penn., January 29, 1914.

The Directors of the Company have declared a dividend of 5% on the Common Stock, payable March 1st, to stockholders of record February 1st, 1914. Transfer books will be closed the entire month of February.

N. H. WEBER, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MR. CLINTON H. CRANE HAVING BEEN elected President of the St. Joseph Lead Company withdraws from active connection with our firm this day.

Jan. 1, 1914. TAMS, LEMOINE & CRANE.

The business will be continued under the same firm name by the undersigned.

J. FREDERIC TAMS,
CHARLES KING.

PIG IRON OUTPUT HEAVIER.

Prices Firming Up for Steel Products on Better Demand.

Increased buying is reported from different centres of the steel trade. Freer purchases of pig iron are commented on by trade periodicals and an increase of production in the present month is expected. The Iron Age says:

> Iron and steel markets have gained ground in the past week. January buying was so large and the behavior of prices so satisfactory that with the opening of February producers in several finished lines have announced advances of $1 a ton.
>
> The initiative was taken in each case by Steel Corporation subsidiaries. Wire products were put on a basis of $1.60 for wire nails and $1.40 for fencing wire. In wrought steel pipe discounts were shortened one-half point, representing $1 a ton, and in oil country products there was a similar advance. On Monday the Carnegie Steel Company announced that its price for bars, plates, and shapes for any delivery was 1.25c, Pittsburgh.
>
> Blast furnace statistics show that a good deal of the January activity at steel plants was based on cold pig iron acumulated in the November-December slump, for furnace output last month was 100,000 tons less than in December. Active capacity of Feb. 1 was 63,470 tons a day for 197 furnaces, as compared with 66,168 tons a day for 206 furnaces on Jan. 1.
>
> February will show an increase in pig iron output. On Monday nine Steel Corporation furnaces, representing 4,500 tons a day were blown in.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> The effect of the increased bookings of iron and steel products in January clearly is being shown in the movement of the market toward higher price levels. The Steel Corporation this week has raised its operations to 75 per cent. of steel capacity, and some predictions now are being heard that the steel industry of the whole country will be close to this rate before the end of February. Larger buyers continue to come into the pig iron market more freely and the better volume is hardening prices.

ROCK ISLAND COMMITTEE.

It Will Consider Plans for Readjustment of Securities.

Phelps, Dodge & Co., who are large holders of Rock Island securities, authorized yesterday a denial of stories that recent weakness in the company's stocks had been in any way due to selling on their part. They announced that they had not bought or sold any Rock Island securities for the last three months.

The Rock Island Company made this statement regarding reports of an early breaking up of the company:

"A committee has been appointed to consider what should be done toward a readjustment of the securities of the Rock Island holding companies. Several plans have been submitted to this committee which are having careful consideration, and it is hoped that in due time some satisfactory solution will be reached."

Information as to the membership of the Reorganization Committee was refused. It was reported that the plan would be worked out by F. L. Hine, Daniel G. Reed, T. M. Shoemacher and Arthur Curtiss James.

PUSH ARMOUR CAR INQUIRY.

U. S. Court Asked to Force F. W. Ellis to Answer Questions.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The United States District Court was asked to-day to compel Frederick W. Ellis, Vice President of the Armour car lines, to answer questions asked by Interstate Commerce Commissioners relative to the business done by his company.

The petition asking the court to force answers from the witness was prepared by P. J. Farrell, solicitor of the commission in Washington.

The petition recited that because of evidence it had obtained the commission concluded it was its duty to inquire into the relations of the private car lines and the packing company, to determine whether rate concessions were being made.

PROPOSALS.

INVITATION TO CONTRACTORS FOR THE SUPPLY OF TRACK MATERIALS FOR USE IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF RAPID TRANSIT RAILROADS.

The Public Service Commission for the First District (hereinafter called "the Commission") invites proposals to supply track materials for use in the construction of rapid transit railroads, to wit:

Open-Hearth Rail, Manganese Rail, Splice Bars, End Inclines, Adjustable Separators, Cut Track Spikes, Screw Spikes, Ties and Timber, Bolts and Nuts, Nut Locks, Washers, Rail Braces, Tie Plates, Felt Pads, Anti-Creepers and Ballast.

A fuller description of the materials to be supplied is set forth, and other requirements, provisions, details and specifications are stated, in the form of contract and in the contract drawings therein referred to. Copies of the form of contract, contract drawings, bond and contractor's proposal may be inspected and purchased at the office of the Commission, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

A separate proposal in a separate book shall be submitted for each class of material bid upon.

Sealed bids or proposals for each class of material separately will be received at the office of the Commission at No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until the 24th day of February, 1914, at twelve-fifteen (12:15) o'clock P. M., at which time, or at a later date to be fixed by the Commission, the proposals will be publicly opened.

Proposals must be in the form prescribed by the Commission.

Bidders shall specify in their proposals the times of first and last delivery of the material. In view of the necessity for prompt deliveries, the times of delivery as set forth in the Contractor's Proposal as well as the prices contained therein will be considered in awarding the contract.

Bidders for the supply of tie-plates must submit with their proposals drawings showing the details of the tie-plates to be furnished, and bidders for the supply of anti-creepers must submit with their proposals drawings showing the details of the anti-creeper to be furnished.

Every proposal must, when submitted, be enclosed in a sealed envelope endorsed "*Proposal for Supplying * for use in the Construction of Rapid Transit Railroads,*" and must be delivered to the Commission or its Secretary; and in the presence of the person submitting the proposal, it will be deposited in a sealed box. No proposal will be received unless accompanied by a separate certified check drawn upon a national or state bank or trust company having its principal office in the City of New York, satisfactory to the Commission and payable to the order of the Comptroller of the City of New York for the sum of Five Hundred ($500) Dollars. Such check must not be enclosed in the envelope containing the proposal.

Deposits made by bidders whose proposals are not accepted will be returned within five (5) days after the contract is executed and delivered. The deposit of the successful bidder will be returned when the contract is executed and its provisions in respect of the bond or deposit are complied with.

No proposal, after it shall have been deposited with the Commission, will be allowed to be withdrawn for any reason whatever.

The award of the contract will be made by the Commission as soon as practicable after the opening of the proposals.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

New York, January 30, 1914.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT
By EDWARD E. McCALL, Chairman.
TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Secretary.

*Here insert name of class of material for which bid is submitted.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership existing between JOSEPH YUDELMAN, CASSIEL A. KAVNER, and JACOB SCHULTZ, doing business as YUDELMAN, KAVNER & CO., also as Y. K. WAIST COMPANY, at No. 498-500 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, was dissolved on the 2d day of February, 1914, the said JACOB SCHULTZ retiring from said partnership and the said JOSEPH YUDELMAN and CASSIEL A. KAVNER will continue the business under the same firm names and at the same place.

All debts due to said partnership and those due by them will be settled with and by the said JOSEPH YUDELMAN and CASSIEL A. KAVNER.

Dated New York, February 2nd, 1914.
JOSEPH YUDELMAN,
CASSIEL A. KAVNER,
JACOB SCHULTZ.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership existing between CASSIEL A. KAVNER and JACOB SCHULTZ, doing business under the firm name of CROWN ART METAL WORKS at No. 241 Centre Street, New York City, was dissolved on the 2nd day of February, 1914, the said CASSIEL A. KAVNER retiring from said partnership and the said JACOB SCHULTZ will continue the business under the same firm name and at the same place.

All debts due to said partnership and those due by them will be settled with and by the said JACOB SCHULTZ.

Dated New York, February 2nd, 1914.
C. KAVNER,
J. SCHULTZ.

FORM OF PROTEST ON INCOME TAX

Trust Companies Have Prepared One to be Filed with the Individual Return.

RESERVES PAYERS' RIGHTS

Questions Constitutionality of Law Itself and Legality of Parts of Treasury Form No. 1,040.

A committee representing trust companies and other fiduciary institutions in this city in regard to the income tax has prepared a form of protest for filing with the return of an individual, in order to conserve all interests of the taxpayer that may be established in test suits later.

The protest is based both on constitutional points and on features of Form 1,040, provided for individual returns, which are held by the committee to be in conflict with the income tax law. In the latter respect several points are made against the regulations affecting the incomes of husband and wife, the view of the committee being that a wife's income should not be included with that of her husband, and should not be returned at all unless it amounts to $3,000.

The protest is printed on paper of the same size as Form 1,040, so that it may be attached to the return filed. Institutions represented by the committee have been supplied with these protest blanks, for the use of their customers. The protest is addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which the return is filed. It says:

> The undersigned, who, under protest and duress, has (have) executed and verified the annexed "Return of Annual Net Income of Individuals," upon Official Form 1,040, as prescribed by the United States Treasury Department, protests (protest) against being required to make said return, and against its form, and against the assessment of any tax based thereon, or otherwise, against the undersigned under, or allegedly under, the provisions of Section II of the Act of Congress approved Oct. 3, 1913, on the ground that the rights of the undersigned under the Constitution and/or laws of the United States are thereby violated, and specifically, but not exclusively, on the following grounds of protest:
>
> (1) That in so far as said Act and/or the decisions of the Treasury Department require a deduction "at the source" from income and thus deprive the owner of such income of the use and benefit of the moneys so deducted, prior to the assessment of said tax against him, the same are in conflict with the V. Amendment to such Constitution.
>
> (2) That the decisions of the Treasury Department and/or the annexed form of return and/or said Act, in so far as they contemplate a tax upon anything other than what is included in the word "incomes," as used in the XVI. Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, are contrary to law and to such Constitution, because, in so far as said tax is a direct tax, it is laid without apportionment among the States, and, in so far as it is an excise tax, it is arbitrary, unequal, not uniform throughout the United States not within the taxing or other powers of Congress, and is in conflict with the V. Amendment to such Constitution.
>
> (3) That the decisions of the Treasury Department and/or the annexed form of return and/or said act are contrary to law and said Constitution in so far as they require the inclusion, for the purpose of said tax, of income.
>
> (a)—received prior to October 3, 1913, such income having become principal assets prior to the passage of said act, and Congress being therefore powerless to tax the same without apportionment among the States;
>
> (b)—accrued, in whole or in part, prior to the ratification of the XVI. Amendment to such Constitution by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States and/or the certification thereof by the Secretary of State of the United States.
>
> (4) That the decisions of the Treasury Department and/or the annexed forms of return are contrary to law and said act in so far as they
>
> (a)—fail to allow an exemption for the tax year 1913 of $2,500 or $3,333.33, as the case may be, with reference to the "additional" tax;
>
> (b)—fail to allow, with reference to the "additional" tax, the deduction from gross income of "income derived from dividends on the stock or from the net earnings of corporations, joint-stock companies, associations, or insurance companies subject to like tax;"
>
> (c)—require the inclusion in item 7 on page 2 of said return of income received from fiduciaries, derived "from dividends on the stock or from the net earnings of corporations, joint-stock companies, associations, or insurance companies subject to like tax" or from "the interest upon the obligations of a State or any political subdivision thereof, and upon the obligations of the United States or its possessions;"
>
> (d)—require the inclusion in said return of income derived from "interest upon the obligations of a State or any political subdivision thereof, and upon the obligations of the United States or its possessions;"
>
> (e)—require, with reference to the "normal" tax, a return of income "derived from dividends on the stock or from the net earnings of corporations, joint stock companies, associations, or insurance companies subject to like tax;"
>
> (f)—require a return of income as "net income" without first allowing for the deduction of "income derived from dividends on the stock or from the net earnings of corporations, joint stock companies, associations, or insurance companies subject to like tax" and consequently call for a return by individuals not having a net income of $3,000 for the taxable year;
>
> (g)—depart from the method of computation prescribed by said act as follows: "That for the year ending Dec. 31, 1913, said tax shall be computed on the net income accruing from March 1 to Dec. 31, 1913, both dates inclusive, after deducting five-sixths only of the specific exemptions and deductions herein provided for;"
>
> (h)—require the inclusion, among "income on which tax has not been deducted and withheld at the source," of income, the payment of the tax upon which has been assumed by debtors from whom such income is derived, such income being paid in full by the debtors to the individual without exemption being claimed;
>
> (i)—require an individual having a net income of less than $3,000 for the tax year, March 1 to Dec. 31, 1913, to make a return;
>
> (j)—restrict the exemption for the tax year 1913 of a husband and wife, living together and having separate incomes, to a total joint exemption of $3,333.33 on their aggregate income;
>
> (k)—require a joint or separate return from a husband and wife, living together and having separate incomes, when neither one has a separate income in excess of $3,000 for the tax year;
>
> (l)—require a husband or a wife, having a separate net income of less than $3,000 for the tax year, March 1 to Dec. 31, 1913, to make any return, or to include therein a return of the separate income of his wife or her husband, as the case may be;
>
> (m)—require a husband or a wife, having a separate income in excess of $3,000, to include in his or her return a return of the separate income of his wife or her husband, as the case may be, or require the one not having a separate income in excess of $3,000 to make a return of his or her separate income;
>
> (n)—require or permit the assessment of an "additional" tax, based upon the aggregate income of a husband and wife, living together and having separate incomes, when neither one has a separate income in excess of $20,000.

At the bottom of the sheet are lines for the signature and address of the person making the return.

ROBIN BIDS $10,000 MORE.

Banking Department Urges Court to Sanction Lower Offer.

Joseph G. Robin rose in the courtroom and offered $40,000 when Frederick Mellor, representing the State Banking Department, appeared yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Bijur, and asked that the Washington Savings Bank in its process of liquidation be allowed to sell mortgages on property in Tremont Terrace for $30,000. Mellor then said that F. M. Wise & Co. had shown cash with their offer of $30,000. Robin had not.

Mellor said that the mortgaged property had been appraised at $102,000, but there was $12,000 of unpaid taxes and various litigations which made it advisable that the Banking Department accept the offer of $30,000 in cash.

Justice Bijur reserved decision.

BUSINESS 'EXCHANGE' PLAN.

Originator of the Idea Describes It —Details Being Worked Out.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Prof. Apt, an official of the Elder Merchants' Guild, with whom the project for a German-American "business men's exchange" originated, outlined the scheme to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day. He said:

"The idea originated in the course of a casual conversation that I had with a distinguished American. It has now been formally taken up by Harvard and is being thoroughly canvassed by a commission of which I am a member.

"The rough plan is that two or three eminent German and a similar number of American business men should visit the others' country periodically for the double purpose in the case of Germans of telling Americans what we have which they have not and seeing and learning what they have which we lack.

"If Germans of the calibre of Herr Ballin and Herr Gwinner consented to go to the United States as 'exchange business men' they would be ideal representatives from my point of view.

"My idea is that the men sent to each country should deliver public addresses and in every way possible play the rôle of missionaries on the one hand and seekers of knowledge on the other. What we have specially to learn from America is your superb business organization.

"Our commission hopes to work out a definite plan within three months."

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.
Watson<Huntington.
USA<NY & O SS Co.
Same<O S Nav.
Verbaugh<Gray.
Cook<Tug Hercules.
Nashville Int Ry<Barrum.
Olson<US Shipping.
In re Tenn Con Co.
Gen Elec Co<Am Brass, &c.
Texas Co<McCaldin Bros.
McKinnon<Westn Dev W Sh RR<Scow Rosaleen.

DISTRICT COURT.—Hazel, J.—(Admiralty.)
Winter<SS Koronna.
Stevens<Yacht Nettie.
Gildersleeve<Penn RR

DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—(Jury.)
Keller<Loyless.
Keller<Loyless.
In re Junction Rlty.
Valentine<Int Merc Mar Co.
Bennett<Ruppert.
Hedden<U S Fid, &c.
Hughes<NY,O&WRR.
Michau<Silverstein.
Rockwell<Naumberg.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.
Hennessy<Wine Growers.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Padalsky<Ireland.
Chesterton<NYC, &c.
Dunn<Empire Eng.
Bradley & Son < Huber & ano.
Scanlin & ano < Gibson.
NY, NH, &c<P Chest.
Thatcher & ano<Buell.
Beauty Spring Wat< Lyons Falls.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions.
U S Fidelity, &c<Carnegie Trust.
Same<same.
People<Sweeney.
Faber<CNY.
Kene<Col Kid Hair, &c.
Un Trust<Jenkins Co.
Gibney<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Degnan<Gen Acc Fire, &c.
Donnelly<Piercy Con.
Benz Auto Supply< Froehlich.
Davis<McMahon.
Sammis<Brown.
Weber<Col Arms.
Ziegenhain<Ziegenhain.
Innovation Ingenuities <N Y Times.
Terpezone Co<Knox Terpezone Co.
Block<Nussbaum.
Sinai<Karp.
Same<same.
Rosenfeld<Peck.
Garrison<Thompson.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I., Bijur, J.—Litigated motions.
In re CNY, (Spuyten Duyvil Road.)
Ellis<Penn, N. Y. &c.
Schieffelin<McClellan.
Schnurmacher<CNY.
Hancox<Hancox.
People<Lutz.
Chubaroff<Hymowitz.
Martin<Smith.
Varon<Chait.
Same<same.
Gianfrisco<Runkel Bros.
Pepe<Hawes Transp & Con.
Same<same.
In re Bacon, (Schlesinger.)
Creighton<So Bklyn Auto, &c.
Ahlers<same.
Dalton<same.
Matter of Solomon.
Fischer<Meloy.
Post<Thomas.
People ex rel Fuller< Lederle.
Wybrecht<Schock.
Shea<Spencer.
Zirinsky<Leo.
Lawyers Mtg<Hayes.
Kips Bay Brew<De Bellis.
Rosenthal<Racine.
Maldonado & Co< Alaska Codfish.
Nadel<Reschow.
Einstein<Mut Life.
Saghy<Barrow.
Hulett<Arlington Estates.
People<Yarman.
Wills<Wills.
Silverstone<Berman.
W L Crow Const<A A Chemical.
In re Bryan, (Dunlap)
Hammerstein<Mann.
Altman<Bergman.
Same<same.
People ex rel Casey< Moskowitz.
Ryan<CNY.
Acad Ball Room<Univ Film.
Steinman<Levy.
Cooley<Frank.
Agnew<Danziger.
Spring<Connor.
Rambaut<Mass Bond.
Coffin<Mass Bond,&c.
Almy<Mitchell.
In re Rice.
Levine<28th St, &c,R.
Iacovane<Floria.
Rector C'wardens< Forster.
Tearle<Tearle.
Rubino<Haggin.
Bank for Savings< Gillespie.
Margoles<Junctn Rlty.
Teague<Off Inf Bur.
Carby Com<Gilliam.
Triangle Waist<Esskay Waist.
Matter of Fertel, (Jas Beck & Sons.)
Ahearn<Ahearn.
Ward<Ward.
Dollar Sav Bank< Auletta & Co.
Cary<Cary.
S Bklyn Auto, &c< Cary.
Svonkin<Lasker.
Sarli<Sarli.
Caldwell<Levine & Atlas.
Same<same.
Belinsky<Braunstein.
Leonard<Blake.
Richardson Press< Vandergrift.
In re Carnegie Trust.
La Chicotte<O'Keefe.
Gerr<Gerr.
Crane Co<Engineering, &c.
Mannarino<Mannarino
Drake<Fluri.
Post<Thomas.
Hogg<Hogg.
Guernsey<Butterick Pub.
Sarasohn<Jewish Pr.
Skannel<Beach.
Raush<Rausch.

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—PART III.—Newburger, J. Motions. Undefended divorces.
Clinton<Marino.
Herzog<Herzog.
Finn<Finn.
Wanger<Wanger.
Clark<Clark.
Mendes<Mendes.
Parsil<Parsil.
De Baum<De Baum.
Rosenbaum<Rosenb'm.
Pachtman<Pachtman.
Preferred causes.
Farley<Raftery.
Central Tr Co<Falck.
General calendar.
Gallo<Home As.
Carroll<Clark.
Mass. Bond & I Co.< Kennedy Valve. Co.
Delehanty<Dunne.
Sea Island, &c.<Ontario Thread.
Ahearn<Ahearn.
Amanna<C N Y.
Same<same.
Lammers<Vehslage.
Scholem<Knapp.
Gerwig<Gerwig.
Hughes<Hughes.
Everard's Brew<Cus'k
Power<McGrane.
Gottheimer<D Augustus Rlty Co.
Hellman<Thomp Av Rlty.
Hecht<Faeth.
Norton Co<5th Av, &c.
Same<114 E 23d St.
Sire<Eisfeldt.
Keeley<Fach.
Spiegel<Miller.
Lesch<Lesch.
Gerken<Thomas.
Callahan<Gerbereux.
Moses<Salomon.
Hall<Hall.
Higgins<Kruse.
McElvaney Con Co< CNY.
Westwood<Westwood.
Travers<Travers.
Haubold<Rickert-Finlay Co.
Carpenter<Carpenter.
Solotaroff<Rice-Fitzgerald Bldg Co.
Skannel<Beach.
Rosenthal<Greenber.
Sobel<Sobel.
Lewinson<Longfellow Realty Corp.
Accettura<Accettura.
Weaver<Weaver.
Bahrenberg<Bahrenburg.
Stern<Stein.
Brass<SupremeRRlty.
Levinson Wreck Co< Brand.
Norman<Norman.
Kyles<Kyles.
Weld<Del & Hud Co.
Clear.

PART IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—(January term continued)—Davis J. Criminal Term.
Hans Schmidt. Case on.

PART I.—Davis J.—Criminal Term.
Robert Corn.
Henry C. Bohn.
John J. Heagney.
Case on.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.
Brauer<Lawrence.
Dickinson<Cornell Clb.
Weidman<Semar.
Same<same.
City B, Bayonne<Tollner.
Byrne<Cole.
Stein<Stein.
Case on.

PART III.—Platzek, J.
Liebowitz<CNY.
Erb<Goldstone.
Cato<42d St, &c, RR.
Whitnack<Holzwasser.
Erickson<Same.
Gorchman<NYC, &c.
McCarthy<NYC, &c.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.
Galagher<CNY. Case on.

PART V.—Adjourned until Feb. 9.

PART VI.—No day calendar.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.
Toland<Courtney.
A J Ryan<same.
J W Ryan<same.
Slavin<New Ams Gas.
Hunsberger<Guar Tr.
Slominsky<B,Q C & S.
Fay<Max.
Wallach<same.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Adjourned until Feb. 9.

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.
Slade<Dominick. Case on.
No day calendar.

PART X.—Hasbrouck, J.
Toms<Post & McCord
Griffin<Thompson-Starrett.
Marsh<Shulsky.
Dixon<Goldstein.
Case on.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.
Mecum<Mooyer.
Mikson<Rohl & Bros.
Wondrich<McGovern.
Sable<Singer S Mach.
McCarthy<Linch.
Miele<Rosenblatt.
McGovern<CNY.
Steinbach<Same.
Pfeifer<Orbach.
Case on.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.
Case on—C McKeon< Sherman.
No day calendar.
Case on—W McKeon< same.

PART XIII.—Van Kirk, J.
Spagniolo<Brad Cont.
Curley<T Hogan & S.
Stacatur<Fogel.
Fullman<Weintraub.
Slotzak<Krevitzky.
Raimo<Stabile.
Stein<N Y Rys.
Coch<Smith.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Erlanger, J.
Standard B of Canada <Murphy.
Jones<Crane.
CNY<Levy.
Shalek<Jetter Brew.
CNY<Bkl Alcatraz, &c
Same<same.
Same<same.
Case on.

PART XV.—Ford, J.
Cohen<Bean.
Callan<CNY.
Stratford Bldg Imp< Fredenburg.
O'Gorman<Pfeiffer.
Stollwerck & Co<Stollwerck Bros.
Clear.

PART XVI.—No day calendar.

PART XVII.—Newburger, J.—Adjourned until Feb. 9.

PART XVIII.—Greenbaum, J.
ThompsonBros<Phil'ps
Schlottman<Rodgers.
Samuels & Co<Austin Fire Insur.
Same<New B F Ins.
Same<Br-Am Assur.
Same<Arric Ins, Watertown.
Sullivan<Jordan.
Preston<D,L&WRR.
N W Litho<East Brew

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate.
William C Jackson.
Amelia L Muller.
Isabella H Ballentine.
Engelbert Grunner.
August Klein.
Anna Klages.
Hattie V Bourg.
Sarah Hamill.
Henry Feldman.
Jane J Baudinat.
Edwin A Force.
Adolph M Bendheim.
Elizabeth Zeverle.

TRIAL TERM.—Fowler, C. Contested Wills:
Blanche Mittnacht.
Louis Kuestner.

City Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., McAvoy, J.
Foyle<Felber Eng W.
Duffy<NY Rys.
Salkind<Robinowitz.
Liehman<Union Rys.
Same<same.
La Vigne<Waldron.
Schwab<Joline.
Lusher<Kupfer.
Polonsky<Harzfeld.
Brennan<Manning.
Lasker<Levison.
Storkovitch<Kiss.
Breslin<Gladstine.
Rohrlick<Kane.
Walpin<Kane.
Piser<Goldman.
Rowlette<Cab & Taxi.
Druckman<Fuss.
Same<same.
Kohn<NY Rys.
Goldberger<S Bvd RR
Conway<Grohs Brew.
Hatten<Sire.
Murphy<same.
Elias<Robinson.
Waldorf-Astoria<Prag.
Edgar<Frazel R Co.
Price<Schneider.
Same<same.
Wolf<Stand F I Co et al, (12 cases.)
Bacon<Manchester.
Goldstein<Int R T
Allen<Williams.
Schlacht<Herman.
Weisskopf<Staner.
Garlin<Phillips.
Same<same.
Feldman<N'bocker Ice
Cohen<Rappapert.
Sloan<Thomas & Bros &c.
Caro<NY Rys.
Clear.

PART II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.
Hochman<Becher.
Nat Surety Co<Helm.
Randle<Keystone M.
Hawes<Met Life Ins.
Grimberg<Winter.
Mess<Noorian.
Brown<Levinson.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Conway<Leonard.
Stretch<R & G Corset.
Salzman<Alberts.
Same<same.
Rohman<Henry.
Same<Morris Co.
Powers<Silvex Co.
Public Bk<Kibetzer.
Sang<Budd.
Coal Boulet Co<McVickar Gaillard.
Lehman<Clinton.
Contometros<Branner.
Watters<Plumbers' Journal.
Montrose<Steinberg.
Clear.

PART III., case on; PART IV., case on; PART V., case on; PART VI., case on; PART VII., case on; PART VIII., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Giegerich, J.
O'Connor<Ginsberg—Henry Bijur.
Excelsior Sav Bank<O'Neil—Henry A Friedman.
Schaefer<Sharum—Joseph D Kelly.
Bijur, J.
Glass<Wiegand—Irving Washburn.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Franklin—Max Altmayer.
Schlichter<Mitchell—Benjamin R Buffett.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Giegerich, J.
Adolph Riesenberg<John H Degelman—Samuel H Raphael.
N Y Life Ins Co<Cunard Realty Co—John S Heep.
Sarah L McMarsh<Josephine Norcum—Percival Wilds.
Seabury, J.
Ella L Murphy<James E Grape—Michael Schaaf.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; II., Van Siclen, J.; III., Clark, J.; IV., Kelly, J.; V., Manning, J.; VI., Aspinall, J.; VII., Jaycox, J.
Block<Parcel Ser, &c.
Lindsey<B,QCo & Sub.
Hann<Waterbury.
Gerety<Cont P W.
Dehm<Langler.
Cowen<B H R R.
Seifter<Am Bond.
Levy<Nas R R.
Dolon<Nas R R.
Callahan<O'Neill etal.
Zorn<Plant.
Novi&Stazione<Moore et al.
Walsh<HennebiqueCon
Power & Costello<Orr
Reisel<Michels.
Olsen<Stein.
Manning<Nas R R.
Tanzshein<Joline etal.
Menendez<Coombs.
Kerrigan<Morse D D.
Findling<Brody & ano.
Gelenter<B H R R.
Howe<Nas R R.
Washburn et al<Salmon.
Immel<Met Life.
Mickelson<Nat Firep.
Schoenfeld<Shonberg.
Congesti<Reilly.
Gottlieb<Frey.
Washburn<Foley et al.
Thomsen<Thomsen.
Raymond C Pile< Thatcher & Sons.
Gillen<Nassau RR.
Kleinberg<G-K Mfg.
Seaman<Jamison.
Tielenius<Hollander.
Ward<Hogan & Sons.
Ready<Diamond D'ry.
Fitzpatrick<Howard.
Grodzicki<Kestler.
Meyerowich<BUEIRR.
Tartarone<Cacciatore.
Hoffman<B of CI et al.
Sherlock<Nassau RR.
Jacobs<Dietz.
Heffern<Haverstraw.
Empire St Surety< Krakower.
Trangle<Boerum & P.
Messing<Std Var.
Cassidy<B H RR.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Bohne<Hinck.
Thiery & Rowell< Mausbach.
Palmer<Caputo.
Eckstein<B H R R.
Breckle<Morson.
Patterson<N Y Ry's.
Thompson<B H R R.
Osowski<Pierson Co.
Cummings<Smith.
Soleck<Redlich.
Pedersen<Bonacci Con.
McNeely<B H R R.
Richardson<Secher.
Haar<C I & B R R.
Mills<Roulston.
Stephan<N Gen Lloyd.
Goldstein<Nas R R.
Thompson<C I &BRR.
Hollander<Ringer.
Marchisano < Erickson & ano.
Griffin<G'point Tire.
Decker<McCarthy.
Curtin<Clarkson & F.
Nolan<B H R R.
Stursberg<Buckman.
Geleski<Nassau RR.
Marquard<Jansen.
Olivastre<Deposito.
Hill<Saldino.
Cooke<Miller.
Stadler<Sea Coast Am.
Larson Co<McMyler et al.
Wilson<Nassau RR.
Koslofsky<Nassau RR.
Lynch<Fuchs et al.
Anderson<Int L & Tr.
Shannon<Robins Co.
Miller<Schroeder et al.
Shaw<Nassau RR.
Meyer<Tran Dev. Co.
O'Malley<Nassau RR.
Ferris<Int RT.
Zehden<Y M C A.
Schlegel<Schaeffer.
Beitterick<LI RR.
Lipschitz<Moore et al.
Sincavitch<Jamison et al.
Platt<CNY.
Kanner<Nassau RR.
Annis<Sheppard.
Collins<B H R R.
Cohen<Lessner.
Ehler<B H RR.
Engesser<Klappert's Sons.
Samuels<Bridge Oper et al.
Highest number reached, 2405.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Scudder, J.—Trials.
Klingenbeck<Heis'b't'l
Ellman<Slater.
Seiler<McGregor.
Greve<Graf.
Oestreich<Oestreich.
Baumann<Baumann.
Trommer<Trommer.
Ithell<Malone.
Highest number reached 705.

SPECIAL TERM—Blackmar, J.—Litigated motions.
Tetu<Tetu.
In re Alabama Av.
Syphers, S.—L I RR.
Syphers, J.<same.
Driscoll<same.
Kerrigan<Morse D Dk
Gillen<same.
Alston<same.
Erie, NY, Rlty Co< Manhat Properties.
Skougor<Skougor.
In re Van Siclen Av, (Hendrix Rlty Co.)
Flude<Flude.
Vente<B H RR.
Camm<B, Q Co, &c.
Law<NY Mach Exch.
Kusick<Rueg.
Schachner<Dun'f et al
In re Winthrop St, (Carlo.)
Berman<Berman.
Gerschner<Lundy & an
Lein<B, Q Co & S RR
Saballa<Thomson.
Peo ex rel Kearns< Ruoff.
Van Tuyl<Scharman et al.
Sulinski<McKeown.
Belford, M.<Hort Ice C
Belford, G.<same.
Peop, &c, (Kearns.)
Bruggner<Bruggner.
Tisdale Lumber Co< Read Rlty Co.
Gold<B H RR.
Murray<Murray.
Laheney & Co<Carey Mfg Co.
Dime Sav Bank<Hanley et al.
Lee<Hanbury et al.
Malloy<Formosa et al.
Guiffre<Guiffre.
Sacher<N Brit & Mer.
Salkin<Salkin.
Akerstrom<Morse D D.
In re Targee St, (Brinkerman.)
Billings<Kent.
Barbarino<Barbarino.
Faber<Hanbury.
Gouldsbury<Gouldsb'y.
Boyce<Boyce et al.
Sheinart<Sheinart.
In re Hundemann.
Golding<Roebling Con.

SPECIAL TERM—Maddox, J. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS.—Ketcham, S.
Aaron Reshkin.
Carrie A Kent.
Louisa M Cella.
A T Burt.
Emil Kirk.
Sarah Schulod.

Administrations of—
Alman Bardin.

Accountings in the estate of:
H H Baker.
Louisa Adams.
Josephine Forrest, (two proceedings.)
John Murphy.
John Pforner.
Robert Lee.
W. B. Smys.
Mary Infants.
Charlotte Wilson.
Andrew Wilson.
Adam Platt.
Johanna Callahan.
P J McKee.

Estates of:
James Chappella.
Frederick Hauck.
Babbett Jenings.
Antonio Casterella.
Sarah J Hinchman.
Mary Caffrey.
Thomas Walsh.

Contested Calendar—Wills of:
John Flock.
Emily Armstrong.

County Court.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part I.—Dike, J.
William Kehoe.
Michael H Feeney.
David Scharestein.
Luciano Abruzzi.
Rosario Rezza.
Tony F Policastro.
Michael Bresco.
Anna Pollak.
John Azezano.

PART II.—Nye, J.
Joseph Taradash.
Antonio Clalco.
Antonio Relles.
James Planco.
Joseph Messina.
Thomas McCauley.
Samuel La Rosa.
Joseph Laton.

PART III.—Tiernan, J.
William Nolen.
Charles Stein.
Samuel Stein.
Robert Warner.
Frank Smith.
Nicola Santellino.
William Combarl.
William Gill.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Nieman, J.
O'Rourk<Rich.
Ferrato<B H RR.
Vitale<Nas Elec RR.
Schaffer<Boyd.
Stamm<Miller.
J Medwinsky<Shapiro.
Hyde<20 Cent, &c. Ex.
Jowalscas<Rader Co.
Calabrese<Tumminallo
Wissner<Stearn.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Adel Kopf<Coleman.
Lipton<Steeplechase.
Coscia<Wilkinson.
Scardaville<B H RR.
Kalmanson<Brenowitz.
La Rue<Nas Elec RR.
Liebowitz<Siegle.
Dohm<Strauss.
Wallestine<Georgia Bldg.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.
People<Becker.
Hickey<NYC, &c.
Keery<Oscar Daniels.
Tronto<West St Ry.
Speczusky<Johnson,&c.
Totaro<N Y, N H, &c.
Goodhart<Hasbrouck.
Fried<Yonkers RR.
Polaw<Davey.
Scheidler<NY,NH,&c.
Shefts<Yonkers RR.
Willson<W Plains.
Teclaw<Waldorf-Ast.
Phillips<NY, NH, &c.
Jacoby<Lynch.
Miller<Silver.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for to-day:
Reilly<NY, NH, &c.
Linehan<Silver.
Berry<NYC, &c.
Miller Mill Co<Fuchs.
Morse<NYC, &c.
Rosenthal<Sladon Ir Works.
West Co Brew<McAndrews.
Burke<Warren.
Miklos<Merritt & Gil.
Nugent<Wilder.
Cole<Rawolle.
Stehlin<City & C Con.
Liberty Brew<Olt.
Falco<NY, NH, &c.
Sledzenski<Dunwoodie C Club.
Cholouzki<Fed Sug R.
Flaherty<Cauldwell & Wingate.
Conway<Naylor Bros.
Mitchell<Roe.
Cooper<White Firep'f.
McIntosh<Catella.
Schutrick<NY Rys.
Lorio<Viviano.
Conklin<Birdsal.
Mahoney<Simpson-C.
Dellacerce<T A Gillespie.
Barrett<Conklin.
Nichtern<West St Ry.
Smith<Whitridge, rcr.
Nicoletta<Same.
Riggio<NY Rys.
Chubaroff<Concourse Bldg.
Stainach Hards Co< Same.
Valentine<NY Tel.
Stanley<Same.
Greve<Rodgers.
Helke<Maxwell Bris.
Crentzberger<Mt. Ver.
Jackson<Am Bridge.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Platt, J.
People<R Graziani.
Same<G Harley and G Harrison.
Same<Abel Smith.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; II., Benedict, J.
Karlsson<Gilbert & Bennett Mfg.
Nowakowski<NY & N S Trac.
Rybacki, as admx<N Y Tel Co & ano.
Erschek<Met Prod.
Mack<CNY.
Jones<same.
Curley<same.
Rubino<NY & L I Tr
Otway<Snare & Tr.
Lesber<Stone.
Dornhoff<Stier.
Dreyer<McC'm'k R E.
Atl Macaroni<Pac C C.
Streuber<M'cham & S.
Allen, an inf.<Ravenswood Paper Mills.
Strahlendorf<L I RR.
Nielson, as admr<Ladew et al.
Cashman, an inf<Jas. Butler.
Hind<NY & N S Trac

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Frey<Manning.
Metz<NY & Q Co Ry.
Smith, an inf<Dickson & Turnbull.
Bakal<CNY.
Lighthouse<42d St & Manhat, &c, Ry.
Murphy<Cunard SS Co
Lister<L I Elec Ry.
Voegel<B, Q Co, &c.
Ridge<B H RR.
Malizia, an inf<Frank et al.
Finesmith<Wolf.
Reviello<NY & N S Tr
Niski<Nichols Copper.
Schmitt<Stehn & an.
Smith<NY & Q Elec L
& Pow.
Kuhn< Ocean El RR.
Powers<J. Doll & Sons
Bulleyment<Terry & T
Barnes<B, Q Co, &c.
Ferry<Hueg.
Barnes<B, Q Co, &c.
Bernascheff Bld Cons Co<Hajik et al.
McGinty<Leh Port C.
Kieryczak<Nichols Cop
McWhirter<Payntar.
Leiz, an inf<B H RR.
Tisdale Lumber Co< Mergenthaler & an.
Meserole<Bearns.
Higenbrodt<L I El Ry
Highest number reached, 350.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.
Lewy<B H RR.
Gottlock<B, Q Co, &c.
Grubel<Zimmermann.
Kent<B H RR.
Scherer<same.
Cronin<same.
Fischer<Webber.
Krieger<Haws.
Carroll<NY & Q Co Ry Motion:
Eldred<Keenan.
Highest number reached, 190. Remainder of calendar passed until Feb. 9.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Trading was quiet in the commodities markets yesterday. Wheat declined from ¼ to ⅜c. Corn was ½c. lower in some options and ⅛c. higher in others, while oats sagged. Cotton advanced from 2 to 5 points. Provisions were easy and cotton oil was irregular.

WHEAT.

At the opening of the market yesterday prices were barely steady and during the first part of the day there was a decline of ¼c to ⅜c. At the decline exporters again entered the market and prices rallied sharply, although there was a slight reaction toward the close, which left values ⅛c net lower to ⅛c higher.

Crop advices from the West were very favorable, and The Price Current said that percentage of condition in the leading States ranges from 99 to 107, and the favorable crop prospects have apparently resulted in more liberal offerings from the farms in the Winter wheat belt. In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 98½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.00½, nominal, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.02½, free on board, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.01¼, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	99⅞	99½	99⅝	99⅞	99¼
July	....	....	96½	96⅞	97⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	93⅛	92½	92⅝	92⅞	91⅞
July	88⅝	88⅛	88½	88⅞	91⅛

CORN.

The corn market was under considerable selling pressure during the greater part of the day. Colder weather in the West was expected to bring about larger receipts and The Price Current estimated the consumption of corn on the farms at from 67 to 91 per cent. of normal. Late in the day there was a partial rally in sympathy with wheat and final prices were ½c lower to ⅛c higher.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 69¾c, cost, insurance and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	66	65⅝	65⅝	66⅛	53⅛
July	65	64⅝	64⅝	65⅛	53⅞
September	63⅞	63⅛	63⅞	63⅞	54⅝

OATS.

The oats market was moderately active and easier. The local cash market was dull; standard white quoted at 44½ to 45c; No. 2, 45 to 45½c; No. 3, 44 to 44½c; No. 4, 43½ to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 44 to 46c; fancy clipped white, 45 to 47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39⅛	38⅞	39	39⅛	34⅝
July	39	38⅝	38⅞	39⅛	34⅛

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was firmer early, but late in the day there was a partial reaction under profit taking. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 40,000; estimated for Thursday, 32,000; Kansas City received 10,000, and Omaha 11,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.12	11.00	11.12	11.00	10.32
July	11.30	11.15	11.30	11.17	10.32
Ribs—					
May	11.02	11.45	11.62	11.47	10.32
July	11.77	11.62	11.77	11.62	10.32
Pork—					
May	21.75	21.50	21.77	21.47	19.37

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was without special feature and prices closed net unchanged to 5 points higher. The firmness in the crude position and absence of pressure in that market seemed to be the principal sustaining factor.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.05@7.12	7.00
February	7.09	7.08	7.07@7.09	7.09
March	7.14	7.11	7.13@7.14	7.13
April	....	....	7.22@7.27	7.20
May	7.33	7.31	7.33@7.34	7.32
June	7.40	7.40	7.40@7.43	7.37
July	7.55	7.51	7.53@7.55	7.52
August	....	....	7.65@7.67	7.64
September	7.74	7.73	7.71@7.35	7.66

COTTON.

The cotton market showed a firm tone yesterday. March was relatively easy on an early decline, but led the advance, increasing its premium over May to 25 points. The general list closed steady and from 2 to 5 points net higher. Trade interests were reported moderate buyers on the early setback.

The new Cotton Exchange at Bremen was opened for business yesterday, and quotations were received here privately. Just what opportunities the establishment of this Exchange will open up as an additional avenue for hedging trades or straddle operations remains to be seen.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were generally unchanged, Mobile, the exception, being 1-16c lower. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.75c for middling upland; sales, 20 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	12.14	12.14	12.19@12.22	12.14
March	12.33	12.18	12.31@12.32	12.26
April	....	....	12.12@12.15	12.10
May	12.08	11.98	12.06@12.07	12.04
June	....	....	12.01@12.04	11.98
July	12.03	11.91	12.00@12.01	11.97
August	11.82	11.72	11.80@11.81	11.77
September	....	....	11.56@11.58	11.51
October	11.52	11.41	11.50@11.51	11.45

COFFEE.

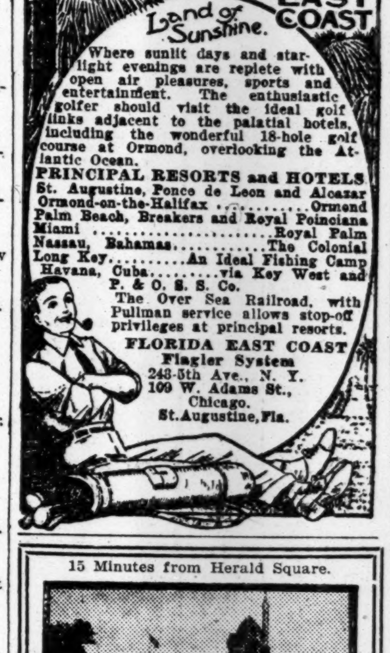
The coffee market opened dull, with prices 1 or 2 points lower, but soon rallied in absence of selling pressure, and closed at the best of the day with net gains of 8 to 10 points. Early in the afternoon leasing roasting interests sold about 14,000 bags of May on bids by bulls, one block of 10,000 changing hands. This was practically the only feature of the day's trading, and during the latter part of the session the market was quiet.

The European markets were rather irregular and without special features. Havre closed net unchanged to ½ franc higher, while Hamburg was ¼ to ½ pfennig lower. The Brazilian spot markets were both unchanged, but Santos futures were steadier, showing a good rally from a weak closing on Tuesday.

The local spot market was inactive and unchanged at 9⅝c for Rio No. 7s.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	....	....	9.17@9.19	9.08
March	9.21	9.14	9.23@9.25	9.14
April	....	....	9.33@9.35	9.24
May	9.44	9.40	9.44@9.45	9.35
June	....	....	9.54@9.55	9.45
July	....	....	9.64@9.65	9.56
August	....	....	9.71@9.73	9.62
September	9.78	9.68	9.79@9.80	9.69
October	....	....	9.84@9.85	9.75
November	....	....	9.89@9.91	9.80
December	9.93	9.91	9.93@9.95	9.85
January	....	....	9.95@9.97	....



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MODERN DANCES
PRIVATE LESSONS, $1.00
Open 10 A. M. until 10 Trot, Tango, P. M. Now is the time Boston Glide, to learn. Telephone 4273 Hesitation Waltz, Columbus. One-Step. DANCING EVERY EVENING From 7:30 to 11. Admission 25c.

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One-Step, Hesitation, Boston, Tango, Maxixe.
Class or Private lessons, 1 to 10 P. M.
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PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

The Antique Furniture Exchange
13-15 W. 28th St., nr. B'way.

Desires its patrons to be informed and all their friends of the Annual Consignee Sale, that now is going on. Everything must be sold. Rare pieces and low prices. Now is the time and this is the place to buy.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Rain has set in over the Lower Mississippi Valley and scattered snows in the Ohio Valley. Snow has also fallen in Montana and North Dakota, with temperatures below zero. The temperature has fallen in the lower lake region, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the Lower Mississippi Valley, but the change to colder is not a great one.

The general outlook Wednesday evening is for more severe weather in the East and South than has thus far prevailed. Snow is indicated on Thursday for the Northeastern Rocky Mountain States and the Ohio Valley and rain in the Gulf States.

Snow is also indicated for the southern portion of the lake region and for the western portion of the Middle Atlantic States on Friday. The temperature in Atlantic Coast States will fall somewhat Thursday, and the tendency on Friday will be toward stationary temperatures in the East and lower in the West.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light variable, becoming north; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate southeast.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday; colder south portion. Friday fair north, increasing cloudiness south portion; moderate northwest winds, diminishing.

Southern New England—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness; moderate northwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness; moderate northwest winds.

Western New York—Fair Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness, probably snow; variable winds, becoming light northeast.

Northern New England—Fair and colder Thursday. Friday fair, light to moderate northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	29	46	4 P. M.	35	48
6 A. M.	26	45	6 P. M.	30	43
9 A. M.	27	43	9 P. M.	26	37
12 M.	31	51	11 P. M.	25	36

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 30; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 44; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 52 degrees at 12:30 P. M.; minimum, 36 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 100 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 42 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.96 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:10	173 Monroe St.; Sarah Kaplowitz	Slight
7:30	186 Hudson St.; Mrs. Schubert	None
10:00	496 E. 14 St.; Cino Geslagero	Slight
10:45	316 W. 103 St.; Mrs. A. Ash	Slight
11:30	234 W. 33 St.; not given	Slight
P. M.		
12:10	323 E. 13 St.; Mr. Blum	$100
12:45	Auto truck, at 110 St. & C. Park W.; Wanamaker	Total loss
1:45	225 W. 58 St.; Oldsmobile Co.	$5,000
2:30	219 W. 33 St.; Penn. R. R.	$250
2:30	420 7 Av.; U. Cigar Stores	Slight
5:00	545 E. 12 St.; Jacob Harduck	Slight
5:00	150 St. at B'way; not given	Slight
5:30	1,928 2d Av.; Max Merguld	Slight
6:15	2,284 2 Av.; N. Keller	Slight
6:45	221-225 Centre St.; A. W. Harrington & Co.	$3,000
7:15	126 W. 66 St.; Miller Bldg.	Slight
7:55	115 E. 112 St.; J. McCormack	Slight
8:55	37-39 Maiden L.; Leo Hirsch	Slight
8:55	24 E. 42 St.; Yale Lunch	Slight
10:30	203 E. 10 St.; Isaac Newman	Slight
10:45	1,141 3 Av.; Henry Math	Slight

ESTATES APPRAISED.

EWART, FANNY M. T., (Nov. 6, 1913;) net estate, $475,300.36; bank, $164,104.80; stocks, bonds, $272,092; 200 shares Nat. Bk. of Com., 500 C. & N. W., 326 Pullman Co., 351 Gen. Electric, 538 Talbot Mills; household effects, clothing, $17,882.50; jewelry, $36,316.

GAINSBORG, SAM H., (June 20, 1913;) net estate, $12,124.52; bank, $14,229.21; ins., $11.81.

GOLDBACHER, JOS. N., (Aug. 6, 1906;) net estate, $4,201.73; 2 lots on Seaman Av., $1,500; lot near Walton Av., 172, and Belmont Av., $250; bank, $2.08; ins., $4,339.42; law lib. furniture, $250; household furniture, $250; effects, $162.

GRIFFIN, ANNA B., (April 16, 1913;) net estate, $225,153.64; bank, $53,376.76; jewelry, $5,686; clothing, $400; stocks and bonds, $177,349; 1,253 shares Griffin Wheel Co., pfd.; 612 same, com.

HOULISTON, JOHN, (June 7, 1905;) net estate, $6,181.10; bank, $6,520.42; cash, $66.95; salary, $188.29; clothing, $25.

LIMBURGER, MINNIE, (Dec. 3, 1893;) net estate, $250.

PECHTER, MOSES, (June 12, 1912;) net estate, $34,212.56; 60-62 E. 98 St., $47,000 (mortg. $35,000;) 304 E. 101 St., $40,000 (mortg. $30,000;) 637 and 641 E. 13 St., $57,500 (mortg. $41,400;) 68 Pitt St., $40,000 (mortg. $30,500;) net value realty, less mortgs., $47,600; bank, $426.35; int. in business, 68 Pitt St., $500; clothing, $50.

SACHSE, PAULUS, ($10,174.50;) 748 and 750 Court Av., $24,000 (mortg. $14,000;) bank, $700.50.

SCHWARZ, ADOLPH, (Aug. 26, 1913;) net estate, $10,252.51; cash, $1,799.08; loans, $2,672.08; jewelry, $15; int. in Schwarz Bros., $1,500. Deficit exceeds value of estate.

STIENES, LOUIS, (June 7, 1913;) net estate, $9,914.14; 522 Sixth Av., $11,500 (mortg. $8,000;) bank, $2,190.39; jewelry, $25; bonds, mortgs., $3,805.

THYSON, EMILY F., (Oct. 15, 1913;) net estate, $71,206.98; bank, $33,512.50; cash, $317.50; bonds, mortgs., $35,000; household effects, $305; clothing, $25; jewelry, $75.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BACON, ARTHUR N., (Dec. 5;) left $5,600 personalty to Sarah Bacon, wife.

BERNSTEIN, JENNIE, (Jan. 27;) left more than $2,500 each realty and personalty; $1,000 each to Lottie Kaslan and Lilly Rosett, daughters; $50 to Fanny Shapiro, daughter; $25 each to the Daughters of Jacob and the Hebrew Sheltering Home; specific bequests to Ida Edman, Ray and Lucy Bernstein, daughters, and Elliott Shapiro, grandson; residue in equal shares to Ray and Lucy Bernstein.

BURKHALTER, SUSAN C., (Dec. 2;) left $20,000 personalty; $4,000 each to Camilla Lathrop, Mary V. A. Mills, and Mary A. Brower, nieces; $2,000 to Edward R. Burkhalter; $1,000 each to John H. and Gladys Burkhalter, Charles E. and Samuel A. Potter, nephews; Maria W. and Mary D. B. Craighead; specific bequests to Mary D. B. and Alice Craighead, Lucy B. Smalley, Mary Burkhalter, Cornelia Chapin, Jessie R. Tremenheere, and Lizzie Eagle, nieces; E. William Ketchem, nephew; Camilla Lathrop, Mary V. A. Mills, Mary A. Brown, John H. and Gladys Burkhalter, Charles E. and Sam B. Potter.

CORRIGAN, JAMES W., (Jan. 29;) left $1,500 realty and $300 personalty to John J. Dorsey, nephew.

DIEKMANN, WILLIAM, (Jan. 30;) left $5,000 realty and $500 personalty to Bernard Diekmann, son.

HEHL, ERNST G. G., (Dec. 6;) left $2,500 personalty; $100 to Minna Daeubler; $475 each to Gustav T. J. Daniel, Gustav L. and Helen L. Hehl, niece and nephews; $200 and specific bequest to Sophie Leier.

HEUMANN, HUGO, (Jan. 19;) left $125 personalty to Adele Heumann, wife.

KLAGES, ANNA, (Jan. 25;) left $5,500 realty and $2,000 personalty to Frederick Klages, son.

MAESNER, LAURA DE, (Jan. 25;) left more than $100 personalty to Adolphe Dumeny, son.

MERRICK, LYCORTES D.; left $50 to Jane E. Hancock, aunt; residue to Elizabeth A. Jewell, friend.

MUES, JOHANN, (Dec. 30;) left more than $10,000 personalty; life interest in estate to Catherine A. Mues, wife; $1,000 to Fritz Reuter Gesellshaft of North Bergen, N. J.; shares in residue to Carsten D. and Diedrich Mues, brothers; Margaretha Schweder, Anna Punke, and Friederika Wenke, sisters-in-law, widow, and children of Diedrich and Luder Rodick, brothers-in-law.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved a report of Mr. Field relative to the keeping of efficiency records in the Department of Correction. Mr. Field refers to a discussion which he had with Commissioner Davis relative to certain changes she desires to have made in the examinations for prison keeper and says he has submitted a copy to the Chief Examiner.

The commission has granted the request made by the President of the Board of Education that the plan of organization showing the divisions to be recognized in promotion examinations and in promotions without examination in that department be amended by adding thereto the Division of Reference and Research.

The commission also has granted the request of Labor Clerk Coffey for the employment of James Dixon of 242 West Forty-eighth Street as an expert to conduct a practical examination for transfer from caulker to wheelwright.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission invites attention to the open competitive examination for trained nurse, for both men and women, to be held on April 15, to fill vacancies in the Indian, Isthmian Canal, and Philippine services. The opportunity for appointment of qualified eligibles is excellent, as the register is depleted. As a result of this examination it is expected that three women nurses at $720 a year will be appointed at once to fill vacancies at Fort Mojave School, Arizona; Mescalero Agency, New Mexico, and Sac and Fox Sanatorium, Iowa. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—1st Lt. H. A. Schwabe, C. A. C., on detached list, and 1st Lt. P. J. Horton, C. A. C., removed from list; the latter relieved Recrtg. Serv., Fort Slocum, N. Y., to Fort Barrancas, Fla.; Lt. H. A. Schwabe succeeds him at Ft. Slocum.

A board to meet at Washington, D. C., to exam. officers of Engineers for promotion: Lt. Col. J. E. Kuhn, C. of E.; Maj. C. D. Buck, M. C.; Maj. F. W. Altstaetter, C. E.; Maj. A. Fries, C. E., and Capt. W. H. Moncrief, M. C.

These officers to be examined by board: Capt. A. B. Putnam, 2d Lts. F. K. Newcomer, G. R. Young, R. U. Nicholas, M. Bertman.

A board to meet at Texas City to examine Engineer officers for promotion: Maj. C. Y. Brownlee, M. C.; Maj. L. Brown, C. E.; Capt. W. L. Guthrie, C. E.; Capt. U. S. Grant, 3rd, C. E., and Capt. C. E. Fronk, M. C.

These officers will be examined by the board: 2d Lts. W. C. Sherman, C. F. Williams, L. J. Dillow.

Maj. J. P. Ryan, 6 Cav., retired on account of disability.

Leaves: 1st Lt. R. B. Lincoln, 3d Inf., 3 mo.; 2d Lt. L. H. Taliaferro, 6 F. A., 6 mo.; 1st Lt. J. M. Holmes, 27 Inf., 20 days, and 1st Lt. L. B. Magruder, C. A. C., 15 days' ext.

Bri. Gen. F. Funston, U. S. A., at Omaha, will take duties as Com. General 5 Brigade.

Navy Orders.

Lt. Com. R. C. Moody, the Ohio, to the Minn. as exc. off.

Lt. A. J. James, Chicago, Feb. 12, to aid on staff, Com. Pacif. Fleet.

Lt. R. W. Cabaniss, N. Academy, to the Vt.

Lt. W. E. Reno, the Wisc., to Hydrographic Off., Chicago.

Jr. Lt. R. Lee Stover, Mare Island, Cal., to Guam, sailing March 5.

Surg. R. R. Richardson, to Training Stat., Great Lakes, Ill.

P. A. Surg. F. N. Brooks, to N. Y., Norfolk.

Asst. Surg. J. J. O'Malley, to N. Hosp., Norfolk.

Ch. Boswn. C. Murray, the Ala., to leave.

Boswn. S. Ingham, Constellation, to the Ala.

Gun. A. L. Holton, Rec. Ship, Puget Sound, to the Colo.

Ch. Mach. F. J. Korte, to N. Hosp., Phila.

Com. C. B. McVay, Asia. Fleet, to wait orders.

Lt. Com. D. W. Wurtsburg, Rainbow, to Staff Com., Asia. Fleet.

Lt. B. H. Green, Rainbow, to wait orders.

Lt. G. W. Haines, to Rainbow.

Surg. H. E. Odell, to N. Hosp., Canacao.

Mach. F. R. King, Rainbow, to wait orders.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Wyoming, Fla., Dela., Utah, Henley, Drayton, Mayrant, McCall, Warrington, Paulding, Ammen, Burrows, Patterson, Trippe, Fanning, Beale, Jarvis, Jenkins, Jouett, Lebanon, Ontario, Sonoma, Vestal, Dixie, Yankton, Osceola, Cyclops, at Guacanayabo Bay; Parker, La., and the N. H., at Guantanamo; Monaghan, Flusser, and Sterett, at Miami; Jason, at Hamp. Rds.; Des Moines, at Habana; Annapolis, at San Fran.; Calif., at San Diego; Mich., at Norfolk.

Sailed—Wheeling, N. Orleans, for Guacanayabo Bay; Celtic, Guantanamo, for Guacanayabo Bay; Dolphin, Vera Cruz, for Tampico, and the Benham, Newport, for Guantanamo.

K-2 assigned with 3 Submarine Div., Atl. Fleet.

EDUCATION NOTES.

At the formal installation of Miss Van Wagenen, the new Principal of Public School 53, Manhattan, on Monday morning last, addresses were made by District Supt. Franklin and Chairman Blumenthal of the Fifteenth District Local School Board.

The Board of Education will hold a meeting on Feb. 11.

Hugh E. Clinton, janitor, has been transferred from Public School 131, Manhattan, to Public School 14, Richmond.

In the written examination on March 2 of applicants for license as teacher of cooking in the elementary schools, no person will be eligible whose age on that date is less than 21 years or more than 40 years. Under this provision an applicant will be regarded as eligible up to and including the day preceding her forty-first birthday.

An effort is being made to organize an alumni association for Public Schol 3, the Bronx.

A meeting of the Vocational Guidance Association of New York will be held in the Washington Irving High Schol next Tuesday evening.

The Committee on Hygiene of the Board of Education will hold its first meeting to-day. Dr. Ira S. Wile is Chairman.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Designated Act. Mtd. Serg.: J. A. Dougherty, 69 Prect.

Transfers: Serg. E. J. Quinn, Com.'s office to 171 Prect; Patrol. C. G. Fichtel, 22 to 15 Prect.; J. A. Lyons, 61 Prect. to 7 Insp. Dist.; Daniel Dooley, 63 to 65 Prect.; William F. Fleming, 65 to 69 Prect.; Joseph F. Carbery, 143 to 170 Prect. From Com.'s of. to prect. indicated: Thomas Berkery, 6; J. J. Lynch, 25; J. G. Dwyer, 31; Morris Grossman, 35; F. J. Szuminsky, 160; Jerome Murphy, 169. From prects. indicated to 33 Prect.: G. H. Eckhoff, 10; Thos. Kelly, 10; Thomas Wawne, 10; Gust. Felleman, 10; E. F. Smith, 15; W. J. Deneen, 17; P. J. Mahoney, 21; R. H. Walsh, 23; J. J. Curtin, 23; Jas. McInnerny, 31; Christopher Hearn, 35; H. S. Allen, 35; Owen McKenna, 36; Walter McDonough, 38; J. H. Kelly, 39; Francis Coyle, 39; Henry Resmeyer, 43; Charles Elterich, 63; G. C. Strong, 43; J. E. Copeland, 42; P. J. Austin, 65; Stephen Dowling, 66; T. J. McGlone, 74. Mutual: Patrol. J. L. Pucciano, 15 to 146 Prect.; J. F. Coughlin, 146 to 15 Prect.; Patrick Coleman, 21 to 43 Prect.; Francis X. Hogan, 43 to 21 Prect.

Assignments: Patrol. C. G. Fichtel, 15 Prect., as house attendant; Daniel Dooley, 65 Prect., to bicycle duty; W. F. Fleming, 69 Prect., and J. F. Carbery, 170 Prect., to mtd. duty.

Adv. in Grade—To $1,300 Grade: J. J. Foley, 22; Peter Kunzweiler, 159; J. F. Grady, D. D.; Thos. Danaher, 16th Dist.; J. A. Maloney, 31; J. J. Blake, 278; P. A. Szermer, D. D. To $1,350 Grade: T. M. Kennelly, 4; John Flemming, 7; J. J. Bradt, 14; Abr. La Tourette, 14; Michael Gavigan, 18; H. M. Starr, 22; Gus Levy, 31; F. C. Wendell, 40; H. H. Hollweg, 63; J. C. Perez, 74; J. J. Donahue, 144; Oscar Hasse, 150; E. T. Enck, 154; F. B. Ahlborn, 162; C. S. McGowan, 172; Opley Wingfield, Traf. C.; Jacob Kolsin, 7; C. O. Ahlgren, 14; T. F. Diskin, 14; Estel Beekman, 15; Geo. Werleth, 18; P. J. McGowan, 31; H. H. Geideman, 40; J. A. Cronin, 42; Louis Gandert, 63; E. R. Dunn, 81; F. W. Young, 148; P. P. McCarthy, 152; D. F. Stack, 155; Arthur Wagner, 164; W. F. Keegan, 278; F. C. Kruse, C. O.

Relieved from Suspension—Jos. Rosenstock, 15 Prect.

Fire Department.

G. H. Barrett appt. Sect'y to Dep. Com. in B'klyn, $2,000 a year, vice W. J. Nolan, resigned.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—Incorporated to-day:

Ohio Basin Realty Corp., Buffalo; $50,000; S. B. Nye, W. W. Sears, C. C. Seibold.

W. H. Terhune Co., clocks, ornaments; $15,000; Morris Salpeter, W. H. Terhune, H. P. Copeland, 25 Murray St.

Cornelius Vanderbilt Gen. Contracting Co., Richmond; $10,000; Cornelius Vanderbilt, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., F. F. Leman, West New Brighton.

Turco American Tobacco Co.; $92,000; C. E. Eaton, J. P. Faraon, H. O. Coughlan, 36 Nassau St.

Owego Car Co., autos, motors; $130,000; G. R. Ramsey, W. I. Payne, Winslow Bell, 286 5 Av.

James T. Leonard & Co., dry goods, notions, jobbing; $75,000; Margaret and J. T. Leonard, Mary Madden, 112 E. 17 St.

H. & E. Realty Co., mdse., dry goods; $10,000; Wm. Lamkay, Isidor Weissberger, Jacob Newmark, 99 Nassau St.

Joval Realty Co.; $10,000; Jos. Rosenzweig, Raphael Lyons, William Rosenbloom, 214 W. 92 St.

Ramig & Schlittler, laces, &c.; $10,000; Sam'l Goldberg, W. A. Goodhart, F. A. Ramig, 646 79 St., B'klyn.

Coppy Co., realty brokerage, &c.; $10,000; Mary Anne and Mortimer Foster, J. W. O'Brien, 14 W. 38 St.

Bronx Democrat Co., publishing; $25,000; C. G. Golding, Herman Fowler, J. E. Sheridan, 448 E. 147 St.

Newspaper Advertising Publishing Co.; $10,000; James D. Gabler, H. Craig Dare, E. C. Cronemeyer, 293 Clinton St., B'klyn.

Victor Koch Hair Co.; $10,000; S. N. Freeman, M. A. Lewis, Victor Koch, 419 Lafayette St.

McQuade & Bannigan Realty Co., Utica; $30,000; P. J. McQuade, M. T. Bannigan, F. E. Nugent.

Nat'l Paint Syndicate; $75,000; Adolph Bangser, Monte London, E. A. Denton, 55 Liberty St.

Cameron Lumber Co., Newburg; $35,000; K. Miller, D. G. Cameron, T. B. Hornbeck.

Wm. C. Bloomingdale, farm produce; $100,000; W. C. Bloomingdale, Ronald Kleckner, Charles Albert, 441 Wythe Av., B'klyn.

Great South Bay Supply Co., Islip, petroleum and its products; $10,000; Julius Fick, Geo. Gatje, C. H. Tecklenburg, Bay Shore.

Wolf & Schwartz, trucking, &c.; $15,000; Israel Grunstein, Chas. Wolf, Wm. Schwarts, 118 Sheriff St.

Deassan, Inc., ladies' garments; $20,000; Rose Fischer, Max and Adolph Deassan, 2,199 B'way.

Textile Utilities Corp., household utilities; $25,000; J. L. Ryan, J. W. and H. L. Naughton, 59 Wall St.

Capital increases: Moore & Gibson Corp., N. Y., $25,000 to $50,000; Big Horn Mining Co., Buffalo, $16,000 to $800,000; Richard Young Co., N. Y., $500,000 to $600,000; T. C. Raine Co., N. Y., $45,000 to $75,000; Shawmut Clay Mfg. Co., $100,000 to $200,000.

Capital reduction: Utica Beading Factory, Utica, $50,000 to $25,000.

Authorizations: Retail Credit Co., Fulton County, Ga., reports to insurance cos., $1,000,000; rep., E. J. Hyde, 80 Maiden Lane; Petag Breslin Co., Jersey City, rugs, carpets, &c.; $100,000; rep., Thomas J. Breslin, 212 5 Av.; Brokaw Eden Mfg. Co., St. Louis, washing machines; $60,000; rep., H. A. Bell, 103 Park Av.

Dissolutions: Bay Shore Estates Co., Bay Shore; American Pulp Board Co., Niagara Falls; Albany Securities Co., Albany.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:06 | Sun sets..5:22 | Moon sets..2:59

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:42	3:02	9:08	9:07
Governors Island	3:03	3:09	10:06	9:50
Hell Gate	4:53	4:59	11:46	11:30

Arrived—Wednesday, Feb. 4.

SS Finland, Antwerp, Jan. 24.
SS America, Naples, Jan. 22.
SS Czar, Libau, Jan. 20.
SS Columba, Lisbon, Jan. 18.
SS Maracas, Port of Spain, Jan. 25.
SS Calamares, Port Limon, Jan. 28.
SS Duart, Norfolk, Feb. 2.
SS El Norte, Galveston, Jan. 29.
SS Thorsa, Cardenas, Jan. 24.
SS Hova, Boulogne, Jan. 10.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Feb. 1.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Grosser Kurfuerst	Bremen	Jan. 24
Hamburg	Hamburg	Jan. 24
Flandre	Antwerp	Jan. 21
Potsdam	Rotterdam	Jan. 24
San Gregorio	Rotterdam	Jan. 20
Antonio Lopez	Havana	Jan. 31
Moncenisio	Lisbon	Jan. 20
Iroquois	London	Jan. 23
Arcadian	Bermuda	Feb. 3
Philadelphia	Curacao	Jan. 28
Panama	Cristobal	Jan. 30
Huron	Jacksonville	Feb. 2
Creole	New Orleans	Jan. 31

DUE TO-MORROW.

Lusitania	Liverpool	Jan. 31
Franconia (Aust.)	Algiers	Jan. 27
Floride	Havre	Jan. 24
Kristianiafjord	Bergen	Jan. 25
St. Paul	Southampton	Jan. 28
Queen Louise	Swansea	Jan. 22
Italia	Palermo	Jan. 23
Mexico	Havana	Feb. 3
El Alba	Galveston	Jan. 31
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Feb. 3

DUE SATURDAY.

Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Hamburg	Jan. 29
Megantic	Liverpool	Jan. 29
Almirante	Kingston	Jan. 21
Provence	Havre	Jan. 31
Uranium	Rotterdam	Jan. 24
Cufic	Liverpool	Jan. 27
Parima	St. Thomas	Feb. 2
Commewijne	Trinidad	Jan. 31
San Eduardo	London	Jan. 24
Caribbean	Bermuda	Feb. 5
Scottish Prince	Trinidad	Jan. 30
Pisa	Hamburg	Jan. 23
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 31
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Esperanza, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pr. Sigismund, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Lorenzo, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Juan, Port Antonio	—	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Suriname, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Jan Van Nassau, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Caledonia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carpathia, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
M. Washington, Azores	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M
Ardoyne, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vauban, Barbados	9:00 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Calamares, Jamaica	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Emily L. Boas, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg	—	9:00 A.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	—	12:00 M.
Czar, Libau	—	1:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Denver, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
Victoria Luise, Havana	—	11:00 A.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M
Christopher, Para	—	6:00 A.M.
El Valle, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 4.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,470 miles E. at 2 A. M.; due 6th, afternoon. Cunard Line.

SS St. Paul, Southampton to New York, was 849 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 6th, forenoon. American Line.

SS Hamburg, Hamburg to New York, was 360 miles E. at noon; due 5th, afternoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Potsdam, Rotterdam to New York, was 320 miles E. at noon; due 5th, afternoon. Holland America Line.

SS Megantic, Liverpool to New York, was 1,168 miles E. at 10:50 A. M.; due 7th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SS Pisa, Hamburg to New York, was 1,115 miles E. at 8:50 A. M.

SS Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen to New York was 193 miles E. at 11:15 A. M.; due 5th forenoon. North German Lloyd.

SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 1,330 miles E. at 5 P. M.; due 7th, afternoon. French Line.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg to New York, was 1,221 miles E. at 7 P. M.; due 7th, late, or early 8th. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Whakura, Barry to New York, was 610 miles E. at noon.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 140 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 8 A. M.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 225 miles N. of Tybee at noon.

SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 65 miles N. W. of Tampa at noon.

SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 237 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Mexico, Havana to New York, was 670 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 690 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Arcadian, Bermuda to New York, was 292 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 130 miles S. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M.

SS Philadelphia, San Juan to New York, was 183 miles S. at noon.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, crossed Sabine Bar at 5:30 P. M.

SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 182 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.

SS Panama, Cristobal to New York, was 129 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 25 miles E. of Galveston at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Prins Maurits, at St. Michaels, Feb. 3.
SS Campania, at Liverpool, Feb. 4.
SS Marienfels, at Malta, Feb. 4.
SS Rubenfels, at Melbourne, Feb. 3.
SS Hornsund, at Hamburg, Feb. 2.
SS Pagenturm, at Port Said, Feb. 4.
SS Savoie, at Havre, Feb. 4.
SS City of Norwich, at Suez, Feb. 4.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, Feb. 4.
SS Normannia, from Seville, Jan. 31.
SS St. Winifred, from St. Lucia, Feb. 2.
SS Indra, from Gibraltar, Jan. 29.
SS Laconia, from Algiers, Feb. 3.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, Feb. 3.
SS Mitau, from Portland, Feb. 4.
SS Buenos Aires, from Cadiz, Jan. 30.
SS Erroll, from Kobe, Feb. 1.
SS River Orontes, from Syra, Feb. 1.
SS Ferndene, from Valencia, Feb. 1.
SS Roma, from Lisbon, Feb. 4.
SS Cestrian, from Liverpool, Feb. 4.
SS Victoria de Larrinaga, from St. Lucia, Feb. 3.

Passed.

SS Rotterdam, (Dutch tank,) New York for Amsterdam, passed Lizard.
SS St. Patrick, for New York from Shanghai, passed Perim.
SS Highland Harris, for New York from Buenos Aires, passed Pernambuco.
SS Satsuma, New York for Shanghai, passed Gibraltar.
SS Wapello, New York for Manchester, passed Kinsale.
SS Bovic, New York for Liverpool, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 5, SS Philadelphia.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 11, SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 5, SS Philadelphia.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 8, SS Kroonland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 9, SS Potsdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 12, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Feb. 10, SS Kristianiafjord, and at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 12, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via San Francisco—Ventura....Feb. 5
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru....Feb. 5
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina....Feb. 6
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Manchuria....Feb. 7
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nile....Feb. 11
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa....Feb. 12

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—OTIS ELEVATOR COMPANY, Complainant, against WEST 82D STREET REALTY COMPANY, Defendant.

To the Creditors of West 82d Street Realty Company, the above-named defendant:

Take notice, that I have been appointed and have qualified as receiver of the above-named defendant, pursuant to a decree made by this court on November 24, 1913. The said decree provides in part as follows:

"Decreed, That all such creditors of the defendant be, and they hereby are, directed to file with the receiver, at such office or place of business as said receiver may designate, and within ninety days from the date of this order, a duly sworn statement of all or any such claims as they, such creditors, may have or assert against the defendant, and such statement shall be verified before any officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the State where said claim is verified, and such statement of claims shall, where the same is evidenced by any written instrument, have such written instrument attached thereto."

You are required pursuant to the foregoing provision of said decree to file your claim with the undersigned receiver at his office, Third Avenue and 149th Street, Borough of Bronx, City of New York, within ninety days from the date of said decree, namely, on or before February 23, 1914. Creditors failing duly to file their claims cannot share in the distribution of assets.

Dated New York December 1st, 1913.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Receiver, Office and P. O. Address Third Avenue and 149th Street, Borough of Bronx, New York City.

ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Solicitors for Receiver. Office and P. O. Address, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City

SURROGATE NOTICES.

RUTHERFORD, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY RUTHERFORD, late of Grand Isle, Vermont, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York on or before the 2d day of March next.

Dated New York, the 23d day of August 1913. CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executor.

CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executor, No. 66 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan New York City.

MULLER, MARGARET L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET L. MULLER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 111 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, next, 1914.

Dated New York, the 5th day of September, 1913.

HENRY de FOREST WEEKES, Executor.

WEEKES BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 45 William Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of May next. Dated New York, the 10th day of November, 1913. FREDERIC B. MORLOC, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York:

Notice is herby given to all persons having claims against BERTHA FUCHS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Stern & Pompan, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 2d day of March next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of August, 1913. EUGENE I. GOTTLIEB, IGNATZ GROSS, Executors.

STERN & POMPAN, Attorneys for Executors, 261 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. C.

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Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..Feb. 17
¶Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Feb. 21
*Barbarossa..Feb. 26
¶Kaiser Wilhelm II..Mar. 10
*Gneisenau..Mar. 12
¶†Kr. Wilhelm der Grosse..Mar. 17
¶Sails at 1 A. M.

Steamers marked (*) indicate One Cabin (II.) to Bremen direct. †Carries no Second Cabin.

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Sailings on SATURDAY for THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene..Feb. 14
Koenig Albert..Feb. 28

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LUSITANIA, Feb. 11, Mar. 11, 1:00 A.M.
MAURETANIA, Mar. 18, 1:00 A.M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Campania.Feb. 18, 1 am | Mauretania Apr. 8, 1 A. M.
*Carmania.Feb. 28, 10 am | *Campania.Apr. 15, 1 am
*Campania.Mar. 25, 1am | Lusitania Apr. 22, 1 A. M.
Lusitania Apr. 1, 1 A. M.
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MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC SERVICE
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Patras, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See Itinerary.
CARPATHIA..Feb. 7 | PANNONIA..March 7
SAXONIA..Feb. 28 | CARPATHIA..Mar. 28

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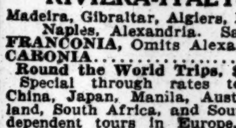

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*ST. PAUL. Feb. 13, 10 AM | *NEW YORK. Feb. 27
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MEGANTIC, Feb. 12
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ST. PAUL..Feb. 13 | NEW YORK..Feb. 27

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Minnewaska. Feb. 28, 10 AM | Minneapolis. Mar. 21

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To Rotterdam, $60 and up, 1st Cabin; $45, 2d.
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Dwinsk. Feb. 17, 2 PM | Russia. Mar. 10, 2 PM
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†N. Ams'dam. Feb. 24 | *Ryndam....Mar. 10
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

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†Europa..Feb. 21, 11 AM | ‡Ancona..Mar. 3, 11 AM
*Verona..Feb. 28, 11 AM | ‡Stampalia. Mar. 11, 11 AM
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LONDON PARIS, HAMBURG and the

§†Pretoria..Feb. 7, 9 A. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic. Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant..Feb. 14, 12 Noon
Amerika..Feb. 19, 12 Noon
*†§Pennsylvania. Feb. 21, 3 P. M.
§2d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
*Will leave from Brooklyn Pier.

MEDITERRANEAN

Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.

S. S. Hamburg..Feb. 17, 3 P. M.
S. S. Cincinnati. Mar. 5, 3 P. M.
S. S. Hamburg..April 4, 3 P. M.
S. S. Moltke..April 16, 3 P. M.

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From BOSTON to London, Paris, Hamburg

Fuerst Bismarck. Feb. 27, 10 A. M.
Rhaetia..March 18, 10 A. M.

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Athletic Club Looking for Site in Times Square—A $450,000 Building Loan on Washington Heights —Dyckman Corner Reported Sold to a Builder for Improvement.

The realty market showed well-sustained activity yesterday. Of prime importance was the announcement that the Directors who are interested in the establishment of a new city athletic club, to be known as the Gotham Athletic Club, are looking for a large site in the theatre centre of Times Square, and of three or four sites now under advisement, the officers expect to announce the purchase of one within the next few days. The new club building will probably be a ten-story structure, costing close to $1,000,000.

In addition to this important proposed addition to the activity of Times Square, a noteworthy office lease was made in the upper part of the section, involving a portion of the Broadway front of the new Strand Theatre, northwest corner of Broadway and Forty-seventh Street, to the F. B. Haviland Music Publishing Company. The advance of business in that locality has been very marked of late, and although the theatre building is not yet completed, several of the ground floor stores have been rented at high rates for that district.

The Washington Heights locality, which has been an active realty centre for the last three weeks, furnished two additional sales, and a builder acquired for improvement a choice corner in the Dyckman tract, a district which is also showing renewed realty and building interest.

$450,000 Washington Heights Loan.

A building loan of $450,000 has been made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to the Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue Company on a plot 99.11 by 150 feet, on the southwest corner of 151st Street and Broadway. The Eighty-sixth Street Company will erect a ten-story apartment house on the property.

Another Dyckman Corner Reported Sold.

The southeast corner of 207th Street and Post Avenue, one of the choicest locations in the Dyckman section, is reported to have been sold by the Manatee Company to a builder for immediate improvement.

The plot fronts 75 feet on 207th Street and 100 feet on Post Avenue. It has been held at $75,000.

Good Times Square Office Lease.

An important office lease in the upper Times Square section which indicates the gradual northward movement of the music publishing trade has been made by the F. B. Haviland Music Publishing Company, which has taken on a long term of years six rooms on the Broadway side of the new Strand Theatre building, now nearing completion on the northwest corner of Broadway and Forty-seventh Street. The present offices of the firm are in Thirty-seventh Street. The lease was made for the Mitchell Mark Realty Company by Nelson & Lee in conjunction with Pease & Elliman, and it is the first office rental in the building.

Within the last seven years the centre of the music publishing trade has moved along Broadway from Sixteenth Street to Twenty-eighth Street, then to Thirty-seventh Street, and now from Thirty-seventh Street upward to the Times Square section and Forty-seventh Street.

Congregation Buys New Site.

Mount Nebo Congregation, of which Edward R. Cohn is President, has purchased from H. H. Treadwell a plot 64 by 99.11 feet on the south side of 150th Street, 136 feet east of Broadway.

Plans are being prepared for the erection of a new structure on the site.

Tenements for Investment.

Tenement property both on the east and west side of Manhattan continues to attract small investors, several purchases being reported yesterday.

On the east side Senior & Stout, in conjunction with John Montgomery, sold to an investor 213 East Forty-third Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100.5. The property was sold in foreclosure proceedings last November to the City Real Estate Company for $11,500. On the west side Anthony Warner purchased at public auction in the Vesey Street Salesroom the four-story flat 25 by 98.9 feet at 316 West Thirty-seventh Street for $15,000. Bryan L. Kennelly conducted the sale. The buyer holds title to the three adjoining tenements 312 to 316, and now controls a plot 101 by 98 feet.

Martha Gregg of Canada has sold to James T. Hallinan for investment 312 East 116th Street, a five-story flat, on a lot 21.6 by 100.11. W. J. Joyce was the broker in the transaction.

Bronx Borough.

D. A. Trotta has sold for the Liberty Brewing Company to J. Carozza a plot, 50 by 86, on the northwest corner of 188th Street and Belmont Avenue.

Brooklyn.

The three-story brick store building at 1,413 Bushwick Avenue, corner of Moffitt Street, a plot 25 by 97, has been sold by James E. Barry & Co. for George Fletcher to B. B. Myers.

The two-family brick dwelling at 181 Kingston Avenue has been sold by Otto Weiler of the Bedford Exchange to Adolph Fenchel, who gave in exchange fifteen lots at Valley Stream. The same broker has also sold the two-family house 1,230 Carroll Street to Joseph Glackner.

Buys 85 Mount Vernon Lots.

An important transaction in Mount Vernon, which will lead to a new residential suburban development, has just been closed in the purchase by the Standard Construction Company of Manhattan of eighty-five lots in the Oakwood section of Mount Vernon, near the Columbus Avenue station of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad. F. J. Thill of Mount Vernon was the broker. The company will begin next month to improve the lots with suburban homes. Mr. Thill will act as the resident agent of the company.

$63,000 Lease on the Heights.

Harry Siegel has leased from Stephen C. Clark for a term of fifteen years, at an aggregate rental of $63,000, the three old four-story dwellings at 611, 613, and 615 West 181st Street. The buildings will be remodeled and stores built on the ground floor. McDowell & McMahen negotiated the lease.

Lease by New York Hospital.

The New York Hospital has leased the two dwellings at 13 and 15 West Sixteenth Street, adjoining the hospital property, from Mrs. Edwin C. Post and Mrs. G. E. Kissell, respectively. They cover a combined plot of 33.4 by 92. Horace S. Ely & Co. were the brokers. The lease of this property, to enlarge the hospital needs, indicates that no immediate steps are contemplated toward erecting the proposed new building on the west side block near the North River, opposite De Witt Clinton Park, purchased about two years ago.

Sale of Burns Restaurant Property.

Burns Restaurant property 25 by 100 feet on Sixth Avenue, between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Streets, and 21.6 by 75 at 102 and 104 West Forty-fifth Street is to be sold in a partition action brought by Mrs. Susan E. Fitchett, a sister of the late Samuel F. Burns, who died in 1903.

Referee W. C. Arnold has been authorized by the court to sell the property, subject to a first mortgage of $155,000 held by the German Savings Bank, and to pay $47,266 out of the proceeds of the sale to Frederick R. Fitchett, as trustee on a mortgage.

To Foreclose $100,000 Massapequa Mortgage.

The fact that the Clark estate has taken steps to foreclose a $100,000 mortgage on the holdings of the Queens Land and Title Company at Massapequa, L. I., has caused considerable uneasiness among people who have purchased property from the company on the installment plan.

One of the persons upon whom service was made is Mme. Caubert de Clery of 3 West Eighth Street, who bought four lots in Massapequa for about $1,800 and began paying for them in 1907. She finished her payments last year and got title to the property. She caused it to be recorded, and recently service was had on her, disclosing that the blanket mortgage had not been removed from the tract in which her four lots are situated.

Dr. Allan T. Haight, President of the Queens Land and Title Company, said yesterday that the mortgage concerns only one small piece of the Massapequa property, where the company holds about 2,000 acres, and that the matter would be amicably arranged in a few days. Mme. de Clery's lawyers refused to discuss the matter.

Commercial Leases.

Edgar A. Manning has leased for a term of years the store and basement at 256 Fifth Avenue for the estate of Charles A. Baudoine to the Royal Copenhagen Porcelain and Danish Arts, Incorporated, of 16 West Thirty-third Street.

The F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Company has leased for the McDermott Dairy Company the store at 712 Amsterdam Avenue to Hyman and Joseph Sudnovsky.

E. A. Turner has leased for Robert Goelet the five-story building 4 East Forty-eighth Street for a term of years to Messrs. Feffercorn & Freund, dealers in antiques. One year ago the same same broker leased the building 3 East Forty-seventh Street, abutting this present lease. The lessees are going to join the two houses by building a big fireproof arcade from one building to the other, to be used exclusively for showrooms, &c. The lease is for a term of years at $10,000 a year.

Real Estate Notes.

Joseph P. Day will speak to-night at the banquet of the Advertising Men's Club of Elizabeth, N. J., in the Elks Club House. Other speakers will be Don C. Seitz and R. A. Kline. The subject will be "Organization of a Sales Force."

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MARKET CONDITIONS

are subject to rapid changes, and the attention of borrowers on mortgage is called to a generally more favorable market, at present, than has existed for many months past.

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RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

37th St, 318 West, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9, four-story flat; executor's sale, estate of Patrick Flynn, deceased; to Anthony Werner, an adjoining owner, for $15,000.

121st St, 75 East, n s, 40 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.11, four-story flat; voluntary sale; bid in at $15,500.

113th St, 167 East, n s, 160 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.11, four-story flat; voluntary sale; bid in at $10,750.

By Joseph P. Day.

96th St, 324 West, s s, 266.8 ft w of West End Av, 41.8x100.8, six-story tenement; adjourned to Feb. 11.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By George Price.

Bronx Boulevard, n e s, 238 ft w of 222d St, 180x80; also Bronx Boulevard, s s, 663 ft w of 222d St, 112x84x73, gore; George McCauslan against Bronx Borough Bank and others; L. E. French, attorney; L. A. Abrams, referee; due, $5,727.06; taxes, &c, $750; to the plaintiff for $6,300.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

136th St, 622 West, s s, 287.6 ft w of Broadway, 43.9x99.11, five-story tenement; S. O. Lockwood, trustee, against Annie Koplik and others; Crane & L., attorneys, J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $43,066; taxes, &c., $2,714.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Prospect Av, 594-8, e s, 155.6 ft n of Fox St, 81.10x100, two five-story tenements and stores; Morris Podolsky against Israel Weinberg and others; Herman Greenberg, attorney; E. R. Finch, referee; due, $16,420; taxes, &c., $250; subject to two mortgages aggregating $65,750.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Popham Av, 1,727, w s, 246.4 ft n of 176th St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; Obadiah Newcomb and others against Emil Johnson and others; E. C. Dusenbury, attorney; H. T. Andrews, referee; due, $8,305; taxes, &c., $225.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans for new structures were filed yesterday in Manhattan. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Canal Place, e s, 243 ft s of 144th St, for a one-story frame storage house, 100x125; George Haiss, 205 Alexander Av, owner; George Haiss Manufacturing Co., 141st St. and Rider Av, architect; cost, $100.

Wickham Av, w s, 725 ft s of Neried Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x34.3; Albert Pfodenhauer, 681 East 235th St, owner; George P. Crosier, 223d St and White Plains Av, architect; cost, $2,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ADRIAN AV, s w corner of Terrace View Av, 68x89.6x109.11; Pat'k F. Malone to Fred'k Van Wyck, at Scarsdale, N. Y., (mtg $10,000,) Nov. 6, 1913; attorney, Edw. McK. Whiting, 56 Pine St....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Fred'k Van Wyck to Mary L. Whiting, 515 West 110th St, (mtg $10,000,) Feb. 2; same attorney....$100
AVENUE A, 252, e s, 25.9x95.6; Frank J. Ryan, Referee, to Julius Lichtenstein, 201 Riverside Drive, Feb. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,000
BANK ST, s s, 145.2 ft e of 4th St, 20x90; Chas. A. O'Neil, referee, to Frank R. Pentlarge, 151 Hollywood Av, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $9,000,) Feb. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 B'way....$4,100
ELIZABETH ST, 155, n w corner Kenmore St, 8.9x93.1x23.4x94.2; John J. White to William H. Long, 50 Madison St, Feb. 4...$1
HOUSTON ST, 186 East, 25x58.6; Frederick Westphal and others to Albert Westphal and another, 544 East 86th St, Feb. 2, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, J. F. O'Neil, 320 Broadway....$1
MADISON AV, 1,181, e s, 16.8x62.2; Charles C. Peters, referee, to Leopold Mayer, 50 West 77th St, Jan. 26, (mtg $16,000;) attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway....$2,000
PARK AV, 1,384, w s, 25.11x80; Tilmil Realty Co. to Eleanor Frank, 100 West 119th St, (mtg $11,500.) Feb. 3; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St....$100
PECK SLIP, 38, w s, 19x52.6; Angele I. Callan to Aaron Radin Co., 36 Peck Slip, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100
SOUTH ST, n s, 27.2 ft w of Broad St, 16.10x127.6; Valentina Simons and ano., exrs. of Baly Cahen, to Rose Cahen, 315 West 98th St, 1-3 part, (mtg $17,000,) Jan. 28; attorneys, M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Valentina Simons to same, 1-3 part, quitclaim, (mtg $17,000,) Jan. 28; same attorney....$1
2D AV, n w corner 12th St, 61.3x90; Weiher Realty Co. to Gerintel Realty Co., 361 Stone St, Brooklyn, Feb. 2, (mtg $134,000;) attorney, State Bank, 378 Grand St....$1
2D ST, s s, 187.11 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Grand St, n e corner Goerck St, 50x75; Samson Lachman, Referee, to Annie A. Drucker, 1,060 Union Av, Feb. 4, (mtg. $29,000;) attorney, Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$43,150
4TH ST, 648 East, s s, 22.11x96; Joseph Cukor to Victoria Cukor, 222 East 68th St, (mtg $28,000,) Jan. 12; attorney, Morris Cukor, 63 Park Row....$1
43D ST, 213 East, n s, 25x100.5; City Real Estate Company to Frank W. Mosher, 152 East 50th St, B. & S., Feb. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway....$100
70TH ST, n s, 87 ft e of 1st Av, 26x55.4; John Garvey, trustee Thomas Garvey, to Susanna E. Waldie, 404 61st St, Brooklyn, ½ part, (mtg $4,000,) A. T., Feb. 3; attorney, H. T. Randall, 149 Broadway....$1
83D ST, n s, 123 ft e of Avenue B, 25x102.3; Frederick Westphal and others to Albert Westphal, 544 East 86th St, Feb. 2, (mtg $13,000;) attorney, J. F. O'Neil, 320 Broadway....$1
94TH ST, 235 East, n s, 25.9x100.8; Rudolph Glaettli to Gustave and Mamie Vieweg, 159 East 42d St, tenants by entirety, Feb. 2; attorney, E. A. Deutschman, 45 Graham Av, Brooklyn....$1
99TH ST, 169 East, n s, 25x100.11; Taxpayers' Holding Co. to Estates Mortgage Securities Co., 160 Broadway, Feb. 2....$1
106TH ST, 55 East, n s, 25x100.11; Joseph Cukor to Victoria Cukor, 222 East 68th St, Jan. 2, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, Morris Cukor, 63 Park Row....$1
113TH ST, 521 East, n s, 25x103.3; Barnet Siegel to William Solomon, 616 East 168th St, (mtg $22,500,) Feb. 2; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Av A....$1
115TH ST, 203 East, n s, 18x100.11; John J. Robinson to Estates Income Realty Corporation, 283 Broadway, (mtg $10,500,) Jan. 29; address (1) 233 Broadway....$1
116TH ST, 8 East, s s, 25x100.11; Samuel Levine to Louis Call, Paterson, N. J., ¼ part, Feb. 3; attorney, M. A. Rabinovitch, 230 Grand St....$100
120TH ST, 345 East, 37.6x100.11; Abraham H. Jackson to Florence E. Goldschmidt, 307 West 76th St, Feb. 2, (mtg $33,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
129TH ST, s s, 110 ft w of St. Nicholas Terrace, 189x99.11; Manchester Construction Company to Lawrence Holding Company, 223 Wooster St, B. & S., Feb. 3; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway....$100
136TH ST, 142 West, 17x—; Coleta De Cracue to Alexander Walters, 208 West 134th St, Feb. 3, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
156TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 125x99.11; Matilda Sussman to Matado Realty Co., 280 Broadway, Feb. 3, (mtg $206,000;) attorneys, Feldman & S., 280 Broadway....$5,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,606, e s, 27.7x82.7; Zalmin Mattosofsky to Ida Bogolowitz, 1,606 Bathgate Av, (mtg $3,500,) Feb. 4; attorney, I. Goldberg, 41 Park Row....$1
BRIGGS AV, n s, 125 ft e of 4th St, 75x213.11x irregular; Rosa Iacouccio to Augustus Barton, 112 Tier St, City Island, Dec. 11, 1913; attorney, Augustus Barton, 112 Tier St, City Island....$1
CARPENTER AV, w s, part of Lot 1,137, map of Wakefield, 34.6x105; Ella G. Buckley to Thrall Construction Co., 530 Lincoln Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $1,200,) Nov. 11, 13; attorney, S. Berzich, 320 Broadway....$1
CLINTON AV, s w corner of 176th St, 157.10x100; Chicchina Carucci to Hargton Building Co., Inc., 1,470 Vyse Av, Feb. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
COURTLANDT AV, w s, 150 ft n of 162d St, 25x137x25.3x141; Everett Harrison to Mary Reilly, Montclair, N. J., (mtg $22,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
LOT 66, map of Harrington estate; Emile Coletti to Itteloe Realty Co., 95 William St, Feb. 2; attorney, Itteloe Realty Co., 95 William St....$1
LOTS 210 and 211, map of Undercliff Terrace; Emile Coletti to Itteloe Realty Co., 95 William St, Feb. 2; attorney, Ittelo Realty Co., 95 William St....$1
LOTS 81 and 82, map of partition sale Lott G. Hunt; Edward Mandel to Thomas P. Howley, 421 West 34th St, Jan. 27; attorney, W. W. Penfield, 4,704 White Plains Road....$1
MAPES AV, n w corner of 181st St, 116.1x94; Regina Construction Co. to Maritana C. Cullo, 2,134 Prospect Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $45,000;) attorney, Maritana C. Cullo, 2,134 Prospect Av....$1
OGDEN AV, e s, 288 ft n of 164th St, 19x142.5 to 105 Wilson Av; John H. Sullivan to Catharine Sullivan, 1,028 Ogden Av, mtg $7,500, May 1, 1913; attorney, Catharine Sullivan, 1,028 Ogden Av....$100
RICHARDSON AV, n e corner of 236th St, 100x120; Annie Guldera to Domenico La Sola, 4,310 Richardson Av, Feb. 3, (mtg $6,200;) attorney, S. Girdera, 4,310 Richardson Av....$1
STEBBINS AV, s e corner of 163d St, 127x230 to Rogers Place; George F. Johnson to Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum, a corporation, 132d St and Willow Av, Feb. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 165th St, 100x100.8; Pincus Lowenfeld to Academy Construction Co., 147 East 125th St, mtg $26,000, Feb. 2; attorneys, Fischer & R., 115 Broadway....$1
VYSE AV, w s, 150 ft n of Jennings St, 50x100; Hargton Building Co., Inc., to Chicchina Carucci, 641 East 183d St, (mtg $40,000,) Feb. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
WASHINGTON AV, w s, 285.10 ft s of 180th St, 25x145; Smada Realty Co. to Thomas Graham, 1,008 Washington Av, Jan. 30, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Hummel & H., 1,511 3d Av....$100
WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 179th St, 23.4x100x42.11x94; Agnes M. Pragnell to Smada Realty Co., 391 East 147th St, Feb. 2; attorney, W. W. Adams, 391 East 149th St..$1
161ST ST, 700 East, s s, 50x99.10; Smada Realty Co. to Agnes M. Pragnell, 819 Ritter Place, mtg $43,000, Jan. 22; attorney, John E. O'Brien, 38 Park Row....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, e s, 77.6 ft s of 16th St, 25.9x95.6; Julius Lichtenstein to Caroline Stern, 51 East 92d St, Feb. 4, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$16,000
BROADWAY, n w corner of 150th St, 99.11x150; 86th St. and West End Av. Co. to Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., 1 Madison Av, Feb. 4, due March 1, 1919, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av.$450,000
BROADWAY, s w corner of 151st St, 99.11x150; 86th St & West End Av Co to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, due March 1, 1919, 5½ p. c., Feb. 4; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av....$450,000
PECK SLIP, 38, w s, 19x52.6; Aaron Radin Co. to Angele I. Callan, 156 Park Av, Yonkers, N. Y., Feb. 3, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,250
2D AV, w s, 20 ft s of 59th St, 20x65; Henry, Charles, and Marie Bardenhagen to Mildred S. Hewitt, 139 East 16th St, Feb. 2, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St....$6,000
11TH ST, 521 East, 25x103.3; Wm. Solomon to Barnet Solomon, 420 East 3d St, due Aug. 1, 1917, Feb. 2, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway....$2,750
43D ST, 213 East, 25x100.5; Frank W. Mosher to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, Feb. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000
71ST ST, ns, 390 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2; Hannah A. T. Clement to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 3 years, Feb. 4; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St....$15,000
74TH ST, 427 East, n s, 20.10x63.1, prior mtg $4,500; Abram Friedman to Bank of Europe, 1,429 1st Av, Jan. 30, 4 months, 6 p. c.$1,500
89TH ST, s s, 240 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.8; Isaac Fromme to George W. Millar, 163 West 12th St, Feb. 4, 1 year, 6 p. c....$2,000
94TH ST, 235 East, 25.9x100.8; Gustave Viewag to Rudolf Glattli, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 2, 3 years; attorneys, H. A. & C. E. Heydt, 2 Rector St....$12,500
99TH ST, 169 East, n s, 25x100.11, prior mtg $17,600; Taxpayers' Holding Co. to Estates Mortgage Securities Co., 130 Broadway, Jan. 28, 6 months, 6 p. c....$1,200
115TH ST, 412 West, s s, 33.4x100.11, prior mtg $36,000; Peter Doerr to Mattie C. Doerr, 2,422 University Av, Jan. 31, due Aug. 10, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Feldman..$3,000
131ST ST, 64 West, 16.8x99.11; 128th St, 119 East, 16x99.11; 131st St, 8 East, 18.2x99.11; 131st St, 10 East, 18.2x99.11; 131st St, 12 East, 18.3x99.11; Stephen McCormick to Abraham Siegel Realty Co., 817 Broadway, Dec. 31, 1918, prior mtg $23,600, instalment, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jos. Safinsky, 35 Nassau St....$500
136TH ST, 142 West, 17x—; Alex Walters to Coleta De Cracne, 375 West 48th St, Feb. 4, prior mtg $5,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 B'way..$2,250
145TH ST, s s, 275.7 ft e of 8th Av, 109x99.11; Morgenthau Realty Co. to Irma F. Loeb, 258 Riverside Drive, Feb. 4, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$50,000
148TH ST, 550 West, 16.8x99.11; Jas. M. Tully to Emigrant Ind. Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 3, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St....$8,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 2,076, e s, 25.1x100.6x25x97.4; Adolph Steiner to Frances Weisl, 1,111 Madison Av, Jan. 29, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$4,000
BARNES AV, e s, 26.5x120.8x25x129.4; Anna Somme to North Side Mortgage Corporation, 391 East 149th St, Jan. 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St....$650
CLINTON AV, w s, 57.10 ft s of 176th St, two lots, each 50x100, (two mtgs $36,000 each;) Hargton Building Co., Inc., to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Feb. 3, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$72,000
GLEBE AV, n e corner of Parkway Av, 100x25; Mary A. Corkey to Alice Wall, Somerville, N. J., Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, 2,215 Westchester Av....$500
INTERVALE AV, s e corner of 163d St, 100x74.9x100x75; Simber Realty Co. to Greenwood Cemetery, 170 Broadway, Feb. 4, 5 years; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway....$72,000
JENNINGS ST, s s, 134.2 ft e of Union Av, 100x—; also Jennings St, s s, 170.2 ft e of Union Av, 25x100; also Ritter Place, n s, 196.4 ft e of Union Av, 25x102; also Jennings St, s s, 245.2 ft e of Union Av, 28.11x100; Agnes M. Pragnell to Smada Realty Co., 391 East 149th St, (prior mtg $33,500;) Jan. 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. W. Adams, 391 East 149th St....$3,500
LOT 240, map of portion Hunt Estate; Edwin Roberts to Mary Meissner, 114 Washington St, Hoboken, N. J., Feb. 2, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$2,500
MOSHOLU PARKWAY NORTH, n e s, 425.8 ft s e of Jerome Av, 50x100; Emil Gaul to Alexander Jacobi, 19 East 47th St, trustee, Feb. 4, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,680
STEBBINS AV, s e corner of 163d St, 127x230 to Rogers Av; Grossman Brothers & Rosenbaum, a corporation, to George F. Johnson, Hanover Township, N. J., Feb. 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$80,000
WASHINGTON ST., s e corner of 165th St, 100x100.8; Academy Construction Co. to Peerless Holding Co., 46 Cedar St., Feb. 1, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lind & P., 46 Cedar St....$56,500
SAME PROPERTY; same to Pincus Lowenfeld, 106 East 64th St., Feb. 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same....$13,000
WHITLOCK AV, n e corner of 144th St, 100x75; Spofford Av, n s 200 ft w of Brown Av, 50x100; Hugh Duffy to Marie A. Hayer, 1,745 Park Av, Jan. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 3d Av and 148th St....$1,000
161ST ST, 700 East, s s, 50x99.10; same to same, (prior mtg $43,000;) Jan. 27, 2 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney....$9,500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

ALLEN ST, 104, stores; Morris Lipschitz to Samuel Waxman, 48 Allen St, 3 years, from May 1, 1914....$960
HOUSTON ST, 186 East, store and basement; Albert Westpfal to Frederick Westpfal and another, Baldwin, L. I., 5 years, from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, J. F. O'Neil, 320 Broadway....$1,800
18TH ST, 40 West, all; Martha B. Philips to Charles Papas, 40 West 18th St, 10 5-12 years, from Dec. 1, 1910; attorney, H. E. Herman, 41 Park Row....$7,000
86TH ST, 455 East, store and part cellar; John H. Haaren, trustee, to Rudolph Lange, 346 East 87th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, J. C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St....$1,200
100TH ST, 323 East, all; Abr. Goodman to Morris Sobel, 322 East 101st St, 3 3-12 years, from Feb. 2, 1914; attorney L. A. Jaffer, 51 Chambers St....$1,550
135TH ST, 49 West, west store and part of basement; Jacob Coleman to Hyman Dolger, 216 Clinton St, 4 8-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1914; attorneys, Bernheimer & S. P. B. Co., 128th St and Amsterdam Av....$780

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, 141, s w corner 134th St, store, &c.; Chas. Fuecht to Geo. Schoeck, 363 East 157th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St....$960
139TH ST, 602 East, all; Karoline Rothschild to Johanna Zuleger, 50 Cathedral Parkway, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, L. A. Steyn, 50 Cathedral Parkway....$186

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 292; Brooklyn Vault Light Co. against Meyer Sanft, Wolf Sanft, and Frank Rosenstein, owners; Fraad Contracting Co., contractor....$153
5TH AV, n w corner of 110th St, 51.1x49.7x irregular; Acme Metal Ceiling Co. against Edward Friedman, owner; H. A. Krauss, contractor....$250
10TH AV, 100 and 102; William Corrigan against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors....$14
10TH AV, 100 and 102; H. W. Bell Co. against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors....$220
14TH ST, 413 to 419 West; H. W. Bell Co. against W. W. Astor, owner; John J. Gillen, lessee; Long & Hagen, contractors.$315
46TH ST, 46 West; Fireproof Products Co., Inc., against Arthur Brisbane, owner; Anton Strand, contractor; Thomas J. Fanning, sub-contractor....$395
86TH ST, 538 East; William Kral against Katherina Bolz, owner and contractor..$11
87TH ST, 340 and 342 West; American Stone Renovating and Stucco Co. against Katherine F. Lindeman, owner and contractor....$150
111TH ST, 521 West; Reinhardt Bros. against N. Y. Real Estate Security Co., owner; McVickar-Gaillard Realty So., contractor....$140

Bronx.

HUGHES AV, 2,310; Giuseppe Mungo and others against Nicola Tedeshi, owner; Charles A. Corby, contractor....$60
136TH ST, 677 to 681 East; J. Greenberg Co. against Buellesbach Construction Co., owner and contractor....$101
150TH ST, s s, whole front, River St. to Gerard Av., —x—x—; Bethlehem Steel Co. against Henry L. Morris, owner; Willys Overland Co., lessee; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor....$5,872

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

VERMILYEA AV, s w corner Academy St; Thomas C. Edmonds & Co. against Warren F. Johnston and others, Jan. 27, 1914..$166
64TH ST, 112 West; Harry Glassover against Ida L. Hurlburt and others, Dec. 15, 1913....$156

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV, 1,320; Oscar F. Peterson against Jasco Realty & Holding Company, owner, Jan. 19, 1914....$56

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 151st St, 99.11x150; Metropolitan Life Ins. Co. loans 86th St. and West End Ave. Co....$450,000
BROADWAY, n w corner of 150th St, 99.11x150; same loans; same....$450,000

Bronx.

CLINTON AV, w s, 57.8 ft s of 176th St, 50x100; loan by Manhattan Mortgage Co. to Hargton Building Co., Inc.; one five-story apartment, (17 payments)....$36,000
CLINTON AV, w s, 107.8 ft s of 176th St, 50x100; loan by same to same; one five-story apartment, (17 payments)....$36,000
165TH ST, s e corner of Washington Av, 100.8x100; loan by the Peerless Holding Co., Inc., to Academy Construction Co., Inc.; —story apartment, (11 payments)....$66,500

LIS PENDENS.

AVENUE B, w s, between 81st and 82d Sts, Lot 27; Rudolph Wallach Co. against George Kenerleber, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
COLUMBUS AV, s w corner 80th St, 102.2x64; Verio Land Company against Orleans Real Estate Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Otis & Otis.
LEWIS ST, e s, 75 ft n of Stanton St, 21x100; J. Frederic Kernochan and others against Fannie Rosenblum and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. F. Miller.
52D ST, s s, between 11th and 12th Avs, lot 49; Rudolph Wallach Co. against J. Schwarzwalder & Son, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
53D ST, s s, between 5th and 6th Avs, Lot 69; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Robert C. Van Deventer, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
61ST ST, n s, between 1st Av and Avenue A, Lot 10; Rudolph Wallach against Isaac Liberman, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
64TH ST, s s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 48; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Peter Curran, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
77TH ST, n s, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs, Lot 11; Rudolph Wallach Company against Louis H. Collyer, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
88TH ST, n s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 11; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Henrietta Cohn, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
88TH ST, n s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 9; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Henrietta Cohn, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
93D ST, 340 East; Fred Fuld against Frederick Plaut and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. H. W. Schutt.
95TH ST, n s, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avs, Lot 21; Rudolph Wallach Co. against John G. Eckerson, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
95TH ST, s s, between Central Park West and Columbus Av, Lot 50; Rudolph Wallach Co. against William Hayes, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
125TH ST, 16 West; Adolph Riesenberg and others against John H. Degelman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Myers & Goldsmith.
125TH ST, 253 to 259 West; New Jersey Terra Cotta Company against Arthur Greenfield, Inc., and others, (counter claim;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.
126TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 8th Av, 75x99.10; New Jersey Terra Cotta Company against Arthur Greenfield, Inc., and others, (counter claim;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

Bronx County.

COURTLANDT AV, w s, 150 ft n of 162d St, 25x141; also Morris Av, n e cor. of 158th St, 51x101; Edna L. Grover against Everett Harrison, (warrant of attachment;) attorney, W. W. Bryan.
JENNINGS ST, s w cor. of Vyse Av., 100x36; William Buchmuller against Crispi Construction Company et al. (foreclosure of mtg.;) attorney, G. Hahn.
JENNINGS ST, s w cor. of Vyse Av, 100x39; same against same, (foreclosure of mtg.;) attorney, G. Hahn.
LOT 149, subdivision No. 1, Map of Village of Morrisania; New York Life Insurance Company against Arthur B. Fuchs, (foreclosure of mtg.;) attorney, Emmet & P.
LOT 86, section 10, block 2,844; Simeon M. Barber against James A. Woolf et al. (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorney, B. G. Bain.
LOT 322, Block 1, Amended Map, property of H. P. Rose, known as Mapes estate; Sidney B. Hickox against Joseph Coote et al. (foreclosure of mtg.;) attorney, A. J. Wolff.
TREMONT AV, n e cor. of Prospect Av, 100x175; Clement H. Smith et al. against Thomas J. Higgins et al. (partition suit;) attorney, C. B. Plante.
3D AV, 2,952; also Bergen Av, 643; Anton Prokepewicz against Ignatz Schwartz et al. (action, counter claim;) attorney, Phillips & A.
156TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Elton Av, 22x100; Mary Penndorf, executrix, against Diedrich Brandt, (foreclosure of mtg.;) attorney, R. H. Bergman.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

MONROE M. GOLDING,
PLUMBER,
133 West 65th St.
Alterations and Repair Work
Given Particular Attention.
Estimates Furnished.
Tel. Columbus 6227.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Berlin Renting Agency
Established 1888.
SYSTEMIZED
APARTMENT HOUSE
MANAGEMENT.
141 E. 17th St. B'way, cor. 162d St.

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$1,500 CASH OVER
Savings Bank Mortgage of $8,000

Buys modern hollow tile stucco house, Hill Section, Jamaica; 10 rooms, hot-water heat, electricity; two open fireplaces; extra well built; no deception; simply must sell quick. Property worth $15,000. F. W. Scutt & Co., 336 Fulton St., Jamaica.

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Are You Looking

for a new home? Let me send you photograph and particulars of my new seven-room steam-heated brick house in Brooklyn; all improvements; $5,600; long-time payments. **Or will rent for $30** until you find out if you like the neighborhood. Trustee, 62A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cortlandt 7440.

A Lovely Home

Semi-detached brick, 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights, sewer; $5,500 and up; small payments; 20 years' time; FEW FOR RENT, $25 to $35; everything desirable; photos and details mailed upon request. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone Cortlandt 5528.

$300 "Old English" Down

7-room brick home at express sta. of new Subway, only $4,500; $24 monthly pays all carrying charges. 5c. fare to N. Y. Souvenir booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER. 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick

hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 372 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. FLEER BROS. Write.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY

One of the most beautiful Summer and all-the-year country estates in

Orange County

31 Acres. Splendid Location.
600 Feet Altitude
Colonial house. Every convenience; electric light, gas, and steam heat.
20 Rooms—5 Baths
Ample outbuildings, including a very attractive log cabin.
This is one of the most complete and charming, moderate-sized places ever offered.
TO CLOSE AN ESTATE IT CAN BE PURCHASED AT ONE-HALF ITS VALUE & ON VERY EASY TERMS.
S. Osgood Pell & Co
5610 Bryant. 542 Fifth Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN IDEAL HOME

in a restricted section; within 20 minutes of the Pennsylvania Station; located on large plot. First floor has large 10-foot porch, with sun parlor on the south side; foyer hall; living room, dining room, butler's pantry, and kitchen. Second floor has two master's chambers connecting, one bedroom, tiled bathroom. Third floor has three bedrooms and storage room. Cellar contains laundry, toilet, and coal bins. Has 2¼-inch North Carolina pine flooring on which parquet floor is laid. Ground floor is finished in straight oak trim; second floor in birch trim; third floor in cypress trim. Has slate roof, handsome combination gas and electric fixtures; combination coal and gas range in kitchen with ash chute to cellar. Hot water heating system. Shrubbery, lawn and hedge surrounding house all completed.

PRICE, $7,500.

Can be bought by responsible buyer on easy terms. For particulars, address, Secretary, Room 1003, 1 W. 34th St.

Commuter's Cottage.
Will Sell Cheap.

Ten rooms and bath, three-story house; cement cellar, hot and cold water, electric lights; one-quarter acre; near station; in healthiest spot on Long Island. Address E. H. McWHORTER, 1 West 34th St., city.

BUNGALOW.

6 rooms and bath; hardwood trim; large dry cellar; gas and electricity; water front privileges; 42 minutes from city; $150 cash; balance very easy terms. Address BARGAIN. Box 62 Times Downtown.

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BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE,

HARTSDALE, BRIARCLIFF, and other desirable sections of WESTCHESTER COUNTY for sale or rent. ALSO ATTRACTIVE FARMS well located.
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AT PELHAM HEIGHTS.

Modern dwelling, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 5 open fireplaces; garage; beautiful grounds; near station.
FOX REALTY COMPANY,
22 EAST 42D ST.

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All-year Residential Properties
For Sale or Rent,
Unfurnished or Furnished.
Joseph Elsener, Owner, Scarsdale, N. Y.

Mt. Vernon, The Pelhams, Bronxville

Homes for Sale and Rent.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.
At New Haven Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOW TO SAVE $500.

Buy a home now instead of later in the Spring. You can get better choice and terms now and save $500 in price. Homes on large plots, with every improvement, 20 minutes from Broadway, for $4,000 to $10,000. Particulars sent. T. F. Hayes, Room 520, 1,328 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

BUILDERS

CASH $10,000 and $10,000 equity for Bronx apartment, also $5,000 cash and $15,000 equity for Bronx apartment, in fair sections showing good incomes.
DAVID KRAUS, 37 Liberty St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

3 Rooms and Bath
$2.00 PER DAY
or 66c per Room
at
61-65 E. 59th St.
Same locality as the Plaza, Savoy and Netherlands.
Hotel Service
THE MANHANSET
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LOFTS Bargains, rent concessions; get prices.
48-50 W. 21st; first-class, light 4 sides.
164 5th Ave., lofts and offices, near 23d St.
10 W. 18th, fireproof lofts, $75 upward.
73-75 5th Ave., perfect light, cheap rent.
5 West 14th, 25x60; side windows, ele., steam.
Buildings and Stores Throughout Manhattan.
155 WEST DUROSS 14TH ST.

32 NORTH MOORE ST.

Entire seven-story-and-basement warehouse to let, 25x87; electric elevator; good strong building; extra high ceilings; rent very reasonable; possession May 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated August 25, 1913, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas Allibone Janvier, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Alexander & Green, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of March next.

Dated New York, Sept. 2d, 1913.
HENRY SANDWITH DRINKER, Executor.
ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Executor, 165 Broadway, New York City.

57 STORIES—Highest Building in the World

A Light, New Store

—at the converging point of nearly fifty transportation lines—where hundreds of thousands of people pass by every day—may be had in the

WOOLWORTH BUILDING

For Only $4,000 a Year

¶ Larger Stores in this Building at the same proportionate rate—very low, considering all the advantages accruing from such a world-famous location.

¶ Right now you may choose your location on three streets —Broadway, Park Place, or Barclay Street.

OFFICES Very desirable offices in this world-famous Building at Reasonable Rates.

¶ Brokers protected. Call, telephone or write for details.

EDWARD J. HOGAN, Agent Telephone 5524 Barclay

PARK AVE. & 55TH ST

SOUTHWEST CORNER.
NEW 12-STORY APARTMENT HOUSE.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY AUGUST 1ST.
OWNED BY THE
ESTATE OF OGDEN GOELET
LEASES NOW BEING MADE. PLANS ALTERED TO SUIT.
12, 14 & 19 ROOMS
WITH
3, 4 & 8 BATHS
RENTS $4,000 TO $11,000.
Booklet Showing Floor Plans Mailed Upon Request.
Estate of Ogden Goelet, 9 West 17th Street. TELEPHONE 3460 CHELSEA
Moore & Wyckoff, Agents, 546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St. TELEPHONE 1263 BRYANT

There still remain for rental several high-class apartments at
375 PARK AVE.
Your inspection is invited.
52nd to 53rd Street
8 to 12 Rooms 3 to 4 Baths
Rentals $2700 to $6000

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR SALE—
Lease of Northwest Cor.
of
10th and Market Streets,
PHILADELPHIA

(having 23 years to run,) embracing the entire building, 66 foot front on Market Street, 210 feet on 10th Street, seven stories and basement; also lease (having 11 years to run) for five floors in buildings 1,005-7-9-11 Market Street, (adjoining the corner building,) 66x210; also the fixtures and delivery service all heretofore used by Blum Brothers, Inc., department store; this property is in the centre of the retail store district and the buildings have been

ESPECIALLY ARRANGED for a DEPARTMENT STORE

and have been so occupied for eleven years past.

EDWARD WOLF, WILLARD P. BARROWS, Receivers, 10th and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

41 Park Row &
147 Nassau St.

Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high, 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

STORE (4,751 SQ. FT.) and **BASEMENT** (4,638 SQ. FT.)
TO RENT,
2004-8 Broadway
AT 68TH STREET
Apply
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.,
31 Nassau St. 'Phone 8125 Cortlandt
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

22 WEST 56TH ST.

To be altered; occupancy April 1; STORE, 90 ft. deep; APARTMENTS on three upper floors; special inducements to immediate applicants.
Edgar A. Manning, 489 5th Av., Tel., 6835—Murray Hill. at 42d St.

DOCTOR.

PARLOR FLOOR, SUITABLE FOR DOCTOR; SUPERB LOCATION. 117 WEST 57TH ST.

54 EAST 59TH ST.

Entire Second Floor,
Approximately 24x80.
Office or Physical Culture Gymnasium.
RENT $800.
Apply on premises.

36 EAST 49TH STREET

adjoining Madison Avenue. Present tenant, ladies' tailor, having made a fortune there, has bought another house.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
114 Liberty St. and 41 East 41st St.

All or part of corner suite of eight offices facing on 34th Street and Broadway, overlooking Herald Square, to sublet at a concession to desirable tenant. Brokers protected. SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES COMPANY. 47 West 34th Street.

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8 Modern Lofts, With Power

Complying with all factory laws.
Sprinkled, Ample Fire Escapes.
Light 3 sides; elevator; steam heat.
About 36,000 Sq. Feet in all; would divide.
Help Easily Obtainable.
Convenient to shipping terminals.
Lowest Fire Ins. Rate.
Owner, 270 Willoughby Av., cor. Classon Av. BROOKLYN.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

610 WEST 116th ST.

5 rooms and bath, high-class house, bet. B'way & Riverside Dr.; balcony, beautiful view; immed. poss.
RENT $900.
Concessions. Tel. Morningside 3040. Thompson.

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HALF NEW YORK RENTS
7 & 15 Glenada Place, Brooklyn.

High-class elevator apartment house; latest up-to-date conveniences; telephone in every apartment; hardwood floors. Block from Albany Ave. Station, Fulton St.

4 Rooms $32.00 5 Rooms $37.50
6 Rooms $45.00 7 Rooms $50.00

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

104 East 40th St. At Park Av.

Apartments of comfort and elegance in the Aristocratic Murray Hill Section. 5 and 6 rooms, 1 and 2 baths.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.
Marked concessions on 3 remaining Suites
Rent, $1,600 to $2,800.
Doctor's Apartment of 2 rooms, $1,200.
Owners on premises.

38 West 59th Street

New twelve-story Apartment Building, opposite Central Park. Contains studio and housekeeping apartments of two, three, five and six rooms and baths. Just completed, ready for immediate occupancy.
FURNISHED IF DESIRED.
Exclusive, beautiful, unique; has every known improvement. Ideal home for small families and bachelors. Doctor's suite on ground floor. Concessions to October 1. Agent on premises.

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36 Gramercy Park East.
CO-OPERATIVE APARTMENT HOUSE.
Distinctive in Arrangement, Equipment and Plan of Ownership.
Apartments For rent, $2,100 to $3,000 For sale, $8,700 to $12,000.
S. De Walltearss & Hull, Agents,
366 5TH AVENUE

94th St. NEAR RIVERSIDE 314 315 321
BIG CONCESSIONS
High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms.
4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath, $46.00 to $87.50.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43-47 EAST 58TH STREET
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1400-$1550
Standard all night service. Resident Manager.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

200 West 55th Street

Connected with the Hotel Woodward.
CORNER 7TH AV.
An Apartment
8 Outside Rooms, All Large and Airy,
on short lease at very moderate terms.
Apply Hotel Wodward.

65 Central Park West

N. W. CORNER 66TH ST.
8 room corner Apartment, TWO BATHS; all outside rooms, facing Central Park; high class modern elevator building.
GREATLY REDUCED RENTAL.
Apply Superintendent on premises.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Mortgage Loans.

$3,500	TO LOAN
$4,000	on
$4,500	FIRST MORTGAGE
$5,000	on
$10,000	BRONX PROPERTY.
$12,000	5 per cent. and 5½ per cent.
$20,000	Principals only.

E. J. BUSHER, 149th St. & Courtlandt Av.

Second mortgage money; have sums up to $40,000, (Manhattan.) Irving, 160 Broadway, 1 o'clock.

$50,000 second mtg. money; small amounts; reasonable expenses; Yorkville. Meyer, 1,102 Lexington Av.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

DESIRABLE ROOMS FOR RENT.
147 East 34th St.; rent $1,300.00.
113 East 34th St.; rent $1,500.00.
241 Ave. B; rent $240.00
602 East 15th St.; rear shop, $420.00.
650 East 16th St.; store; $240.00.
Rear shop, 20x50; $240.00.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, Inc., 127 East 34th St.

DESIRABLE SITES.
WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER.
Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located;
LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER.
Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

STORE—116 NASSAU STREET—TO LET. A large basement store now occupied as pool and billiard room, containing 5,000 square ft. Fred'k Zittel & Sons, Agents.

FIREPROOF FACTORY, West 21st, 531 to 537. Fifth floor, 90x100 ft, $2,500; smaller lofts; immediate possession. Owner, C. Hofferberth, on premises.

4 EAST 46TH ST. Furnished showroom and workshop suitable for ladies' tailor or furrier for rent or sale; reasonable.

For Rent.—Two large, light lofts; rent reasonable. Apply restaurant, 203 Front St.

Modern house, electricity; "L" station corner; $75; whole or part. 249 East 57th.

43d St, 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Sublet two-room office, Aeolian Building. Call Room 848.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Income property stores and apartments, corners; part trade with cash considered. Sterling Realty Co., 203 B'way. Call afternoons.

West Side.

Positive Sacrifice—5-story 20-family cold-water tenement in the West 50s. Rents $2,640; price $23,500; easy terms. Apply Room 415 Bishop Building, 271 West 125th St.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Excellent business corner, next to Union Transfer Station, at Woodside, 40x100; fully improved. Apply Bargain, S 49 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Best list of houses, lots, farms, and country estates for sale or rent at White Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale, and the better sections of Westchester County. Chauncey B. Griffen, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Beautiful nine-room house; all improvements; Port Chester; 35 minutes; large lot; garage; easy terms. 55 Liberty St. Room 2,002.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

$4,750 on easy terms buys attractive substantial home; large plot; all improvements; newly decorated; seven large rooms; good neighborhood; hot water heat; oak floors and trim; no assessments; 33 minutes out; near station; no brokers. Box No. B 76 Times.

Owing to business reverses, owner must dispose of his country residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; 2½ acres on the north shore of Long Island; bargain; will also sell furniture. Owner, Room 47, 11 Wall St., New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Rockland County.

River Front Factory Property—About 26,000 square feet, with wharfage, on western shore of Hudson River, about 40 miles from New York; convenient freight service; can be sold or rented to responsible party on convenient terms. Address Opportunity, 355 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In ideal Ridgewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodelled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good size garden ground; fruit and shade trees, hedges, &c.; Ridgewood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgewood. N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Ridgewood—889 & 528-W. Tel. Rector—4794-5.

For $500 cash, balance to suit, will sell my handsome semi-bungalow; seven rooms and bath; all conveniences and improvements; good transportation; 20 to 50 minutes any part of Manhattan; price, $6,000; a big bargain if sold before March 1. F. W. Waggoner, 516, No. 1,328 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J. New hollow tile stucco 10-room house for sale at less than cost; 2 baths and every modern improvements; Heights section; lot 175x200; send for photo and full particulars. S. S. Walstrum—Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY. 1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Save your rent this year; make it help buy a home at Fanwood, the beautiful; houses ready, with all improvements; send for pictures H C Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

For HUDSON COUNTY real estate write to Board of Real Estate Brokers of HUDSON COUNTY, N. J. P. O. Box 57, Jersey City, N. J.

83 acres, completely equipped, stock, implements, &c.; everything modern; brook; hour out; station 1½ miles; $16,500. George S. Martin, Plainfield, R. F. D. 3.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Farms, Estates, and Village Homes—Many attractive offerings in a beautiful section of Eastern Massachusetts, near Boston; please state requirements. Frederick A. King, Framingham, Mass.

Real Estate—Out of City.

For Sale.—24½ acres good land; three miles from the heart of the City of Rochester, N. Y.; fruit trees; one large house and tenant house, and three barns; three street car lines to any part of the city. Address Mrs. C. Oothout, New Hamburgh, N. Y.

For Sale.—Six-story factory building, 40 South Water St., with right of water power, Rochester, N. Y. Address C. Oothout, New Hamburgh, N. Y.

Real Estate for Exchange.

CASH and EQUITY in 3-story dwelling in 121st St. for small investment property. J. H. Skillin, 174 Fulton St., N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

$15,000 free and clear country place for four-story private dwelling, west side, near 72d St.; leased good terms. Sterling Realty Co., owners, 203 Broadway. Call afternoons.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

133 EAST 104TH ST. A three and two story extension dwelling to let; near Lexington Av.; eight rooms and bath; rent only $500; possession now. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

A.—510 WEST END AV., 4 stories, 2 baths, parquet floors; rent low. Caretaker.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS. Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

A gentleman with an artistically and richly furnished high-class modern bachelor apartment on East 48th St., just off 5th Av.; large living room, two bedrooms, and tiled bath; all light; electric light and all-night elevator; would rent part or all to a responsible party; might sell. Murray Hill 1906.

39TH, 52 WEST.—Suite two rooms, furnished or unfurnished; electric light, telephone, extension suitable for studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

If looking for desirable furnished apartments, long, short leases, in choice localities, apply Clark & de Florez, 30 East 42d.

For Rent.—Over 110 West 39th St., select furnished apartments; 3-4-5 rooms. Call office Bustanoby's.

456 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful small apartment; $85 month. Supt.

East Side.

TO SUBLET, AT ATTRACTIVE RENTAL, SMALL HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT OF SIX ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR, ALSO HOTEL APARTMENTS, ONE TO FOUR ROOMS, WITH ONE OR MORE BATHS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS. MADISON SQUARE APARTMENTS, 40 EAST 26TH ST.

Beautifully furnished eight outside rooms, corner apartment; southeast exposure; reasonable to right party for three months. Address Kingsley, 75 East 81st St. Phone Lenox 3463.

To Sublet—Two large rooms, private bath; $45; exceptional offer; full hotel service. 35 East 27th St.

81st St., 75 East.—Very handsomely furnished Apt., etc. Rent, $200 a month.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To sublet until October, with privilege releasing, apartment, 4 rooms, bath; rent $45. Steele, Morningside Park Apartments, 40 Morningside Av., 118th St.

Washington Heights.—Lowest rent; 86 Wadsworth Av., corner 177th; all improvements; 5-6 rooms; $28-$42; Broadway Sub. to 181st.

Avoca, 170th and Fort Washington.—Sublease new modern five-room apartment; liberal reduction.

524 WEST 123D ST. Seven large, light, modern rooms; 1 flight; quiet, refined neighborhood; $40. Jedel.

98th, 166 West.—Eight rooms, just decorated; all improvements; near Subway, Central and Riverside Parks; second-fourth floors; $45.

109th, 245-247 West.—Four rooms, newly decorated; steam heated halls and closets; near Broadway and Riverside Drive; $22.

47th, 16 West.—Charming kitchenette apartment; bath, hot water; conveniences; moderate rental.

Sublet attractive six-room apartment, 220 West 98th St. See manager, on premises.

Brooklyn.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42. 6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl. near Fulton.

Apartments Wanted—Unfurnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted, by month, inexpensive studio or studio apartment, for housekeeping. G 27 Times.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—Watch and fob, both inscribed "Presented to George Ebeling by His Friends and Associates December, 1906;" valuable to owner because of sentiment attached. Finder please return to or notify Gage Brothers & Co., 11 West 32d St., and receive liberal reward.

LOST.—On Tuesday evening, Feb. 3, a diamond fleur-de-lis pin either on West 50th St., near 6th Av., or on a 6th Av. car, or on West 39th St. between the corner of 6th Av. and Engineers' Building; reward. Return to 41 West 50th St.

LOST.—Pearl sunburst brooch, pendant hook, solitaire diamond centre, gold setting, Feb. 2 in going from Saks's to Loft's 34th St. to Madison Av. car, north to 87th St.; liberal reward. Call after 10 A. M., write Jackson, 7 East 87th St.

LOST.—Tuesday evening black mosaic earring set in gold; at or near Central Opera House, or at or near the Hotel Plaza; reward. M. Bailey, 102 East 31st St., city.

LOST—Feb. 2, on Broadway car, at Broadway, 32d St., green box containing fur muff. Finder will confer favor by returning to Room 505, 320 5th Av.

LOST—Skunk muff, lined with white and brown, in R. H. Macy & Co.'s, Monday afternoon. Reward for return to E. H. Bronson, 445 West 153d St. Phone 2366 Audubon.

LOST.—Gray automobile rug lined with leopard skin, from automobile in front of Longacre Theatre; $10 reward, no questions asked. Mrs. C. H. Pope, 247 5th Av.

LOST.—Black seal scarf, white trimming, Saturday evening, in lobby or front of Armory, 34th St., 4th Av.; reward. Jacobson, 1,012 Faile St. Melrose 2369.

LOST—Small cameo brooch, surrounded with pearls, Tuesday evening, between 102d and 82d Sts., on Broadway; reward offered. Gardner, 316 West 102d.

LOST—Gold-rim spectacles, corner Broadway at 116th St., 2:30 P. M. Feb. 3; case marked Hochstetter. Return to Mrs. Thurber, 29 Claremont Av.

LOST—Sunday evening, between 142d, Belasco Theatre, gold brooch, flower shape, with pearl; reward. Apt. 37, 302 Convent Av.

LOST.—On Tuesday, large steel-rimmed spectacles in case, near 80th St., Broadway; $2 reward. H. M. Warner, 320 West 83d St.

LOST—Gold locket; one side diamond, other monogram "A. B."; liberal reward. X 274 Times Annex.

LOST—Friday, Jan. 30, gold pin, turquoise; reward. Miss Mead, 129 East 76th St., second floor.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—On 57th St., Columbus Av., female fox terrier; half of face black; reward. Return Snow, 2,020 Broadway, city.

Business Opportunities.

Forty cents a line.

Exceptional opportunity offered gentlemen with capital take half interest in corporation ready to start business importing tropical products; contracts with plantation on hand netting $61,045; give age, former position. Address Import, Box 145 Times Downtown.

Middle-aged business man with wide experience in various branches, now acting as representative, desires silent partner with $50,000 for independent investment business; strictly confidential; no agents. R 353 Times Downtown.

Slot machine vending, penny article; impossible heretofore of slot machine selling; world's largest penny seller; machine publicly tested; investigation by legitimate investors desired. Address in first instance B 363 Times.

Business man going to South America would execute commissions or look up information for business prospects with care and economy. S. A., care of A. Gilmour, 45 West 34th St.

Large knit goods plant, well established, seeks good salesman, knit goods experience, with investment, to become active partner. Address by letter only, Accountant, Room 4,004, Metropolitan Life Building.

A qualified investor with services and $25,000 or upward has an opportunity to enter wholesale business in a very old, well established company of highest reputation. Box R 304 Times Downtown.

Moving Pictures.—In connection with my studios in N. Y. City I have purchased land short distance from city; $5,000 required for immediate development; interview only. S 151 Times.

Opening for Lithographer.—Floor to lease in fireproof building to lithographer with small plant; Pennsylvania Terminal district; can guarantee considerable business to the right party. G 26 Times.

Retired merchant desires connection with reliable concern; insurance, brokerage, office, selling, or similar propositions; am well connected. Active, R 354 Times Downtown.

Picture theatre, 600 seats, admission 10c, receipts $400 to $500 weekly; price $12,500; rent $3,000; trial allowed; also others. Zahn & Kerr, 206 Broadway.

For Sale or Rent—Completely furnished showroom and fully equipped workroom, suitable for furrier or ladies' tailor; best retail section. B 6 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young gentleman, experienced salesman, wishes to represent high-class concern on road; answer immediately; excellent references. G 16 Times.

Partner with few thousand dollars in established manufacturing business of children's hats; knowledge of taking care of office preferred. Box E 233 Times.

For Sale.—Established dyeing and furnishing plant, fully equipped; good trade; exceptional terms to responsible party. S. A., 112 Times.

GROCERY OR DELICATESSEN.
Desirable store, corner St. Nicholas Av. and Bleecker St., Brooklyn. Inquire.

Partner with few thousand dollars for good, flourishing business; good chance for right party. Steinberg, 13 East 16th St.

Wanted—Energetic, reliable man with small capital; profitable enterprise; references required. D 146 Times.

Wanted.—Partner with $3,000; manufacture staple article; information at interview. G 22 Times.

Advertising man with $2,000; partner; excellent opportunity; official. Progressive, Box Z 366 Times.

Literary business, interesting, remunerative, requires associate; small capital necessary. S 136 Times.

Salesman with small capital can become partner in an established neckwear concern. Box L 30 Times.

Partner wanted with $3,000 in manufacturing business; retiring on account of illness. D 136 Times.

Partner wanted with small capital to join an established neckwear concern. Box L 29 Times.

Intelligent young lady has $2,000 to invest. Address Box 24, 1,418 5th Av.

Want to buy profitable business or partnership; have $8,000. R 126 Times.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

MULTIGRAPHING,
FAC SIMILE LETTERS, ADDRESSING, MAILING; SUPERIOR WORK; LOWEST PRICES. "COSMO" LETTER CO.,
2,297 Seventh Av. Phone 8022 Morning.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Let us give you estimate on cleaning your cellars or yards of dirt and rubbish. 'Phone Chelsea 1546. T. J. Dennis, 512 W. 15th St.

BETTER LETTERS.—Multigraphing, 200, $1; 500, $1.35; get our prices on printing. Telephone John 1047. Neil, 50 Pine.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST.
Patents worked out, secured, disposed of; patents purchased; we speak all languages.

Vacuum Cleaning

VACUUM CLEANING; ROOMS, 40c. UP.
Contracts more reasonable. Woodbury Vacuum Co., 141 West 36th St. 'Phone Greeley 4022.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

[illegible]TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms, single, en suite, heated; running water; excellent table.

29TH ST., 88 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

34TH ST., 117 and 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Suite of two rooms and bath; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large, small rooms; gentlemen or families; board; telephone; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Small front room; excellent board; table guests accommodated; telephone.

[illegible]9TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class references.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, elegant surroundings; breakfast only, if desired; private house; also smaller room.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; excellent table; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; BACK PARLOR; TABLE GUESTS.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large rooms; every convenience; board; best location; refined home.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; gentlemen preferred; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; double, single rooms; private baths; steam, electricity.

72D, 266 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE SUNNY ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; REFERENCES.

72D, 117 WEST.—ROOMS, LARGE, SMALL; CONVENIENCES. 8966 COLUMBUS.

73D, 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsomely furnished room; all improvements; references exchanged.

75TH, 139 WEST.
Quiet, refined home; front, sunny rooms, with board; references.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, well-heated, attractive room; smaller room; choice table; telephone.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room.

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large, double room; private bath, and board.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor, dining room; table guests; reasonable.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Nice single rooms; newly furnished; electricity; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; refined surroundings; moderate.

80TH, 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor floor suite; southern exposure; reasonable; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; moderate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; references.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; steam, electricity; excellent meals; table guests; references.

85TH ST., 333 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, two; conveniences; breakfast optional; private family.

86TH, 51 WEST.—Attractive room, refined home; table and all appointments first-class.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive large double rooms; steam; electricity; table a specialty.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; parlor dining. Telephone 3371 Riverside.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms in refined house; good table; reasonable terms.

96TH ST., 49 WEST.—Rooms with board; Park street, near Subway and "L."

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home. 252 West—Table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH, 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; 6 beautiful bathrooms.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; Southerners.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Two attractive sunny corner rooms overlooking park, Morningside Heights; glorious view; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $12; references.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; separate or en suite; private bath; steam; parlor dining room; American table; reasonable.

123D ST., 360 WEST.—Rooms, fine location; good meals; $7; Protestant; business women.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Beautiful sunny second floor room; also smaller room; Subway.

148TH ST., (414 Convent Av., near 148th St.)—Large front room.

149TH ST., 544 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway and beautiful Riverside Drive; healthiest section; "The Audubon," first-class private family hotel; few vacancies; large rooms, electricity, phone, and bath, $10 to $12, one; $14 to $20, two; rates include first-class board; parlor dining rooms, separate tables; reception parlor; every comfort of a real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

BROTHER, SISTER, having unusual home, delicious meals, desire appreciative gentlemen, seeking exclusive home, to share. "Broadway," S 22 Times.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Medium sized rooms; one, $9 upward; two, $15 upward.

867 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Invalids, convalescents, and the infirm given every comfort and attention in refined, attractive home; expert masseur; graduate nurses; excellent table; special diets; mechano-therapy, physical culture, saddle horses. X, 1,014 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Attractive, sunny room, medium size, high-class elevator apartment off Union Square; moderate. Apt. 72.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; closet and dressing room; private bath; $8.

30TH, 131 EAST.—Pleasant, southern exposed large, small rooms; single, en suite; housekeeping privileges; board if desired. Madison Square 3624.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, with private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with, without private baths; gentlemen; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,372, (90th.)—Large room; physician's residence; conveniences; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small, attractive, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

West Side.

9TH ST., 23 WEST.—Fine, large room; bath connected; suitable two; reference; telephone.

10TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; newly decorated; all conveniences; exclusive.

21ST ST., 469 WEST.—Clean, well kept, from $2 up; elegant back parlor, heat, water, $5.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large room; running water, bath; refined surroundings; $8.

45TH ST., 156 WEST.—Furnished rooms; light; all conveniences; for couples or refined actors.

50TH ST., 35 WEST.—Elegant parlors, private baths, kitchenettes, telephones; splendid location; $8, $10; other rooms.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Private family; room and bath; elegantly furnished floor; gentleman.

53D, 62 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, sunny room; also single room; every convenience.

55TH, 345 WEST.—LARGE, SUNNY ROOMS; ALSO FRONT BASEMENT.

56TH, 363 WEST.—Hot water every room; single, double; steam; showers; telephone; Subway, "L"; $2.50-$7; restaurant connected.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

56TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor, bedroom, and bath; every convenience. 6236 Columbus.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, private bath, $10; rooms, $3.50; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

64TH ST., 130 West.—Large and small, handsomely furnished rooms; private baths. 5477 Columbus.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Cozy second floor suite; two rooms and private bath; hot water, unlimited supply; location unexcelled.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished sunny rooms; private bath; select. 8826 Columbus.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Front parlor, nicely furnished; all conveniences; very desirable neighborhood; references.

69TH, 108 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; private bathroom; modern conveniences; meals optional.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOM; EXCLUSIVE APARTMENT; SHOWER. WILDE.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Attractive, handsome, well-furnished rooms; conveniences; telephone; Subway. "L"; reasonable.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally comfortable; every convenience; also small room.

70TH, 107 WEST.—Refined home for established nurses; private house; reasonable; telephone.

221 WEST 71ST. ST. AND
351 WEST 71ST ST.
Newly furnished throughout; 2 doors from Broadway; 1 and 2 large rooms, with kitchenette, gas, telephone, maid service, and laundry included; $3.50 to $12 weekly.

71ST ST., 282 WEST.—Suite of two rooms and dressing room; running water; also large corner front room; electricity.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; private bath; medium room; telephone; Subway.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; references.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, splendid home for refined people.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large room; private bath; continuous hot water; telephone; Subway.

75TH, 253 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room; southern exposure; private house; electricity, hot water heating; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Beautiful second floor; will divide; also small room; references.

77TH, 126 WEST.—Unusually well-furnished large, small rooms; newly decorated; reasonable.

78TH, 111 WEST.—Responsible gentleman can rent elegantly furnished room; all conveniences.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful small room; near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

81ST, 167 WEST.—Suitable bachelor or couple; handsomely furnished parlor suite; convenient "L" or Subway. Kerby. Schuyler, 9922.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; running water; every convenience; exclusive home; gentlemen. Sherwood. Telephone, Schuyler 4794.

82D, 43 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms, with private baths; references; phone.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private house; telephone; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; piano.

82D ST., 41 WEST.—Desirable room; private house, telephone; references.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large single warm rooms, $3.50, $4; bath, telephone. Anderson.

82D, 118 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; southern exposure; single room.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; quiet, homelike surroundings; board if desired.

85TH ST., 333 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, two; conveniences; breakfast optional; private family.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; continuous hot water; quiet, refined home.

91ST ST., 126 WEST.—Attractive front suite; conveniences; private family; board optional. Wheelock.

92D, 100 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; private hall; one flight; corner; one block from elevated; references. Wyatt.

93D, 103 WEST.—Large sunny front bedroom; bath; steam; piano. Rudwall.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales, other business; also large, light room; private bath; telephone.

95TH, (Riverside Drive.)—Large, beautiful rooms; southern exposure. 3790 Riverside. Apartment 60.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath; telephone.

103D ST., 214 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, steam-heated front room; convenient Subway, "L"; small private family; telephone. Casey.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

103D ST., 129 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor; also small room; phone; reasonable. Meyer.

107TH, 201 WEST.—Large room; elevator, steam; piano; electricity; very reasonable. Kirkpatrick.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Cozy, homelike outside, adjoining bath; every improvement; reasonable. Flint.

107TH ST., 266 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; comfortably furnished; modern conveniences. Riverside 3090R.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway).—Unusually cheerful homelike front room; elevator; telephone. Apt. 6A.

111TH ST., 500 WEST.—Desirable room; high class elevator building; couple or lady. Call after 12 noon, Apt. 2E.

111TH ST., 611 WEST. — BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, SUNNY ROOM; ELEVATOR. MURRAY.

112TH ST., 601 WEST.—Lady would rent large, beautiful room; breakfast; home comforts. Mathison.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Light outside single and double rooms; bath; shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms; elevator, telephone, shower; reasonable. Apt. 41.

120TH ST., 434 WEST.—New two rooms kitchenette; high-class apartment. Bryan.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone, Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Front suite rooms; nicely furnished; modern apartment; kitchen privileges. Worrell.

126TH ST., 323 WEST.—Large, small rooms; bath; heated; conveniences; private house; telephone. Godreuil.

126TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH, 145 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small outside rooms, with closets; steam, electricity; phone; elevator; reasonable. Unverzagt, Apartment 14.

127TH ST., 213 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; shower; telephone; conveniences; Subway, "L."

135TH, 601 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated room; independent entrance; private family. 5080 Morningside. Carroll.

139TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside, sunny room, next bath; reasonable; elevator; Apt. 31.

140TH, 608 WEST.—Very desirable large room; southern exposure; Subway; telephone. Apartment 44.

143D ST., 501 WEST.—Elegant front room; handsomely furnished; gentlemen; telephone; conveniences. Apt. 27.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Beautiful room; park view; adjoining bath. Apartment 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private family; all conveniences; gentlemen; breakfast optional. Morningside 3409. Apartment 2C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Attractive room; private family, near Grant Tomb; high-class apartment near Subway. 'Phone 9576 W—Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (Apt. 6B.)—En suite; newly furnished; facing river; select references; 96th express Subway, 'bus. Meek.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583.—Single, connecting rooms, overlooking Hudson; hotel service. Apt. 24.

TIFFANY ST., 953, (Near Intervale Av. Subway Station.)—Furnished room, with bath, steam heat; private entrance, electric light; no children; German couple. Call Hofbauer.

THE LUDINGTON,
205 WEST 101ST ST.
Two doors from Broadway, in high-class elevator apartment, newly furnished throughout; one and two large rooms with kitchenette, gas, telephone, maid service, laundry included, $4.50 to $14 weekly. All-night service. Transients accommodated.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END AV, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., INC.,
1876 Broadway,
N. Y. C.

February 4th, 1914.

The New York Times:—

During the year 1913 we inserted numerous advertisements in the Automobile Exchange column of The New York Times.

We are pleased to say that the majority of the replies have brought entirely satisfactory results.

We shall continue to use the Automobile Exchange column throughout the present year.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., Inc.,
By L. Bretey, Mgr.

Telephone advertisements to The Times—1000 Bryant.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 790, (98th St.)—Large front room, adjoining bath; three windows.

WEST END AV., 226.—Private house, newly furnished; bath, heat, water; Subway.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

AGENTS.—Unusual opportunity for women interested in woman suffrage to make large commissions. Clifton Company, Metropolitan Building, Room, 7,049.

APPRENTICES.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of millinery apprentices. Apply at Trimmed Millinery workroom, sixth floor.

CHILD'S NURSE.—Experienced, reliable young woman who thoroughly understands the care of babies, as nurse for infant five weeks old; hospital training desired, but not essential. Apply with references, Fishel, 200 West 113th St.

FIRST-CLASS MILLINERS; GOOD SALARIES TO COMPETENT PEOPLE. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 564 5TH AV.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A LARGE
NUMBER OF
MILLINERS,
COPYISTS,
IMPROVERS,
LEARNERS.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl, general housework. 436 Fort Washington Av. Apt. 2A; big wages.

MANAGER.—Educated lady to develop as manager; guaranteed salary while learning. Irving Chauncey, 225 5th Av.

MILLINERS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of first-class milliners. Apply at Trimmed Millinery Workrooms, Sixth Floor.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH STREET, NEW YORK,
Require the services of EXPERIENCED saleswomen for their Underwear Department.

SCHOOL TEACHERS employed can add $10 to $25 weekly commission to their incomes by little effort. Adirondack, S 146 Times.

Instruction.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

APPRAISER OF HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS; MAN WHO CAN QUALIFY AS AN ABSOLUTE EXPERT, IN ANY PARTICULAR LINE OF FURNISHINGS. CALL ROOM 1,109, 80 MAIDEN LANE.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted, 20 to 25 years old; must be by training and instinct a gentleman; must have at least high school education or its equivalent; must have pleasing personality, write a good clear hand, and be rapid and correct at figures; some experience would be an advantage, but must have ability and liking for accounting work; ability to run a typewriter would be an advantage, but would not be required; salary $850 to $900. Address by letter D A T 356 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, to take charge of office; one who understands typewriting and stenography preferred; state experience, salary and references. Address R 363 Times Downtown.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE IMPORTING HOUSE; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; APPLICATIONS MUST STATE AGE, SCHOOLING, EXPERIENCE IF ANY, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. BOX E 232 TIMES.

BOY wanted, bright, about 17 years old; reference; no others need apply. D. C., Box 105 Times.

CHOIR BOYS.—Four intelligent choir boys with good voices, between the ages of 10 and 12, wanted at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. Apply immediately by letter to T. Tertius Noble, 1 West 53d St.

DESIGNER for Axminster carpets; must be first-class. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

ELEVATOR STARTERS, WELL-APPEARING, FIRST-CLASS MEN, OVER 5 FEET 10 INCHES, WITH AT LEAST 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, FOR HIGHEST GRADE OFFICE BUILDING; NO OTHER APPLICANTS WILL BE CONSIDERED; GOOD WAGES, STEADY POSITIONS. TO RECEIVE REPLY GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. BOX L 28 TIMES.

FIFTY HUSTLERS; commission and free trip, including board for year and transportation to Arizona, for those making sales aggregating $1,000. R 273 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN wanted, first-class automobile engineer, to take entire charge of Ford repair department; must have had extensive experience with Ford car; a live wire with executive ability is what is required; no amateurs or has-beens need apply; good salary and bonus paid to the right man. Apply by letter, with copies of references as to ability, &c., to the Trinity Garage, 5th St. and Hudson Boulevard, Union Hill, N. J.

INSURANCE MEN, experienced, clean records, solicit health, accident; monthly, weekly payment policies; no salary, but advances. Apply National Casualty Company, 100 William St., N. Y. C., between 9 and 12.

MACHINIST, EXPERIENCED WILCOX & GIBBS STRAW SEWING MACHINE; STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS X 272 TIMES ANNEX.

Manager for Men's
Furnishing Department
in a live Broadway
Store.
Splendid opportunity
for the right man.
Address B 12 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER (New York representative) wanted by concern importing highest class of pharmaceutical, medical, and toilet preparations; must be thoroughly acquainted with the trade, have good standing, able to organize and handle sales force; unequaled opportunity for the right party; salary and commission; full particulars with application; (confidential.) Address Suite 1,109, 110 West 34th St., New York City.

SALESMEN of proven ability will be interested in our new combinations to be issued shortly; men now concentrating on present combinations, including Henry, Kipling, London, Balzac; selling features that get the orders; highest rate commissions. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place. Mr. Mansfield. Afternoons only.

SALESMAN.—Kumfort Garment Co. of Chicago, manufacturing a reputable line of rompers, creepers, and children's play suits, would like to make connections with salesman having city office; must have good following among large retail infants' wear buyers; commission basis only. Jacob Bloom, Hotel Somerset.

SALESMEN WANTED,—Two high-class salesmen to sell high-grade pianos and players, will deal almost entirely with the social class, a very hard proposition, but good money for real salesmen; commission basis; experience not absolutely necessary, but must be legitimate. G 15 Times.

SALESMAN acquainted with highway contractors and builders for special work; commission. Address A. W., B8 Times Annex.

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work; big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN.—Services of young, healthy, and energetic raw silk salesman desired; state education, experience, age, salary, &c.; apply by writing only, which will be kept strictly confidential and returned if desired. Address Manager, Mitsui & Co., Ltd., 25 Madison Av., City.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty line on commission, side line, for the Middle West. Address L 19 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty on commission, side line for the East. Address L 20 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty line on commission, side line, for the South. Address L 21 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced on dresses and costumes, for Middle West; commission. Call 4 to 6, J. Brecher, 29 West 35th.

SALESMEN for side line rompers and baby dresses, for jobbing and large retail trade; commission. R 358 Times Downtown.

SOLICITOR and canvasser wanted; a man who has successful record in soliciting among mechanics, at shops, offices, stores, &c., who is desirous of continuing this kind of work for a large educational institution, which can guarantee from $30 to $50 a week after third week, when sufficient leads have been secured to start closing contracts in large quantity; real hustlers wanted; hasbeens and try-outs need not apply; company has every facility to canvass with. Box D 145 Times. Commission.

SOLICITOR.—A live advertising solicitor wanted on commission; must be a live wire; references required. G 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, capable stenographer and typewriter; one who has had experience in dry goods commission business preferred; $18; good opportunity for advancement. State age and previous experience. Address Box E 231 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Wanted, by business school, competent teacher of Isaac Pitman shorthand and touch typewriting; good references and personality. D 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN, not less than 18 years of age; must be a rapid and good writer; salary $30 a month. Address K., P. O. Box 1,548, N. Y. City.

WE ARE ORGANIZING A PERMANENT SELLING FORCE TO MAKE LARGE CITIES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER; UNMARRIED MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER AND HABITS, WHO ARE A NO. 1 AND EXPERIENCED IN SELLING SMALL MACHINES, SUCH AS CASH REGISTERS AND THE LIKE, TO MERCHANTS, WILL WORK IN GROUPS OF FIVE OR TEN; FIXED SALARY; ALL EXPENSES PAID. TO BE CONSIDERED APPLICANT MUST GIVE FULL INFORMATION REGARDING EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, AND REFERENCES; ONLY EARNEST WORKERS AND MEN OF ABILITY CONSIDERED. ALL COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS BOX X 276 TIMES ANNEX.

Instruction.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; bright, industrious, punctual, accurate; small salary. B., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, six years' experience, corporation, controlling accounts; high school graduate (24;) $15. R 313 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary; competent woman; responsible position; highest references. H. A., 467 West 144th St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; capable manager; correspondent; modern methods; $12. Miss Marshall, R 344 Times.

CLEANING.—German woman desires to do cleaning Saturdays; references. Address Mrs. Weiler, 301 West 146th St.

COOK.—Colored woman wants position, first-class cook. Henry, 137 West 53d St.

DAY'S WORK.—Respectable colored woman wants a few hours' work daily; references. Coleman, 437 West 52d St.

DAY'S WORK, French girl, washing, ironing, cleaning, out. Wuojarri, 2,174 Lexington Av.

GRADUATE MASSEUSE gives treatments at ladies' residences. Tel. Schuyler 9430.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper, home; children's, ladies' wear specialty; first-class work; prompt delivery. Tel. Flushing 1113J.

LAUNDRESS.—Experienced laundress wishes fine wash take home, or out; open-air drying. Smith, 113 West 46th St., care Taylor.

MAID.—Respectable colored woman, dressmaking experience, wishes position in private family as maid; letters only. Thompson, 207 East 97th.

MASSEUSE.—English graduate; gives scalp, facial, body massage; rheumatism specialty; ladies' residence only. Telephone 9411 Riverside.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Some knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; willing to start moderately. A. B., 111 East Houston St. Tel. 8276 Orchard.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Familiar typewriting, filing, and office routine; $8. R 327 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Adaptable, competent; A1 references; $18. R 299 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant; seven years' real estate brokerage experience; conversant office details; references; $15. R 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; accurate, rapid, painstaking, conscientious, trustworthy worker; $12; references. Florence Underhill, 411 West 128th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper; capable; American girl; beginner; two years high school; excellent penman; $8. R 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator; legible penman; high school graduate; neat appearing; conscientious worker; $8; references. Ambitious, R 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic young woman, good education, capable; commercial experience; $12. Miss Burke, care McDowell, 46 West 65th.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience, possessing real executive ability, wishes position; salary $15; excellent references. R 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; six years' commercial experience; office routine; accustomed to responsibilities, initiative; excellent credentials. S. J., Box 130 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid typist; familiar filing; switchboard and other office duties; $12; references. R 347 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' engineering, advertising experience; high school graduate; spell, punctuate intelligently; $12. R 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' engineering and brokerage experience; office assistant, switchboard operator; highest credentials; $15. R 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, FLUENT correspondent, ORIGINAL THINKER, accurate, rapid transcriber; highest credentials; $10. R 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, neat, and accurate; 2½ years' experience; best of references; salary, $9. Miss F., 437 Manhattan Av. Apt. 53.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

STENOGRAPHER, eight months' experience; high school graduate; assistant bookkeeper; neat; $6; references. Evelyn, R 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; will make good; will do utmost to please. Sophie Block, 695 Madison Av.; phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; high school education; references; cheerfulness, efficiency, competency. R 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, fluent correspondent; educated, refined, earnest; $10. R 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent; six years' commercial experience; references; $15. R 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (18,) one year's experience; willing; references; salary, $7. P Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.—Neat, bright, beginner; $6; American; rapid, accurate. R 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American; experienced; willing, obliging, accurate; interested in work; $10-$12. R 361 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, good grammarian; quick and accurate; $6-$8. R 362 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; accustomed difficult dictation; references; $12. R 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—High school graduate; 5 years one position; American; $12. Miss Mae, 947 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced, high school graduate; references. Doblin, 78 Sackman St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, reliable, thoroughly satisfactory work; excellent references; $10. R 343 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; educated; executive ability; highest references; $15. G 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, biller, bookkeper; high school graduate; four years' experience. R 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; bright, neat American girl; beginner; $6. R 345 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated; business school graduate; good speller; $6 R 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, willing, not afraid hard work; $10. R 346 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; neat typist; references; $10. R 227 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; any standard machine; A1 references; $15. R 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, wishes position; experienced; references. R. T., 155 West 126th.

STENOGRAPHER, good grammarian, excellent speller, accurate typist; punctual; $10. R 342 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, experienced, high school education; $7. R 341 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER of ability, intelligence; small salary. S., 939 Putnam Av., B'klyn.

SWITCHBOARD operator, office assistant; operate 200 extensions; $7. Hagen, 411 West 128th.

TELEPHONE.—Young lady wishes night position as switchboard operator. M. K., 2,096 Washington Av.

YOUNG WOMAN desires position, white, board; twelve years' experience lecturer, religious, political, social work; good reference. G 1 Times.

YOUNG LADY, to read afternoons to invalid. Cloyes, 142 Manhattan Av.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Simplified systems installed, books opened, closed, audited, written up; special examinations and investigations conducted; financial statements and income tax returns rendered; personal service, work confidential; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone Beekman 2730.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Certified; auditing, investigations, accounting systems; superior service, moderate charges. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone 6970 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, efficiency expert; simple, comprehensive, factory and office systems, monthly audits, financial statements, Federal tax reports; $60 a year upward. Accountant, 37 West 21st St. Phone Gramercy 6437.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man (19) desires position as assistant bookkeeper or for clerical work; can operate typewriter; five years' office experience; presently employed; wishes to make change, as present position offers no future. R 326 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 31 years; 10 years' experience; conversant with all modern methods; conscientious, thorough, and efficient worker; competent to take full charge; highest references. G 7 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) five years' experience; conversant with all modern methods; conscientious, thorough, and efficient worker; competent to take full charge; highest references. S 21 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, credit man; 10 years' experience; controlling accounts, corporation accounting, financial statements, &c.; references. R 348 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; college education; competent; modern methods; well recommended; conscientious; opportunity, not salary, first consideration. R 350 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, experienced double entry; controlling accounts; trial balance; correspondent; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, Box 8, 284 East Houston St.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—Experienced young man would like employment for Saturdays and evenings. R 293 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, energetic, 6 years 'experience, desires good connection 3 years last employer; references. R 335 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and experienced cost accountant seeks immediate opening. G 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (26;) competent, reliable, trustworthy; 8 years' experience; $25. R 222 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; wide awake; capable; punctual; small salary. F., 939 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, 6 years' experience; acquainted all office details. R 337 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Intelligent, clean-cut, active, and willing; graduate; references. R 237 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, Valet.—Competent; two years last employ; go anywhere. S 145 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, understands his business thoroughly, wishes position private; good mechanic; six years' experience; sober and careful driver; polite, obliging; first-class reference. Reynolds, 96 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 35; single, machinist; experience 10 years, (5 one place;) Daimler, Simplex, Pierce, Isotta; good for traveling; speaks English, French, German, Italian, Spanish fluently. 307 West 70th St. Tel. Col. 2037.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman leaving city wishes to place his colored chauffeur, who understands his business thoroughly. Address Lance Williams, care of E. Kohn, 62 Hillside Place, Newark, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR, German, 34, married, 17 years' practical experience, foreign and domestic; traveling shops, and cities; references. X 202 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 12 years' private service, seeks first-class position; any car; best references. H 769 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Five years' experience; A1 mechanic; do own repairs. Geo. Wandling, 619 Hudson St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position; all repairs; references. Faust, 170 East 89th St.

COLLECTOR, &c.—Man, married, 38, seeks position as collector or anything; unquestionable references; would repay opportunity to earn livelihood by strictest attention to duties. G 19 Times.

COLLECTOR, 22 years, wishes position; 3 years' reference; security. Archie Cohen, 419 Grand St., Manhattan. S 141 Times.

COMPANION.—French nobleman, (25,) well educated, speaking French, English, and German, typewriting knowledge, seeks position as companion, private secretary or tutor; best references. G 23 Times.

COOK, BUTLER.—Japanese desires position; references. Masuta, 139 W. 123d St.

COUPLE, American, positions city, country; useful butler; wife good cook, baker, or entire work small family; can handle horse, steam, dry heat, &c.; have girl aged 13; references. R 11 Times.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

CREDIT MAN, ten years' experience, large jobbing house, desires position; willing to accept position as assistant. R 359 Times Downtown.

DANCING.—Cultured young man, expert dancer, wishes position as instructor. G 21 Times.

ENGINEER-DRAFTSMAN.—Civil engineer of 19 years' experience has two mornings a week and all day Saturday to do engineering, drafting, or research work. G 2 Times.

ENGINEER-INSPECTOR.—College man, five years' experience construction work, desires position, civil or mechanical; city; references. G 24 Times.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER and typewriter seeks occasional employment evenings. Box R 351 Times Downtown.

EXPORT CLERK.
YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, seeks position with export house; familiar with shipping details to South and Central America; experienced in bill and invoice work; can furnish excellent references. Address S 118 Times.

FRENCHMAN, expert dress goods, wants high class position tailoring or importing house. R 329 Times Downtown.

GARDENER SEEKS POSITION.
I am seeking a position as gardener and florist in a private family where I would have full charge. Have grown roses, carnations, mums, orchids, palms, grapes, &c., under glass; also vegetables and flower gardens. Am thoroughly reliable; have 20 years' experience, and can furnish unquestionable references from former New York employers. W. S., 83 Church St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

GENTLEMAN of good breeding, 29, wishes to devote his evenings to teach German language. Z 370 Times.

HOTEL STEWARD AND CLUB MANAGER.
Age 40 years; seeks position with first-class club or hotel; have had eight years' experience with the best of hotels and clubs; can furnish the highest and best of references as to character and ability; will go anywhere. Address L 1 Times.

JAPANESE, First-class cook, wants situation, private family; has city references. R. K., 224 West 123d St.

JAPANESE STUDENT, Christian, wishes work morning and evening. Mala, 102 West 123d.

MIDDLE-AGED MAN seeks position at anything; know the photography business thoroughly; will accept position as watchman; am looking for a job and am willing to show my appreciation of a chance to make good; moderate salary. Roach, 638 Vanderbilt St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, 20, experienced general office work, desires position with advancement. F. Kix, 26 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN and office man, having 22 years' experience and acquaintance with New York, Philadelphia, and out-of-town office jobbers and retailers in dry goods and notion lines, seeks position as manufacturer's representative; management of New York office and salesroom preferred; highest credentials. B 11 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—What women's wear of textile firm will give young man, 26, possessing selling ability, business experience, an opportunity to go out for trip with experienced salesman so as to become road salesman? S 120 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man with five years' experience in clothing and gents' furnishings, desires position as salesman where hard work will bring advancement. Energetic, B 9 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man, seven years experience automobile buyer, seeks position handling accessories. Silberberg, 1,361 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Ten years' traveling experience Europe, Colonies, U. S. "Linguist," R 357 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.
Capable stenographer and correspondent; eight years' experience; for the past four years in charge of correspondence of a large corporation; best personal and written references. R 340 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, (25,) energetic man, who has made good; experienced at systematizing and corresponding; expert stenographer. R 307 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Very cultured gentleman wants position; best references; knows Spanish; age 30. G 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant; well qualified; capable handling correspondence; own initiative; seven years' experience; excellent references. S 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, 21, graduate business school; four years' experience various lines; salary $12. R 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typwriter, bright, willing boy; beginner; American; $7-$8. R 284 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, Pennsylvania German, desires change; 12-story high-class apartment, where sobriety, experience in renting, managing help, and repairs are essential; references. S 135 Times.

TEN YEARS' selling experience in wholesale and retail grocery business, a wide acquaintance in Western New York, and the initiative for building business, enable him to represent in that territory a manufacturer or jobber who is not now satisfactorily represented; unusual references and details of my record supplied at first interview. Trustworthy, Box B 7 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, good character, well recommended, both commercial and banking experience, desires a position where strict adherence to business will warrant advancement. Ambitious, 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (30,) wishes position in real estate firm; eight years' experience in law firm; familiar with Registers' and County Clerks' offices; also insurance; best references. C. E., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, ambitious, willing, wishes position at anything; office preferred; reference. H. J. Krauser, 1,733 Grove St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN desires position where industry and honesty merit advancement. S 137 Times.

YOUNG MAN of broad experience in the manufacture of raincoats, also city salesman and an all-around man, wants position with a reliable raincoat house. G 29 Times.

79TH ST. SETTLEMENT, 232 East 79th St., asks for work for some of its boys, whom it confidently recommends. They are from 15 to 18 years of age, well developed, intelligent, capable, and of good habits. They would willingly take any kind of work and do it faithfully. Lenox 1939.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Help Wanted—Commercial.

ENERGIZER.—Excellent opportunity for clean-cut, high-grade man of ability possessing energy and enthusiasm, which he can transmit by speech and contact; salary to fit man. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

BEST HUNGARIAN, GERMAN, AND POLISH cooks, laundress, and waiters, male and female; also laborers for factories, mines, and contractors. American Employment Agency, Louis Waraday, Proprietor, 88 Avenue A.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9527 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT help, reliable reference, at Progressive Agency, 34 West 131st. Harlem 5370.

COOK.—First class, English woman, best references, wishes position in country. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKER, neat, willing girl; good cook, excellent laundress; finest references; colored; city, country. Pearson's Agency, telephone 5049 Harlem.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl, recently landed; $15; a partly trained girl, $18. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler—9136.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th Av. Harlem 251.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

GLIDDEN MOTOR & SUPPLY CO.,
GLIDDEN MOTOR & SUPPLY CO.,
239 West 58th St., at Broadway.
239 West 58th St., at Broadway.

Make.	Model.	Type.	Year.	Price.
Buick	10	Surrey	1910	$175
"	36	Runabout	1912	450
"	29	Touring	1912	500
"	30	Runabout	1913	650
"	31	Touring	1913	700
"	40	Touring	1913	800
Pennsylvania	35	Touring	1912	400
Lion		Special Racer	1912	650

GLIDDEN MOTOR & SUPPLY CO.,
GLIDDEN MOTOR & SUPPLY CO.,
239 West 58th St., at Broadway,
239 West 58th St., at Broadway.

Bargains in used electrics, Rauch & Lang 5-passenger coach, almost new, $2,250; Detroit 1911 4-passenger coupe, $1,000; Woods 1911 4-passenger coupe, $1,250; Detroit Roadster, 40-A6 Edison batteries, $1,000; Baker Victoria, ironclad batteries, almost new, $1,000; Baker coupe, newly painted, new batteries, with extra Victoria body, $900; Hupp Yeates 4-passenger 30-11 M. V. ironclad batteries, $850; Babcock Victoria, $750.
RAUCH & LANG CARRIAGE CO.,
1,800 Broadway.
Phone Col. 7110.

REMOVAL SACRIFICE SALE.
BARGAINS—BARGAINS
ALL STANDARD MAKES.
NEW AND USED AUTOS.

Roadsters and runabouts	$100 to $750
Touring, five and seven pass.	$125 to $850
Limousine and taxi cars	$250 to $1,200
Commercial trucks and deliveries	$150 to $1,400
Bodies, all kinds	$25 up.

GREATEST VALUES EVER.
Each car guaranteed and demonstrated.
Free storage till Spring.
Cash or easy payments.
GREEN'S, 1,599 Broadway, near 48th St.

Private party for personal reasons will dispose of a Haynes with Peerless toy tonneau body; thoroughly overhauled and rebuilt in Haynes factory; mechanically perfect; excellent appearance; any demonstration; cost $3,000; price $650. Box 321, 1,364 Broadway.

A.—NEW WINTER BODIES, $125-$675.
Foredoor touring bodies, $50 up.
REBUILT CARS, $100 TO $2,000.
Del'y wagons, like new, $150 up.
Tops, $10; top covers, $1; windshields, $5. Steering col. radiators, speedmtrs, elec. lgt. outfits. 20th Century Co., 1,692 B'way, nr. 53d.

A Bargain.—Must sell my late foredoor, five-passenger touring car; fully equipped, extra shoe, tubes, and tools; demonstration anywhere. Tel. 4263 Stagg. Office, 161 Meserole St., near Graham Av., Brooklyn.

Times Square Auto Company, world's largest dealers in new and used automobiles and accessories; examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. S. W. Cor. 56th St. and Broadway.

One Speedwell touring car, $450, and one Cadillac touring car, $450; any demonstration. Proprietor, Billiard Academy, 52d St. and 5th Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 890 Sunset.

Auto owner wants to make engagement with private party for now or next Summer season; unquestionable references. G 17 Times.

For Sale—1909 Leon Bolle Chassis, $375. 1910 Rambler Chassis, $175. Fine running condition. Elkin, 250 West 49th St.

American Tourist, four-passenger; latest model; slightly used; cost $2,500; will sacrifice $1,150. Chas. E. Riess, 1,690 Broadway.

Hupmobile; new 1913 touring car; full equipment; special reduction. Chas. E. Riess, 1,690 Broadway.

Sacrifice.—Panhard landaulet and Panhard delivery. Ehrich, 42 Grove St., Brooklyn. 4916 Bushwick.

Ball & Roller Bearings.—Gwilliam Co.
253 West 58 St. Columbus 8356.

Automobiles for Rent.

Garage owner, former chauffeur for many years, seeks position, account fire loss; will furnish Pierce, Packard, or Renault, if desired; month or season; thoroughly experienced traveler foreign and domestic countries; German; 34; married; references. X 279 Times Annex.

For hire, large Packard limousine by hour, day, or month, driven by owner. Address Frank V. Vance, 149 East 48th. Phone Murray Hill 4345.

Elegant Packard limousine for rent, hourly, monthly. Verlangiere, 532 West 122d; 7670 Morningside.

$25 weekly for two hours daily service of beautiful limousine. De Meo, 736 Home St.

For Hire—Touring car, hour, day, week, or month. Farrow. Tel. 3713 Murray Hill.

Automobiles Wanted.

100 AUTOMOBILES WANTED.
Before selling consult
Green's Purchasing Agency, 1,599 B'way.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Schools.

Thirty cents a line.

Dancing.

REFINED DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS IN MODERN SOCIETY DANCES, 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
CHILDREN'S CLASSES SATURDAY.
MISS ROTH.
208 WEST 78TH STREET.
'PHONE SCHUYLER 3534.

F. CLARENZ RIVERS,
THE ST. HELENE, 2,128 BROADWAY,
NEAR 74TH ST. TEL. 1050 COL.
Private and class instruction; society and stage dancing; salon available for dancing, &c.

Modern Dances.—Tango, hesitation, Boston, &c., rapidly taught at home; refined by personal attention; private or en classe. Eugenia Christian, 611 West End. 6752 River.

Mlle. L. Stewart, from Paris, teacher of Argentine tango, all latest dances. 2,128 Broadway, 74th St. Phone Columbus 1050.

DANCING.—Society's latest dances taught privately; one step, hesitation, tango, etc. Frances Morgan, 102 West 71st. Col. 2507.

Modern dances taught privately by refined lady. Mlle Mindere, 113 West 76th. Tel. Schuyler 10021.

DANCING.—First door west Vanderbilt Hotel; Miss Arthur, Mr. Margraff. M. H., 3,493.

Modern dances taught, private or class. Miss Hilton, 268 West 72d St.; 3016 Col.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

THE CHARITY ORGANIZATION SOCIETY recommends the case of a poor widow, with three little children. It is desired to raise about $100 to pay for the rent of two rooms during the rest of the present year. Contributions may be sent to W. Frank Persons, at the Society's office, 105 East 22d St., New York.

WANTED.
A copy of The New York Times of any issue of Octotber, 1903, and a copy of each month of the year 1904. Address, stating price, Box B 13 Times Annex.

I, Daniel Cameron, will not be responsible for debts other than those contracted by myself.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5400
956 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

IMPERIAL FLOWER COMPANY,
50-cent boxes of flowers direct to consumer,
have removed to
GROUND FLOOR, 28 WEST 31ST ST.

Great money saving sale on all standard visible typewriters; see them. National Typewriter Exchange, 3½ East 42d St.

Real estate records, Manhattan, bound book form, years 1884 to 1912, also bookcase. Call afternoon only, Room 708, 203 Broadway.

Pianos and Organs.

Thirty cents a line.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS.
$75. $115. $135.
USED PLAYER PIANOS.
$375. $400. $450.
USED GRAND PIANOS.
$375. $450. $500.
EASY TERMS. LARGE ASSORTMENT.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 EAST 14TH ST.

Steinway upright piano, in excellent condition; will sell for $115. Anguera, 316 West 42d.

Purchase and Exchange.

Thirty cents a line.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; 25 to 75 per cent. for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Diamonds, jewelry, silver, antiques, purchased. Robert Ensko, 598 Madison Av. Est. 1878.

Machinery.

Thirty cents a line.

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 122 Centre St., N. Y. City.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SAYS PRESS OPPOSES 'CHANGE REGULATION

Untermyer Thinks This Is Due to Fear of Its Own Liberty Being Impugned.

CORRECTED BY HITCHCOCK

Who Says Newspapers Merely Object to Setting Up the Postmaster General as a Public Censor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Samuel Untermyer of New York, who was one of the counsel for the Pujo Money Trust Committee of the House, told the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency to-day that much of the opposition to the Pujo bill, regulating and incorporating Stock Exchanges, came from the fear of newspapers that such legislation tended to impugn the freedom of the press. The bill, now under consideration by the Senate Committee, forbids transmitting across State lines by telephone or telegraph, and excludes altogether from the mails, any report of stock quotations on Exchanges not complying with the conditions of the bill.

"The press of the country," said Mr. Untermyer, "seems to oppose any legislation tending in the least to exclude any kind of matter from the mails. This opposition of the press to legislation of this kind has become particularly violent since the Supreme Court's decision of the case of the Lewis Publishing Company vs. Morgan. They seem to fear that such legislation might be the entering wedge for a law forbidding the mails to libelous matter."

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, a newspaper proprietor and editor, sharply denied Mr. Untermyer's view of the attitude of the press, to which Mr. Untermyer devoted nearly a third of a long prepared statement he read to the committee. Mr. Hitchcock said that the newspapers supported legislation excluding fraudulent and improper matters from the mails, but opposed any legislation setting up the Postmaster General or any other one person as public censor.

"Has the press," asked Mr. Untermyer, after suggesting that newspapers were influenced unconsciously but in good faith by association with the large interests, "ever warned against or exposed any great financial operation of the powerful interests until after it has collapsed? The public is just now witnessing with amazement the spectacle of the silence of our metropolitan press, with a few honorable exceptions, over the exposures of mismanagement and ruin of a great railroad system, that is one of the financial scandals of the age. Are the judgments of those who control our organs of public opinion overawed by these powerful men in the world of high finance, whose slightest doings they chronicle from day to day? May be, but happily the people no longer share that obsession.

"The exchange maintains a publicity department disguised under the euphonious title of the 'Library Committee,'" continued Mr. Untermyer. "The latest accomplishment of this bureau is only a few days old, when there was distributed from Washington and published all over the country a canard to the effect that the President has expressed his disapproval of the bill now under discussion. So persistent and circumstantial was the rumor that an explicit denial from the White House was considered advisable to prevent the discrediting of the legislation.

"In many cases the facts and arguments in favor of regulation have been willfully distorted and suppressed by financial writers in the employ of inspired press bureaus. In other cases the result has been due in part to the fragmentary way in which technical and complicated questions are dealt with by our overworked press. The result is, however, chiefly attributable to the fact that under our recent practice of press agents and press bureaus, representing powerful special interests, only one side of the controversy gets before the people. They accordingly form their judgments upon premises that are often grossly misleading and sometimes designedly false.

"It is in the nature of things impossible for the most enterprising and best equipped newspaper to maintain a staff or to find the time in the hurry with which news must be supplied, that will assure thoroughness and accuracy on the endless topics that go to make up the day's news or, except in cases of importance, to give the subjects the study necessary for intelligent editorial comment. It is this situation rather than any deliberate design on the part of the newspapers that has created this new occupation of the press agent, with all its perilous possibilities.

"I suppose it is natural that the press, like other business associates, should, to some extent, unconsciously absorb and share the views of their business associates, for I am satisfied that these papers are acting in good faith in the expression of their views, and freely concede that the form and manner of regulation are debatable questions.

"In answer to the question: 'Why should the Stock Exchange be incorporated?'" said Mr. Untermyer, "We might with far greater justice ask: 'Why should it not?' It is to-day the most powerful and far-reaching of all the instrumentalities of national and international finance. Its records, whether genuine or fictitious, honest of juggled, are the guides by which transactions are conducted and values fixed by millions of people here and abroad. Its vast and delicate machinery, with its endless opportunities for the perpetration of fraud and pillage (unfortunately too often accomplished in the past) should not be in the uncontrolled, unregulated, and irresponsible power of any body of men, however unselfish and altruistic may be their aims."

The three fundamental reasons for requiring the incorporation of Exchanges, he said, were:

> To prevent, detect, and punish the practice of frauds upon the public through manipulation, matched orders, wash sales, and like fictitious transactions, by means of which apparent values are created for securities in the world's markets.
>
> To secure complete publicity of the profits of bankers, brokers, and intermediaries in the flotation of companies and the exposure of all the salaries, commissions, and other profits of officers and Directors, through the control of the department of exchange for the listing of securities, and to prevent securities that have once been listed from being stricken from the list without notice and the right of review.
>
> To secure uniformity of corporate regulation that is possible through no other agency. The Exchange should be made the most powerful weapon for enforced publicity of corporate affairs, and its business should be augmented many times over while at the same time it would be performing the highest order of public service.

The committee was prepared for a field day with Mr. Untermyer defending the Pujo bill, of which he was practically the author, and representatives from the New York Stock Exchange were present to oppose it, but Mr. Untermyer's statement and the resulting colloquies it introduced took up the whole time of the committee. John G. Milburn of counsel for the Exchange, James B. Mabon, President; H. K. Pomeroy, a former President, and W. C. Van Antwerp, one of the Governors of the Exchange were on hand, but had no opportunity to speak.

NO TRADE BOARD BILL RIDERS.

Committee Opposes Weighting Measure with Anti-Trust Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Democrats of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee in conference to-day determined that any attempt to attach supplemental anti-trust legislation to the pending Interstate Trade Commission bill should not be permitted. It was agreed that such additions would only serve to incumber the proposed measure, and would conflict with the ideas of the President and Administration leaders as to the legislative programme under process of perfection.

The decision was reached after consideration of amendments proposed by Senator Cummins and other Republicans who have participated in the general meetings of the committee on the tentative trust bills. Senator Cummins particularly urged that the Trade Commission be authorized to limit the size of corporations, and to regulate capitalization and price cutting. Senator Newlands, Chairman of the committee, announced to-night that the majority members were opposed to injecting any such proposals into the measure, and that such subjects should be treated in connection with other bills proposed to supplement the Sherman law.

Seth Low, President of the National Civic Federation, continued his remarks before the committee, arguing that labor unions and farmers' organizations should not be made amenable to trust laws.

"You have hit the bull's-eye, but it's the wrong target," he told the committee discussing pending trust bills.

The definitions of forbidden combinations proposed, he said, would include labor unions, farmers' co-operative associations, and preliminary rate conferences by railway traffic agents now approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Laborers should be entitled to combine for better wages or hours, Mr. Low contended, although combinations, such as boycotts which affected interstate trade, should be forbidden. He feared any effort to define the prohibitions of the Sherman law would weaken that statute.

Mr. Low suggested also that the labor exemptions be made broad enough to include employers' agreements with men.

PROTEST AGAINST 'ZABERN.'

German Krieger Bund Says Philipp Play Insults the Kaiser.

Adolf Philipp, the German actor-manager, who last week produced F. Schumacher's military play, "Zabern," at the Adolf Philipp Theatre, has been made the storm centre of a protest from the German Krieger Bund, an organization consisting of former members of the German Army. The society met at Maennerchor Hall last night and passed resolutions appealing to the German Consul General and Ambassador at Washington to make efforts to stop the production of the play.

The Krieger Bund's explanation of the action is that the play insults the Kaiser and does an injustice to the army.

Any insult to any one is emphatically denied by Mr. Philipp. "When the manuscript of 'Zabern' was first submitted to me," he said last night, "I noticed that it dealt principally with the affair in the little garrison town in Alsace and included in the cast the names of Lieut. von Forstner and Col. von Reuter, both of whom created a tremendous uproar in Germany recently. In my adaptation for the American stage I carefully eliminated lines and situations which in any way would prove offending to an audience who sympathized with the judgment of the German Reichstag, where they called the Reich Councillor a traitor to his country for allowing such a state of affairs to exist."

GADSKI DROPS $15,000 GEM.

Her Bracelet Picked Up at Hotel and Returned to Her.

Mme. Johanna Gadski of the Metropolitan Opera dropped a $15,000 bracelet in the St. Regis Hotel on Tuesday night, and, with her husband, Capt. Hans Tauscher, her daughter, and Alexander Konta, went in to supper without noticing the accident. No one saw the bracelet on the floor, although it lay in plain view for half an hour, while two cloakroom girls, half a dozen bell boys, and more than a score of the hotel's guests stepped over and all around it.

A man walking alone was the first to see it. He picked it up and took it to the room clerk's desk, saying as he tossed it on the counter:

"Here's something I just found. I guess it's pretty valuable."

The clerk had seen the bracelet before and recognized it at once. He hurried into the room where Mme. Gadski was at supper and laid it on the table before her. Mme. Gadski had not missed the bracelet from her arm, and when she saw it she was so surprised that she found it hard to thank the clerk.

The bracelet is a wide platinum band, in which a number of large and small diamonds are set with a sprinkling of pearls.

YEATS COMING TO LECTURE.

Irish Poet's First Address Will Be on "The Theatre and Beauty."

William Butler Yeats, the Irish poet and dramatist, will arrive in New York to-morrow on the Lusitania. Arrangements were completed last night by a large number of friends of the writer to meet him at Quarantine.

While Mr. Yeats comes to the United States this time on the invitation of his friends, who are interested in the success of his Irish national theatre movement, he has arranged while in this country to deliver several lectures. A luncheon will be given in his honor by the Poetry Society in the rooms of the National Arts Society next Tuesday.

The first lecture to be delivered by Mr. Yeats will be under the direction of the League for Political Education on next Wednesday morning, Feb. 11, in the Berkeley Theatre, on "The Theatre and Beauty." In this lecture Mr. Yeats will tell of his ideas and ideals with regard to the theatre.

AUTO ENGINE RUNS WILD.

Nine Tons of Metal Crashes Into Grocery Store.

While running to a fire at 10:30 o'clock last night the new motor fire steamer attached to Engine House 283 in Bristol Street, Brooklyn, became unmanageable. Speeding across the sidewalk at Park Place and East New York Avenue its nine tons of metal plunged through the plate glass windows of Nathan Jackson's grocery at 469 East New York Avenue and wrecked a large part of the store. The driver, Peter Murphy, jumped and escaped with slight cuts. James Mattherson, the engineer of the steamer, also saved himself by jumping.

The impact of the machine against the glass and timbers of the three-story brick building, which could be heard for some distance, shook six frightened families out of their beds on the floors above the store. Driver Murphy, who was attended by an ambulance surgeon from St. Mary's Hospital and was then able to return to duty, said the steering machinery refused to work after he had turned the forward wheels to go around the corner. The motor had been in use only a month.

KILLS FLEEING THUG; REMAINS ON DUTY

Commissioner McKay, Prompt to Justify Policeman Wangerman's Act.

CIZEK FELLED OLD MAN

Crowd Joined in Police Chase, and Crook Was Shot as He Went Over a Fence.

After a chase of several blocks late yesterday afternoon, Policeman George Wangerman of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station shot and killed Harry Cizek, 24 years old, an alleged gangster, while Cizek was scaling a fence in the rear of the tenement house at 588 Second Avenue. With another youth Cizek had struck down James Rooney, a junk dealer, 64 years old, in his store at Thirty-fourth Street and First Avenue with a piece of lead pipe.

Cizek and his companion, according to the police, entered the junk shop and demanded some money for liquor. Rooney refused, and Cizek picked up a piece of pipe lying near and felled the old man with a blow which laid his scalp open for eight inches. Then he and his companion darted out into the street, and fled west through Thirty-fourth Street.

Rooney managed to crawl to the doorway and give the alarm. Policeman Wangerman and Sergt. Michael Larney ran to the junk shop, and Rooney pointed to the fleeing Cizek, who was almost a block away. The two officers started in pursuit. Cizek's companion had disappeared into a hallway.

With twenty men and boys following, the policemen chased Cizek through Thirty-fourth Street to Second Avenue, where he turned south. Wangerman drew his revolver and yelled "Halt!" but Cizek paid no attention. The policeman fired a shot into the air, and this caused Cizek to turn into the hallway of a tenement at 588 Second Avenue, near Thirty-third Street, which opened into a rear yard. Wangerman followed him and got into the yard as Cizek was clambering over the fence.

"Come back, or I'll shoot you!" Wangerman shouted, but Cizek paid no heed. Again the policeman fired in the air, but the report only accelerated Cizek's efforts to scale the fence. He was just about to drop over into the adjoining yard when Wangerman took aim and fired. Cizek dropped from sight into the rear yard of 308 East Thirty-third Street.

When Wangerman and Larney got over the fence they found Cizek lying unconscious with a bullet through the lower part of his back. On the street a crowd of several hundred persons had gathered. When Dr. Laist of Bellevue Hospital came Capt. Rohrig and reserves from the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station held the crowd in check.

Dr. Laist worked over the wounded man for several miutes, but as he was being placed on a litter to be carried to the ambulance, he died. The body was taken to the police station, were Rooney identified Cizek as one of his assailants. Dr. Laist dressed Rooney's wounds and took more than twenty stitches in his scalp.

The shooting of Cizek was promptly reported to Police Commissioner McKay, who ordered an immediate and thorough investigation. After reviewing all of the circumstances in the case, the Commissioner directed that Wangerman should not be suspended from duty, holding that he had been justified in using his revolver when he did.

MOOSE-TAMMANY UNION.

Talk of Combination at Albany to Elect a Regent.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—It was reported tonight that an alliance would be formed between the Bull Moose element and the Tammany contingent in the Legislature in connection with the election of a Regent two weeks hence.

The Republicans can muster only 96 votes on a joint ballot; the Democrats and Progressives together can muster 99. The number of votes necessary to elect is 101. Of the lawmakers not affiliated with either of the three leading parties, three are listed as Independent Democrats, one as a Progressive Democrat, one as an Independent, and one as a Progressive Republican. With the Democrats and Progressives allied against the Republicans, this small scattering of legislative free lances would hold the balance of power.

The Bull Moose-Tammany programme contemplates the re-election of Pliny T. Sexton of Palmyra, senior member of the Board of Regents. He was elected to the present board as a Republican, but during the last two years has been suspected of Bull Moose leanings. The Republicans consequently are opposed to him and have selected ex-Judge A. J. Rodenbeck of the Court of Claims, a Rochester Republican, as their candidate.

Rensselaer Institute Dinner.

The ninetieth anniversary of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, the oldest of the technical schools, will be celebrated to-morrow night at the Biltmore Hotel. A dinner will be given at which the guests of honor will include the Presidents of the engineering societies.

FLORENCE LAWLOR'S FEAR.

Left Behind Her Class, Missing Girl Had Told Parents of Promotion.

The discovery yesterday that Florence Barbara Lawlor, the missing sixteen-year-old Brooklyn schoolgirl who disappeared from her home, at 5,619 Fifteenth Avenue, Borough Park, on Monday, had not been promoted with her class in the Girls' High School has probably disclosed the reason for her leaving home. Florence had told her parents that she had been promoted, but yesterday afternoon Dr. William Felter, the Principal, notified her father, George H. Lawlor, a prosperous druggist, with a store at Fourteenth Avenue and Sixtieth Street, that his daughter had failed in her examinations.

When Florence left home for school on Monday, it is now thought, she lost courage and feared to face the gibes of her more successful schoolmates. In addition, she must have known that within a few days her parents would be informed of her failure in her studies, and Mr. Lawlor is convinced that this induced her to run away from home.

A towerman and transfer agent of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company reported yesterday to the detectives assigned to the case that on Tuesday morning they had observed a girl answering the description of Miss Lawlor alight from a Coney Island train bound for Manhattan at Bath Junction, 62d Street and New Utrecht Avenue.

They said they watched the girl for some time and noticed that she was joined by two well-dressed, swarthy-faced youths, who appeared to be Italians. She conversed with them earnestly for three-quarters of an hour and then boarded a train for New York in their company. Mr. Lawlor does not attach any importance to the story, although the description given by his informants corresponds exactly with the clothing worn by his daughter when she left home.

Mr. Lawlor has spent the last two days and nights making a round of the hospitals in Brooklyn and Manhattan. He has even visited the various branches of the Young Women's Christian Association, to which he believes Florence may have appealed for shelter and assistance. He has also visited the better class of employment agencies, to which she might have applied for work as a clerk or bookkeeper. She had only 75 cents in her purse at the time of her disappearance.

"I would like the newspapers to say that Florence will not be punished if she returns home," said Mr. Lawlor last night. "She is probably frightened now at what she has done and is afraid to come back and face the music. This suspense is killing her mother, and if she will only return she will be welcomed with open arms."

For a time last night Mr. Lawlor was inclined to believe that the missing girl had been found when he was informed over the telephone from White Plains that a fashionably attired young girl of striking beauty had been taken to a hospital there evidently suffering from amnesia. Inquiry, however, proved that the sufferer was not Florence.

The young woman in the White Plains Hospital is about 20 years old, of medium height and good figure, with blonde hair and large blue eyes. She is evidently refined and extremely intelligent, but is apparently unable to give any account of herself. Her case is baffling the physicians and the police of that town. She had no money in her purse when found, and was attired in a blue walking suit trimmed with brown fur and wore a gray velvet hat with a small peacock feather and rosebuds. The only jewelry she had consisted of an amethyst ring and a pearl pendant.

ARREST H. J. FRIEDMAN AGAIN

Ex-Assemblyman Released in Brooklyn Faces New Bad Check Charge.

Ten minutes after he had been released on bail in Brooklyn on a charge of grand larceny, Harold J. Friedman, former Assemblyman from the Twenty-ninth District of New York, one of the leaders of the insurgent force which prevented the election by the 1911 Legislature of William F. Sheehan as United States Senator, was rearrested yesterday on a warrant charging a similar offense in New York County. It is understood that the warrant is one of several issued in New York County accusing Friedman of passing worthless checks. Most of the checks were given to jewelers in payment for purchases.

According to the complaint which caused Friedman's arrest yesterday, Friedman went on Dec. 27 to the jewelry store of Irving Michaels at 65 Nassau Street and purchased a diamond scarfpin for $74. In payment he gave a check on the Terminal Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank. The check was returned marked "No funds." An investigation showed that Friedman had no account in that bank and had had none for two years.

Friedman told Magistrate Murphy in the Tombs Court that he was 28 years old and lived at 770 Avenue C, Bayonne. By occupation he said he was a lawyer.

Magistrate Murphy fixed bail at $1,000 and several of Friedman's friends pressed forward to provide the security. He will appear for examination to-morrow.

The former Assemblyman's father, Henry C. Friedman, a retired banker, of 18 East Ninety-second Street, was present in court. He said that the whole matter had caused him great sorrow. He asserted that he had caused his son to be confined in sanitariums twice.

McDEVITT RETURNS HOME.

Makes Inglorious Exit from Washington with Gilded Statue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—"Veni, Vidi, but not Vici," is the motto adopted today by John Jay ("Butch") McDevitt, the self-styled "millionaire of a day," who came here from Wilkes-Barre, Penn., yesterday with his gilded papier-maché statue of himself and quit Washington at 5 o'clock this afternoon without fulfilling his programme.

Permission to put his statue in Statuary Hall at the Capitol having been refused, and Speaker Clark having declined to permit him to speak from the Capitol steps, McDevitt decided that Wilkes-Barre was the place for soul solace. So he packed his statue, sent it to the station, and departed.

Wild's Orientals

There still are weavers of rugs in the Far East who stick to the good traditions of rug-weaving — and their most dangerous imitators are in their own land.

The products of both come to America.

The ability to distinguish between the two is the cornerstone of the Wild rug business.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

Daily Additions
$40 to $50 Remnants
$18 Heavy and medium-weight materials, attractive patterns, made to your measure, styled to your liking. In many instances the cloth alone is worth more than the suit costs. $18
Broadway & Ninth Street — New Spring goods ready. — Arnheim

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

IMPORTANT TO THEATRE-GOERS!

THESE THEATRES AND ATTRACTIONS HAVE NO DEALINGS WHATEVER WITH THE TYSON CO., AND NO TICKETS WILL BE FOUND ON SALE AT ANY OF THEIR AGENCIES OR HOTEL STANDS. THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL PERFORMANCES AT THESE THEATRES CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE BOX OFFICES AT THE REGULAR BOX OFFICE PRICES.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'WAY, 38 ST. EVES. 8 SHARP. MATS. WED., SAT. & LINCOLN'S DAY, 2.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY WITH A PUNCH
"A tango mania, with every song a good one and the cast excellent."—Alan Dale. "Complete was the success."—Sun. "More pretty girls than is common even in these Broadway peach orchards."—Times. "It's a joy."—Herald.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
THE LATEST AND GREATEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESSES.
THE Laughing Husband
STILL RUNNING IN LONDON AND IN VIENNA.
"Music of the happiest sort."—Eve. World. "You can't get away from it."—Telegram. "Wins out."—Eve. Sun. "Enough pretty music and graceful dancing to make his trip from Vienna worth while."—Eve. Post.
THE LAUGHING HUSBAND GIVES THE LAUGH TO EVERY OTHER MUSICAL COMEDY

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12.
MAUDE ADAMS IN A FANTASTIC COMEDY, THE LEGEND OF LEONORA By the author of "PETER PAN."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30.
"Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success, THE LAND OF PROMISE

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12.
"BE WISE: SEE THE DEAR FOOL."—Eve. Journal.
EVA MOORE & H. V. ESMOND with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12.
MABEL AND EDITH TALIAFERRO in RACHEL CROTHERS' New Comedy, YOUNG WISDOM

LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12.
The International Operetta Sensation, SARI "IT'S HUNGARIAN AND THE LATEST FASHION."

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. MATINEE TO-DAY, 2:20
"The play of the year. Frances Starr a revelation."—Eve. World.
Frances Starr in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

GLOBE—The Speed Show QUEEN OF THE MOVIES TUNES & FUN.

HUDSON THEATRE. This Aft. at 3:30. For a Good Laugh See Frank Speaight in "PICKWICK" Single Tickets, $1.50, $1, 75c., 50c. "The Man Who Makes Dickens Live."

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 12.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, The Little Cafe by Ivan Caryll & C. S. McLellan. 150th Time Wed. Mat., Feb. 11th—Beautiful Souvenir Stein presented to Every Lady.

"A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE" IS BETTER THAN A PLASTER. FUNNIEST PLAY THAT WILLIAM COLLIER HAS HAD SINCE WARFIELD'S "MUSIC MASTER."
HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., just e. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:20. MATINEES WED., SAT., and FEBRUARY 12.

FULTON 46 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 12. THE MISLEADING LADY

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 12. Potash & Perlmutter

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20. LAST 2 WEEKS BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS. ADELE

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

GRAND 23 St., 8 Av. 25c to $1.00 Mat. Sat. Chauncey OLCOTT—"Shameen Dhu."

Tyson Company's Announcement.
WE RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE AN AMPLE SUPPLY OF EXCELLENT SEATS FOR ALL NEW YORK FIRST-CLASS THEATRES, ALL STATEMENTS TO THE CONTRARY NOTWITHSTANDING. WE CAN ASSURE OUR CUSTOMERS SATISFACTORY AND PROMPT SERVICE.
TYSON COMPANY, 1482 BROADWAY. Tickets at all Leading Hotels.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal. NOW! ALL NEW! Circus ACTS. Greatest Show ever seen anywhere. under a Roof.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Eves. 8 sharp. MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2. Best Seats $1.50. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY. Lew Fields ....Proprietor Evs. at 8 sharp. Next Mat. Saturday at 2 sharp. Sensational Success of the London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production THE GIRL ON THE FILM EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY, FEB. 12.

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 7292. 11 to Closing Time. Adm. $1. Variete, Dancing. Restaurant. DOROTHY TOYE, Oy-Ra and Dorma Leigh, Marcel's Art Studies. Afternoons 4 to 6. The Dansant—Rosita Mantilla. Next Sun. Night: "PROFESSIONAL" NIGHT DANCING CONTEST.

39th St. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12, 2:20. "'Claudia Smiles' a jolly hit for Blanche Ring."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World. SEE AND HEAR BLANCHE RING Smile and Sing in When Claudia Smiles with HARRY CONOR. "Claudia suits Blanche Ring more perfectly than any other part we have seen her play."—Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail. "Blanche Ring scores a great success."—Acton Davies.

SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

LITTLE 44 St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:45. Mats. Weds. and Sats. at 2:30. Most Unique Theatre in America Housing Plays by Authors of International Reputation BERNARD SHAW'S "The Philanderer" All Seats for All Performances, $2.00.

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. T'day & Sat., 2:30. Joe Weber & Walter Hast present THE WELSH PLAYERS in CHANGE Next Week—POST in OMAR the Tentmaker.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT Extra Mats. To-morrow and Friday, Feb. 13.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER Moves Feb. 9th to Booth Theatre.

NEXT WEEK | SEATS NOW. William Faversham Presents a cast of distinguished stars. MR. FAVERSHAM CECILIA LOFTUS CONSTANCE COLLIER R. D. MACLEAN JULIE OPP In a spectacular production of Shakespeare's OTHELLO

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Reg. Mat. Sat. at 2:15. Pop. Price Mat. Tues. Extra Mat. Feb. 12. KITTY MACKAY "Love, Laughter, an' wee, wee tears!"

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat., Feb. 12 at 2:15. HIGH JINKS

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS 39th, nr. B'y. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Price Mat. Wed., 2:30. Reg. Mat. Sat., 2:30. FIVE DEFINITIONS of "THRILL." "The Neglected Lady." "The Hard Man." "The Kiss in the Dark." "The Fountain." "It Can Be Done." Sunday at 3. Concert. Sapirstein, Pianist.

48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mat. 2:20. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY $1.50 Matinee To-day at 2:20

Manhattan OPERA HOUSE, 34th & 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Extra Mat. Feb. 12. WITHIN the LAW with JANE COWL.

WEST END THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE 4 Performances Daily, 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M. The Photo Drama Sensation.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat., & Feb. 12 at 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday. AT BAY with Guy Standing, Chrystal Herne.

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 12. COHAN'S BEST PLAY Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eve., 8:15. Mts. Wed. & Sat. & Feb. 12, 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE W. 48 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. DOROTHY DONNELLY with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA

Adolf Philipp THEATRE, 57th St., nr. 3d Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Every Eve. 8:15. Sat. Mat., 2:15. The Sensational Military Play ZABERN

BRONX Opera House, 149 St., E. of 3 Av. Mat. Sat. THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE with CHARLOTTE WALKER Next Mon.—THE FIGHT by Bayard Veiller.

JARDIN DE DANSE Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30 8:30 TO CLOSING TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN AMERICA "FURLANA"—Dance Approved by Pope. ADELAIDE & OTHER STARS

REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS

Park Theatre, 59th St. Col. Circle. KINEMACOLOR'S ROBIN HOOD & other Feature Films Daily, 2 to 11 P. M. Adm. 25 & 50c

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 9:30, 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 15-25c. THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation

B. F. KEITH'S New York Theatres
COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c. Louis Mann & Co., Sallie Fisher, Dainty Marie, McKay & Ardine, others.
ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c. Anna Held's Daughter, Rigoletto Bros., Lydia Barry, Eva Davenport Co.
PALACE B'way and 47th St. 2000 Mat. Seats 50c. BLANCHE WALSH, Lasky's "Red Heads," THE GREAT LESTER, CHIEF CAUPOLICAN, Bronson & Baldwin, oths.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Daily 2:15 & 8:15 P.M. Bert Williams, Doris Wilson & Co., Gliding O'Mearas, Willard Simms & Co., others.
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MOTOR BOAT SHOW Madison Square Garden Jan 31-Feb 7 Inclusive ADMISSION 50c

HAMMERSTEIN'S—18 Big Acts. Curtain at 1:45 & 7:45 Sharp. A. Baldwin Sloane & Grace Field, Bud Fisher, Laddie Cliff, 3 Beautiful Types, etc.

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DE KALB De Kalb Av. and Broadway. Telephone 4300 Bushwick. MR. NAT. C. GOODWIN Bargain Matinees Wed. & Sat., 25c. & 50c. Evening Prices, 25c. to $1. Next Week..........WITHIN THE LAW
MAJESTIC Last Matinee Saturday LITTLE MISS BROWN NEXT—Doris Keane in "Romance."

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day at 1:30. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Ober; Berger (debut), Braun, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
To-night at 8. Madeleine. Alda; Althouse, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Don Pasquale. Bori; Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Amore dei Tre Re. Bori; Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Aida. Gadski, Ober; Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Evg. Concert. Richard Wagner Night. Soloists: Fremstad, Martin, Griswold.
Next Mon. at 7:30. Meistersinger. Destinn, Mattfeld; Berger, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Ch'go Opera Co. Louise. Garden, Berat; Dalmores, Dufranne, Warnery, Huberdeau. Conductor, Campanini.
Wed. at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Goritz, Weil, Althouse, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 1:30. Siegfried. Gadski, Ober, Sparkes; Jorn, Griswold, Reiss, Goritz, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
To-m'w (Fri.) Aft., 2:30, Carnegie Hall. BIZET, Suite No. 1, "L'Arlesienne"; DEBUSSY, Prelude to "l'Apres-Midi d'un Faune"; BERLIOZ, Overture "Le Carnaval Romain"; GOLDMARK, "Rustic Wedding," Symphony.
Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. Soloist, RUTH DEYO Pianist. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST. Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. This Week & Next Mon., "RIGOLETTO." Wk. Beg. Next Tues.—"CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA" and "HANSEL and GRETEL," with INTERNATIONAL BALLET. POPULAR CONCERT EVERY SUNDAY NIGHT.

CARNEGIE HALL, This Afternoon at 3. CARL FLESCH VIOLINIST. Tickets 50 cts. to $2. Mgment, Haensel & Jones.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Feb. 14, at 2:30 2d Violin Recital—MISCHA ELMAN Tickets 75c. to $2.00. Now at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL. 4th Concert Tues. Ev., Feb. 10, 8:15. KNEISEL QUARTET Assisting Artist, Miss Katharine Goodson. Seats, $2 and $1.50. Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

This Afternoon at 3. AEOLIAN HALL. Andres S. Dalmau The Eminent Violinist of Argentine Republic. Seats 50 cents to $2. Steinway Piano used. Direction of MARC LAGEN.

VITAGRAPH THEATRE B'way & 44th St. formerly Criterion. OPENS SAT., FEB. 7. Prices 25c. to $1.00. 4 Shows Daily—11:30 A. M., 2:30, 5:30, 8:30 P. M. "A Million Bid" Gripping Sensational Drama in Five Parts. John Bunny (Himself) in "Goodness Gracious" "The Honeymooners." A Novelty! A Surprise! A 3,000 Foot Laugh. Seats Now Ready.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Feb. 16, at 3. Song Recital—CARRIE BRIDEWELL [illegible]

MINER'S 50TH ANNIVERSARY BURLESQUE [illegible]

Carnegie Lyceum. Daily, incl. Sun. [illegible] HUGO'S Les Miserables [illegible]

Housewives League Exposition Feb 5-14
Pure Products Fair Prices Clean Shops Efficiency
This Evening, 8.30. Addresses by: His Honor the Mayor of the City of N. Y., Hon. Henry Bruere, Hon. L. Arnstein.
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE Lexington Avenue, 46th and 47th Streets 3 pm to 11 pm today Admission 50c

THE CHARITY BALL for the N. Y. Nursery and Child's Hospital will take place on Thursday evening, February 5th, at the WALDORF-ASTORIA. Boxes to be had at 20 West 11th St. Tickets at 117 East 79th St., 327 West 76th St., 16 West 11th St. THE GUARANTY TRUST CO., 5th Ave. & 43d St.

UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. 15 & 25c. 5 Times Daily. 10, 2, 4, 6 & 8. TRAFFIC in SOULS

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day. QUEENS OF PARIS

IRVING PLACE THEATRE [illegible]

CAFE BOULEVARD
Grill Room (Entrance on Broadway) opens today. Luncheon and Dinner Specialties (Service a la Carte) at reasonable prices. After the play, a commodious dancing place will be provided. Souvenirs on opening night.
Broadway and 41st Street
In Main Dining Room: Afternoon Dancing from 4 P. M., and Special Daily Service: Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, $1.00.

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TO-NIGHT IS THE NIGHT AT THE FAMOUS Faust B'WAY AT 59th-60th COLUMBUS CIRCLE
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INAUGURATION OF DINNER PRIZES FROM REED & BARTON AND VANTINE & CO. WILL BE AWARDED TO-NIGHT AT 9 P. M. AND EVERY NIGHT THEREAFTER.
CONTINUOUS CABARET 15 Stellar Performers
Ready-to-serve dishes selected from our a la carte menu at moderate prices.
DINNER PRIZES—DINNER PRIZES
Inspect the handsome prizes to be given away free. Coupons issued during dinner only. Come! You may be the lucky one.

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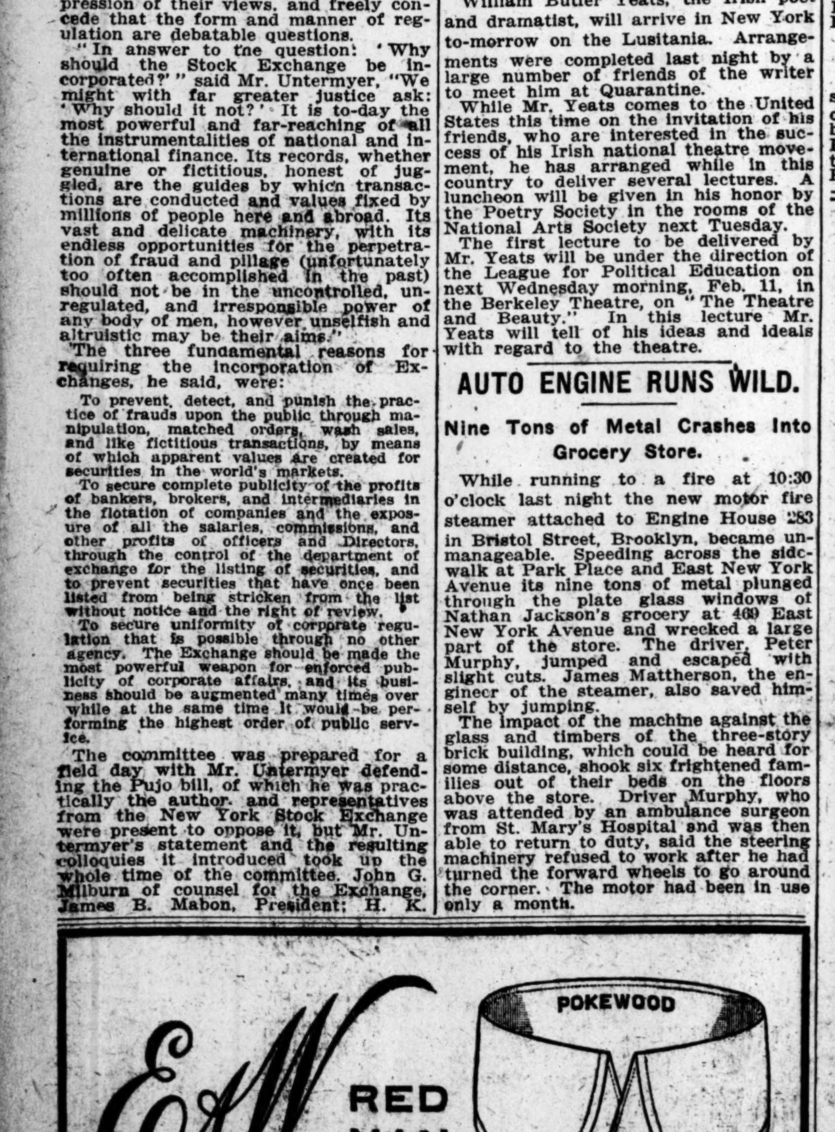

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